JOURNALS
OF THE
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

VOL. XXIII.
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TO THE

TWENTY-THIRD VOLUME.

53 VICTORIA, 1890.

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2. Return ordered, shewing the amounts received from the sale in, of Crown Lands, License Fees and Woods and Forests respectively, 90. *(Not brought down.)*

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2. Committee recommend application to British Government, for copies of public documents relating to Canada, 170.

3. Committee recommend the purchase of certain works for use of members, 171.

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3. Motion for Address in reply, 6.

4. Address carried, referred to Committee, reported, agreed to and ordered to be engrossed and presented, 8-10.

5. Messages from His Honour:
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4. Motion proposed and negatived, as to electors who may sign petition re transfer of license, 153-4.

5. Motion proposed and negatived, as to applications in Counties in which the Canada Temperance Act was in force on 1st April, 1889, 154.

6. Motion proposed and negatived, as to appointment of License Commissioners, 155.

7. Report presented, upon the working of the Acts, 42. (Sessional Papers No. 9.) Printed.

8. Return ordered, shewing the number of Shop and Tavern Licenses issued in 1888 and 1889, to persons resident in Killarney, etc., 66. Presented, 170. (Sessional Papers No. 86.) Printed.

9. Return ordered, shewing the number of counties in the Province, in which the Temperance Act was in force on 1st May, 1885, etc., 66. Presented, 115. (Sessional Papers No. 67.) Printed.

10. Return ordered, of a copy of the Judgment of Mr. Justice Robertson in Gosnell vs. Swarthout, etc., 97. Presented, 142. (Sessional Papers No. 73.) Printed.

11. Return ordered, shewing the names of all persons to whom a Wholesale or Druggist License was granted under the provisions of the Canada Temperance Act, etc., 150. (Not brought down.)

12. Petitions respecting the law, 22, 85.

13. Petition respecting the appointment of Inspectors and Commissioners, 36.

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Bill (No. 139), introduced, to provide for the vacating of Certificates of, 46. Second reading, 82. House goes into Committee on, 94, 122. Third reading, 138. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 33.)

Listowel, Town of:

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MANHOOD SUFFRAGE:

1. Bill (No. 117), introduced to amend the Act, 34. Order for second reading discharged, 149.

2. Bill (No. 163), introduced to amend, 64. Order for second reading discharged, 108.

3. Bill (No. 245), introduced, respecting Oaths under the Act, 122. Second reading, 140. House goes into Committee on, 152. Third reading; title amended, 172. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 2.)

MECHANICS LIENS:


2. Bill (No. 221), introduced, to simplify the proceedings for enforcing, 96. Second reading, 111. House goes into Committee on, 125, 137, 145. Third reading, 160. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 37.)

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Mines and Mining:
2. Bill (No. 132), introduced, to amend the General Mining Act, 44. Second reading, 62. House goes into Committee on, 101. Third reading, 113. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 9.)
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Mortgages:
2. Bill (No. 145), introduced, respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property, 52. Second reading negatived, 108.
3. Bill (No. 146), introduced, to amend the law respecting Powers of Sale in Mortgages, 52. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 87. Reported, 122. House goes into Committee on, 146. Third reading, 160. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 27.)
4. Bill (No. 151), introduced, respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property, 56. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 87. No report.
5. Bill (No. 249), introduced, respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property, 131. Second reading, 152. House goes into Committee on, 172. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 35.)

Municipal Debentures:
Statement of presented, 94. (Sessional Papers No. 59.) Not printed.

Municipal Indebtedness:
Statement of presented, 94. (Sessional Papers No. 58.) Not printed.

Municipal Law:
2. Bill (No. 88), introduced to amend, 23. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 46. Reported, 144.
MUNICIPAL LAW—Continued.

3. Bill (No. 87), introduced to amend, 25. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 70. Reported, 144.

4. Bill (No. 95), introduced to amend, 30. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 86. Reported, 144.

5. Bill (No. 97), introduced to amend, 30. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 46. Reported, 144.

6. Bill (No. 113), introduced to amend, 34. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 66. Reported, 144.


8. Bill (No. 118), introduced to amend 34. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 58. Reported, 144.


10. Bill (No. 135), introduced to amend, 46. Not proceeded with.


12. Bill (No. 140), introduced to amend, 52. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 87. Reported, 144.


15. Bill (No. 159), introduced to amend, 61. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 87. Reported, 144.

16. Bill (No. 165), introduced to amend, 64. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 120. Reported, 144.


18. Bill (No. 179), introduced to amend, 73. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 91. Reported, 144.


22. Bill (No. 199), introduced to amend, 81. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 120. Reported, 144.

23. Bill (No. 200), introduced to amend, 81. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 120. Reported, 144.

24. Bill (No. 201), introduced to amend, 81. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 120. Reported, 144.


26. Bill (No. 203), introduced to amend, 86. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 120. Reported, 144.

27. Bill (No. 205), introduced to amend, 86. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 121. Reported, 144.


30. Bill (No. 219), introduced to amend, 96. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 121. Reported, 145.


33. Bill (No. 231), introduced to amend, 106. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 121. Reported, 145.

34. Bill (No. 240), introduced to amend, 119. Order for second reading discharged 169.

35. Bill (No. 239), introduced, to consolidate and amend the Local Improvement Clauses of the Municipal Law, 115. Second reading, 140. House goes into Committee on, 148. Order for further consideration discharged, 151. See below.


37. Standing Committee on, to be appointed, 5. Appointed, 17.

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40. Petitions respecting, 16, 19, 22, 24, 27, 32, 39, 69, 92, 99, 100, 144.
MUNICIPAL WATERWORKS ACT:


2. Bill (No. 177), introduced to amend, 72. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 91. Reported as embodied in above Bill, 115.

MUSKOKA AND PARRY SOUND:

Bill (No. 247), introduced, respecting Sales for Taxes in, 129. Second reading, 140. House goes into Committee on, 152. Third reading, 171. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 52.)

NEEBING, MUNICIPALITY OF:


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NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE Co'y:


NORTH BAY, TOWN OF:


NORCOTE, CHARLES:


NORTH TORONTO, TOWN OF:


NORWICH, VILLAGE OF:

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS:

Bill (No. 122), introduced respecting, where required as evidence, 35. Second reading, 62. House goes into Committee on, 76. Third reading, 78. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 21.)

ONTARIO AGRICULTURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL UNION:

Report presented, 199. (Sessional Papers No. 5.) Printed.

ONTARIO FACTORIES:

Report of Inspectors presented, 30. (Sessional Papers No. 35.) Printed.

ONTARIO AND RAINY RIVER RAILWAY Co'Y:

1. Papers presented, relating to, 169. (Sessional Papers No. 81.) Printed.

ONTARIO AND SAULT STE. MARIE WATER, LIGHT AND POWER Co'Y:


ONTARIO SHOPS REGULATION ACT:

Return presented, to an Order of the House of the Session of 1889, shewing the municipalities which have passed by-laws under the authority of the Act, etc., 36. (Sessional Papers No. 38.) Printed.

ORILLIA, TOWN OF:


ORPHAN AND MAGDALEN ASYLUMS:—See Refuge, Houses of.

OTTAWA, CITY OF:

1. Petition for Act to enable the Corporation to issue debentures to the amount of $50,000, 21. Reported, 37. Bill (No. 33), introduced and referred, 37. Reported, 50. Second reading, 58. House goes into Committee on, 67. Third reading, 74. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 96.)
OTTAWA, First Baptist Church:

Petition for Act to authorize the sale of certain lands of, 21. Reported, 24. Bill (No. 55), introduced and referred to Commissioners of Estate Bills, 34. Reported and referred to Committee on Private Bills, 47-8. Reported; fees remitted, 60. Second reading, 67, House goes into Committee on, 79. Third reading, 82. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 139.)

OTTAWA AND Parry Sound Railway Co'y:

1. Papers presented, relating to, 169. (Sessional Papers No. 81.) Printed.

OTTAWA, St. Andrew's Church:


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Palmerston, Town of:


Parry Sound Colonization Railway Co'y:


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Bill (No. 123), introduced to correct a clerical error in the Act to make further provision respecting the districts of, 35. Second reading, 62. House goes into Committee on, 76. Third reading, 78. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 26.)

Partition Act:

Bill (No. 208), introduced to amend, 86. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 121. Reported, 122. House goes into Committee on, 146. Third reading, 160. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 28.)

Peace, Courts of General Sessions of:

Bill (No. 85), introduced, relating to the jurisdiction of, 23. Second reading, 41. House goes into Committee on, 61, 82. Third reading, 96. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 18.)

3* (J)
PEACE, Justices of:

1. Bill (No. 134), introduced, to provide for security for costs in certain actions against, 44. Second reading, 62. House goes into Committee on, 76. Third reading; amendment negatived, 109. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 23.)

2. Bill introduced pro forma, re Oaths of Office, 5.

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PETERBOROUGH, Town of:

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PINE TREES:—See Free Grants. Timber.

POLICE MAGISTRATES:


2. Return ordered, as to appointment of, under 48 Vic. c. 17, and 50 Vic. c. 111, 66. Presented, 115. (Sessional Papers, No. 67.) Printed.

3. Petition for amendment to Act respecting, 27.

PORT ROWAN, Village of:

Petition for Act to legalize the municipal election of, 69. Reported, 70. Bill (No. 50), introduced and referred, 72. Reported, 92. Second reading, 98. House goes into Committee on, 106. Third reading, 109. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 100.)

POULTRY ASSOCIATIONS:

1. Report presented, of the Ontario Association, 144. (Sessional Papers No. 76.) Printed.

2. Report presented, of the Eastern Ontario Poultry and Pet Stock Association, 144. (Sessional Papers No. 77.) Printed.

POUNDS ACT:

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2. Report, 27, 55, 85, 118, 137, 171.

3. Recommend the printing of an extra number of certain Bills, 56, 171.

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2. Report, 22, 32, 40, 50, 55, 60, 71, 80, 85, 92, 96, 100, 104, 108.
3. Recommend extension of time for receiving Petitions for, 22, 32, 50, 60, 71.
4. Recommend extension of time for introducing Bills, 32, 92.
5. Recommend extension of time for receiving reports, 85, 96, 108.

PRIVATE LUNATIC ASYLUMS:

Bill (No. 181), introduced, to amend the Act respecting, 73. Second reading, 93. House goes into Committee on, 102. Third reading, 109. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 77.)

PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS:

Committee to be appointed, 5. Appointed, 17. No report.

PROVINCES AND DOMINION ACCOUNTS:

Correspondence presented, 115. (Sessional Papers No. 66.) Printed.

PROVINCIAL QUESTIONS:—See Constitutional Questions.

PROVINCIAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE:—See Revenue.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY:

1. Report of, presented, 169. (Sessional Papers No. 84.) Printed.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS:

1. Committee to be appointed, 5. Appointed, 18.
2. Report, 170. Adopted on division, 187. (Appendix No. 1.)
3. Public Accounts presented, 23. (Sessional Papers No. 18.) Printed.

PUBLIC HEALTH:—See Health.

PUBLIC HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES:

2. Bill (No. 226), introduced to amend, 105. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 121. No report.
PUBLIC LANDS ACT:

1. Bill (No. 72), introduced to amend. 16. Second reading negatived, 98.

2. Return ordered, giving dates, number of acres, etc., of each Free Grant made, since 1st July, 1857, under the authority of sec. 13 of, 16. Presented, in part, 114. (Sessional Papers No. 64.) Printed.

PUBLIC WEIGH SCALES:

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QUEEN VICTORIA NIAGARA FALLS PARK:

Report presented, 115. (Sessional Papers No. 65.) Printed.

RAILWAY ACT:

1. Bill (No. 204), introduced to amend, 86. Order for second reading discharged, 108

2. Bill (No. 207), introduced to amend, 86. Second reading, 102. House goes into Committee on, 124. Third reading, 132. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 45.)

RAILWAY AID:


2. Papers presented, relating to the Ontario and Rainy River and Ottawa and Parry Sound Railways, 169. (Sessional Papers No. 81.) Printed.

3. Return ordered, shewing amount still to be paid on Railway Aid Certificates, etc., 79. Presented, 170. (Sessional Papers No. 85.) Printed.

RAILWAYS:

1. Committee to be appointed, 5. Appointed, 18.

2. Report, 71, 77, 95, 118.—Ditches and Watercourses Act applied to. See Ditches and Watercourses.

RAT PORTAGE, TOWNSHIP OF:

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Refuge, Houses of:

1. Bill (No. 89), introduced, respecting the establishment of, 25. Second reading, 53. Resolutions introduced, 67. Lieutenant-Governor's recommendation signified; House goes into Committee on, reports Resolutions and refers them to Bill, 74-5. House goes into Committee on Bill, 75, 86, 93. Third reading; amendment negatived, 93. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 78.)

2. Report presented, 115. (Sessional Papers No. 15.) Printed.

Registered Land:—See Timber Licenses.

Registars and Registry Act:

1. Bill (No. 109), introduced to amend the Act, 64. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 107. Reported 122. Order for House to go into Committee on, discharged, 149.

2. Bill (No. 149), introduced to amend, 52. Second reading negatived, 169.


4. Bill (No. 162), introduced, respecting returns by Registrars, 64. Order for second reading discharged, 126.

5. Bill (No. 82), introduced to amend, 20. See Custody of Title Deeds Act.


7. Motion proposed and negatived, as to appointment of, by County Councils, etc., 157.

8. Motion proposed and negatived, as to election of, by the vote of the people, 158.

9. Statement presented, of fees and emoluments, 80. (Sessional Papers No. 51.) Printed.


Religious Institutions:

Bill (No. 173), introduced to amend the Act respecting the property of, 69. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 87. Reported adversely, 129.

Reports, Departmental:

Return ordered, shewing the date, during each Session of the Legislature from 1884 to 1889, on which all the several Reports printed, were presented to the House, 23. Presented, 130. (Sessional Papers No. 70.) Not printed.
Revenue, Provincial:

Return ordered, shewing in tabulated form a statement of, from all sources since Confederation, etc., 79. Presented, 170. (Sessional Papers No. 83.) Printed.

Romney and St. Clair Tramway Co'y:

Petition for Act of incorporation, 48. Reported, 54. Bill (No. 20), introduced and referred, 56. Reported withdrawn; fees remitted, 118.

St. Catharines, Thorold and Niagara Falls Road:

Bill (No. 228), introduced, to vest certain portions of, in the Town of Niagara Falls and Township of Stamford, 105. Second reading, 117. House goes into Committee on, 127. Third reading, 129. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 5.)

St. Thomas Church, Dover East:—See Huron, Synod of.

St. Thomas, City of:


Sarnia Gas Co'y:


Sarnia Methodist Cemetery:


Sault Ste. Marie and Hudson Bay Railway Co'y:


Saw Logs:

1. Bill (No. 116), introduced, to amend the Act respecting the driving of, 34. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 58. No report.

2. Bill (No. 217), introduced, respecting the culling and measurement of, cut upon Crown Lands, 96. Second reading, 117. Resolutions introduced, 132. Lieutenant-Governor's recommendation signified; House goes into Committee on, reports Resolutions and refers them to Bill, 138. House goes into Committee on Bill, 125, 139, 143. Third reading, 145. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 7.)
Seamen's Agreement Act:

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Sessional Papers:—See List of, at end of Index.

Settled Estates:

Bill (No. 120), introduced to amend the law respecting the lease and sale of, 35. Second reading, 62. House goes into Committee on, 75. Third reading, 78. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 14.)

Sheep-breeders' Association:

Report presented, 80. (Sessional Papers No. 50.) Printed.

Sheep and Dogs:—See Dogs.

Sheriffs and Sheriffs' Fees:—See Registry Act.

Shops Regulation Act:

Return presented, to an Order of the House of the Session of 1889, shewing the names of the municipalities which have passed by-laws under the authority of the Act, etc., 36. (Sessional Papers No. 38.) Printed.

Shuniah, Municipality of:


Snow Fences:

1. Bill (No. 147), introduced to amend the Act respecting, 52. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 107. No report.


Southern Central Railway Co'y:

Speaker, Mr.:

1. Informs the House that he had received notification of a vacancy and that he had issued his warrant for a new Writ of Election, 2.

2. That a certificate of Election had been laid upon the Table, 2.

3. That he had obtained a copy of the Speech, 5.

4. That Reports had been received from Commissioners of Estate Bills, 42, 47, 53, 59, 63, 88.

5. Reads messages from His Honour, 12, 26, 30, 89, 173.

6. Presents Supply Bill to His Honour, 203.

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Spencer, W. H.:


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3. Recommend the extension of time for presenting petitions, 22, 33, 49, 61, 71.

4. Recommend the extension of time for introducing Bills, 33.

5 Recommend the suspension of Rules, 33, 37, 40, 49, 54, 100.

6. Recommend that Rules be not suspended, 50, 71.

7. Report referred back with instructions to consider and report notices as sufficient, 81.

Statistical Returns:


Statutes:

Statement presented, as to disposal of Revised, 11. (Sessional Papers No. 25.) Not printed.
Street Railway Act:

1. Bill (No. 143), introduced to amend, 52. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 87. No report.


Sugar Beet:

Report upon cultivation of, presented, 76. (Sessional Papers No. 48.) Printed.

Summary Convictions:

Bill (No. 214), introduced, with respect to fines and costs of, 96. Second reading, 117. House goes into Committee on, 127, 137, 143. Third reading, 160. R.A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 24.)

Superannuation Fund:—See Education.

Supply:

1. House resolves to go into Committee, 10.

2. Estimates presented and referred, 12, 26, 89, 173. (Sessional Papers No. 19.) Printed.


4. Financial Statement delivered and Debate on, adjourned, 28, 30. Motion carried, 35.

5. Resolutions reported, 13, 63, 84, 90, 141, 161, 192, 194.

6. Resolutions agreed to, 13, 90, 168.

7. Resolutions postponed for Concurrence, 168, 196.

8. Resolutions agreed to on division, 196, 197.

9. Amendments moved to Motion "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair":—

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10. House resolves to go into Committee of Ways and Means, 10.

11. Goes into Committee, 13, 90, 197.

12. Resolutions reported and agreed to, 14, 90, 197.


14. Presented to His Honour and assented to, 203.
Surrogate Courts Act:

Bill No. 75), introduced to amend, 18. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 38. Reported, 128. House goes into Committee on, 147. Third reading, 171. R.A. 199. (53 Vic. c. 17.)

Tavern and Shop Licenses Act:

Report presented, on the working of, 42. (Sessional Papers No. 9.) Printed. See Liquor License Law.

TAX EXEMPTIONS:—See Assessment Law.

TENDER YEARS, PERSONS OF:—See Juvenile Offenders.

TEXT BOOKS:—See Education

Tilbury Centre, Village of:


Tilbury West, Township of:

Return ordered, of copies of correspondence in regard to a reduction of the indebtedness of, under the Ontario Drainage Act, 169. (Not brought down.)

Tile Drainage:—See Drainage.

Timber and Timber Licenses:

1. Bill (No. 251), introduced, respecting Timber Licenses affecting Registered Land, 136. Second reading, 152. House goes into Committee on; third reading, 173. R.A. 199. (53 Vic. c. 8.)

2. Return ordered, shewing what applications have been made for payments under Section 4, 43 Vic., in respect of dues on pine trees, etc., 38. Presented, 142. (Sessional Papers No. 74.) Printed.

3. Return ordered, shewing the number, area and location, of each timber berth now under license, etc., 65. (Not brought down.)

4. Return ordered, showing lots in West Algoma, the timber on which has been sold, etc., 97. (Not brought down.)

5. Motions proposed and negatived, in respect of, under Free Grants Act, 175.

6. Motion proposed and negatived, re care and preservation of, 111.
TIMBER SLIDES COMPANIES ACT:


2. Bill (No. 229), introduced to amend, 106. Second reading, 117. House goes into Committee on, 135, 156. Third reading, 171. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 43.)

TITLES:

Report of Master of, presented, together with return of fees received by him, 128, (Sessional Papers No. 69.) Printed.

TOLL ROADS:

Petitions respecting, 44, 80. See General Road Coy's. Act.

TORONTO, CITY OF:


2. Petitions re preservation of certain sites in, 126, 144.

TORONTO DAIRY CO'Y:


TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CO'Y:

Statement of affairs presented, 18. (Sessional Papers No. 32.) Not printed.

TORONTO, HAMILTON AND BUFFALO RAILWAY CO'Y:


TORONTO HAVEN:

Order in Council ratified, granting aid to, 124.

TORONTO REGISTRY OFFICE:

Return ordered, showing amount of disbursements connected with, etc., 44. Presented, 68. (Sessional Papers No. 46.) Printed.
TORONTO STREET RAILWAY CO'Y:


TORONTO TRANSFER AND WAREHOUSING CO'Y:

Petition for Act of incorporation, 26. Reported, 49. Bill (No. 104), introduced and referred, 52. Reported withdrawn; fees remitted, 95.

TORONTO UNIVERSITY:

1. Message from His Honour, the Lieutenant-Governor, recommending the setting apart of $160,000 to aid in the reconstruction of building destroyed by fire, 31. Referred to Committee of the Whole, 39. House goes into Committee and reports resolution, 41.

2. Bill (No. 130), introduced to aid in the reconstruction of the Provincial University Building, 41. Second reading, 62. House goes into Committee on, 101. Third reading, 115. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 73.)

3. Bursar's Statement presented, 70. (Sessional Papers No. 47.) Printed.

4. Return ordered, showing the total attendance of students matriculated and non-matriculated, of each Sex, from 1860 to 1890, etc., 65. Presented, 95. (Sessional Papers No. 57.) Printed.

5. Return ordered, specifying the amount of Debentures issued on the credit of the Permanent Fund, of, etc., 66. Presented, 95. (Sessional Papers No. 55.) Printed.

6. Return ordered, of a copy of the Order in Council authorizing the erection of the building known as the Biological Building, in connection with, etc., 66. Presented, 94. (Sessional Papers No. 56.) Printed.

7. Return ordered, of copies of memorials or petitions, re maintenance of a residence in connection with, 120. Presented, 144. (Sessional Papers No. 75.) Not printed.

8. Motion, that the Bursar include in his annual statement of cash transactions, a detailed statement of receipts and expenditures on account of the Medical Faculty of; withdrawn, 151.

9. Motion, to devote residence portion of, to other uses; withdrawn, 198.

TORONTO YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION:

TRACTION ENGINES:

Bill (No. 194), introduced, to amend the Act to authorize and regulate the use of, on Highways, 78. Second reading and referred to the Municipal Committee, 108. No report.

TRADES ARBITRATION ACT:

Bill (No. 193), introduced, respecting the relations between Employers and Workmen, 78. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 150. Reported, 152. House goes into Committee on, 180. Third reading; title amended, 180. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 117.)

TREE PLANTING ACT, ONTARIO:

Bill (No. 224), introduced to amend, 105. Second reading and referred to a Select Committee, 121. Reported, 127. House goes into Committee on, 147. Third reading, 160. R. A., 199. (53 Vic. c. 60.)

TRENTON, TOWN OF:

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Thursday, 30th January, 1890.

PROCLAMATION,

Canada Province of Ontario.

A. CAMPBELL. [L.S.]

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom, of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Our Faithful, the Members elected to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Our Province of Ontario, and to every of you—GREETING:

O. Mowat, Attorney-General, WHEREAS it is expedient for certain causes and considerations to convene the Legislative Assembly of our said Province, We do will that you and each of you, and all others in this behalf interested, on THURSDAY, the THIRTIETH day of the month of JANUARY next, at OUR CITY OF TORONTO, personally be and appear for the DESPATCH OF BUSINESS, to treat, act, do and conclude upon those things which in Our Legislature of the Province of Ontario by the Common Council of Our said Province may by the favour of God be ordained.

HEREIN FAIL NOT.

In Testimony Whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Ontario to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, the Honourable SIR ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, Knight Commander of Our Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Member of Our Privy Council of Canada, etc., etc., etc., LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, of Our Province of Ontario, at Our Government House, in Our City of Toronto, in our said Province, this TWENTIETH day of DECEMBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and in the fifty-third year of Our Reign.

By Command,

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.
Thursday, the thirtieth day of January, 1890, being the first day of the Fourth Session of the Sixth Legislature of the Province of Ontario, for the Despatch of Business, pursuant to a Proclamation of His Honour the Honourable Sir Alexander Campbell, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province.

2.30 O'CLOCK, P.M.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House, That he had received a notification of a vacancy which had occurred since the last Session of the House, and had issued his Warrant to the Clerk for a new Writ for the Election of a Member to serve in the present Legislature for the following Electoral District:—

The West Riding of the County of Lambton.

To the Honourable
Jacob Baxter,
Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario.

We, the undersigned, hereby notify you in accordance with the Statute in that behalf, that a vacancy in the representation in the said Legislative Assembly for the Electoral District of West Lambton has been caused by the death of Timothy Blair Pardee, Esquire, the late Member for the said Riding.

Witness our hands and seals this 16th day of October, A.D. 1889.

[LS] ARTHUR S. HARDY,
Member for South Brant.

[LS] J. M. GIBSON,
Member for Hamilton.

Mr. Speaker also informed the House, That the Clerk had laid on the Table the following Certificate:—

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that in Virtue of a Writ of Election dated the nineteenth day of October, 1889, issued by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, and addressed to James Flintoft, Esquire, Returning Officer for the Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Lambton, for the election of a Member to represent the said Electoral District of the West Riding of the County of Lambton in the Legislative Assembly of this Province, in the room of Timothy Blair Pardee, Esquire, who had died, Charles Mackenzie, Esquire, has been returned as duly elected accordingly, as appears by the Return to the said Writ of Election, dated this nineteenth day of October, which is now lodged of record in my office.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk L. A.

Toronto, 30th January, 1890.
Charles Mackenzie, Esquire, Member for the West Riding of Lambton, having taken the oaths and signed the roll, took his seat.

The House was adjourned during pleasure.

After some time the House was resumed.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor then entered the House, and being seated in the Chair on the Throne, was pleased to open the Session by a gracious Speech to the House.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:—

It is with much pleasure that I again meet you, assembled for the discharge of the important duties which devolve upon you as the people's representatives in the Provincial Legislature.

I have special satisfaction in congratulating you on the passing of an Act by the Imperial Parliament, since your last session, confirming and giving effect to the decision of Her Majesty's Privy Council, in August, 1884, respecting the Westerly Boundary of the Province, and finally settling the Northerly Boundary as well as the Westerly, in substantial accordance with the award of the arbitrators in 1878. The people of Ontario cannot but experience a feeling of relief that we have at last reached the final stage of this long-protracted dispute between the Province and the Dominion, and that the territorial limits claimed by the Province have been definitely secured for all time.

I regret that owing to the attitude of the Dominion with respect to the question of interest, there now appears little probability of a settlement of accounts between the two Governments, being arrived at through negotiation, and proposals have accordingly been made on the part of the Province to refer to arbitration the points in dispute. The correspondence on the subject will be laid before you.

It is also a matter of disappointment that the Quebec Government declines to concur in any arrangement for settling our differences as to the Land Improvement Fund, and steps have in consequence been taken to have them settled through the Courts.

I regret that the Agricultural industry, the most important in the Province, is still in a depressed condition. Untoward climatic conditions in extensive sections of the Province, blighted the hopes which were entertained in the early portion of the year, of an abundant harvest. This, with the continued low price of cereals, and other causes, has tended to prevent that improvement in the condition of those engaged in this industry which had been hoped for. It is pleasing to note, however, that in the manufacture of cheese, our great agricultural staple, Ontario holds a foremost place, the product of Ontario ranking in point of quality among the best offered on the English market, and the Dominion trade tables shewing that the yearly value of cheese exports, which are chiefly from Ontario, is far in excess of the aggregate value of all the manufactures exported by the Dominion. I rejoice to know that in every branch of agriculture, our farmers are evincing a growing appreciation of intelligent methods. The continued success of Farmers' Institutes is one of the evidences of a strongly prevailing desire to profit by practical information on economic husbandry.

It having been alleged that the Regulations of the Education Department, requiring instruction in English to be given in all the Public Schools of the Province, was not observed in certain localities in which the French language prevails, Commissioners were appointed to visit these schools, to report the facts, and to consider in what way the study of English may be successfully promoted among the pupils whose mother-tongue is French. The same Commissioners were afterwards directed to visit the German Schools of the Province, and to report in like manner regarding them. Their reports will be submitted to you, as well as certain regulations for giving practical effect to the recom-
mendations of the Commissioners, so far as this could be done by immediate executive action. You will be asked to make the grant which is necessary for the establishment of a Training School in Eastern Ontario, as recommended by the Commissioners.

It affords me pleasure to state that the revenue derived from timber dues and the sale of Crown lands considerably exceeds the estimate submitted to the Assembly last session.

In February last, I issued my Proclamation declaring in force the Rainy River Free Grants and Homesteads Act, and a later period in the year I approved of an Order in Council appropriating under the Act twenty townships in that District for the purpose of free grants. I also issued a Commission to take evidence and report upon the claims of settlers along Rainy River. The Commissioners examined into and took evidence respecting numerous claims; and patents are being issued to such settlers as have performed the conditions of settlement. A Commission was also issued to investigate disputed claims to mining and other locations in Rat Portage and the territory contiguous thereto. Many claims were enquired into and much evidence was taken; and patents are being issued to applicants who have established their claims and complied with the conditions of sale.

The public interest in the mineral wealth of the Province continues to increase. The immense deposits of silver, iron, copper and nickel recently discovered or developed, have attracted the attention of capitalists and others interested in mining in Europe and America. As a result, large investments are being made in developing our mineral resources, and both capital and labor are finding remunerative employment in that connection. Measures relating to the sale of mining locations, and to regulate mining operations, will be presented for your consideration.

I am glad to know that the completion of two of the Asylum Cottages at Mimico, together with enlarged accommodation at the London Asylum, have permitted the removal of all those lunatics temporarily confined in the Gaols of the Province who have been certified to be proper subjects for asylum treatment. Six cottages providing further accommodation for 350 patients, are in course of construction, and will probably be completed during the present year.

Public attention has of late years been directed to the inadequate provision by County Municipalities for the care and support of the aged, helpless and poor within their boundaries, only nine Counties having yet availed themselves of the provisions of law authorizing the establishment of Industrial Farms, and Houses of Industry and Refuge in connection therewith. Organized philanthropy in the larger centres of population, has provided Institutions for the care of such persons in these localities; and Provincial aid to many of these Institutions has been extended under our Charity Aid Act. With a view of encouraging the erection of County Houses of Refuge in connection with Industrial Farms, and of thereby relieving the gaols of this unfortunate class of their inmates, a measure will be submitted for your consideration, providing for a grant from Provincial Funds of a sum not exceeding Four Thousand Dollars towards the cost, in any County or Union of Counties availing itself of the Act, the grant to be subject to such conditions as you may deem fitting. The Bill will also provide for the case of Counties which have already established a House of Refuge.

Your attention will be invited to the consideration of changes in the law relating to the assessment of property for the purpose of municipal taxation. Steps have been taken to procure a general expression of opinion from the various Municipal Councils and Boards of Trade throughout the Province on the vexed question of exemptions from local assessment, and a measure on this subject will be submitted, which will, I trust, meet with your approval.

Among other measures, there will also be submitted for your consideration, a Bill to facilitate the speedy determination of important constitutional questions, a Bill respecting the jurisdiction of the Court of Quarter Sessions in criminal cases, a Bill for the further improvement of the Liquor License Laws, a Bill relating to the licensing of cullers and the measurement of sawlogs, and a Bill respecting contagious diseases among horses.
The Public Accounts for the past year will be promptly laid before you. You will be pleased to learn that the expenditure has been kept within the amount granted, and that the revenue has exceeded the amount anticipated.

The Estimates for the current year will, at an early date, be presented for your approval. They will be found to be framed with a due regard to economy and to the necessities of the public service.

I feel assured that your deliberations will, as hitherto, be characterized by wisdom and patriotism, and will conduce to the happiness and prosperity of the people.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor was then pleased to retire.

Mr. Speaker reported, That, to prevent mistakes, he had obtained a copy of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor’s Speech, which he read.

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Hardy, a Bill was introduced to provide for the Administration of Oaths of Office to persons appointed as Justices of the Peace, and the same was read the first time.

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Hardy, Ordered, That the Speech of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor to this House be taken into consideration to-morrow.

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Hardy, Resolved, That Select Standing Committees of this House, for the present Session, be appointed for the following purposes:—1. On Privileges and Elections; 2. On Railways; 3. On Miscellaneous Private Bills; 4. On Standing Orders; 5. On Public Accounts; 6. On Printing; 7. On Municipal Law; which said Committees shall severally be empowered to examine and enquire into all such matters and things as shall be referred to them by the House, and to report from time to time their observations and opinions thereon, with power to send for persons, papers and records.

Thursday, 31st January, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Drury—The Petition of the Town Council of Orillia.
By Mr. Meredith—The Petition of Huron College.
By Mr. Murray—The Petition of Thomas Murray and others, of North Bay.
By Mr. Balfour—The Petition of the Village Council of Tilbury Centre.
By Mr. Leys—The Petition of George Macgregor Gardner, of Toronto.
By Mr. Ostrom—The Petition of the City Council of Belleville.
By Mr. Dryden—Five Petitions of the Iron Moulder’s Union No. 136, Oshawa.
By Mr. Meacham—The Petition of the County Council of the United Counties of Lennox and Addington.
By Mr. Ingram—The Petition of the County Council of St. Thomas; also, Two Petitions of Elgin Assembly No. 3449, Knights of Labour.
By Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto)—Four Petitions of Iron Moulder’s Union No. 28, Toronto.
The Order of the Day for taking into consideration the Speech of His Honour at the opening of the Session having been read,

Mr. Mackenzie moved, seconded by Mr. Gilmour,

1. That an humble Address be presented to His Honour thanking him for his gracious speech, and reciprocating His Honour’s pleasure at again meeting us for the discharge of the important duties which devolve upon us as the people’s representatives in the Provincial Legislature.

2. That we share His Honour’s satisfaction at the passing of an Act by the Imperial Parliament, since our last session, confirming and giving effect to the decision of Her Majesty’s Privy Council in August, 1884, respecting the Westerly Boundary of the Province, and finally settling the Northerly Boundary as well as the Westerly in substantial accordance with the award of the arbitrators in 1878; and that we agree with His Honour that the people of Ontario cannot but experience a feeling of relief that we have at last reached the final stage of this protracted dispute between the Province and the Dominion, and that the territorial limits claimed by the Province have been definitely secured for all time.

3. That we share His Honour’s regret that, owing to the attitude of the Dominion with respect to the question of interest, there now appears to His Honour little probability of a settlement of accounts between the two Governments being arrived at through negotiation; that we are pleased to learn that proposals have been made on the part of the Province to refer to arbitration the points in dispute, and that the correspondence on the subject will be laid before us.

4. That we agree with His Honour that it is also a matter of disappointment that the Quebec Government declines, as His Honour informs us, to concur in any arrangement for settling our differences as to the Land Improvement Fund, and we thank His Honour for informing us that steps have in consequence been taken to have them settled through the Courts.

5. That we share His Honour’s regret that the Agricultural industry, the most important in the Province, is still in a depressed condition; that untoward climatic conditions in extensive sections of the Province blighted the hopes which were entertained in the early portion of the year of an abundant harvest; that this, with the continued low price of cereals and other causes, has tended to prevent that improvement in the condition of those engaged in this industry which had been hoped for; that we note, with satisfaction, that in the manufacture of cheese, our great agricultural staple, Ontario holds a foremost place, the product of Ontario ranking in point of quality among the best offered on the English market, and the Dominion trade tables shewing that the yearly value of cheese exports, which are chiefly from Ontario, is far in excess of the aggregate value of all the manufactures exported by the Dominion; that we rejoice to know that in every branch of agriculture our farmers are evincing a growing appreciation of intelligent methods, and we agree with His Honour that the continued success of farmers’ institutes is one of the evidences of a strongly prevailing desire to profit by practical information on economic husbandry.

6. That we thank His Honour for informing us that, it having been alleged that the regulations of the Education Department, requiring instruction in English to be given in all the Public Schools of the Province, were not observed in certain localities in which the French language prevails, commissioners were appointed to visit these schools, to report the facts, and to consider in what way the study of English may be most successfully promoted among the pupils whose mother-tongue is French; that the same commissioners were afterwards directed to visit the German schools of the Province, and to report in like manner regarding them; and that their reports will be submitted to us, as well as certain regulations for giving practical effect to the recommendations of the commissioners, so far as this could be done by immediate executive action; and that we assure His Honour that due consideration will be given to the proposals for making the grant which is necessary for the establishment of a training School in Eastern Ontario, as recommended by the commissioners.
7. That we share His Honour's pleasure that the revenue derived from timber dues and the sale of Crown lands considerably exceeds the estimate submitted to the Assembly last session.

8. That we thank His Honour for informing us, that in February last he issued his Proclamation declaring in force the Raing River Free Grants and Homesteads Act, and that at a later period of the year he approved of an Order in Council appropriating under the Act twenty townships in that District for the purpose of free grants; that he also issued a Commission to take evidence and report upon the claims of settlers along Rainy River; that the Commissioners examined into nad took evidence respecting numerous claims; that patents are being issued to such settlers as have performed the conditions of settlement; that a Commission was also issued to investigate disputed claims to mining and other locations in Rat Portage and the territory contiguous thereto; that many claims were inquired into and much evidence was taken; and that patents are being issued to applicants who have established their claims and complied with the conditions of sale.

9. That we are happy to know that the public interest in the mineral wealth of the Province continues to increase; that the immense deposits of silver, iron, copper and nickel recently discovered or developed, have attracted the attention of capitalists and others interested in mining in Europe and America; and that as a result, large investments are being made in developing our mineral resources, and both capital and labour are finding remunerative employment in that connection. That we shall consider with interest the measures relating to the sale of mining locations, and to regulate mining operations, which are to be presented for our consideration.

10. That we are glad to learn that the completion of two of the Asylum Cottages at Mimico, together with enlarged accommodation at the London Asylum, has permitted the removal of all those lunatics temporarily confined in the Gaols of the Province who have been certified to be proper subjects for asylum treatment; and that we are also gratified to learn that six cottages providing further accommodation for 350 patients are in course of construction, and will be probably completed during the present year.

11. That we are glad to know that public attention has of late years been directed to the inadequate provision by County Municipalities for the care and support of the aged, helpless and poor within their boundaries, only nine Counties having yet availed themselves of the provisions of law authorizing the establishment of Industrial Farms, and Houses of Industry and Refuge in connection therewith; that organized philanthropy in the larger centres of population has provided Institutions for the care of such persons in these localities; and that Provincial aid to many of these Institutions has been extended under our Charity Aid Act; that we thank His Honour for informing us that with a view of encouraging the erection of County Houses of Refuge in connection with Industrial Farms, and of thereby relieving the gaols of this unfortunate class of their inmates, a measure will be submitted for our consideration, providing for a grant from Provincial Funds of a sum not exceeding Four Thousand Dollars towards the cost in any County or Union of Counties availing itself of the Act, the grant to be subject to such conditions as we may deem fitting; and that the Bill will also provide for the case of Counties which have already established a House of Refuge.

12. That we thank His Honour for informing us, that our attention will be invited to the consideration of changes in the law relating to the assessment of property for the purpose of municipal taxation; that steps have been taken to procure a general expression of opinion from the various Municipal Councils and Boards of Trade throughout the Province on the vexed question of exemptions from local assessment; and that a measure on this subject will be submitted which His Honour trusts will meet with our approval, and which we assure His Honour will receive our thoughtful consideration.

13. That we beg to assure His Honour that our best attention will be given to the Bill to facilitate the speedy determination of important constitutional questions; the Bill respecting the jurisdiction of the Court of Quarter Sessions in criminal cases; the
Bill for the further improvement of the Liquor License Laws; the Bill relating to the licensing of cullers and the measurement of sawlogs; the Bill respecting contagious diseases among horses.

14. That we thank His Honour for informing us that the Public Accounts for the past year will be promptly laid before us. That we are pleased to learn that the expenditure has been kept within the amount granted, and that the revenue has exceeded the amount anticipated.

15. That we thank His Honour for informing us that the estimates for the current year will, at an early date, be presented for our approval, and that they will be found to be framed with a due regard to economy and to the necessities of the public service.

16. That we thank His Honour for the expression of his assurance that our deliberations will, as hitherto, be characterized by wisdom and patriotism, and will conduce to the happiness and prosperity of the people.

The several paragraphs of the proposed Address having been again read, were agreed to.

Resolved, That the above Resolutions be referred to a Select Committee, composed as follows: The Attorney-General and Messieurs Fraser, Mackenzie and Gilmour, with instructions to prepare and report an Address in conformity therewith.

The Attorney-General, from the Committee, reported an Address, which was read as follows:

To the Honourable Sir Alexander Campbell, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Member of the Queen's Privy Council of Canada, etc., etc., etc., Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario:

We thank You for Your gracious speech, and reciprocate Your Honour's pleasure at again meeting us for the discharge of the important duties which devolve upon us as the people's representatives in the Provincial Legislature.

We share Your Honour's satisfaction at the passing of an Act by the Imperial Parliament since our last Session, confirming and giving effect to the decision of Her Majesty's Privy Council in August, 1884, respecting the Westerly Boundary of the Province, and finally settling the Northerly Boundary as well as the Westerly in substantial accordance with the award of the arbitrators in 1878; and we agree with Your Honour that the people of Ontario cannot but experience a feeling of relief that we have at last reached the final stage of this long-protracted dispute between the Province and the Dominion, and that the territorial limits claimed by the Province have been definitely secured for all time.

We share Your Honour's regret that, owing to the attitude of the Dominion with respect to the question of interest, there now appears to Your Honour little possibility of a settlement of accounts between the two Governments being arrived at through negotiation; we are pleased to learn that proposals have been made on the part of the Province to refer to arbitration the points in dispute, and that the correspondence on the subject will be laid before us.

We agree with Your Honour that it is also a matter of disappointment that the Quebec Government declines, as Your Honour informs us, to concur in any arrangement for settling our differences as to the Land Improvement Fund, and we thank Your Honour for informing us that steps have in consequence been taken to have them settled through the Courts.

We share Your Honour's regret that the Agricultural industry, the most important in the Province, is still in a depressed condition; that untoward climatic conditions in extensive sections of the Province blighted the hopes which were entertained in the early portion of the year of an abundant harvest; that this, with the continued low price of
cereals and other causes, has tended to prevent that improvement in the condition of those engaged in this industry which had been hoped for; we note with satisfaction, that in the manufacture of cheese, our great agricultural staple, Ontario holds a foremost place, the product of Ontario ranking in point of quality among the best offered on the English market, and the Dominion trade tables shewing that the yearly value of cheese exports, which are chiefly from Ontario, is far in excess of the aggregate value of all the manufactures exported by the Dominion; we rejoice to know that in every branch of agriculture our farmers are evincing a growing appreciation of intelligent methods, and we agree with your Honour that the continued success of farmers' institutes is one of the evidences of a strongly prevailing desire to profit by practical information on economic husbandry.

We thank Your Honour for informing us that, it having been alleged that the regulations of the Education Department, requiring instruction in English to be given in all the Public Schools of the Province, were not observed in certain localities in which the French language prevails, commissioners were appointed to visit these schools, to report the facts, and to consider in what way the study of English may be most successfully promoted among the pupils whose mother-tongue is French; that the same commissioners were afterwards directed to visit the German schools of the Province, and to report in like manner regarding them; and that their reports will be submitted to us, as well as certain regulations for giving practical effect to the recommendations of the commissioners, so far as this could be done by immediate executive action; and we assure Your Honour that due consideration will be given to the proposals for making the grant which is necessary for the establishment of a training School in Eastern Ontario, as recommended by the commissioners.

We share Your Honour's pleasure that the revenue derived from timber dues and the sale of Crown lands considerably exceeds the estimate submitted to the Assembly last Session.

We thank Your Honour for informing us, that in February last you issued your Proclamation declaring in force the Rainy River Free Grants and Homesteads Act, and that at a later period of the year you approved of an Order in Council appropriating under the Act twenty townships in that District for the purpose of free grants; that you also issued a Commission to take evidence and report upon the claims of settlers along Rainy River: that the Commissioners examined into and took evidence respecting numerous claims; that patents are being issued to such settlers as have performed the conditions of settlement; that a Commission was also issued to investigate disputed claims to mining and other locations in Rat Portage and the territory contiguous thereto; that many claims were inquired into and much evidence was taken; and that patents are being issued to applicants who have established their claims and complied with the conditions of sale.

We are happy to know that the public interest in the mineral wealth of the Province continues to increase; that the immense deposits of silver, iron, copper and nickel recently discovered or developed, have attracted the attention of capitalists and others interested in mining in Europe and America; and that as a result, large investments are being made in developing our mineral resources, and both capital and labour are finding remunerative employment in that connection. We shall consider with interest the measures relating to the sale of mining locations, and to regulate mining operations, which are to be presented for our consideration.

We are glad to learn that the completion of two of the Asylum Cottages at Mimico, together with enlarged accommodation at the London Asylum, has permitted the removal of all those lunatics temporarily confined in the Gaols of the Province who have been certified to be proper subjects for asylum treatment; and we are also gratified to learn that six cottages providing further accommodation for 350 patients are in course of construction, and will be probably completed during the present year.

We are glad to know that the public attention has of late years been directed to the inadequate provision by County Municipalities for the care and support of the aged, helpless and poor within their boundaries, only nine Counties having yet availed them-
selves of the provisions of law authorizing the establishment of Industrial Farms, and Houses of Industry and Refuge in connection therewith; that organized philanthropy in the larger centres of population has provided Institutions for the care of such persons in these localities; and that Provincial aid to many of these Institutions has been extended under our Charity Aid Act; we thank Your Honour for informing us that with a view of encouraging the erection of County Houses of Refuge in connection with Industrial Farms, and of thereby relieving the gaols of this unfortunate class of their inmates, a measure will be submitted for our consideration, providing for a grant from Provincial Funds of a sum not exceeding Four Thousand Dollars towards the cost in any County or Union of Counties availing itself of the Act, the grant to be subject to such conditions as we may deem fitting; and that the Bill will also provide for the case of Counties which have already established a House of Refuge.

We thank Your Honour for informing us, that our attention will be invited to the consideration of changes in the law relating to the assessment of property for the purpose of municipal taxation; that steps have been taken to procure a general expression of opinion from the various Municipal Councils and Boards of Trade throughout the Province on the vexed question of exemptions from local assessment; and that a measure on this subject will be submitted which Your Honour trusts will meet with our approval, and which we assure Your Honour will receive our thoughtful consideration.

We beg to assure Your Honour that our best attention will be given to the Bill to facilitate the speedy determination of important constitutional questions; the Bill respecting the jurisdiction of the Court of Quarter Sessions in criminal cases; the Bill for the further improvement of the Liquor License Laws; the Bill relating to the licensing of cullers and the measurement of sawlogs; the Bill respecting contagious diseases among horses.

We thank Your Honour for informing us that the Public Accounts for the past year will be promptly laid before us. We are pleased to learn that the expenditure has been kept within the amount granted, and that the revenue has exceeded the amount anticipated.

We thank Your Honour for informing us that the estimates for the current year will, at an early date, be presented for our approval, and that they will be found to be framed with a due regard to economy and to the necessities of the public service.

We thank Your Honour for the expression of your assurance that our deliberations will, as hitherto, be characterized by wisdom and patriotism, and will conduce to the happiness and prosperity of the people.

Ordered, That the Address be engrossed, and be presented to His Honour by such Members of this House as are of the Executive Council.

On motion of Mr. Ross (Huron), seconded by Mr. Fraser.
Resolved, That this House will on Tuesday next, resolve itself into the Committee of Supply.

Resolved, That this House will, on Tuesday next, resolve itself into the Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) presented to the House, by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—

Annual Report upon the Institution for the instruction and education of the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville. (Sessional Papers, No. 12.)

Also—Annual Report upon the Institution for the education and instruction of the Blind, Brantford. (Sessional Papers, No. 13.)

Also—Regulations and Correspondence relating to French and German Schools in the Province of Ontario. (Sessional Papers, No. 7.)

The House then adjourned at 6 p.m.
Monday, 3rd February, 1890.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—The Petition of the Very Reverend John Gamble Geddes, of Hamilton; also, Three Petitions of the Hamilton Typographical Union No. 129.

By Mr. Meredith—The Petition of the incorporated Synod of the Diocese of Huron; also, The Petition of the Provincial Synod of the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada; also, Four Petitions of Local Assembly No. 3558, Knights of Labour, London; also, Four Petitions of London Typographical Union No. 133; also, Four Petitions of Local Assembly No. 3305, of London; also, Four Petitions of the Trades and Labour Council of London; also, the Petition of Henry Bartley and others, of London.

By Mr. Whitney—The Petition of the Village Council of West Winchester; also, The Petition of the Township Council of Winchester.

By Mr. Harcourt—The Petition of James Pearson and others, of Toronto.

By Mr. Mackenzie—The Petition of the County Council of Lambton.

By Mr. Armstrong—The Petition of the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company.

By Mr. Awrey—The Petition of the Hamilton Gas Light Company; also, The Petition of the County Council of Wentworth.

By Mr. Stewart—The Petition of the County Council of Dufferin.

By Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto)—The Petition of C. A. McKinnon and others, of Tadmorden.

By Mr. Leys—Four Petitions of the Toronto Trades and Labour Council.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Report of the Inspector of Insurance for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers, No. 3.)

Also—Statement as to the disposal of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers, No. 25.)

The House then adjourned at 3.30 p.m.

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Tuesday, 4th February, 1890.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Miller—The Petition of the County Council of Frontenac; also, The Petition of James Bryden and others, of Kaladar.

By Mr. Clancy—The Petition of the County Council of Kent.

By Mr. Davis—The Petition of the Toronto Dairy Company.

By Mr. Kerns—The Petition of the County Council of Halton.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of the City Council of Belleville, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.
Of George MacGregor Gardner, of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to authorize the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario to admit him to practice therein as a Solicitor.

Of Huron College, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.

Of Thomas Murray and others, of North Bay, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town of North Bay.

Of the Town Council of Orillia, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate the debt of the town.

Of the City Council of St. Thomas, praying that an Act may pass to enable the corporation to pass a by-law in aid of the construction of water works.

Of the Village Council of Tilbury Centre, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.

Of the County Council of the United Counties of Lennox and Addington, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of the real property of railway companies.

Of Iron Moulders' Union No. 28, Toronto; also, of Iron Moulders' Union No. 136, of Oshawa, severally praying for the annual publication of Assessment Rolls.

Of Iron Moulders' Union No. 28, Toronto; also, of Iron Moulders' Union No. 136, Oshawa; also, of Elgin Assembly No. 3449 Knights of Labour, severally praying for the passing of an Act constituting Boards of Arbitration for the adjustment of disputes between employers of labour and employees.

Of Iron Moulders' Union No. 28, Toronto; also, of Iron Moulders' Union No. 136, Oshawa, severally praying respecting employers and wages.

Of Iron Moulders' Union No. 136, Oshawa, praying certain amendments to the Seamen's Agreement Act.

Of Iron Moulders' Union No. 28, Toronto; also, of Iron Moulders' Union No. 136, Oshawa; also, of Elgin Assembly No. 3449 Knights of Labour, severally praying for the passing of a Workshops Regulation Act.

The following Bill was introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 71), intituled "An Act to regulate Mining Operations."—Mr. Hardy. Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Fraser, Ordered, That a special Committee of Twelve Members be appointed to prepare and report, with all convenient speed, lists of Members to compose the Select Standing Committees ordered by this House, to be composed as follows:—Messieurs Awrey, Clarke (Wellington), H. E. Clarke (Toronto), Creighton, Dryden, Fraser, Gibson (Huron), Hardy, Meredith, Monk, Ross (Huron) and Wood (Hastings).

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Fraser, Ordered, That a Select Committee of Ten Members be appointed to act with Mr. Speaker in the control and management of the Library, to be composed as follows:—The Attorney-General and Messieurs Clancy, Clarke (Wellington), French, Gibson (Huron), Harcourt, Meredith, O'Connor, Ross (Middlesex) and Wood (Hastings).

The Attorney-General delivered to Mr. Speaker a Message from His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, signed by himself; and the Message was read by Mr. Speaker, and is as follows:—

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

The Lieutenant-Governor transmits Estimates of certain sums required for the service of the Province, until the estimates for the year 1890 are finally passed, and recommends them to the Legislative Assembly.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Toronto, 4th February, 1890.

(Sessional Papers No. 19).
Ordered, That the Message of His Honour, together with the Estimates accompanying the same, be referred to the Committee of Supply.

The House, according to Order, resolved itself into the Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That a sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000), be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Civil Government, and for other purposes (as mentioned in the statement accompanying the Message of the Lieutenant-Governor in this House), from the 1st day of January, 1890, to the passing of the Appropriation Act for the year 1890, and not exceeding the last day of March, 1890. Such expenditures to be confined to the ordinary necessary payments for the different services to which they respectively relate, and a detailed statement of such expenditure to be laid before the House before the second reading of the Appropriation Act of 1889, and the details of the said several services to be included in the detailed Estimates to be brought down to this House, as though this resolution had not passed; it being declared that the expenditure under the head of "Public Works and Buildings" shall, in all cases, be confined to lapsed appropriations for 1889.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to a Resolution; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received forthwith.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again to-morrow.

Mr. Harcourt, from the Committee of Supply, reported a Resolution, which was read as follows:—

Resolved, That a sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000) be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Civil Government and for other purposes (as mentioned in the Statement accompanying the Message of the Lieutenant-Governor to this House), from the first day of January, 1890, to the passing of the Appropriation Act for the year 1890, and not exceeding the last day of March, 1890. Such expenditures to be confined to the ordinary necessary payments for the different services to which they respectively relate, and a detailed statement of such expenditures to be laid before the House before the second reading of the Appropriation Act of 1889, and the details of the said several services to be included in the detailed Estimates to be brought down to this House, as though this Resolution had not passed; it being declared that the expenditure under the head of "Public Works and Buildings" shall, in all cases, be confined to lapsed appropriation for 1889.

The Resolution, having been read the second time, was agreed to.

The House, according to Order, resolved itself into the Committee of Ways and Means.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province a sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000), to meet the Supply to that extent granted to Her Majesty.
Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to a Resolution; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received forthwith.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again to-morrow.

Mr. Harcourt, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a Resolution, which was read as follows:—

Resolved, That there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province a sum not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000) to meet the Supply to that extent granted to Her Majesty.

The Resolution, having been read the second time, was agreed to.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—

Annual Report of the Canadian Institute for 1888-9, being Appendix to the Report of Minister of Education. (Sessional Papers No. 6.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the sixth day of March, 1889, for a Return shewing the names of all publishers of Public School text books, with the respective books published by them and the prices thereof. Also, for copies of all correspondence by or with the Minister of Education or any officer of his department respecting the price or publication of Public School text books subsequent to that already brought down. (Sessional Papers No. 1.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the Eleventh day of March, 1889, for a Return shewing the number and location of Public Schools in Ontario in which any language other than English is used in the work of teaching, either wholly or in part. A list of text books in any language other than English used in such schools. The total number of scholars attending each of such schools. The number of scholars in each of such schools using text books in any language other than English. The number of teachers in such schools who cannot use the English language in teaching. (Sessional Papers No. 2.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the eighteenth day of March, 1889, for a Return shewing the number of documents filed under the "Custody of Title Deeds Act" up to the first day of January, 1889, and the amount of fees received. And shewing also, the amount paid in each Registration Division for the necessary books as required under the Act. (Sessional Papers No. 26.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the eighteenth day of March, 1889, for a Return shewing the Township Municipalities in which the Act to impose a tax on Dogs and for the Protection of Sheep is in force; the number of Dogs assessed in such municipalities; the number of Sheep killed and injured, and the amount paid for the same by such municipalities for the years 1886, 1887 and 1888 respectively. Also shewing the municipalities in which a by-law is in force for the assessment of Dogs without providing for damages to Seeep, and the number of dogs so assessed for the above years respectively. (Sessional Papers No. 27.)

The House then adjourned at 3.30 p.m.
Wednesday, 5th February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Clancy—The Petition of the Reverend F. H. Larkin and others, of Chatham.
By Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto)—The Petition of the Toronto Young Mens' Christian Association.
By Mr. Sprague—Four Petitions of Local Assembly No. 2900 Knights of Labour, Belleville.
By Mr. Ferguson—The Petition of the County Council of Kent.
By Mr. Chisholm—The Petition of the Town Council of Brampton.
By Mr. MacKenzie—The Petition of the Town Council of Sarnia.
By Mr. Stewart—The Petition of the County Council of Dufferin.
By Mr. Garson—Five Petitions of Fidelity Assembly No. 2056 Knights of Labour, St. Catharines.
By Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto)—Four Petitions of Local Assembly No. 2622; also, Two Petitions of District Assembly No. 125, Knights of Labour; also, Four Petitions of Typographical Union No. 91; also, Four Petitions of Pressmen's Union No. 10; also, Four Petitions of Carpenters' and Joiners' Union No. 27; also, Four Petitions of Local Assembly No. 2305, Knights of Labour; also, Two Petitions of Local Assembly No. 5743 Knights of Labour, all of Toronto.
By Mr. Hess—Four Petitions of Local Assembly No. 4378 Knights of Labour, Stratford.
By Mr. McKay—The Petition of the Southern Central Railway Company.
By Mr. Creighton—Two Petitions of the County Council of Grey.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of C. A. McKinnon and others, of Todmorden, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town or Village of Chester.
Of James Pearson and others, of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Dunnville and Smithville Junction Railway Company.
Of the Very Reverend John Gamble Geddes, of Hamilton, praying that an Act may pass to authorize the Rector of Christ Church Hamilton, to lay out certain lots, and sell the same for cemetery purposes.
Of the Hamilton Gas Light Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.
Of the Provincial Synod of the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Metropolitan Bishop of, to confer Degrees in Divinity within the Province of Ontario.
Of the Synod of the Diocese of Huron, praying that an Act may pass to define certain trusts.
Of the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.
Of the Township Council of Winchester, praying that an Act may pass enacting that there is and shall be an allowance for road left upon, and for each of the blank alternate concession lines in the township, not running in the original survey.
Of the Village Council of West Winchester, praying that an Act may pass to change the name of the Village to that of Winchester.
Of the County Council of Dufferin; also, of the County Council of Wentworth, praying for certain amendments to the Assessment Act, respecting the assessment of the real property of railways.
Of Henry Barkley and others, of London, praying for certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of Dwellings.
Of the Toronto Trades and Labour Council; also, of Local Assembly No. 3558 Knights of Labour, London; also, of the London Typographical Union, No. 133; also
of Labour Assembly No. 3305, London; also, of the London Trades and Labour Council; also, of the Hamilton Typographical Union No. 129; also, of Beaver Assembly, London, praying severally for a Workshops Regulation Act; the appointment of Boards of Arbitration; the publication of Assessment Rolls, and respecting employés and wages.

Of the County Council of Lambton, praying for certain amendments to the Municipal Law respecting the publication of By-laws.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 72), intituled "An Act to amend the Public Lands Act."—Mr. Creighton.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 73), intituled "An Act to amend the Ontario Election Act."—Mr. Whitney.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 74), intituled "An Act to amend the Ditches and Water Courses Act."—Mr. Waters.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

On motion of Mr. Creighton, seconded by Mr. Meredith,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return giving the dates, number of acres, location or other description of each Free Grant made since the first day of July, 1857, under the authority of section thirteen of "The Public Lands Act," or the like section in force from time to time, with the names of the persons or corporations to whom each of these grants were made, with the purposes for which they were made. Also, all correspondence respecting these grants or any other grants applied for under the said section during the said period.

The House then adjourned at 3.35 p.m.

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Thursday, 6th February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Bronson—Three Petitions of the City Council of Ottawa; also, The Petition of Stephen Wright and others; also, The Petition of the Temporal Committee of St. Andrew's Church, all of Ottawa; also, The Petition of the Ottawa Branch of the Dominion Evangelical Alliance.

By Mr. Mack—Four Petitions of Local Assembly No. 6583 Knights of Labour, Cornwall.

By Mr. Bishop—The Petition of the County Council of Huron.

By Mr. McKay—The Petition of the Village Council of Norwich.

By Mr. Leys—The Petition of Charlotte E. Foster and others, of Toronto; also, The Petition of the Toronto Street Railway Company; also, The Petition of the Canada Landed Credit Company; also, the Petition of Local Assembly No. 5743 Knights of Labour; also, The Petition of District Assembly No. 125 Knights of Labour, all of Toronto.
The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of the Toronto Dairy Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.

Of the County Council of Frontenac, praying for certain amendments to the Public Schools Act, relating to the taxation of non-resident lands.

Of the County Council of Kent, praying certain amendments to the Noxious Weeds Act, respecting the appointment of inspectors.

Of James Bryden and others of Kaladar, praying certain amendments to the Game Law, respecting the hunting of deer with dogs.

Of the County Council of Halton, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act, respecting the assessment of the real property of railways.

Mr Fraser from the special Committee appointed to prepare and report with all convenient speed the Lists of Members to compose the Select Standing Committees ordered by the House, presented the following lists as their report which was read as follows:—

**COMMITTEE ON STANDING ORDERS.**—Messieurs Allan, Armstrong, Biggar, Bishop, Blyth, Chisholm, Craig, Dack, Davis, Drury, Fell, Ferguson, Field, Freeman, French, Gibson, (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Hamnell, Hudson, Kerns, Lees (Lanark), Lyon, Master, Metcalfe, Monk, Murray, McAndrew, McKay, O'Connor, Pacaud, Phelps, Preston, Rayside, Rorke, Smith, (Frontenac), Smith, (York), Snider, Sprague, Stratton, Tooley and Wood, (Brant)—42.

The Quorum of said Committee to consist of nine members.


The Quorum of said Committee to consist of five members.

**COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.**—Messieurs Awrey, Balfour, Ballantyne, Clancy, Clarke H. E. (Toronto), Clarke (Wellington), Craig, Creighton, French, Harcourt, Hardy, Meredith, Morin, Kerns, O'Connor, Ross (Huron), Smith (York), Waters, Wood (Brant), and Wood (Hastings)—20.

The Quorum of said Committee to consist of seven members.

**COMMITTEE ON PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS.**—The Attorney-General, Messieurs, Armstrong, Ballantyne, Blezard, Caldwell, Clarke, E. F. (Toronto), Connee, Craig, Creighton, Cruss, Dack, Dryden, Eventurel, Fraser, French, Gibson (Hamilton), Gilmour, Graham, Harcourt, Leys (Toronto), Mack, Meacham, Meredith, Metcalf, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Morin, Murray, McAndrew, McMahon, Rayside, Rorke, Snider, Stewart, and Waters.—36.

The Quorum of said Committee to consist of nine Members.

**MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE.**—Messieurs Allan, Awrey, Balfour, Biggar, Bishop, Blyth, Bronson, Clancy, Clarke, E. F. (Toronto), Connee, Creighton, Dance, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Fell, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Garson, Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Graham, Guthrie, Hardy, Hess, Hudson, Ingram, Lees (Lanark), Leys (Toronto), Lyon, Mack, Mackenzie, Marter, Master, Meacham, Meredith, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Morin, McKay, McMahon,
O'Connor, Ostrom, Phelps, Preston, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Smith (York), Sprague, Stratton, Tooley, Waters, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Brant), Wood (Hastings) and Wylie.—59.

The Quorum of said Committee to consist of nine Members.

Committee on Private Bills—Messieurs. Avreay, Balfour, Blezard, Bronson, Caldwell, Chisholm, Clancy, Clarke, H. E. (Toronto), Clarke, E. F. (Toronto), Clarke (Wellington), Craig, Creighton, Cruess, Dack, Dance, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Evanturel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Graham, Guthrie, Hammell, Harcourt, Hardy, Hess, Hudson, Ingram, Lees (Lanark), Leys (Toronto), Lyon, Mackenzie, Marter, Master, Meacham, Meredith, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Morin, Murray, McAndrew, McMahon, O'Conor, Ostrom, Pacaud, Phelps, Preston, Robillard, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Stewart, Tooley, Waters, Whitney, Wood (Hastings), and Wylie.—66.

The Quorum of said Committee to consist of nine Members.

Committee on Railways.—Messieurs. Allan, Armstrong, Avreay, Balfour, Ballantyne, Biggar, Bishop, Blezard, Blyth, Bronson, Caldwell, Chisholm, Clarke, E. F. (Toronto), Clarke H. E. (Toronto), Clarke (Wellington), Connee, Craig, Creighton, Cruess, Dack, Dance, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Evanturel, Fell, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Guthrie, Hammell, Harcourt, Hess, Ingram, Kerns, Lees (Lanark), Leys (Toronto), Mack, Mackenzie, Marter, Master, Meacham, Meredith, Metcalfe, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Morin, Murray, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, O'Connor, Ostrom, Phelps, Preston, Rayside, Robillard, Rorke, Ross (Huron), Snider, Stewart, Stratton, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Brant), Wood (Hastings), and Wylie.—76.

Quorum of said Committee to consist of nine members,
Resolved, That this House doth concur in the above Report.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 75), intituled "An Act to amend the Surrogate Courts Act."—Mr. French. Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 76), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Waters. Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) presented to the house by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—

Orders in Council made in the year 1889, under the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1887, Cap. 224, respecting the Education Department. (Sessional Papers No. 29).

Also—Regulations made or revised by the Department of Education during the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 30.)

Also—Statement of the Returns made by Municipalities under the Tile, Stone and Timber Drainage Act, R.S.O., 1887, Cap. 39, for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 31.)

Also—Statement of the affairs of the Toronto General Trusts Company, under the provisions of 35 Vic., Cap. 83, Sec. 13. (Sessional Papers No. 32.)

The House then adjourned at 3.35 p.m.
Friday, 7th February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—The Petition of the Thirteenth Battalion of Active Militia of Hamilton; also, The Petition of Thomas Miller and others; also, Four Petitions of the Bricklayers' and Masons' Union; also, Three Petitions of District Assembly No. 61, all of Hamilton.

By Mr. Lyon—The Petition of W. S. Gibbon and others, of Little Current.

By Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto)—The Petition of Charles Northcote and others, of Etobicoke.

By Mr. Clancy—Two Petitions of the County Council of Kent.

By Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto)—The Petition of the City Council of Toronto; also, The Petition of Arthur W. Holmes and others; also, Four Petitions of the George Stephen-son Assembly of Machinists, No. 9003, all of Toronto.

By Mr. French—The Petition of Charles P. Glasford and others, of Cardinal.

The following Petitions were read and received:

Of the Town Council of Brampton, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate their debt.

Of the Reverend F. H. Larkin and others, of Chatham, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Trustees of the Presbyterian Church, Chatham, to mortgage or sell certain lands.

Of the Town Council of arnia, praying that an Act may pass authorizing the sale of certain lands, known as the Methodist Cemetery.

Of the Southern Central Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to extend the time for commencement and completion of the road.

Of the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.

Of the County Council of Kent, praying for certain amendments to the Drainage Act, respecting the expenses of works incurred under petition.

Of the County Council of Grey, praying for the abolition of all Tax Exemptions.

Of the County Council of Dufferin; also, of the County Council of Grey, severally praying for certain amendments to the Municipal Act, respecting the Width of Sleighs.

Of Local Assembly No. 2305; also, of Typographical Union No. 91; also, of District Assembly No. 125, Knights of Labour; also, of Pressmens' Union No. 10; also, of Local Assembly No. 5743, Knights of Labour; also, of Maple Leaf Assembly No. 2622; also, of Union No. 27 of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, all of Toronto; also, of Fidelity Assembly No. 2056, Knights of Labour, of St. Catharines; also, of Local Assembly No. 2900, Knights of Labour, Belleville; also, of Local Assembly No. 4378, Knights of Labour, Stratford, praying severally for a Workshops Regulation Act; the appointment of Boards of Arbitration; the publication of Assessment Rolls, and respecting employés and wages.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time.

Bill (No. 77), intituled "An Act to amend the General Road Company's Act."—Mr. Lees.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 78), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Water Works Act."—Mr. Phelps.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.
Bill (No. 79), intituled "An Act to amend the General Road Company's Act."—
Mr. Wood (Brant).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour, the
Lieutenant-Governor:
Report of the Registrar-General, relating to the registration of Births, Marriages
and Deaths (Sessional Papers, No. 4).

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the thirteenth day of March, 1889, a
Return shewing in detail the number of Public School teachers who have accepted the
terms heretofore imposed in regaed to the Superannuation Fund and have withdrawn
one-half of the amount paid in. The number of teachers who have not accepted the terms
and shewing to what purposes the sums not already withdrawn are devoted, or how funded. (Sessional Papers, No. 33).

The House then adjourned at 3.35 p.m.

Monday, 10th February, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—
By Mr. Ross (Middlesex)—The Petition of the County Council of Middlesex.
By Mr. Ferguson—The Petition of the Chatham Water Works Company.
By Mr. Dance—The Petition of the Town Council of Aylmer; also, Four Petitions
of the County Council of Elgin.
By Mr. Lyon—The joint Petition of the Ontario and Sault Ste. Marie Water, Light
By Mr. Tooley—The Petition of the County Council of Middlesex.
By Mr. Leys—The Petition of William Chaplin and others, of Toronto; also, The
Petition of Edward Scott and others, of Toronto; also, Four Petitions of Mayflower
Assembly No. 6564, Knights of Labour; also, The Petition of Local Assembly No.
5743, Knights of Labour; also, The Petition of District Assembly No. 125, Knights of
Labour, all of Toronto.
By Mr. Allan—The Petition of the Corporation of the Town of Palmerston.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—
Bill (No. 80), intituled "An Act to amend the Registry Act."—Mr. Wood
(Hastings).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 81), intituled "An Act for expediting the decision of Constitutional and
other Provincial Questions."—The Attorney-General.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, seconded by Mr. French,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return shewing a copy of the case
submitted by the Minister of Education for the opinion of the Judges of the Chancery
Division of the High Court of Justice, as to the true construction of certain provisions
of the Public School Act relating to Separate School supporters. Also, the answers
given by the Judges to the questions submitted by the case.

The House then adjourned at 3.30 p.m.
Tuesday, 11th February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—The Petition of the New York Life Insurance Company;
also, The Petition of Robert Hopkins and others, of Hamilton.

By Mr. Gilmour—The Petition of T. W. Anderson and others, of North Toronto.

By Mr. Arey—The Petition of the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company.

By Mr. Freeman—The Petition of the Land Security Company; also, The Petition of W. H. Merritt and others, of Toronto.

By Mr. Wood (Hastings)—The Petition of the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company.

By Mr. Cruess—Four Petitions of Assembly No. 5402, Knights of Labour, Lindsay.

By Mr. Ostrom—The Petition of the Town Council of Trenton.

By Mr. Balfour—The Petition of the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway Company; also, Four Petitions of the County Council of Essex.

By Mr. Stratton—The Petition of Joseph Lundy and others, of Peterborough.

By Mr. Ingram—Four Petitions of the County Council of Elgin.

By Mr. Harcourt—The Petition of the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.

By Mr. Garson—Four Petitions of the Welland Canal Seams’ Assembly No. 7025, of St. Catharines.

By Mr. Waters—Two Petitions of the County Council of Middlesex.

By Mr. Master—Four Petitions of Iron Moulders’ Union No. 102, Galt.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of the Canada Landed Credit Company, praying that an Act may pass to empower the Company to issue Debenture Stock.

Of the Hamilton Field Battery and the Nineteenth Battalion of Active Militia, Hamilton, praying that an Act may pass to authorize the Trustees of the Patriotic Volunteer Fund to pay over the same to be administered for the benefit of the Corps.

Of Charlotte E. Foster and others, of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to enable William Lawrence and others to sell and convey certain lands.

Of W. S. Gibbon and others, of Little Current, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town of Little Current.

Of Charles Northcote, of Etobicoke, praying that an Act may pass to enable him to convey certain lands.

Of the Village Council of Norwich, praying that an Act may pass to legalize a certain By-law.

Of the City Council of Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass, authorizing the Corporation to construct and equip a line of Street Railway.

Of the City Council of Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass to empower the Corporation to borrow money in aid of roads.

Of the City Council of Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass to empower the Corporation to borrow money to improve the Waterworks system.

Of Stephen Wright and others, of Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Trustees of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa, to sell certain lands.

Of the Temporal Committee of St. Andrew’s Church, Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.

Of the Toronto Street Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend the Acts relating to the Company so far as to empower the use of steam and electricity.

Of the City Council of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to empower the City to acquire the Toronto Street Railway.
Of Thomas Miller and others, of Hamilton, praying certain amendments to the Game Law, forbidding the sale of Quail.

Of Arthur W. Holmes and others, of Toronto; also, of Charles P. Glasford and others, of Cardinal, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of dwellings.

Of the County Council of Kent, praying for certain amendments to the Drainage Act respecting Assessments.

Of the Ottawa Branch of the Evangelical Alliance, praying certain amendments to the Liquor License Act respecting application for Licenses.

Of the County Council of Huron, praying for certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting the width of Sleighs.

Of the County Council of Kent, praying certain amendments to the Act relating to Pounds, respecting damage done by animals confined therein.

Of District Assembly No. 61 Knights of Labour; also of the Bricklayers and Mason's Union, all of Hamilton: also, of George Stephenson Assembly Machinists No. 9005 Knights of Labour; also, of Local Assembly No. 5743 Knights of Labour; also of District Assembly No. 125, Knights of Labour, all of Toronto; also, of Local Assembly No. 6583, Knights of Labour, Cornwall, praying severally for a Workshops Regulation Act; the appointment of Boards of Arbitration; the publication of Assessment Rolls, and respecting employees and wages.

Mr. O'Connor—From the Committee on Standing Orders presented their First Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully examined the following Petitions and find the notices as published in each case sufficient:

Of George Macgregor Gardner, of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to authorize the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario to admit him to practice therein as a Solicitor;

Of the Town Council of Orillia, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate the debt of the Town;

Of the Hamilton Gas Light Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation;

Of the Township Council of Winchester, praying that an Act may pass creating and confirming a certain road allowance in said Township;

Of the Village Council of West Winchester, praying that an Act may pass to change the name of the Village to Winchester;

Of the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation;

Of the City Council of Belleville, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation;

Of the Town Council of Brampton, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate their debt;

Of James Peterson and others, of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Dunnville and Smithville Junction Railway Company.

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be suspended in this that the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills be extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the 18th day of February instant.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Standing Committee on Private Bills, presented their First Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be suspended in this that the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills be extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the 18th day of February instant.

Ordered, That the time for presenting Petitions for Private Bills be extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the eighteenth day of February instant.
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—
Bill (No. 15), intituled "An Act respecting the Hamilton Gas Light Company."—
Mr. Awrey.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 3), intituled "An Act respecting the City of Belleville.—Mr. Ostrom.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 82), intituled "An Act to provide for the seersy of the Ballot at Elec-
tions of Members of the Legislative Assembly."—Mr. Wood (Hastings).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 83), intituled "An Act to amend The Municipal Act."—Mr. Stewart.
Ordered, that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next

Bill (No. 84), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting conveyances to
Trustees for burial purposes."—Mr. Waters.
Ordered, that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 85), intituled "An Act relating to the jurisdiction of Courts of General
Sessions of the Peace."—The Attorney-General.
Ordered, that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 86), intituled "An Act for the relief of persons professing the Jewish
Religion."—The Attorney General.
Ordered, that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

On Motion of Mr. Clancy, seconded by Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto),
Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return shewing the dates in each
year from 1884 to 1889, both inclusive, on which the Legislative Assembly of Ontario
was convened and prorogued respectively. The dates during each Session of The Legis-
lative Assembly on which all the several reports printed by order of the Legislative
Assembly were presented during the same years.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the
Lieutenant-Governor:

Public Accounts of the Province for the year ended 31st December, 1889. (Sessional
Papers No. 18).

Also—Copy of a Minute of the Department of Education respecting the study of
English in those schools in which the French or German language prevails. (Sessional
Papers No. 34).

The House then adjourned at 3.40 p.m.

Wednesday, 12th February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—
By Mr. Meredith—The Petition of the City Council of London.
By Mr. Ferguson—The Petition of the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham.
By Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto)—The Petition of the City Council of Toronto; also,
Three Petitions of Local Union No. 342, United Brotherhood of Carpenters, Toronto.
By Mr. Armstrong—The Petition of William C. Drew and others, of Burk's Falls.
By Mr. Gilmour—The Petition of the Town Council of West Toronto Junction; also, The Petition of the Ontario Association of Architects.
By Mr. Fell—Two Petitions of the County Council of Victoria.

The following petitions were read and received:—

Of the Town Council of Aylmer praying that an Act may pass to consolidate the debt of the Town.
Of William and Harriet Chaplin of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to appoint certain trustees, and to enlarge their powers.
Of the Chatham Water Works Company, praying that an Act may pass to enable the company to borrow money.
Of the County Council of Middlesex, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate the debt of the County.
Of Edward Scott and others of Toronto, praying certain amendments to the assessment Act, respecting the assessment of dwellings.
Of the County Council of Elgin, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act, respecting the election of reeve.
Of the County Council of Elgin, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act, respecting the compulsory establishment of Houses of Industry.
Of the County Council of Elgin, praying certain amendments to the Assessment law, respecting the assessment of places of worship.
Of the County Council of Elgin, praying certain amendments to the law respecting the appointment of County Officials.
Of the Town Council of Palmerston, praying that an Act may pass empowering the Town to use their Sinking Fund for Municipal purposes.

Mr. O'Connor—From the Committee on Standing Orders presented their Second Report, which was read as follows:—

The committee have carefully examined the following Petitions, and find the notices as published in each sufficient:—

Of the Temporal Committee of St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass to amend or amendments to their Act of incorporation.
Of Charlotte E. Foster and others of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to enable William Lawrence and others to sell and convey certain lands.
Of the Village Council of Norwich, praying that an Act may pass to legalize a certain By-law.
Of the Hamilton Field Battery of Artillery and the XIII Battalion of Active Militia, Hamilton, praying that an Act may pass to authorize the Trustees of the Patriotic Volunteer Fund to pay over the same to be administered for the benefit of the said two corps.
Of the Very Reverend John Gamble Geddes, of Hamilton, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Rector of Christ Church Hamilton, to lay out certain lots and to sell the same for cemetery purposes.
Of Stephen Wright and others, of Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Trustees of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa, to sell certain lands.
Of the Town Council of Sarnia and the Trustees of the Sarnia Congregation of the Methodist Church of Canada, praying that an Act may pass, authorizing the sale of certain lands originally set apart for cemetery purposes in said Town.
Of the Village Council of Tilbury Centre, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.
Of Reverend F. H. Larkin and others, of Chatham, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church, Chatham, to mortgage or sell certain lands.
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 34), intituled "An Act respecting St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa"—Mr. Bronson.
Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.

Bill (No. 10), intituled "An Act to consolidate the debt of the Town of Orillia."—Mr. Drury.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 7) intituled "An Act to change the name of the Village of West Winchester to that of Winchester."—Mr. Whitney.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 6), intituled "An Act respecting certain allowances for road, in the Township of Winchester."—Mr. Whitney.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 4), intituled "An Act to consolidate the debt of the Town of Brampton."—Mr. Chisholm.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 16), intituled "An Act respecting By-law 168 of the Village of Norwich."—Mr. McKay.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 12), intituled "An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Village of Tilbury Centre."—Mr. Balfour.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 21), intituled "An Act to authorize the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario to admit George Macgregor Gardner to practice as a Solicitor."—Mr. Leys.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 32), intituled "An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association."—Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto).
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 28), intituled "An Act respecting the Presbyterian Church at Chatham."—Mr. Clancy.
Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.

Bill (No. 87), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Wood (Brant).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 88), intituled "An Act to enable Women to vote for Members of the Legislative Assembly."—Mr. Waters.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 89), intituled "An Act respecting the establishment of Houses of Refuge."—Mr. Ross (Huron).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.
The Attorney-General delivered to Mr. Speaker a Message from His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, signed by himself; and the Message was read by Mr. Speaker and is as follows:—

A. CAMPBELL.

The Lieutenant-Governor transmits Estimates of certain sums required for the service of the Province for the year 1890, and recommends them to the Legislative Assembly.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,  
Toronto, 12th February, 1890.  
(Sessional Papers No. 19.)

Ordered, That the Message of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, together with the Estimates, be referred to the Committee of Supply.

The House then adjourned at 3.40 p.m.

Thursday, 13th February, 1890.  
3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—
By Mr. Willoughby—The Petition of the Village Council of Campbellford.  
By Mr. Lyon—The Petition of Joseph Cozens and others, of Sault Ste. Marie.  
By Mr. Stratton—The Petition of R. H. Adams and others, of Peterborough.

The following Petitions were read and received:—
Of the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.  
Of the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.  
Of the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.  
Of the Land Security Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend the Acts relating to the Company.  
Of the New York Life Insurance Company, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Company to lend money within the Province of Ontario.  
Of Thomas Anderson and others, of North Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Village of North Toronto.  
Of the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation.  
Of W. H. Merritt and others, of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Toronto Transfer and Warehousing Company.  
Of the Town Council of Trenton, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate the debt of the town.  
Of the County Council of Elgin, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of non-resident lands.  
Of the County Council of Elgin, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of Gas and other companies.
Of the County Council of Elgin, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of the real property of Railways.
Of the County Council of Essex, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the collection of Taxes.
Of Robert Hopkins and others, of Hamilton; also, of Joseph Lundy and others, of Peterborough, severally praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of Dwellings.
Of the County Council of Elgin, praying certain amendments to the law relating to the remuneration of County Officials.
Of the County Council of Essex, praying certain amendments to the Game Law respecting Spring Shooting.
Of the County Council of Essex, praying certain amendments to the Act relating to the spread of contagious diseases among horses and other domestic animals, respecting indemnification to owners of destroyed animals.
Of the County Council of Middlesex, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting the building of Bridges.
Of the County Council of Essex, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting the licensing of Stallions.
Of the County Council of Middlesex, praying certain amendments to the Act respecting Police Magistrates as to the erection of Police Districts.

Mr. Balfour, from the Committee on Printing, presented their First Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee recommend that the following documents be printed:
Return to an Order as to Public School Text Books. (Sessional Papers No. 1.)
Return to an Order as to Public Schools in which any language other than English is used. (Sessional Papers No. 2.)
Report of the Inspector of Insurance. (Sessional Papers No. 3.)
Report of Registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths. (Sessional Papers No. 4.)
Report of the Canadian Institute. (Sessional Papers No. 6.)
Regulations as to French and German Schools. (Sessional Papers No. 7.)
Report upon the Institution of the Deaf and Dumb. (Sessional Papers No. 2.)
Report upon the Institution for the Blind. (Sessional Papers No. 13.)
Public Accounts for the year 1889. (Sessional Papere No. 18.)
Return as to Public School Teachers' Superannuation Fund. (Sessional Papers No. 33.)

The Committee recommend that the following documents be not printed:
Statement as to the Revised Statutes. (Sessional Papers No. 25.)
Return as to the Custody of Title Deeds Act. (Sessional Papers No. 26.)
Orders in Council as to Education Department. (Sessional Papers No. 29.)
Regulations made by the Department of Education, 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 30.)
Returns as to the Tile, Stone and Timber Drainage Act. (Sessional Papers No. 31.)
Statement of the Toronto General Trusts Company. (Sessional Papers No. 32.)
Minute of the Department of Education respecting the study of English. (Sessional Papers No. 34.)

Resolved, That this House doth concur in the First Report of the Committee on Printing.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 43), intituled "An Act respecting certain lands vested in the Rector of Christ's Church, Hamilton."—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).
Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.
Bill (No. 90), intituled “An Act to amend the Separate School Act and the High School Act.”—Mr. French.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 91), intituled “An Act to regulate travelling on Public Highways and Bridges.”—Mr. Bishop.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 92), intituled “An Act to amend the Act to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among Horses and other Domestic Animals.”—Mr. Drury.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 93), intituled “An Act respecting the law of Landlord and Tenant.”—Mr. Stratton.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 94), intituled “An Act to amend the Act respecting the Department of Education.”—Mr. Creighton.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:
Report of the Council of the Agriculture and Arts Association for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 8.)

The Order of the Day for the House again to resolve itself into the Committee of Supply having been read.
Mr. Ross (Huron), moved,
That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair.
And a Debate having arisen,
Ordered, That the Debate be adjourned until To-morrow.

The House then adjourned at 11.30 p.m.

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Friday, 14th February, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Ross (Huron)—The Petition of James T. Garrow and others, of Goderich.
By Mr. Freeman—The Petition of the Town Council of Listowel.
By Mr. Hess—The Petition of the Township Council of Wallace.
By Mr. Stratton—The Petition of the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company, of Ontario; also, The Petition of the County Council of Peterborough; also, The Petition of Michael O'Brien and others, of Peterborough.
By Mr. Lyon—The Petition of James M. Fraser and others, of Gore Bay.
By Mr. Guthrie—Two Petitions of the County Council of Wellington; also, Four Petitions of Royal Assembly No. 2980, Knights of Labour, Guelph.
By Mr. Clarke (Wellington)—The Petition of Edward Allen and others, of Arthur.
The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of the Ontario Association of Architects, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate them.

Of W. C. Drew and others, of Burk's Falls, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Village of Burk's Falls.

Of the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, praying that an Act may pass to empower them to sell certain lands.

Of the City Council of London, praying that an Act may pass authorizing the corporation to add to the City certain lands in Westminster, and for other purposes.

Of the Town Council of West Toronto Junction, praying that an Act may pass to vary the terms of By-law No. 110. and for other purposes.

Of the City Council of Toronto, praying that the Bill before the House relating to the Toronto Street Railway Company may not pass.

Of the County Council of Victoria, praying certain amendments to the School law respecting the liability for Public School taxes.

Of the County Council of Victoria, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of the real property of railways.

Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Third Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully examined the following Petitions and find the notices as published in each case sufficient:

Of the Toronto Dairy Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation;

Of Charles Northcote, of Etobicoke, praying that an Act may pass to enable him to convey certain lands;

Of the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation;

Of the Canada Landed Credit Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation and the various Acts relating to the said Company;

Of H. S. Gibbon and others, of Little Current, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town of Little Current;

Of the City Council of St. Thomas, praying that an Act may pass to authorize the issue of certain debentures in aid of Water Works;


The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 40), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Town of Little Current."—Mr. Lyon.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 19), intituled "An Act respecting the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company."—Mr. Aurey.

Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 39), intituled "An Act to enable the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas to issue debentures for Water Works."—Mr. Ingram.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 36), intituled "An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Dairy Company."—Mr. Davis.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 11), intituled "An Act to further amend the Act relating to the Canada Landed Credit Company."—Mr. Leys.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.
Bill (No. 63), intituled "An Act to enable Charles Northcote to settle certain lands."—Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto.)

Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.

Bill (No. 95), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Guthrie.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 96), intituled "An Act to amend the Act to authorize the appointment of Fire Guardians."—Mr. Meacham.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 97), intituled An'Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Ferguson.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

The Attorney-General delivered to Mr. Speaker a Message from His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, signed by himself; and the said Message was read by Mr. Speaker, and is as follows:—

A. CAMPBELL.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I thank you sincerely for your Address, and for the assurance of support which it contains.

Government House,
February 4th, 1890.

The Order of the Day for resuming the adjourned Debate on the Motion for the House to again resolve itself into the Committee of Supply having been read,
Ordered, That the Debate be further adjourned until Tuesday next.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—

Report of the Inspectors of Factories for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 35.)

The House then adjourned at 3.45 p.m.

Monday, 17th February, 1890.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Dance—The Petition of Duncan McMillan and others, of Malahide.
By Mr Sprague—The Petition of the Town Council of Picton.
By Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto)—Four Petitions of Carpenters’ Union No. 279, of Toronto.

By Mr. Mack—The Petition of the County Council of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry.
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 24), intituled "An Act to enable William Lawrence and others to sell or lease certain lands."—Mr. Leys.

Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.

Bill (No. 56), intituled "An Act respecting the Hamilton Patriotic Volunteer Fund." Mr. Gibson (Hamilton.)

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 98), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. Clarke (Wellington).

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 99) intituled "An Act to further improve the Liquor License Law,"—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).

Ordered—that the Bill be read a second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 100), intituled "An Act to provide for the purchase of Debentures issued by Counties for Drainage purposes,"—Mr. Ross (Huron).

Ordered—that the Bill be read a second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 111), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act,"—Mr. Awrey.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

On motion of Mr. Phelps, seconded by Mr. Bleazard,

Ordered—that there be laid before this House, a Return shewing the number of Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers in each of the municipalities of the Province, and for what purpose used.

The Attorney-General delivered to Mr. Speaker, a Message from His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, signed by himself, and the said Message was read by Mr. Speaker, and is as follows:—

A. CAMPBELL.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

The Lieutenant-Governor recommends to the Legislative Assembly that a sum not exceeding one hundred and sixty thousand dollars be set apart from and out of the surplus moneys forming part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, to aid in the reconstruction of so much of Toronto University as has been injured or destroyed by fire, the said sum to be in addition to all other sum or sums, which may be received or recovered by or on behalf of the University under any policies of insurance effected against loss or damage by fire to the said building.

Government House,
Toronto, February 17th, 1890.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant Governor:—

Extracts and Statements respecting Bi-lingual teaching in Great Britain, the United States and Canada. (Sessional Papers No. 36).

The House then adjourned at 3.35 p.m.
Tuesday, 18th February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Clancy—The Petition of James W. Steinhoff and others, of Kent.
By Mr. O'Connor—The Petition of the Town Council of Walkerton.
By Mr. Murray—Three Petitions of the County Council of Renfrew.
By Mr. Guthrie—Two Petitions of the County Council of Wellington.
By Mr. Hudson—The Petition of Marshall Woodcock and others, of Deseronto.
By Mr. Preston—The Petition of J. B. McMurchy and others, of Gananoque.
By Mr. Ferguson—The Petition of the County Council of Kent.
By Mr. Awrey—The Petition of W. G. Walton and others, of Hamilton; also, the Petition of the County Council of Wentworth.
By Mr. Morin—The Petition of the Welland County Farmers' Institute.

The following Petitions were read and received:

Of Edward Allan and others, of Arthur, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Arthur, Guelph and Ontario Railway Company.
Of the Village Council of Campbellford, praying that an Act may pass to legalize and confirm a certain By-law.
Of the Central Canada Loan and Saving's Company, of Ontario, praying that an Act may pass to empower the Company to increase their capital stock.
Of James M. Fraser and others, of Gore Bay, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town of Gore Bay.
Of James T. Garrow and others, of Goderich, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company.
Of the Town Council of Listowel, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate their debenture debt.
Of Joseph Cozens and others, of Sault Ste. Marie, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Sault Ste. Marie and Hudson Bay Railway Company.
Of the Township Council of Wallace, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate their debenture debt.
Of R. H. Adams and others; also, of Michael O'Brien and others, all of Peterborough, severally praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of dwellings.
Of the County Council of Peterborough; also, of the County Council of Wellington, severally praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of real property of railways.
Of the County Council of Wellington, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting County roads.
Of the Royal Assembly No. 2980, Knights of Labour, Guelph; also, of Local Union No. 342, United Brotherhood of Carpenters, Toronto; also, of Assembly No. 5402, Knights of Labour, Lindsay; also, of the Iron Moulder's Union, No. 102, Galt; also, of the Welland Canal Seaman's Assembly, No. 7025; also, of District Assembly No. 125, Knights of Labour; also, of Local Assembly No. 5743, Knights of Labour; also, of Mayflower Assembly No. 6564, Knights of Labour, all of Toronto, praying severally for a Workshops Regulation Act; the appointment of Boards of Arbitration; the publication of Assessment rolls, and respecting employees and wages.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Committee on Private Bills, presented their Second Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 10), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Orillia, and Bill (No. 32), To amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association, and report the same without amendment.
The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 16), Respecting By-law No. 168 of the Village of Norwich; Bill (No. 12), To amend the Act incorporating the Village of Tilbury Centre; Bill (No. 4), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Brampton, and Bill (No. 7), To change the name of the Village of West Winchester to that of Winchester, and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively. They have also amended the preamble to Bill (No. 7) so as to make the same accord with the facts as they appear to the Committee.

The Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 32), upon the ground that the same relates to religious institutions.

The Committee recommend that Rule N. 51 of the House be further suspended in this that the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills be further extended until, and inclusive of, Tuesday, the 25th day of February instant, and the time for introducing Private Bills be also extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the 24th day of February instant.

Mr. Bishop, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Fourth and Fifth Reports, which were read as follow:

The Committee have carefully examined the following Petitions, and find the notices as published, in each case sufficient:

- Of the City Council of London, praying that an Act may pass authorizing the Corporation to annex to the City certain lands in Westminster, and for other purposes.
- Of the Synod of the Diocese of Huron, praying that an Act may pass to define certain Trusts relating to St. Thomas Church, Dover East.
- Of the Town Council of West Toronto Junction, praying that an Act may pass to vary the terms of By-law No. 110, and for other purposes.
- Of the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, praying that an Act may pass to empower them to sell certain lands.
- Of Thomas Anderson and others of North Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Village of West Toronto.
- Of C. A. MacKinnon and others of Todmorden, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Village or Town of Chester.

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in this, that the time for receiving petitions for Private Bills, and the time for introducing Private Bills to the House be severally extended until and inclusive of Tuesday the Twenty-fifth of February instant.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of the Ontario Association of Architects, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate them, and find that notice of the proposed application to this Legislature has been published the proper length of time in the Ontario "Gazette." The Committee have also had produced before them a Declaration showing that said notice also appeared in the Toronto "Daily Globe," and in the Toronto "Daily Mail," of dates January 29, February 1st, 5th, 8th, 12th and 15th, and in the daily issue of "The Empire," on January 29th and February 1st, and that said advertisement is being continued in "The Globe" and "The Mail." The Committee also find that the Petitions are largely signed by Architects in various parts of the Province. In view of these facts, the Committee recommend that the Rule requiring six weeks' notice in a local paper, be suspended in this case.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing be remitted on Bill (No. 32), Toronto Young Men's Association.

Resolved, That the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills, and the time for introducing Private Bills be severally extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the Twenty-fifth of February instant.

3 (J.)
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 35), intituled "An Act respecting the old Cemetery and the Methodist Cemetery in the Town of Sarnia."—Mr. Mackenzie.

Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.

Bill (No. 37), intituled "An Act respecting the Town of West Toronto Junction."—Mr. Gilmour.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 27), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Town of North Toronto."—Mr. Gilmour.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 55), intituled "An Act to authorize the sale of certain lands of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa.

Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.

Bill (No. 23), intituled "An Act to enable the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, to sell certain lands and for other purposes."—Mr. Ferguson.

Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills,

Bill (No. 58), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Town of Chester."—Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto).

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 44), intituled "An Act to facilitate the administration by the Synod of Huron, of certain trusts relating to St. Thomas Church, Dover East."—Mr. Meredith.

Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.

Bill (No. 112), intituled "An Act to amend the Act to impose a Tax on Dogs and for the Protection of Sheep."—Mr. Dryden.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 113), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Ostrom.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 114), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Stratton.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 115), intituled "An Act to amend the Timber Slide Companies Act."—Mr. Bronson.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 116), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting the driving of Saw Logs and other Timber on Lakes, Rivers, Creeks and Streams."—Mr. Ostrom.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 117), intituled "An Act to amend the Manhood Suffrage Act."—Mr. Meacham.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 118), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Meredith.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 119), intituled "An Act to amend the Election Act as to the Secrecy of Voting."—The Attorney-General.

Ordered—that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.
Bill (No. 120), intituled "An Act to amend the law respecting the Lease and Sale of Settled Estates."—The Attorney-General.

 Ordered, that the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 121), intituled "An Act to further amend the Act to secure to Wives and Children the benefit of Life Assurance."—The Attorney-General.

 Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 122), intituled "An Act respecting Official Documents when required as evidence."—The Attorney-General.

 Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 123), intituled "An Act to correct a clerical error in the Act to make further provision respecting the Districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka."—The Attorney-General.

 Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 124), intituled "An Act with respect to the powers of Commissioners for taking Affidavits."—The Attorney-General.

 Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

The Order of the Day for resuming the adjourned Debate, on the Motion that the House do again resolve itself into the Committee of Supply, having been read,

 The Debate was resumed.

And, after some time, the Motion having been again put, was carried, and the House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee:

 (In the Committee.)

 Resolved, That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the services of the year 1890, the following sums:

 1. To defray the expenses of Government House, Toronto, $1,950.00.

 Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to a Resolution; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

 Ordered, That the Report be received To-morrow.

 Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-morrow.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

 Report of the Commissioner of Public Works for the Province for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 21.)

Also—Supplementary Return to an Order of the House of the fourth day of Febru-
ary, 1889, for a Return shewing the amount paid out from municipal funds, either by
direct grants or remission of taxes, in each city, town, village or rural municipality in the
Province of Ontario, during 1887 or 1888, for the relief of poor and indigent persons, but
not including any sum paid for the support of a House of Industry or similar institution;
the number of indigents a permanent charge upon any municipality in 1887 and 1888,
and the number of such indigents who received temporary aid from municipal funds in
1887 and 1888. (Sessional Papers No. 37)
Also—Return to an Order of the House of the twenty-fifth day of February, 1889, for Return shewing the name of the municipalities which have passed By-laws under the authority of the "Ontario Shops Regulation Act," distinguishing between cases where such by-laws were passed without petitions in favour thereof. And shewing also, the date of the passing of each such by-law; the class or classes of shops to which each such by-law applied; the hour at, and the period of the year during which the respective classes of shops were by the by-law required to be closed, and which of such by-laws have been repealed. (Sessional Papers No. 38.)

The House then adjourned at 12 o'clock, midnight.

Wednesday, 19th February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Harcourt—The Petition of G. A. McCallum and others, of Monck.

By Mr. Connée—The Petition of the Municipality of Rat Portage.

By Mr. Stratton—The Petition of the Town Council of Peterborough.

By Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto)—Two Petitions of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners, Toronto.

By Mr. Wood (Hastings)—The Petition of the joint Committee of the County of Lanark, the Town of Perth, and the Perth Board of Trade.

By Mr. Lees—The Petition of the joint Committee of the County of Lanark, the Town of Perth and the Perth Board of Trade; also, The Petition of the County Council of Lanark.

By Mr. Metcalfe—The Petition of H. Stratford and others, of Kingston.

By Mr. Gilmour—Two Petitions of the County Council of York.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of Duncan McMillan and others, of Malahide, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Aylmer and Port Burwell Railway Company,

Of the Town Council of Picton, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act, respecting the abolition of exemptions.

Of the County Council of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, praying certain amendments to the Liquor License Act, respecting the appointment of Inspectors and Commissioners.

Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Sixth and Seventh Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully examined the following Petitions and find the notices as published in each case sufficient:—

Of the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company of Ontario, praying that an Act may pass to increase their Capital Stock.


Of James T. Garrow and others, of Goderich, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company.

Of the County Council of Middlesex, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate the debt of the County.
Of the Village Council of Cambellford, praying that an Act may pass to legalize and confirm a certain By-law.

Of the Chatham Waterworks Company, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Company to borrow money.

Of the New York Life Insurance Company, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Company to lend money within the Province of Ontario.

Of the City Council of Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass empowering the Corporation to borrow certain money to defray the expense of the purchase of certain roads.

Of the City Council of Ottawa, praying that an Act may pass to empower the Corporation to borrow money to improve the Waterworks system.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of the Southern Central Railway Company praying that an Act may pass extending the time for the commencement and completion of the road, and find that notice of the proposed application to this Legislature was published for the space of six weeks in the "Ontario Gazette," the Oxford "Tribune," and the Brantford "Weekly Courier." Through an oversight on the part of the promoter of the Bill no notice was published in the County of Perth; the Committee directed that such publication should be given in some daily paper published in said county, and that proof of such publication should be produced. The Committee have had before them a Statutory Declaration showing that a copy of said notice has been published in the Stratford "Evening Herald," a newspaper published in the said County of Perth, of dates February 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th and 17th instant, and also in the Aylmer "Sun" of the 13th February instant. The Committee considering that by the foregoing publication sufficient publicity has been given the matter, would recommend the suspension of the Rule in this case.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 59), intituled "An Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue Debentures for Water Works purposes."—Mr. Bronson
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 51), intituled "An Act respecting the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company of Ontario."—Mr. Stratton.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 45), intituled "An Act to Incorporate the Village of Cambellford as a Town."—Mr. Willoughby.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 33), intituled "An Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue Debentures to the amount of $50,000."—Mr. Bronson.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 13), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Sault Ste. Marie and Hudson Bay Railway Company."—Mr. Lyon.
Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 61), intituled "An Act respecting the New York Life Insurance Company."—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 31), intituled "An Act to consolidate the Debenture Debt of the County of Middlesex."—Mr. Ross (Middlesex).
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.
Bill (No. 62), intituled "An Act respecting the Southern Central Railway Company,"—Mr. McKay.

Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 125), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Pacaud.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 126), intituled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Junior Judges in Provisional Judicial Districts."—The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

On motion of Mr. Marter, seconded by Mr. Lees,

Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return shewing what applications have been made for payments out of the Consolidated Revenue under the provisions of Section 4 of Chapter 4, 43 Victoria, in respect of the dues on pine trees. Also, shewing what is the aggregate sum which, up to the first day of February last, the patentees of lands, subject to the provisions of the Act, are entitled to receive out of the dues collected on pine trees cut after the date of their patents.

On motion of Mr. Marter, seconded by Mr. French,

Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that he will cause to be laid before this House, a copy of the Order in Council appointing W. H. Spencer Police Magistrate for parts of the Districts of Muskoka and Parry Sound, and fixing his salary or emolument, and of the Commission issued to him as such Police Magistrate.

On motion of Mr. French, seconded by H. E. Clarke, (Toronto),

Resolved, that an humble Address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor praying that he will cause to be laid before this House a return of all cases in which fines or penalties imposed by any Court have been remitted, or proceedings for the recovery of them have been stayed by the action of the Executive Government, or any member thereof, and of all cases in which persons liable upon recognizances of Bail have been released from liability or the proceedings against them have been stayed by the like action, with the reasons for the action taken in each case and also for copies of all Orders in Council relating to the said matters. Such Return to include the year 1873 and to continue down to the present time.

On motion of Mr. Clarke (Wellington), seconded by Mr. Gibson (Huron).

Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return shewing the number and designation of School Boards in the cities, towns and incorporated villages in Ontario which have adopted the use of the Ballot at annual school elections under section 103 of chapter 225, R. S. O., with the number of School Boards in cities, towns and villages which have not adopted the Ballot for such purposes.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:

Bill (No. 74), To amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act.

Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 75), To amend the Surrogate Courts Act.

Referred to a Select Committee composed as follows:—Messieurs Balfour, Clarke (Wellington), Clancy, Craig, Dryden, Fraser, French, Gibson (Hamilton), Guthrie, Harcourt, Hardy, McKay, Meredith, Morin, O'Connor, Ostrom, Whitney and Wood (Hastings). The Quorum of the Committee to consist of Five members.

Bill (No. 76), to amend the Municipal Act.

Referred to the Municipal Committee.
On motion of Mr. Ross (Middlesex), seconded by Mr. Gibson (Hamilton),
Ordered, That the following Resolution, together with the Message of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor on the same subject be referred to a Committee of the whole House on Thursday next:—
That a sum not exceeding one hundred and sixty thousand dollars be set apart from and out of the Surplus moneys forming part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, to aid in the reconstruction of so much of the buildings of the Provincial University, otherwise known as the University of Toronto and University College, as has been injured or destroyed by fire. That all moneys receivable or recoverable by or on behalf of the said Provincial University under any policies of insurance effected against loss or damage by fire to the University buildings, and which moneys are estimated as amounting to ninety thousand dollars, shall first be paid out and fully expended for and on account of the said reconstruction, and thereafter only so much of the said one hundred and sixty thousand dollars as may be necessary to secure the completion of the said reconstruction shall from time to time and as the work progresses, be paid in such sum or sums as by order of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may be authorized and directed in that behalf.

The House then adjourned at 6.15 p.m.

Thursday, 20th February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were seveeally brought up and laid upon the Table:—
By Mr. Balfour—The Petition of the Romney and St. Clair Tramway Company.
By Mr. Mackenzie—The Petition of the Sarnia Consumers' Gas Company.

The following Petitions were read and received:—
Of W. G. Walton and others, of Hamilton, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Inclined Railway Company.
Of James W. Steinhoff and others, of Kent, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Kent and Lambton Railway Company.
Of the Town Council of Walkerton, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate the debt of the Town.
Of the County Council of Renfrew, praying certain Amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of the real property of Railways.
Of the County Council of Wentworth, praying certain Amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of Toll Roads.
Of J. B. McMurchy and others, of Gananoque; also of Marshall Woodcock and others, of Deseronto, praying certain amendments to the Game Law respecting the shooting of Ducks.
Of the County Council of Kent; also of the Welland County Farmers' Institute, severally praying amendments to the Law respecting the number of Dogs running at large.
Of the County Council of Wellington, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting the erection of fences along highways.
Of the County Council of Wellington, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting the width of Sleigh runners.
Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Eighth Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of W. C. Drew and others, of Burk's Falls, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Village of Burk's Falls, and find that notice of the proposed application to the Legislature was first published in the Ontario "Gazette" on the 8th day of February instant, and in the Burk's Falls "Arrow," on the 31st day of January last, and is still current in each of the said papers, the full period of six weeks not having elapsed in either publication. The Committee have had filed before them, Statutory Declaration, shewing that on the 4th day of February instant, a public meeting was held at the Court House in the Village of Burk's Falls, said meeting having been duly advertised, to consider the advisability of seeking incorporation, and at such meeting, which was largely attended, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: "That this meeting having heard the views of the different persons present, hereby declare in favour of Village incorporation, and that the Committee, already appointed for that purpose be requested to proceed to completion." The Committee are also informed that another public meeting was held which was also in favour of incorporation. In view of these facts the Committee are of the opinion that all parties interested have had full opportunity of becoming aware of the proposed legislation, and would therefore recommend the suspension of the Rule in this case.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Committee on Private Bills, presented their Report which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 3), Respecting the City of Belleville; Bill (No. 11), To further amend the Act incorporating the Canada Landed Credit Company; Bill (No. 36), To amend an Act to incorporate the Toronto Dairy Company; and Bill (No. 40), To incorporate the Town of Little Current, and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively.

The Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on (Bill No. 21), To authorize the Superior Court of Judicature for Ontario to admit George McGregor Gardner, to practice as a Solicitor, the said Bill having been withdrawn by the promoters thereof.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 21), Gardner.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 60,) intituled "An Act to confer upon the Chatham Waterworks Company power to borrow $150,000."—Mr. Ferguson.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 17,) intituled "An Act to incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company."—Mr. Ross, (Huron).

Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 25), intituled "An Act as respecting the City of London."—Mr. Meredith.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 127), intituled "An Act to amend the County Courts Act."—Mr. Guthrie.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 128), intituled "An Act to amend the Mechanics' Lien Act."—Mr. Garson.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 129), intituled "An Act to amend the Juror's Act."—Mr. Meredith.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.
Bill (No. 130), intituled "An Act to Aid in the Reconstruction of the University."
—Mr. Ross (Middlesex).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into a Committee to consider certain proposed Resolutions respecting a grant to the Provincial University, the House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That a sum not exceeding one hundred and sixty thousand dollars be set apart from and out of the Surplus moneys forming part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, to aid in the reconstruction of so much of the buildings of the Provincial University, otherwise known as the University of Toronto and University College, as has been injured or destroyed by fire. That all moneys receivable or recoverable by or on behalf of the said Provincial University under any policies of insurance effected against loss or damage by fire to the University buildings, and which moneys are estimated as amounting to ninety thousand dollars, shall first be paid out and fully expended for and on account of the said reconstruction, and thereafter only so much of the said one hundred and sixty thousand dollars as may be necessary to secure the completion of the said reconstruction shall from time to time and as the work progresses, be paid in such sum or sums as by order of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may be authorized and directed in that behalf.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to a Resolution.

Ordered, That the Report be now received.

Mr. Harcourt reported the Resolution as follows:—

Resolved, That a sum not exceeding one hundred and sixty thousand dollars be set apart from and out of the Surplus moneys forming part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, to aid in the reconstruction of so much of the buildings of the Provincial University, otherwise known as the University of Toronto and University College, as has been injured or destroyed by fire. That all moneys receivable or recoverable by or on behalf of the said Provincial University under any policies of insurance effected against loss or damage by fire to the University buildings, and which moneys are estimated as amounting to ninety thousand dollars, shall first be paid out and fully expended for and on account of the said reconstruction, and thereafter only so much of the said one hundred and sixty thousand dollars as may be necessary to secure the completion of the said reconstruction shall from time to time and as the work progresses, be paid in such sum or sums as by order of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may be authorized and directed in that behalf.

The Resolution having been read the second time was agreed to, and referred to the Committee of the Whole House on Bill (No. 130), Respecting aid to the Toronto University.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 85), Relating to the jurisdiction of Courts of General Sessions of the Peace.
Referred to the Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 86), For the relief of persons professing the Jewish Religion.
Referred to the Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.
Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—

Report on the Working of the Tavern and Shop Licenses Acts for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 9.)

Also—Analysis of Reports of County Township and Horticultural Societies for the year 1888. (Sessional Papers No. 39.)

Also—A brief history of Public and High School Text Books, authorized for the Province of Ontario, 1846-1889. (Sessional Papers No. 40.)

Also—Report of the Inspector of the Elgin House of Industry for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 41.)

The House then adjourned at 5.45 p.m.

Friday, 21st February, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House, That the Clerk had received from the Judges appointed to enquire into and report on Estate Bills, their Reports in the following cases:—

Bill (No. 23), Respecting the First Presbyterian Church at Chatham.
Bill (No. 34), Respecting St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa.
Bill (No. 43), Respecting certain lands vested in the Rector of Christ Church, Hamilton.

The Reports were read by the Clerk at the Table, as follow:—

The undersigned have examined the Bill entitled "An Act respecting the First Presbyterian Church at Chatham," and report as follows:—

The Act proposes to vest several parcels of land, conveyed at different times for Church purposes, in a body of Trustees.

We, of course, know nothing of the terms of these grants or conveyances beyond what is stated in the preamble. In one of the grants there is an express clause against alienation, and they are all in addition expressed to be for specific uses and trusts.

We consider that before there be a legislative alteration of the trusts and an abolition of restraints on alienation, reference should be made to the grantors, if living, or their heirs or representatives, in whom a legal interest might exist in case of forfeiture or of a total change in or abandonment of the original trust purposes of the grants.

If all these points be satisfactorily disposed of presuming the allegations contained in the preamble to be proved to the satisfaction of the House, it appears reasonable that such Bill do pass, and the provisions seem proper for carrying the purposes into effect.

JOHN H. HAGARTY,
GEO. H. BURTON,
J.A.

Osgoode Hall,
18th February, 1890.

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, ESQ.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
The undersigned, to whom has been referred Bill (No. 43), entitled "An Act respecting certain lands vested in the Rector of Christ Church, Hamilton," report as follows:—

That presuming the allegations contained in the preamble to be proved to the satisfaction of the House, it seems reasonable that said Bill do pass, and the provisions thereof appear proper for carrying its purposes into effect.

JOHN H. HAGARTY,
GEO. H. BURTON,
J.A.

Osgoode Hall,
20th February, 1890.

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Esq.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

The undersigned have examined the Bill entitled "An Act respecting St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa," and report their opinion as follows:—

The object of the Act is to constitute a new corporation to be called "The Glebe Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa," and to vest therein the lands now vested in the temporal committee of the said church, known as the Glebe, but upon certain trusts for the more convenient management, sale and leasing thereof, and of the rents and profits and proceeds of sale thereof, for the benefit of the congregation of the said church, and also to amend in a number of particulars the Act incorporating the said temporal committee.

We are of opinion that the provisions of the Bill, with the amendments to section one marked in the margin, are proper for carrying its purposes into effect, and that it is reasonable that it do pass into a law.

JOHN H. HAGARTY.
GEO. H. BURTON,
J.A.

Osgoode Hall,
20th February, A.D. 1890.

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Esq.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 28), Respecting the First Presbyterian Church at Chatham be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 43), Respecting certain lands vested in the Rector of Christ Church, Hamilton, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 34), Respecting St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. McMahon—The Petition of the County Council of Wentworth.
By Mr. Balfour—The Petition of E. C. Walker and others, of Walkerville.
By Mr. Leys—The Petition of R. N. Agnew and others, of Toronto.
The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of G. A. McCallum and others, of Monck, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Dunnville, Attercliffe and Smithville Railway Company.

Of the Town Council of Peterborough, praying that an Act may pass to confirm certain By-laws and for other purposes.

Of the Municipality of Rat Portage, praying that an Act may pass to legalize and confirm By-law No. 77.

Of H. Stratford and others, of Kingston, praying certain amendments to the Game Law respecting the Shooting of Ducks.

Of the Lanark and Perth joint Committee (two petitions) praying for certain legislation with regard to Toll Roads.

Of the County Council of York, praying that no renewal charter be granted to any Toll Road Company.

Of the County Council of York, praying that no charter be granted to any Company giving power to construct any line of railway along the River Humber.

Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Ninth Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully examined the following Petitions, and find the notice as published in each case sufficient:—

Of James W. Steinhoff and others, of Kent, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Kent and Lambton Railway Company.

Of W. G. Walton and others, of Hamilton, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Inclined Railway Company.

Of Huron College, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of Incorporation.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 131), intituled "An Act to prevent the sale of Meat or Milk from animals affected with Tuberculosis."—Mr. Graham.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 132), intituled "An Act to amend the General Mining Act."—Mr. Hardy.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 133), intituled "An Act respecting the Inspector of Boilers and examination of Engineers."—Mr. Garson.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 134), intituled "An Act to provide for security for costs in certain actions against Justices of the Peace."—The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Mr. Preston moved, seconded by Mr. Monk, That there be laid before this House a Return showing the number of schools aided by grants from the Poor School Fund in each of the years 1888 and 1889. The location and number of each school so aided; the amount given to each school and the conditions upon which the grants were given.

And a Debate having arisen, the Motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto), seconded by Mr. Clancy,

Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return shewing the amount of disbursements connected with the Registrar of Deeds office in the City of Toronto for the year 1889, as follows:—(a) To the City of Toronto. (b) To the Deputy Registrar. (c) To other clerks and assistants. (d) For other purposes.
Also, shewing the gross earnings of the Registrar for the year 1889, and the total amount received by the Registrar for his personal use; and also a statement of the expenditure, if any, rendered necessary in consequence of the creation of the second Registrar for the City of Toronto, together with the copy of the report of any committee, or sub-committee, of the Council of the City of Toronto shewing the necessity for new buildings for the accommodation of the registry officers, books, papers, documents and like matter relating to said City.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 78), To amend the Municipal Waterworks Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 82), To amend the Registry Act.
Referred to the Same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Respecting the Surrogate Court.

Bill (No. 32), To amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 7), To change the name of the Village of West Winchester to that of Winchester.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 3), Respecting the City of Belleville.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 11), To further amend the Act incorporating the Canada Landed Credit Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 36), To amend the Act to incorporate the Toronto Dairy Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 40), To incorporate the Town of Little Current.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

The House then adjourned at 4.30 p.m.

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Monday, 24th February, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 9), intituled "An Act to amend an Act to incorporate Huron College."—Mr. Meredith.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.
Bill (No. 135), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. O'Conner.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 136), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Smith (Frontenac).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 137), intituled "An Act to amend the Voters' Lists Act."—Mr. Meacham
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 138), intituled "The Mining Claims Act, 1890."—Mr. Hardy.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 139), intituled "An Act to provide for the vacating of Certificates of Lis Pendens."—The Attorney-General.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:—

Bill (No. 32), To amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association.
Bill (No. 7), To change the name of the Village of West Winchester to that of Winchester.
Bill (No. 36), To amend the Act to incorporate the Toronto Dairy Company.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills without Amendments.
Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time to-morrow.

The following Bills were read the second time:—

Bill (No. 12), To amend the Act incorporating the Village of Tilbury Centre.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 83), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 97), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

On motion of Mr. Meacham, seconded by Mr. Miller,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return shewing the amounts received from the sale of Woods and Forests and of Crown Lands respectively, in the electoral divisions of Lennox and Addington during each of the years 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889.

Mr. Gibson, (Hamilton), presented to the House:—

Return to an Order of the House of the tenth day of February instant, for a Return shewing a copy of the case submitted by the Minister of Education for the opinion of the Judges of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice, as to the true construction of certain provisions of the Public School Act relating to Separate School supporters. Also, the answers given by the Judges to the questions submitted by the case. (Sessional Papers, No. 43).

The House then adjourned at 3.45 p.m.
Tuesday, 25th February, 1890.

PRAYERS.

The following Petition was brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Conmee—The Petition of the Municipality of Shuniah.

Mr. Speaker informed the House, That the Clerk had received from the Judges appointed to enquire into and report on Estate Bills, their reports in the following cases:

Bill (No. 44), To facilitate the administration by the Synod of Huron, of certain trusts relating to St. Thomas Church, Dover East.

Bill (No. 55), To authorize the sale of certain lands of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa.

Bill (No. 23), To enable the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, to sell certain lands, and for other purposes.

The Reports were read by the Clerk at the Table, as follow:—

Osgoode Hall,
February 4th, 1890.

In reference to Bill No. 55 intituled "An Act to authorize the sale of certain lands of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa," referred to the undersigned to report under the 62nd Rule of the Honourable the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, the undersigned beg to report as follows:

That the Bill as framed, leaves it somewhat uncertain whether or not the sale and conveyance of the church property in question is to be subject to the conditions of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Chap. 237, Secs. 13 and 14 as to advertising and ratification by the congregation. To make it clear, there should be inserted after the words "power and authority" in the 2nd line of section 1 the following words, "subject to the provisions contained in Sections 13 and 14 of Chapter 237 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario hereinafter mentioned," if it be intended to subject the power to these conditions; or the following words: "without observing the requirements mentioned in Sections 13 and 14 of Chapter 237 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario hereinafter mentioned," if it be intended to dispense with those conditions.

In other respects the Bill is unobjectionable, and having regard to the circumstances stated in the preamble the legislation appears reasonable if either alternative is adopted.

J. A. Boyd,
Thomas Ferguson,

To Charles T. Gillmor, Esq.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Toronto, 22nd Feb., 1890.

We the undersigned, to whom has been referred Bill No. 44, "An Act to facilitate the administration by the Synod of Huron, of certain Trusts relating to St. Thomas
Church, "Dover East," have the honour to report that on the Preamble to the said Bill being proved to the satisfaction of the Legislative Assembly, we see no reason why the said Bill should not pass.

THOMAS GALT,
C.J., C.P.D.,

H. MACMAHON,
J., C.P. Div.

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Esq.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

TORONTO, 25th Feb., 1890.

In re Bill 23, "An Act to enable the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, to sell certain lands and for other purposes.

We the undersigned, to whom the said Bill has been referred, beg leave to report that upon the Preamble of the said Bill being proved to the satisfaction of the Standing Committee on Private Bills, we see no reason why the said Bill should not pass.

THOMAS GALT,
C.J., C.P.D.

H. MACMAHON,
J., C.P. Div.

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Esq.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 44), To facilitate the administration by the Synod of Huron, of certain trusts relating to St. Thomas Church, Dover East, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 55), To authorize the sale of certain Lands of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 23), To enable the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham to sell certain lands and for other purposes, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of the Romney and St. Clair Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Company.

Of the Sarnia Consumers' Gas Company, praying that an Act may pass to confirm certain franchises of the Company.

Of E. C. Walker and others, of Walkerville, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town of Walkerville.

Of the County Council of Wentworth, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of the real property of railways.

Of R. A. Agnew and others, of Toronto, praying for certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of dwellings.
Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Reports, which were read as follow:

The Committee have carefully examined the following Petitions and find the notices as published in each case sufficient:

Of the Town Council of Listowel, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate their debenture debt;

Of William Chaplin and Harriet Chaplin of Toronto praying that an Act may pass to appoint trustees and to enlarge their powers;

Of the Provincial Synod of the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada, praying that an Act may pass to enable the Metropolitan Bishop of the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada to confer Divinity Degrees within the Province of Ontario;

Of W. H. Merrit and others of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Toronto Transfer and Warehousing Company;

Of the Municipality of Rat Portage, praying that An Act may pass to legalize and confirm By-law No. 77;

Of the Town Council of Peterboro', praying that an Act may pass to confirm certain By-laws and for other purposes;

Of G. A. McCallum and others of Monck, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Dunville, Attercliffe Smithville Railway Company;

Of the Land Security Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend the Act relating to the Company;

Of the Town Council of Palmerston, praying that an Act may pass to empower the Town to use the Sinking Fund for municipal purposes;

Of the Township Council of Wallace, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate their debenture debt;

Of the Town Council of Walkerton, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate their debt;

Of the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Act of incorporation;

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in this that the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bill be further extended until and inclusive of Wednesday the twenty-sixth day of February instant, and that the time for introducing Private Bills to the House be further extended until and inclusive of Tuesday the 4th day of March next.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Charter, and find that notice of the proposed application to this Legislature was inserted for the full space of six weeks in the Ontario Gazette and in the North Star, a newspaper published in the Parry Sound District, but that no notice was published in any local paper in the County of Renfrew; as the Company propose to extend their line into said County of Renfrew the Committee at a former meeting directed that a notice of the proposed extension be served on the Warden of the said County and also upon the Reeve of the village of Renfrew, and that said notice be also at once inserted in some newspaper published in the said County; Statutory Declarations have been filed with the Committee showing that the instructions of the Committee have been complied with; the Committee considering that by notice as aforesaid all parties interested have had sufficient notice recommend the suspension of the Rule in this case.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of the Toronto Street Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend the Acts relating to the Company, so as to empower the use of steam, and find that notice of the proposed application to this Legislature was published in the Ontario Gazette and in the Toronto World for a space of six weeks, but that in said notice no mention was made of the intention to apply for power "to acquire, hold, sell or otherwise dispose of any real estate," as set forth in the petition; the Committee, however, being informed that a Petition has been presented to the House by the Corporation of the City of Toronto, against the proposed Bill, are of the opinion that as the said Corporation are the only parties interested in the
proposed legislation, they are sufficiently aware of the matter and therefore 
recommend the suspension of the Rule in this case.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of the Toronto, Hamilton and 
Buffalo Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Charter, and 
find that notice of the proposed application to this Legislature was published for the 
proper length of time in the Ontario Gazette, the Toronto Mail, the Hamilton Spectator 
and the Brantford Evening Telegram. The Committee find that the said Company as 
originally incorporated has power to extend to the Niagara River, at or near the 
International or Cantilever Bridge, and that no notice has been published in either of 
the Counties of Halton, Welland or Lincoln, but inasmuch as notice has been published 
in the counties affected by the proposed extension of the line, and the other legislation 
principally sought merely relates to an increase in the capital stock and the issue of bonds, 
the Committee are of the opinion that publicity has been given to the matter, and 
recommend the suspension of the Rule in this case.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of Edward Allan and others, 
of Arthur, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Arthur, Guelph and Ontario 
Railway Company, and find the notice of application for the proposed legislation was 
inserted for six weeks in the Ontario Gazette and in the Guelph Weekly Herald, a newspaper published in the County of Wellington, and also was once inserted in the Hamilton 
Times, a newspaper published in the County of Wentworth, but that no notice was 
inserted in any newspaper published in the County of Halton. The Committee are of the 
opinion that as this is an application for a new Charter the full notice should have been 
published in all the Counties through which the railway proposes to run, and therefore 
find the notice not sufficient, and recommend that the Rule be not suspended in this case.

Mr. Gibson, from the Standing Committee on Private Bills, presented their Fourth 
Report which was read, as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 15) Respecting the Hamilton 
Gas Light Company; Bill (No. 39) To enable the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas 
to issue debentures for water works; and Bill (No. 43) Respecting certain lands vested in 
the Rector of Christ’s Church, Hamilton; and report the same without amendment.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 34) Respecting St. Andrew’s Church, 
Ottawa; Bill (No. 27) To incorporate the Town of North Toronto; Bill (No. 61) Respecting the New York Life Insurance Company; Bill (No. 59) To enable the corporation 
of the City of Ottawa to issue debentures for waterworks purposes; Bill (No. 33) To 
enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue debentures to the amount of 
$50,000; and Bill (No. 56) Respecting the Hamilton Patriotic Volunteer Fund; and 
have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively; they have also prepared certain 
other amendments to Bill (No. 34) so as to conform with the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills; they have also amended the preambles of Bills Numbers 61, 
59, 33 and 56, respectively, so as to make the same conform with the facts as they 
appeared to the Committee.

The Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted 
on Bills Numbers 34 and 43, on the ground that the same relate to religious matters, 
also on Bill No. 56, on the ground that the same relates to benevolent objects.

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in 
this, that the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills be further extended until and 
inclusive of Wednesday, the 26th day of February instant, and that the time for intro- 
ducing Private Bills be also extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the 4th day of 
March next.

Ordered, That the time for presenting Petitions for Private Bills be extended until 
and inclusive of Wednesday, the 25th day of February, instant; and that the time for intro- 
ducing Private Bills be extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the 4th day of 
March next.
Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 34) St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa; Bill (No. 43) Christ Church, Hamilton; and Bill (No. 56) Hamilton Patriotic Fund.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 47), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Incline Railway Company."—Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 68), intituled "An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Land Security Company."—Mr. Leys
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 41), intituled "An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company."—Mr. Armstrong.
Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 8), intituled "An Act to confirm certain By-laws of the Town of Petertborough and for other purposes."—Mr. Stratton.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 67), intituled "An Act respecting the sinking fund of the Town of Palmerston"—Mr. Allan.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 14), intituled "An Act respecting the Toronto Street Railway Company."—Mr. Leys.
Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 5), intituled "An Act to consolidate the debt of the Town of Listowel."—Mr. Freeman.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 38), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Kent and Lambton Railway Company."—Mr. Clancy.
Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 106), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Village of Burk's Falls."—Mr. Armstrong.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 52), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Dunnville, Attercliffe and Smithville Railway Company."—Mr. Harcourt.
Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 101), intituled "An Act respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company."—Mr. Harcourt.
Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 103), intituled "An Act respecting the Town of Walkerton."—Mr. O'Connor.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 69), intituled "An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway Company."—Referred to the Committee on Railways.
Bill (No. 104), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Toronto Transfer and Warehousing Company."—Mr. Leys.

Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 140), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Bronson.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 141), intituled "The Companies Short Form of Mortgages Act."—Mr. Leys

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 142), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. Sprague.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 143), intituled "An Act to amend the Street Railway Act."—Mr. Bronson

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 144), intituled "An Act to amend the Act for the Protection of Game and Fur-bearing Animals."—Mr. Clarke (Wellington).

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 145), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property."—Mr. Meacham.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 146), intituled "An Act to amend the law respecting Powers of Sale in Mortgages."—Mr. Guthrie.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 147), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Snow Fences.—Mr. Allan.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 148), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Balfour.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 149), intituled "An Act to amend the Registry Act."—Mr. Meredith.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed.

Bill (No. 32), To amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Young Men’s Christian Association.

Bill (No. 7), To change the name of the Village of West Winchester to that of Winchester.

Bill (No. 36), To amend the Act to incorporate the Toronto Dairy Company.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 86), For the relief of persons professing the Jewish religion; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:

Bill (No. 81), For expediting the decision of Constitutional and other Provincial Questions.

Referred to the Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.
Bill (No. 89), respecting the establishment of Houses of Refuge.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 92), To amend the Act to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among Horses and other Domestic Animals.
Referred to a Select Committee composed as follows:—Messieurs Awrey, Blezard, Bishop, Clancy, Cruess, Dance, Drury, Dryden, Fell, French, Graham, Rayside, Leys, O’Connor, Smith (Frontenac), Snider, Sprague, Waters and Willoughby.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 99), To further improve the Liquor License Law, having been read.
Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), moved,
That the Bill be now read the second time,
And a Debate having arisen,
Ordered, That the Debate be adjourned until To-morrow.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—
Copy of an Order in Council increasing the commutation of the Surrogate Court fees payable to His Honour Judge Ardugh. (Sessional Papers No. 44).

Also, Return to an Address to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, of the nineteenth day of February instant, praying that he will cause to be laid before this House, a copy of the Order in Council appointing W. H. Spencer Police Magistrate for parts of the Districts of Muskoka and Parry Sound, and fixing his salary or emolument, and of the Commission issued to him as such Police Magistrate. (Sessional Papers No. 45).

The House then adjourned at 11.20 p.m.

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Wednesday, 26th February, 1890.

Prayers.

Mr. Speaker informed the House, That the Clerk had received from the Judges appointed to enquire into and report on Estate Bills, their report in the following case:
Bill (No. 24), To enable William Lawrence and others, to sell or lease certain lands.

The Report was read by the Clerk at the Table as follows:—
In re Bill No. 24, "An Act to enable William Lawrence and others, to sell or lease certain lands":
We the undersigned to whom this Bill has been referred, beg leave to report:
The Act which is intended to authorize certain Trustees therein named to sell certain lands therein mentioned, is inconsistent with the terms of the Bill on which it is based. The Testator devised two-fourth parts of the lands therein mentioned to Emily Elizabeth Harris, direct; there is no reference to any Trustees. She has a life estate in the lands with a power of disposition by will. The same observation applies to the devise to Emma Fidelia Lawrence. The only portion devised to the Executors in Trust is that of Charlotte Emma Foster.
We would respectfully suggest that direct evidence, beyond the mere signing of a petition of the approbation and consent of the tenants for life, should be furnished before transferring the control of their property to Trustees.

The 2nd section of the Bill refers to moneys realized from the sale of the said lands; there is nothing in the petition praying that a power of sale may be conferred on the Trustees.

We would respectfully report that in our opinion a Bill conferring on the tenants for life the power to grant leases is reasonable; but that the Bill as submitted to us should be amended. In making the above observations as to the rights of the devisees we have acted on the statements in the preamble, which we presume are correct.

THOMAS GALT,
C. J., C. P. D.

H. MACMAHON,
J. C. P. Div.

23rd February, 1890.

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Esquire,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 24), To enable William Lawrence and others, to sell or lease certain lands, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Freeman—The Petition of Joshua Adams and others of Sarnia.

By Mr. Clancy—The Petition of Henry W. Boulter and others, of Chatham; also, The Petition of Gilbert H. Dolsen and others, of Raleigh; also, The Petition of W. Clements and others, of Dover; also, The Petition of R. McBowers and others, of Wallaceburg; also, The Petition of John McCoig and others, of Harwich; also, The Petition of W. T. Prangley and others, of Dresden.

By Mr. Clarke (Wellington)—The Petition of J W. Watson and others, of Ridgeway; also, The Petition of Francis Giffard and others, of Camden; also, The Petition of John Fleming and others, of Toronto.

By Mr. Hardy—The Petition of the County Council of Brant.

Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth Reports, which were read, as follow:

The Committee have carefully examined the following Petitions, and find the Notices as published in each case sufficient.

Of E. C. Walker, and others, of Walkerville, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town of Walkerville.

Of the Romney and St. Clair Tramway Company, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate them.

Of the Town Council of Aylmer, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate their debt.

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in this, that the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Thursday, the 27th day of February instant.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of James M. Fraser and others, of Gore Bay, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town of Gore Bay, and find that notice of the proposed application to this Legislature was first inserted in the Ontario Gazette on the 22nd instant, and is still current; said notice was also published
in the Manitoulin Guide and Gore Bay Enterprise of the 8th, 15th and 22nd instant, and
a declaration has been filed before the Committee shewing that the said notice will be
continued in the said last mentioned paper for three weeks longer. An affidavit has also
been filed, shewing that a public meeting was called and held at the village of Gore Bay
on or about the fifth instant to consider the advisability of applying for the proposed
legislation; said meeting was largely attended by the representative men of the locality,
and was unanimous in favor of the Bill now before the Legislature. The Committee, in
view of the foregoing, consider that sufficient publicity has been given to the matter, and
would therefore recommend the suspension of the Rule in this case.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of Duncan McMillan and
others, of Malahide, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Aylmer and Port
Burwell Railway Company, and find that notice of the proposed application to this
Legislature was duly inserted in the Ontario Gazette and in the Aylmer Express, a
newspaper published in the County of Elgin, for the full space of six weeks, but that
said Railway also proposes to run into the Township of North Dorchester, in the County
of Middlesex, and that no notice has been published in the said County of Middlesex.
The Committee have had before them the Reeve of the said Township of North Dor-
chester, and he informed the Committee that, in his opinion, the people of the said Town-
ship would be in favour of the building of the said Railway. The Committee consider
the notice as published, and the evidence heard as sufficient, and would recommend the
suspension of the Rule in this case.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) from the Committee on Private Bills presented their fifth
report which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 60), To confer upon the Chatham
Waterworks Company power to borrow $150,000, and Bill (No 44), To facilitate the
administration by the Synod of Huron of certain trusts relating to St. Thomas Church,
Dover East, and report the same without amendment.

The Committee have also considered Bill (Nc. 23), To enable the Trustees of St.
Andrew's Church, Chatham, to sell certain lands and for other purposes, and Bill (No. 31),
To consolidate the Debenture Debt of the County of Middlesex, and have prepared certain
amendments thereto respectively. They have also amended the preamble to the said Bill
(No 23) so as to make the same conform with the facts as they appear to the Committee.

The Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted
on Bills Nos. 44 and 23, upon the grounds that the said Bills relate to religious institu-
tions.

Ordered, That the time for presenting Petitions for Private Bills be extended until
and inclusive of Thursday the 27th day of February instant.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No 44),
St. Thomas Church, Dover East, and on Bill (No 23), St. Andrew's Church, Chatham.

Mr. Balfour, from the Standing Committee on Printing, presented their Second
Report which was read as follows:—

The Committee recommend that the following documents be printed:

Report of the Agricultural and Arts Association. (Sessional Papers No. 8.)
Report of Tavern and Shop Licenses. (Sessional Papers No. 9.)
Estimates for 1890. (Sessional Papers No. 19.)
Report of the Commissioner of Public Works. (Sessional Papers No. 21.)
Report of the Inspector of Factories. (Sessional Papers No. 35.)
Statement respecting Bi-Lingual Teaching. (Sessional Papers No. 36.)
Return as to poor and indigent. (Sessional Papers No. 37.)
Return as to Shops Regulation. (Sessional Papers No. 38.)
History of Public and High School Text Books. (Sessional Papers No. 40.)
Return of the case submitted by the Minister of Education.  (*Sessional Papers No. 43.*)
One thousand copies of an Act to regulate Mining Operations.  Bill No. 71.)

The Committee recommended that the following documents be not printed:—
Reports of Horticultural Societies.  (*Sessional Papers No. 39.*)

Resolved, That this House doth concur in the Second Report of the Committee on Printing.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 66), intituled "An Act to consolidate the floating debt of the Town of Aylmer."—Mr. Dance.
   Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 2), intituled "An Act respecting By-law No. 77 of the Township of Rat-
   Portage."—Mr. Conmee.
   Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 105), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Town of Gore Bay."—Mr. Lyon.
   Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 70), intituled "An Act to consolidate the debt of the Township of Wallace."—Mr. Hess.
   Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 29), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Aylmer and Port Burwell Rail-
   way Company of Canada."—Mr. Dance.
   Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 1), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Dunnville and Smithville Junction
   Railway Company."—Mr. Harcourt.
   Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 54), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Town of Walkerville."—Mr. Balfour.
   Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 20), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Romney and St. Clair Tramway
   Company."—Mr. Balfour.
   Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 150), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Landlord and Tenant,"—Mr. Smith (York).
   Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 151), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Mortgages and Sales
   of Personal Property."—Mr. Leys.
   Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.
Bill (No. 152), intituled "An Act respecting Assignments and Preferences by Insolvent Persons."—Mr. Smith (York).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 153), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Landlord and Tenant."—Mr. Fell.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 154), intituled "An Act to amend the Joint Stock Companies' Letters Patent Act."—Mr. Leys.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 155), intituled "An Act for the suppression of Foul Brood among Bees."—Mr. Drury.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

The following Bill was read the third time and passed:

Bill (No. 86), For the relief of persons professing the Jewish Religion.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:

Bill (No. 3), Respecting the City of Belleville.
Bill (No 11), To further amend the Act incorporating the Canada Landed Credit Company.
Bill (No. 40), To incorporate the Town of Little Current.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills without any Amendment.
Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time To-morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:

Bill (No. 10,), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Orillia.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 16), Respecting By-law 168 of the Village of Norwich.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 15), Respecting the Hamilton Gas Light Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 39), To enable the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas to issue Debentures for Water Works.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 43), Respecting certain lands vested in the Rector of Christ Church, Hamilton.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 24), Respecting St Andrews' Church, Ottawa.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 27), To incorporate the Town of North Toronto.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.
Bill (No. 61), Respecting the New York Life Insurance Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 59), To enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue debentures for Water Works purposes.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 33), To enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue debentures to the amount of $50,000.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 56), Respecting the Hamilton Patriotic Volunteer Fund.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 91), To regulate travelling on Public Highways and Bridges.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 96), To amend the Act to authorize the appointment of Fire Guardians.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 115), To amend the Timber Slide Companies Act.
Referred to a Select Committee composed as follows:—Messieurs Armstrong, Blezard, Bronson, Caldwell, Clancy, Conmee, Hardy, Hudson, Lyon, Murray, Ostrom, Phelps and Rayside.

Bill (No. 116), To amend the Act respecting the Driving of Saw Logs and other Timber on Lakes, Rivers, Creeks and Streams.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 115), Timber Slide Companies Act.

Bill (No. 118), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 125), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

On motion of Mr. Marter, seconded by Mr. Clancy,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return of copies of all Departmental orders or correspondence with reference to the appointment of A. F. Dulmage as an officer of the Crown Lands Department. Also, copies of all correspondence between the Crown Lands Department or any officer thereof, including the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and the said Dulmage, (including all letters of instruction sent to him) since his appointment; also copies of all accounts furnished by him to the said Department. A full statement of all moneys received or collected by the said Dulmage, shewing the dates when the same were received or collected, and on what account and from whom. A like statement of the moneys paid over by him to the said Department, and of the moneys misappropriated by him, or for which he did not account. Also, copies of all correspondence relating to his defalcation, between any member or officer of the Government and the said Dulmage or any other person, and of all reports in reference thereto, and a statement of the amounts paid to or received by the said Dulmage for salary or expenses in each year since his employment began.

Mr. Lees moved, seconded by Mr. Caldwell,
That the establishing of well-conducted Provincial Model Farms is of great advantage to the farming interests of the country, and this House desires to draw the attention of the Government to the advisability of such a Model Farm in the eastern section o
the Province, so that the farming community of that part of the Province may have
the same benefit as those residing in the western part.
And a debate having arisen,
The Motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, seconded by Mr. French,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return of copies of the lease granted
to the Keewatin Lumber Company or John R. Mather, of certain lands and islands in or
near the Lake-of-the-Woods, in the District of Algoma, and of all other leases granted of
lands or islands in the said district prior to the year 1878. Also, showing the revenue,
if any, derived from the lands or islands so leased, or the timber cut therefrom in
each year since such leases were made, shewing from whom received and on what
account, in so far as the same are shewn in the Department of Crown Lands. Also, a
copy of the judgment pronounced in the High Court of Justice as to the rights of
the said lessees under the said leases. Also, shewing the area of lands so placed under
lease. Also, a list of all claims made for locations or mining rights in the territory
covered by the said leases, and of the decisions of the Commissioner of Crown lands thereon.
And copies of all correspondence with reference to the surrender by the lessees, or any of
them, of the rights claimed under such leases, or any of such rights.

The House then adjourned at 10.45 p.m.

Thursday, 27th February, 1890. 3 o’clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Speaker informed the House, That the Clerk had received from the Judges
appointed to enquire into and report on Estate Bills, their report in the following case:
Bill (No. 63), To enable Charles Northcote to settle certain lands.

The Report was read by the Clerk at the Table as follows:—

Osgoode Hall,
February 25th, 1890.

SIR,—I have the honour to report as follows upon Bill No. 63, submitted to me:
As long as a person is by law entitled to make any disposition he pleases of his
property by will it is, in my opinion, a very dangerous thing for the Legislature to interfere
with any such disposition.
The Legislature can never be put in possession of the reasons which induced the
testator to make such a disposition of his property as he made of it, and cannot, therefore, be in a position to say whether the disposition he made of it was not the best under all the circumstances that could be made of it.
In so interfering they are attempting to annul the testator’s will and to make a new
will for him without the aid of his experience and of his knowledge of the peculiar ten-
dencies of the objects of his bounty and of their habits which led him to make the dis-
position of his property which he did.
I therefore report against the Bill.
But if the Legislature should nevertheless see fit to allow the real estate devised by
the will to be converted into money, they ought to take care that such money is not
handed over to private trustees chosen by the petitioner, but ought to provide that it should be paid into Court or handed to some public Trust Company to be held on the same terms as provided for by the will.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

J. D. ARMOUR.

I entirely concur in the above.

W. G. FALCONBRIDGE,

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Esquire,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 63), To enable Charles Northcote to settle certain lands, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Hardy—The Petition of the City Council of Brantford.
By Mr. Freeman—The Petition of the Village Council of Port Rowan; also, the Petition of C. S. Killmaster and others, of Port Rowan.
By Mr. Conmee—The Petition of the Municipality of Neebing.
By Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto)—The Petition of S. J. Dawson and others of Shuniah.
By Mr. O'Connor—The Petition of the County Council of Bruce.
By Mr. E F. Clarke (Toronto)—Three Petitions of the City Council of Toronto; also, four Petitions of Energy Assembly No. 5742, Knights of Labour, Toronto.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of the Municipality of Shuniah, praying that an Act may pass to legalize and confirm all tax sales held by the Municipality, and for other purposes.
Of Fidelity Assembly No. 2056, Knights of Labour, St Catharines; also of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners; also of the Carpenters and Joiners Union No. 279, all of Toronto, praying severally for the publication of Assessment Rolls; the passing of a Workshop Regulation Act; the appointment of Boards of Arbitration, and respecting employés and wages.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), From the Committee on Private Bills, presented their Sixth Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 55), To authorize the sale of certain lands of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa, and have prepared certain amendments thereto so as to conform with the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills. They have also amended the preamble to the said Bill so as to make the same conform with the facts as they appear to the Committee.

The Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing be remitted on the Bill, upon the grounds that the same relates to Religious Institutions.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 58), To incorporate the Town of Chester, and find the preamble thereof not proven, on the ground that the legislation asked for in the Bill is inconsistent with the facts as they appear to the Committee, and legislation in the premises is not desirable.

The Committee recommend that Rule (No. 51) of the House be further suspended, in this, that the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Friday, the 28th instant.
Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Eighteenth Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered the Petition of the Sarnia Consumers' Gas Company, praying that an Act may pass to confirm the franchises of the Company, and find the notices as published in the case, sufficient.

The Committee recommend that Rule (No. 51) of the House be further suspended, in this, that the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Friday, the 28th day of February instant.

Ordered, That the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills be extended until and inclusive of Friday, the 28th day of February instant.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 55), First Baptist Church, Ottawa.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the second time:—

Bill (No. 107), intituled "An Act respecting the Sarnia Gas Company."—Mr. Mackenzie.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 57), intituled "An Act to enable the Metropolitan Bishop of the Church of England, in the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada, to confer certain degrees in Divinity."—Mr. Meredith.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 156), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. Leys.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 157), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. McKay.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 158), intituled "An Act to amend the Division Courts Act."—Mr. Guthrie.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 159), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Gilmour.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 160), intituled "An Act respecting Registry and Sheriffs' fees."—Mr. French.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 161), intituled "An Act to further facilitate proceedings under the Land Titles Act."—The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read a second time on Tuesday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 11), To further amend the Act incorporating the Canada Landed Credit Company.

Bill (No. 40), To incorporate the Town of Little Current.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 85), Relating to the jurisdiction of Courts of General Sessions of the Peace, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain Amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-morrow.
The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 81), For Expediting the decision of Constitutional and other Provincial Questions, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain Amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 71), To regulate Mining Operations.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 120), To amend the law respecting the Lease and Sale of Settled Estates.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 121), To further amend the Act to secure to Wives and Children the benefit of Life Assurance.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 122), Respecting Official Documents where required as Evidence.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 123), To correct a clerical error in the Act to make further provision respecting the Districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 124), With respect to the powers of Commissioners for taking Affidavits.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 126), To provide for the appointment of Junior Judges in Provisional Judicial Districts.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 130), Respecting Aid to the Toronto University.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 132), To amend the General Mining Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 134), To provide for Security for Costs in certain actions against Justices of the Peace.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

The House, according to Order, again resolved itself into the Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the service of the year 1890, the following sums:—

2. To defray the expenses of the Lieutenant-Governor's Office. $3,980 00
3. To defray the expenses of the Executive Council and Attorney-General's Department. $18,316 66
4. To defray the expenses of the Education Department. $18,850 00
7. To defray the expenses of the Treasury Department. $20,525 00
8. To defray the expenses of Inspection of Public Institutions. $10,000 00
9. To defray the expenses of the Department of Agriculture .................................................. $24,225 00
10. To defray the expenses of the Immigration Office ............................................................. $1,600 00
12. To defray the expenses of the Provincial Board of Health ................................................... $7,050 00
13. To defray Miscellaneous Expenses ....................................................................................... $12,200 00
14. To defray the expenses of Legislation ...................................................................................... $121,400 00
15. To defray the expenses of the Supreme Court of Judicature ................................................... $56,083 00
16. To defray the expenses of Surrogate Judges and Local Masters ............................................... $24,385 00
17. To defray the expenses of Miscellaneous Criminal and Civil Justice ........................................ $292,810 00

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to several Resolutions; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received To-morrow.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-morrow.

The House then adjourned at 11.10 p.m.

Friday, February 28th, 1890.

Prayers.

Mr. Speaker informed the House, That the Clerk had received from the Judges appointed to enquire into and report on Estate Bills, their Report in the following case:

Bill (No. 35), Respecting the old Cemetery and the Methodist Cemetery in the Town of Sarnia.

The Report was read by the Clerk at the Table as follows:—

The undersigned to whom has been referred Bill (No. 35), entitled “An Act respecting the old Cemetery and the Methodist Cemetery, in the Town of Sarnia,” report as follows:—

We have, as usual, to call attention to the propriety in all cases of this character of ascertaining whether any resulting trust in the land said to have been granted by George Durand for a public burying ground, may exist in his heirs or representatives, if the land ceased to be used for the purposes of his grant.

Assuming the allegations contained in the preamble to be proved to the satisfaction of the House, it seems reasonable that such Bill do pass into a law, and the provisions thereof seem proper to carry its purposes into effect with some verbal alterations marked in the margin.

Attention should be called to an apparent mistake marked in the sixth section which seems unintelligible.

JOHN H. HAGARTY,
GEO. H. BURTON,
J. A.

Osgoode Hall,
27th February, 1890.

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Esq.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Ordered, That Bill (No. 35),Respecting the old Cemetery and the Methodist Cemetery in the Town of Sarnia, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same, with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Comnee—The Petition of the Municipality of Shuniaih.

By Mr. Monk—The Petition of the Canada Land Law Amendment Association.

By Mr. Clarke (Wellington)—The Petition of Charles Hubbard and others, of Tupperville; also, The Petition of Henry Linley and others, of Harwich; also, the Petition of Robert A. Glover and others, of Dover.

By Mr. Gould—Two Petitions of District Assembly No. 236, Knights of Labour, Uxbridge.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of Joshua Adams and others, of Sarnia, praying that the Sarnia Gas Company be not granted additional powers which will interfere with the privileges of the citizens of Sarnia.

Of the County Council of Brant, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of the real property of Railways.

Of Henry W. Badder and others, of Chatham; also, of Gilbert H. Dolsen and others, of Raleigh; also, of W. Clements and others, of Dover; also, of R. McBowers and others, of Wallaceburg; also, of John McCoig and others, of Harwich; also, of W. T. Prangley and others, of Dresden; also, of J. W. Watson and others, of Ridgetown; also, of Francis Giffard and others, of Camden; also, of John Henning and others, of Toronto, severally praying for certain amendments to the Game Law respecting the protection of Quail.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 102), intituled "An Act for the appointment of new Trustees of the settlement of William Chaplin."—Mr. Leys.

Referred to the Commissioners of Estate Bills.

Bill (No. 109), intituled "An Act to amend the Registry Act."—Mr. Clarke (Wellington).

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 110), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. Guthrie.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 162), intituled "An Act respecting returns by Registrars and Masters of Titles under the Land Titles Act."—Mr. Monk.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 163), intituled "An Act to amend the Manhood Suffrage Act."—Mr. Hudson.

Ordered That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 164), intituled "An Act respecting Executions against Lands."—Mr. Leys

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 165), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Leys.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (166), intituled "An Act to amend the Act for the protection of Game and Fur-bearing Animals."—Mr. Balfour,

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.
Bill (No. 167), intituled "An Act respecting Police Magistrates."—Mr. Whitney. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 168), intituled "An Act to amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act."—
Mr Waters. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 169), intituled "An Act to provide for holding Winter Assizes in County of
Carleton."—The Attorney-General. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 170), intituled "An Act to provide for the Election by Ballot of Public
and Separate School Trustees."—Mr. Meredith.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 171), intituled "An Act respecting Separate School Supporters."—Mr. 
Meredith.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 172), intituled "An Act to amend the Ontario Insurance Act."—Mr. 
Guthrie.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, seconded by Mr. Creighton,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return shewing, so far as the 
records of the Department of Crown Lands will enable the information to be given, the 
number, area and location of each Timber Berth or other territory now under license, the 
date when such berth or territory was first placed under license, and the name of the 
original licensee and of the person in whose name such license stood on the first day of 
January last. Also, shewing the bonus per square mile received for each such limit, and 
a rough map or plan shewing the area now under license.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, seconded by Mr. Creighton,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return respecting the claim of John 
Eden, of Aylmer, for work done in digging wells by direction of Coroner McLay in con-
nection with the enquiry made by him as to the death of one Gilford Williams, who 
was supposed to have been murdered, and for a statement in detail of all expenditure 
incurred in connection with the said enquiry, shewing the persons to whom any moneys 
were paid, and the dates when and the purposes for which the same were paid or 
expended.

On motion of Mr. Wood (Hastings), seconded by Mr. Hudson, 
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return shewing the total attendance 
of students matriculated and non-matriculated of each sex in University College from 1880 
to 1890 inclusive. The number of graduates who have, during each of these years lived 
in the College residence. The number of graduates who retained their rooms in residence 
during 1888, 1889 and 1890. The receipts and expenditures for the year 1888 and 1889, 
including list of water, fuel and gas and what proportion of the interior of the building 
is devoted to residence purposes.

On motion of Mr. Blythe, seconded by Mr. Willoughby, 
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a statement shewing in detail the 
amount, if any, paid out by the Crown on behalf of lots 83 and 84 in the 3rd concession 
south-west Toronto and Sydenham road, being a portion of the Mercer estate; also shew-
ing the amounts received for the sale of the same, and copies of all correspondence relating 
thereto.
On motion of Mr. Meacham, seconded by Mr. Rorke,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return shewing the number of Shop and Tavern Licenses granted to persons resident in Killarney in each of the years 1888 and 1889 and the names of the persons to whom they were respectively granted. Also, for copies of all petitions for or against the granting of such licences or any of them, and of all correspondence between the head, or any officer of the License Branch of the Department of the Provincial Secretary, and any other person on the subject of the granting or working of such licenses, or any of them, and shewing also the population of Killarney during the same years.

On motion of Mr. Balfour, seconded by Mr. Bishop,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return specifying the amount of debentures issued on the credit of the permanent fund of the University of Toronto, under the authority of section 5 of chapter 231, R.S.O., the amount realized by the sale of such debentures and the buildings, for the erection or alteration of which the money thus raised has been appropriated, with the estimated cost of the work done, or to be done, on each building.

On motion of Mr. Balfour, seconded by Mr. Bishop,
Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor praying that he will cause to be laid before this House a Return of a copy of the Order in Council authorizing the erection of the building known as the Biological Building in connection with the University of Toronto. Also, of any resolutions, recommendations or memorials from the Senate or Board of Trustees, asking for the appropriation of money for this purpose out of the permanent fund of the University, and of any contract that may have been let for additions to the building not yet completed.

On motion of Mr. McLaughlin, seconded by Mr. Awrey,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return shewing the number of Counties in the Province of Ontario, in which the Temperance Act of 1878 was in force on the first day of May, 1885. The number of County Councils to which it was submitted, prior to the first day of May, 1887, a resolution affirming the expediency of the appointment of a salaried Police Magistrate, in compliance with 48 Vic., Cap. 17, Sec. 1. The names of the Counties in which such resolution was lost. Also, number of Counties in which Police Magistrates were appointed under 50 Vic. Cap. 111, Sec. 1.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—
Bill (No. 77), To amend the General Road Companies Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 111), To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 113), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 4), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Brampton.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 60), To confer upon the Chatham Water Works Company power to borrow $150,000.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 44), To facilitate the administration by the Synod of Huron, of certain trusts relating to St. Thomas Church, Dover East.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.
Bill (No. 23), To enable the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, to sell certain lands and for other purposes. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 31), To consolidate the debenture debt of the County of Middlesex. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 55), To authorize the sale of certain lands of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:

Bill (No. 10), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Orillia.
Bill (No. 15), Respecting the Hamilton Gas Light Company.
Bill (No. 43), Respecting certain lands vested in the Rector of Christ Church, Hamilton.

Bill (No. 34), Respecting St. Andrews' Church, Ottawa.
Bill (No. 61), Respecting the New York Life Insurance Company.
Bill (No. 59), To enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, to issue debentures for Water Works purposes.
Bill (No. 33), To enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue debentures to the amount of $50,000.
Bill (No. 56), Respecting the Hamilton Patriotic Volunteer Fund.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills without amendment.

Ordered, That the Bills reported be severally read the third time on Monday next.

On motion of Mr. Ross (Huron), seconded by Mr. Hardy,

Resolved—That this House will on Tuesday next resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the following Resolutions:

That the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, may by Order in Council, direct that out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province, there shall be paid to the treasurer of any county or union of counties in which the municipal council thereof may have acquired not less than fifty acres of land for an industrial farm, and shall have erected thereon suitable buildings for a house of industry or house of refuge for the care and maintenance of the aged, helpless and poor, belonging to the county, a sum not exceeding one-fourth of the amount actually expended by the municipality in the purchase of land and erection of buildings thereon, and not in any case exceeding four thousand dollars.

That the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, by Order in Council, direct that out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province there shall be paid to the treasurer of any municipality or union of municipalities which has heretofore acquired land and shall have erected a house of refuge thereon, before the passing of this Act, such sum (within the restrictions aforesaid) as the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may, by Order in Council, direct to be so paid, if the purchase of such land and erection of buildings thereon or contribution made thereto are in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

That in case, under sub-section 2 of section 460 of The Municipal Act, two or more united counties, two or more contiguous counties, or a city and one or more counties, or a town and one or more counties, agree to have only one house of industry or refuge for such municipalities, the Order in Council may provide for the payment to the treasurer of each corporation of the counties entering into the agreement, a sum not exceeding four thousand dollars; but the aggregate amount payable to such counties or united counties shall not exceed one-fourth of the amount actually expended by such combined municipalities in the purchase of the land and erection of buildings thereon.
That in case two or more local municipalities acting under the provision of subsection 4 of section 460 of The Municipal Act, jointly erect or maintain a house of industry or refuge in connection with an industrial farm, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may grant to each of such municipalities such a proportion of a sum of four thousand dollars as the equalized assessment of such municipalities bears to the equalized assessment of the whole county of which it forms a part, according to the equalized assessment of the year preceding that in which the house of industry or refuge shall have been opened for occupation; and provided also that the sum so granted shall not be in excess of one-fourth of the amount contributed and paid by such municipality for the purchase of the farm and the erection of the buildings thereon.

On motion of Mr. Ross (Huron), seconded by Mr. Hardy,
Resolved—That this House will on Tuesday next, resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the following Resolution:

That the authority given, under the Municipal Drainage Act, to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to purchase Township debentures, be extended to County debentures issued under by-laws passed in pursuance of section 598 of the Municipal Act.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Report upon the Asylums for the Insane and Idiotic for the year ending 30th September, 1889. (Sessional Papers, No. 10.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the twenty-first day of February instant, for a Return shewing the amount of disbursements connected with the Registrar of Deeds office in the City of Toronto for the year 1889, as follows:—(a) To the City of Toronto. (b) To the Deputy Registrar. (c) To other clerks and assistants. (d) For other purposes.

Also, shewing the gross earnings of the Registrar for the year 1889, and the total amount received by the Registrar for his personal use; and also a statement of the expenditure, if any, rendered necessary in consequence of the creation of the second Registrar for the City of Toronto, together with a copy of the report of any committee, or sub-committee, of the Council of the City of Toronto shewing the necessity for new buildings for the accommodation of the registry officers, books, papers, documents and like matter relating to said city. (Sessional Papers, No. 46.)

The House then adjourned at 5.50 p.m.

Monday, 3rd March, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—The Petition of James Mathews and others, of Hamilton.
By Mr. Graham—The Petition of John Gillatly and others, of Plympton.
By Mr. Pacaud—The Petition of Luke Montreuil and others, of Sandwich East.
By Mr. Lees—The Petition of the Perth Board of Trade.
The following Petitions were read and received:

Of the City Council of Brantford, praying that an Act may pass to empower the Corporation to issue certain debentures.

Of the Municipality of Neebing, praying that an Act may pass to legalize a certain By-law.

Of the Municipality of Neebing, praying that an Act may pass to confirm a certain By-law.

Of the Village Council of Port Rowan, praying that an Act may pass to legalize and confirm the election of certain Municipal Officers.

Of S. J. Dawson and others, of Shuniah, praying that the Bill before the House relating to the Municipality of Shuniah may not pass.

Of the County Council of Bruce, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting County Valuators.

Of the City Council of Toronto, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the abolition of exemptions.

Of the City Council of Toronto, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of dwellings.

Of the Canada Land Law Amendment Association, praying for the appointment of a Committee to consider the question of land transfer.

Of Robert A. Glover and others, of Dover; also, of Henry Linley and others, of Harwich; also, of Charles Hubbard and others, of Tupperville, severally praying for certain amendments to the Game Law respecting the protection of Quail.

Of G. S. Killmaster and others, of Port Rowan, praying certain amendments to the Game Law respecting the shooting of Ducks.

Of the City Council of Toronto, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Law respecting the days for holding municipal elections.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 173), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting the property of Religious Institutions."—Mr. Leys.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 174), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. Phelps.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 175), intituled "An Act to amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act."—Mr. Dack.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:

Bill (No. 10), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Orillia.

Bill (No. 15), Respecting the Hamilton Gas Light Company.

Bill (No. 43), Respecting certain lands vested in the Rector of Christ Church, Hamilton.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:

Bill (No. 27), To incorporate the Town of North Toronto.

Bill (No. 44), To facilitate the administration by the Synod of Huron, of certain trusts relating to St. Thomas' Church, Dover East.

Bill (No. 31), To consolidate the debenture debt of the County of Middlesex.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills without amendment.

Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time To-morrow.
On motion of Mr. Monk, seconded by Mr. Ingram.

Ordered—that there be laid before this House, a Return shewing the amount expended in the year 1883, in Killarney, out of the appropriation for colonization roads, with the dates and items, and persons to whom, and purposes for which the moneys were expended.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:

Bill (No. 79), To amend the General Road Companies' Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 87), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 129), To amend the Jurors' Act.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Court.

Bill (No. 131), To prevent the sale of Meat or Milk from Animals affected with Tuberculosis.
Referred to a Select Committee to be composed as follows.—Messieurs Awrey, Balfour, Blezard, Drury, Dryden, French, Gilmour, Graham, Lees, Sprague, Tooley, Wiloughby and Wylie.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Report upon the Common Gaols, Prisons and Reformatories for the year ending 30th September, 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 11.)
Also—Bursar's statement of cash transactions of the University of Toronto, for the year ending 30th June 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 47.)

The House then adjourned at 4.15 p.m.

Tuesday, 4th March, 1890.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Fraser—The Petition of the Brockville Board of Trade.
By Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto)—Two Petitions of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners, Toronto.
By Mr. Clarke (Wellington)—The Petition of W. McDowall and others, of Toronto.
By Mr. Smith (Frontenac)—The Petition of Herbert Murray and others, of Pittsburg.

Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Nineteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first Reports, which were read as follow:

The Committee have carefully examined the following Petitions and find the notices as published in each case sufficient:

Of Thomas Murray and others, of North Bay, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Town of North Bay.
Of the Village Council of Port Rowan, praying that an Act may pass to legalize and confirm the election of certain municipal officers.
Of the City Council of Toronto, praying that an Act may pass to empower the City to acquire the Toronto Street Railway Company, and for other purposes.

Of the Municipality of Shuniah, praying that an Act may pass to legalize and confirm all tax sales held by the Municipality, and for other purposes.

Of the Municipality of Neebing, praying that an Act may pass to confirm a certain By-law and contract respecting a bonus to the Canada Pacific Railway Company.

Of the Municipality of Neebing, praying that an Act may pass to legalize a certain By-law granting aid to the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway Company.

Of the Town Council of Trenton, praying that an Act may pass to consolidate the debt of the Town.

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in that the time for introducing Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the 11th day of March next.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Charter, and find the notice of application for the proposed legislation was inserted for six weeks in the Ontario Gazette and in the Minden Echo, Citizen, Ottawa British Wig, Orillia Packet, for the same period, and for three weeks in the Belleville Intelligencer, but that no notice appears to have been inserted in the local newspapers in the Counties of Victoria, Ontario, Peterborough, Muskoka, Parry Sound and Algoma. The Committee are of opinion that the full notices should have been published in all the Counties through which the Railway proposes to run, and therefore find the notice not sufficient, and recommend that the Rule be not suspended in this case.

The Committee have carefully examined the Petition of the City Council of Brantford praying that an Act may pass to empower the corporation to issue certain debentures, and find that the notice of application for the proposed legislation was not published in the Ontario Gazette, but that notice was published in five issues of the Brantford Expositor, and Brantford Courier, and in six issues of the Brantford Telegram. That 49 copies of the said notice were posted up in the Post Office, and different stores in the said City. That a public meeting was held in the said City at which a resolution was passed favoring the same and that resolutions approving of the same were also passed by the City Board of Trade and City Council. The Committee are of the opinion, that as it is a purely local matter and the ratepayers have to vote upon the same, that sufficient notice has been given, and recommend the suspension of the rule in this case.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), for the Committee on Private Bills presented their Seventh Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 2), Respecting By-law No. 77 of the Township of Rat Portage; and Bill (No. 28), Respecting the First Presbyterian Church at Chatham; and report the same without amendment, the Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 28) on the grounds that the same relates to Religious Institutions.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 26), Respecting the Ontario and Sault Ste. Marie Water, Light and Power Company and the Town of Sault Ste. Marie; Bill (No. 66), Respecting the floating Debt of the Town of Aylmer; Bill (No. 8), To confirm certain By-laws of the Town of Peterborough and for other purposes; and Bill (No. 45), Respecting the Village of Campbellford; and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively. They have also amended the preambles to the Bills Nos. 66, 8 and 45 respectively, so as to make the same accord with the facts as they appear to the Committee.

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in this that the time for introducing Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the 11th day of March instant.

Mr. Fraser, from the Committee on Railways, presented their First Report which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 62), Respecting the Southern Central Railway Company, and report said Bill without amendment.
The Committee have also carefully considered the following Bills, and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively:—Bill (No. 13), To incorporate the Sault Ste. Marie and Hudson Bay Railway Company; Bill (No. 17), To incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company; Bill (No. 38), To incorporate the Kent and Lambton Railway Company, and Bill (No. 41), To amend the Act incorporating the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company.

The Committee have also amended the Preambles to Bills Nos. 13, 17, and 41, so as to make the same conform with the facts as they appear to the Committee.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 19), Respecting the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway, and find the preamble thereof not proven on the ground that in the opinion of the Committee on legislation in the premises is not expedient.

The Committee recommend that Bill (No. 14), Respecting the Toronto Street Railway Company referred to this Committee by the House, be instead committed to the Private Bills Committee for their consideration and report.

Ordered, That the time for introducing Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Tuesday, the 11th day of March instant.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 28), Presbyterian Church of Chatham.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 14), Respecting the Toronto Street Railway Company, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 50), intituled "An Act to legalize the Municipal Elections of the Village of Port Rowan."—Mr. Freeman.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 108), intituled "An Act to enable the City of Brantford to issue certain debentures for Drainage, Water, School and Park purposes."—Mr. Hardy.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 48), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Town of North Bay."—Mr. Murray.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 64), intituled "An Act to consolidate the floating debt of the Town of Trenton."—Mr. Ostrom.

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 46), intituled "An Act respecting the City of Toronto."—Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto).

Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 176), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Bronson.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 177), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Water Works' Act."—Mr. Wood (Brant).

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 178), intituled "An Act to confirm and establish a certain survey of the Township of Kennebec, in the County of Frontenac."—Mr. Hardy.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.
Bill (No. 179), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act—Mr. Wylie.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 180), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Joint Stock Companies for supplying Cities, Towns and Villages with Gas and Water."—Mr. Ostrom.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 181), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Private Lunatic Asylums."—Mr. Ross, (Huron).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 182), intituled "An Act to amend the Ontario Insurance Act."—Mr. Gibson, (Hamilton).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 183), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Waters.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 81), For expediting the decision of Constitutional and other Provincial Questions, having been read, The Attorney-General moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.
Mr. Meredith moved in Amendment, seconded by Mr. Creighton,
That the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House with instructions to add the following section: "No such question which involves the constitutionality of a Provincial Act shall be submitted unless upon a case settled by the Court, whose opinion is asked, or a judge thereof, after notice to the Attorney-General of Canada."

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Biggar, Blyth, Clancy, Clarke, E. F. (Toronto) Hess, Clarke, H. E. (Toronto) Hudson, Craig, Creighton, Cruess, Fell, Hummel, Hess, Ingram, Lees, Marter,

Meacham, Meredith, Metcalf, Miller, Monk, Ostrom, Preston,

Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—32.

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Allan, Armstrong, Aurey, Balfour, Ballantyne, Bishop, Blezard, Bronson, Caldwell, Chisholm, Clarke (Wellington), Dack, Dance, Davis, Dryden, Evanturel, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Graham,

Guthrie, Harcourt, Hardy, Lyon, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Muck, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Mowat,

Murray, O'Connor, Pacaud, Phelps, Rainside, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Waters, Wood (Brant)—48.

The original Motion having been then again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.
The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:

Bill (No. 34), Respecting St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa.
Bill (No. 59), To enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, to issue debentures for Water Works purposes.
Bill (No. 33), To enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue debentures to the amount of $50,000.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 56), Respecting the Hamilton Patriotic Volunteer Fund having been read.

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into a Committee to consider certain proposed Resolutions respecting Houses of Refuge, having been called, The Attorney-General acquainted the House that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, having been informed of the subject matter of the proposed Resolutions, recommends them to the consideration of the House.

The House then resolved itself into the Committee.

(In the Committee)

Resolved, (1) That the Lieutenant-Governor may by Order in Council, direct that out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province, there shall be paid to the treasurer of any county or union of counties in which the municipal council thereof may have acquired not less than fifty acres of land for an industrial farm, and shall have erected thereon suitable buildings for a house of industry or house of refuge for the care and maintenance of the aged, helpless and poor, belonging to the county a sum not exceeding one-fourth of the amount actually expended by the municipality in the purchase of land and erection of buildings thereon, and not in any case exceeding four thousand dollars.

Resolved, (2) That in case, under sub-section 4 of section 460 of The Municipal Act, two or more united counties, or two or more contiguous counties, or a city and one or more counties, or a town and one or more counties, agree to have only one house of industry or refuge for such municipalities, the Order in Council may provide for the payment to the treasurer of each corporation of the counties entering into the agreement, a sum not exceeding four thousand dollars; and to the treasurer of any such town not within any of the counties entering into such agreement, such a proportion of a sum of four thousand dollars as its population bears to the population of the whole county in which it is situated; but the aggregate amount payable to such counties or united counties or towns shall not exceed one-fourth of the amount actually expended by such combined municipalities in the purchase of the land and erection of buildings thereon.

Resolved, (3) That in case two or more local municipalities acting under the provisions of sub-section 4 of section 460 of The Municipal Act, jointly erect or maintain a house of industry or refuge in connection with an industrial farm, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may grant to each of such municipalities such a proportion of a sum of four thousand dollars as its population bears to the population of the whole county in which it is situate according to the assessment rolls of the year preceding that in which the house of industry or refuge shall have been opened of occupation; and provided also that the sum so granted shall not be in excess of one-fourth of the amount contributed and paid by such municipality for the purchase of the farm and the erection of the buildings thereon.
Mr Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to several Resolutions.

Ordered, That the Report be now received.

Mr. Harcourt reported the Resolutions as follows:—

Resolved, That the Lieutenant-Governor may, by Order in Council, direct that out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province, there shall be paid to the treasurer of any county or union of counties in which the municipal council thereof may have acquired not less than fifty acres of land for an industrial farm, and shall have erected thereon suitable buildings for a house of industry or house of refuge for the care and maintenance of the aged, helpless and poor, belonging to the county, a sum not exceeding one-fourth of the amount actually expended by the municipality in the purchase of land and the erection of buildings thereon and not in any case exceeding four thousand dollars.

Resolved, That in case, under sub-section 4 of section 460 of The Municipal Act, two or more united counties, or two or more contiguous counties, or a city and one or more counties, or a town and one or more counties, agree to have only one house of industry or refuge for such municipalities, the Order in Council may provide for the payment to the treasurer of each corporation of the counties entering into the agreement, a sum not exceeding four thousand dollars; and to the treasurer of any such town not within any of the counties entering into such agreement, such a proportion of a sum of four thousand dollars as its population bears to the population of the whole county in which it is situated; but the aggregate amount payable to such counties or united counties or towns shall not exceed one-fourth of the amount actually expended by such combined municipalities in the purchase of the land and erection of buildings thereon.

Resolved, That in case two or more local municipalities acting under the provision of sub-section 4 of section 460 of The Municipal Act, jointly erect or maintain a house of industry or refuge in connection with an industrial farm, the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may grant to each of such municipalities such a proportion of a sum of four thousand dollars as the population of such municipalities bears to the population of the whole county of which it forms a part, according to the assessment rolls of the year preceding that in which the house of industry or refuge shall have been opened of occupation; and provided also that the sum so granted shall not be in excess of one fourth of the amount contributed and paid by such municipality for the purchase of the farm and the erection of the buildings thereon.

The Resolutions having been read the second time, were agreed to, and referred to the Committee of the Whole House on Bill (No. 89), Respecting the establishment of Houses of Refuge.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 89), Respecting the establishment of Houses of Refuge, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith. The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 120), To amend the law respecting the lease and sale of Settled Estates, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.
The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 122), Respecting Official Documents where required as Evidence, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 123), To correct a clerical error in the Act to make further provision respecting the Districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 134), To provide for security for costs in certain actions against Justices of the Peace, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 126), To provide for the appointment of Junior Judges in Provisional Judicial Districts, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.
Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—
Bill (No. 100), To provide for the purchase of debentures issued by Counties for drainage purposes.
Referred to a Committee of the whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 138), The Mining Claims Act, 1890.
Referred to the Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for resuming the Adjourned Debate on the motion for the second reading of Bill (No. 99), To improve the Liquor License Law, having been read.
The Debate was resumed.
And the House having continued to sit until twelve of the clock, midnight.

WEDNESDAY, March 5th, 1890.

The Debate continued.
And after some time, the Motion having been again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the second time.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House at the next Sittings of the House To-Day.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House, by command of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor:—
Report of Robert H. Lawder upon the cultivation of the Sugar Beet in Ontario. (Sessional Papers No. 48).

Also—Report of the Dairy and Creamery Association of the Province for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 49).

The House then adjourned at 12.25 a.m.
Wednesday, 5th March, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Mack—The Petition of John Croil and others, of Osnabruck.
By Mr. Willoughby—The Petition of the County Council of the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham.
By Mr. Stratton—The Petition of the Town Council of Peterborough; also, Two Petitions of District Assembly No. 236, Knights of Labour, Peterborough.

The following Petitions were read and received:

Of Luke Montreuil and others of Sandwich East, praying that the Bill before the House relating to the incorporation of Walkerville may not pass as at present framed.
Of James Mathews and others of Hamilton, protesting against personal property or incomes being exempt from taxation.
Of John Gillatly and others of Plympton, praying that money be borrowed from Capitalists and lent to farmers at a low rate of interest.

Mr. Fraser from the Committee on Railways, presented their Second Report which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered the following Bills and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively:

Bill (No. 52), To incorporate the Dunville, Attercliffe and Smithville Railway Company.
Bill (No. 29), To incorporate the Alymer and Port Burwell Railway Company.
Bill (No. 1), To incorporate the Dunville and Smithville Junction Railway Company.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 184), intituled "An Act to amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act."
—Mr. Hardy.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 185), intituled "An Act respecting the practice of Architecture in the Province of Ontario."—Mr. Ross (Middlesex).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 186), intituled "An Act to amend the Public and Separate Schools Act."
—Mr. Ross (Middlesex).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 187), intituled "An Act to amend the Liquor License Act."—Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 188), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Arbitrations and References.—Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 189), intituled "An Act to amend the Act to prevent the spread of Noxious Weeds and of diseases affecting Fruit Trees."—Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.
Bill (No. 190), intituled "An Act to amend the Free Libraries Act."—Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 191), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 192), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 193), intituled "An Act respecting the relations between Employers and Workmen."—Mr. Ingram.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 194), intituled "An Act to amend the Act to authorize and regulate the use of Traction Engines on Highways."—Mr. Meacham.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 195), intituled "An Act respecting Exemptions from Municipal Assessments."—Mr. Ross (Huron).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 196), intituled "An Act respecting Teachers in Separate Schools."—Mr. Creighton.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 22), intituled "An Act respecting the Municipality of Shuniah."—Mr. Conmee.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 42), intituled "An Act respecting the Municipality of Neebing."—Mr. Conmee.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Bill (No. 65), intituled "An Act respecting the Municipality of Neebing."—Mr. Conmee.
Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 56), Respecting the Hamilton Patriotic Volunteer Fund.
Bill (No. 27), To incorporate the Town of North Toronto.
Bill (No. 120), To amend the law respecting the Lease and Sale of Settled Estates.
Bill (No. 122), Respecting Official Documents where required as Evidence.
Bill (No. 123), To correct a clerical error in the Act to make further provision respecting the Districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka.

On motion of Mr. Clarke (Wellington), seconded by Mr. Gibson (Huron),
Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return shewing, in tabulated form a statement of Provincial Revenue from all sources for each year since Confederation to the close of 1889, specifying such annual receipts under the various headings used in the Public Accounts of the Province. A similar statement of Provincial expenditure during the same period.
On motion of Mr. Balfour, seconded by Mr. Bishop,  
Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return shewing the amount still to  
be paid on Railway Aid Certificates issued by the Province with the dates when the same  
became due and payable. Also, shewing the amounts of Annuity Certificates issued by  
the Province with the dates when they became due and payable. Also an Estimate of  
the present value of the said Railway Aid Certificates and Annuity Certificates respectively.  
Also specifying the amount to be paid on account of principal and interest respectively  
in each year during the currency of said certificates.  

The House resolved itself into a Committee severally to consider the following  
Bills:—  

Bill (No. 12), To amend the Act incorporating the Village of Tilbury Centre.  
Bill (No. 16), Respecting By-Law 168 of the Village of Norwich.  
Bill (No. 39), To enable the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas to issue Debentures  
for Water Works.  
Bill (No. 4), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Brampton.  
Bill (No. 60), To confer upon the Chatham Water Works Company power to borrow  
$150,000.  
Bill (No. 23), To enable the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, to sell certain  
lands and for other purposes.  

Bill (No. 55), To authorize the sale of certain lands of the First Baptist Church,  
Ottawa.  

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair, and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee  
had directed him to report the several Bills without amendment.  
Ordered, That the Bills reported be severally read the third time To-morrow.  

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—  

Bill (No. 2), Respecting By-law No. 77, of the Township of Rat Portage.  
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.  

Bill (No. 28), Respecting the First Presbyterian Church at Chatham.  
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.  

Bill (No. 26), Respecting the Ontario and Sault Ste. Marie Water, Light and Power  
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.  

Bill (No. 66), Respecting the floating debt of the Town of Aylmer.  
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.  

Bill (No. 8), To confirm certain By-laws of the Town of Peterborough, and for other  
purposes.  
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.  

Bill (No. 45), Respecting the Village of Campbellford.  
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.  

Bill (No. 62), Respecting the Southern Central Railway Company.  
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.
The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 80), To provide for the secrecy of the Ballot at Elections of Members of the Legislative Assembly, having been read,

Mr. Wood (Hastings) moved, That the Bill be now read the second time.

The Attorney-General moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Fraser,

That the word “now” in the motion, be omitted, and that there be inserted instead thereof the words “this day six months.”

And a Debate having arisen,

Ordered, That the Debate be adjourned until To-morrow.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor: —

Report of the Sheep Breeders’ Association of Ontario for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 50.)

Also—Statement of the Returns forwarded to the office of the Provincial Secretary of all the fees and emoluments received by the Registrars of Ontario for the year 1889, made in accordance with the provisions of R. S. O., 1887, Cap. 114, Sec. 100, with which are contrasted receipts of the same nature in 1887 and 1888. (Sessional Papers No. 51.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the nineteenth day of February for a Return shewing the number and designation of School Boards in the cities, towns, and incorporated villages in Ontario which have adopted the use of the Ballot at annual school elections under section 103 of chapter 223, R. S. O., with the number of School Boards in cities, towns and villages which have not adopted the Ballot for such purposes. (Sessional Papers No. 52.)

The House then adjourned at 11.55 p.m.

Thursday, 6th March, 1890. 3 o’clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table: —

By Mr. Metcalfe—Two Petitions of the City Council of Kingston.

The following Petitions were read and received: —

Of the Brockville Board of Trade, praying certain amendments to the law relating to Toll Roads, respecting the grouping of Counties.

Of Herbert Murray and others of Pittsburg, praying certain amendments to the Game Law, respecting the shooting of Ducks.

Of W. McDowall and others of Toronto, praying certain amendments to the Game Law, respecting the protection of Quail.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton). from the Committee on Private Bills, presented their Eighth Report, which was read as follows: —

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 57), To enable the Metropolitan Bishop of the Church of England, in the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada, to confer certain degrees in Divinity, and report the same without amendment. The Committee
recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on the Bill (No. 57), upon the grounds that the said Bill relates to Educational Institutions.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 63), To enable Charles Northcote to settle certain lands, and Bill (No. 24), To enable William Lawrence and others to sell or lease certain lands, and have prepared certain amendments thereto and to the preambles thereof respectively, so as to conform with the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills; they have also amended the title to the Bill (No. 24), so that the same now reads "An Act to enable William Lawrence and others to lease certain lands."

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 70), To consolidate the debt of the Township of Wallace; Bill (No. 51), Respecting the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company of Ontario; Bill (No. 6), Respecting certain allowances for roads in the Township of Winchester, and Bill (No. 5), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Listowel and for other purposes, and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively. They have also amended the preambles to the said Bills No. 6 and 5 so as to make the same conform with the facts as they appear to the Committee. They have also amended the title to the said Bill (No. 5), so that the same now reads "An Act to consolidate the Debt of the Town of Listowel."

The Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 58), To incorporate the Town of Chester, the preamble to the said Bill having been reported to the House as not proven.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 57), Church of England, and Bill (No. 58), Chester.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 197), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. Leys.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 198), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Smith (York.)  
Ordered. That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 199), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Clancy.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 200), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Davis.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 201), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Fell.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Mr. O'Connor moved, seconded by Mr. Guthrie,
That the Twentieth Report of the Standing Committee on Standing Orders be now adopted.

Mr. Fell moved in amendment, seconded by Mr Lyon,
That all the words of the motion after the word "that" be expunged and the following substituted, "the Twentieth Report of the Standing Committee on Standing Orders relating to the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company be not now adopted, but that the same be referred back to the Committee on Standing Orders, with instructions to consider and report the notices as given and published sufficient."

And the Amendment, having been put, was carried and it was

Ordered, That the Twentieth Report of the Standing Committee on Standing Orders relating to the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company, be referred back to the Committee on Standing Orders, with instructions to consider and report the notices as given and published sufficient.
The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 3), Respecting the City of Belleville.
Bill (No. 44), To facilitate the administration by the Synod of Huron of certain trusts relating to St. Thomas Church, Dover East.
Bill (No. 16), Respecting By-law 188 of the Village of Norwich.
Bill (No. 39), To enable the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas to issue Debentures for Water Works.
Bill (No. 55), To authorize the sale of certain lands of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 85), Relating to the jurisdiction of Courts of General Sessions of the Peace, having been read, Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 124), With respect to the Powers of Commissioners for taking Affidavits, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 126), To provide for the appointment of Junior Judges in Provisional Judicial Districts, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 100), To provide for the purchase of Debentures issued by Counties for Drainage purposes, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 139), To provide for the vacating of Certificates of Lis Pendens.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 155), For the suppression of Foul Brood among Bees.
Referred to the same Select Committee, to which was referred Bill (No. 92), Diseases among Horses.

Ordered, That the name of Mr. Meacham be added to the Select Committee on Bill (No. 92), Diseases among Horses.

The House, according to Order, again resolved itself into the Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the service of the year 1890, the following sums:—

33. To defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane,

Toronto.......................................................... $101,353 00
34. To defray the expenses of the Branch Asylum at Mimico...

35. To defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane, London

48. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the Legislative Assembly

49. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the West wing, Departmental buildings

50. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the East wing, Departmental buildings

51. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the Education office

52. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of rented premises, Simcoe Street

53. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of rented premises, Wellington Street

54. To defray the expenses of miscellaneous expenditure on public buildings

55. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the Normal and Model School, Ottawa

56. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the School of Practical Science, Toronto

57. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the Agricultural College, Guelph

58. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the Agricultural Hall, Toronto

59. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs at Osgoode Hall

60. To defray the expenses of the Department of Public Works

61. To defray the expenses of works at Mimico branch

62. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for the Insane, London

63. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton

64. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for the Insane, Kingston

65. To defray the expenses of works at the Branch Asylum, Kingston

66. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for Idiots, Orillia

67. To defray the expenses of works at the Reformatory, Penetanguishene

68. To defray the expenses of works at the Andrew Mercer Reformatory for Females, Toronto

69. To defray the expenses of works at the Central Prison, Toronto

70. To defray the expenses of works at the Deaf and Dumb Institute, Belleville
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>71.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works at the Blind Institute, Brantford</td>
<td>$5,509 50</td>
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<tr>
<td>72.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works at the Agricultural College, Guelph</td>
<td>$5,250 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>73.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works at the Normal School and Education office, Toronto</td>
<td>$4,500 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>74.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works at the Normal School, Ottawa</td>
<td>$6,000 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>75.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works at the School of Practical Science</td>
<td>$63,200 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works at Osgoode Hall</td>
<td>$4,000 00</td>
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<td>77.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works at Government House</td>
<td>$3,000 00</td>
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<td>78.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works in the District of Algoma</td>
<td>$6,600 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>79.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works in the Thunder Bay District</td>
<td>$1,800 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>80.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works in the Muskoka District</td>
<td>$3,000 00</td>
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<tr>
<td>81.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works in the Parry Sound District</td>
<td>$3,200 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works in the Nipissing District</td>
<td>$1,000 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of works in the Rainy River District</td>
<td>$1,000 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of Miscellaneous works</td>
<td>$500 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85.</td>
<td>To defray the expenses of Public works</td>
<td>$39,800 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to several Resolutions; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received To-morrow.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-morrow.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—

Report of the Minister of Education for the year 1889, with the Statistics of 1888. (Sessional Papers No. 6.)

Also—Papers and Correspondence respecting French Schools. (Sessional Papers No. 53.)

The House then adjourned at 10 p.m.

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Friday, 7th March, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Allan—The Petition of William Hill and others, of Bruce.

By Mr. Waters—The Petition of the County Council of Middlesex.
The following Petitions were read and received:—
Of the County Council of the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham, praying for certain amendment to the Assessment Act respecting the assessment of the real property of Railways.
Of the Town Council of Peterborough, praying certain amendments to the Liquor License Law with regard to the voting on By-laws
Of District Assembly No. 238, Knights of Labour, Uxbridge; also, of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners; also, of Energy Assembly No. 5742, Knights of Labour, all of Toronto, praying severally for the publication of Assessment Rolls; the enactment of a Workshop's Regulation Act; the appointment of Boards of Arbitration and respecting Employés and labor.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Committee on Private Bills, presented their Ninth Report which was read as follows:—
The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 9), To amend an Act to incorporate Huron College, and report the same without amendment, and recommend that the fees less the actual cost of printing be remitted on the said Bill upon the grounds that the same relates to Educational Institutions.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 105), To incorporate the Town of Gore Bay, Bill (No. 106), To incorporate the Village of Burk's Falls, Bill (No. 67), Respecting the Sinking Fund of the Town of Palmerston, and Bill (No. 35), Respecting the Old Cemetery and the Methodist Cemetery in the Town of Sarnia, and have prepared certain amendments thereto, respectively. They have also amended the preambles to the said Bills No. 67 and 35, respectively, so as to make the same accord with the facts as they appear to the Committee.

The Committee recommend that one-half the fees, less the actual cost of printing be remitted on the said Bill (No. 35), upon the grounds that the said Bill relates to matters in which a Religious Institution is concerned.

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in this, that the time for presenting Reports from the Standing Committee on Private Bills, be extended until, and inclusive of Friday, the 14th day of March, instant.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 9), Huron College, and one-half the fees, less the actual cost of printing, on Bill (No. 35), Sarnia Cemetery.

Ordered, That the time for presenting Reports from the Standing Committee on Private Bills be extended until and inclusive of Friday, the 14th day of March instant.

Mr. Balfour, from the Committee on Printing, presented their Third Report, which was read as follows:—
Your Committee recommend that the following Documents be printed:—
Report on Asylums for the Insane. (Sessional Papers No. 10.)
Report upon Common Gaols. (Sessional Papers No. 11.)
Order as to Surrogate Court Fees. (Sessional Papers No. 44.)
Bursar's Statement of the University of Toronto. (Sessional Papers No. 47.)
Report on the Cultivation of the Sugar Beet. (Sessional Papers No. 48.)
Report of the Dairy and Creamery Association. (Sessional Papers No. 49.)
Report of the Sheep Breeders' Association. (Sessional Papers No. 50.)
Returns of the fees of Registrars, (Sessional Papers No. 51.)
Report of the Minister of Education. (Sessional Papers No. 6.)
Correspondence respecting French Schools. (Sessional Papers No. 53.)
The Committee recommend that the following Documents be not printed:—
Order in Council as to W. H. Spencer. (Sessional Papers No. 45.)
Return as to Registrar of Deeds Office in Toronto. (Sessional Papers No. 46.)
Return of School Boards using the Ballot. (Sessional Papers No. 52.)

Resolved, That this House doth concur in the Third Report of the Committee on Printing.
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 202), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Mackenzie.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 203), intituled, "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Ballantyne.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 204), intituled "An Act to amend the Railway Act of Ontario."—Mr. Phelps.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 205), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Clancy.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 206), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Waters.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 207), intituled "An Act to amend the Railway Act of Ontario."—Mr. Fraser.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 208), intituled "An Act to amend the Partition Act."—Mr. French.  
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 4), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Brampton.
Bill (No. 60), To confer upon the Chatham Water Works Company power to borrow $150,000.
Bill No. 23, To enable the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Chatham, to sell certain lands and for other purposes.
Bill (No. 124), With respect to the Powers of Commissioners for taking Affidavits.
Bill (No. 100), To provide for the purchase of Debentures issued by Counties for Drainage purposes.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 89), Respecting the establishment of Houses of Refuge, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

On motion of Mr. Clarke (Wellington), seconded by Mr. Gibson (Huron),
Ordered, That the Petition for the incorporation of the Arthur, Guelph and Ontario Railway Company reported against by the Committee on Standing Orders on the twenty-fifth day of February last be referred back to the said Committee for further consideration.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 84), To amend the Act respecting Conveyances to Trustees for Burial purposes.  
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 95), To amend The Municipal Act.  
Referred to the Municipal Committee.
Bill (No. 127), To amend The County Courts Act. 
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts Act.

Bill (No. 128), To amend The Mechanics' Lien Act. 
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts Act.

Bill (No. 136), To amend The Municipal Act. 
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 140), To amend The Municipal Act. 
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 143), To amend The Street Railway Act. 
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 144), To amend the Act for the Protection of Game and Fur-bearing Animals. 
Referred to a Select Committee composed as follows:—Messieurs. Balfour, Clancy, Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), Graham, Hardy, Lees, Monk, Morgan, O'Connor, Pacaud, Preston, Sprague, Whitney and Wood (Hastings).

Bill (No. 146), To amend the law respecting Powers of Sale in Mortgages. 
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts Act.

Bill (No. 148), To amend The Municipal Act. 
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 151), To amend the Act respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property. 
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts Act.

Bill (No. 159), To amend the Municipal Act. 
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 164), Respecting Execution against Lands. 
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts Act.

Bill (No. 173), To amend the Act respecting the Property of Religious Institutions. 
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts Act.

Bill (No. 57), To enable the Metropolitan Bishop of the Church of England in the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada to confer certain Degrees in Divinity. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 70), To consolidate the debt of the Township of Wallace. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 51), Respecting the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company of Ontario. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 6), Respecting certain allowances for roads in the Township of Winchester. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.
Bill (No. 5.), to consolidate the debt of the Town of Listowel. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Ordered, That the name of Mr. Garson be added to the Select Committee on Bill 
(No. 75), Surrogate Courts Act, for the purposes of Bill (No. 128), Mechanics' Lien Act, 
only.

On Motion of Mr. Drury, seconded by Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), 
Ordered, That the name of Mr. Ferguson be added to the Select Committee on Bill 
(No. 92), Diseases among Horses.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following 
Bills:—

Bill (No. 2), Respecting By-law No. 77, of the Township of Rat Portage. 
Bill (No. 28), Respecting the First Presbyterian Church at Chatham. 
Bill (No. 8), To confirm certain By-laws of the Town of Peterborough and for other 
purposes.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee 
had directed him to report the several Bills without amendment.

Ordered, That the Bills reported be severally read the third time on Monday next.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 150) To amend the Act 
respecting Landlord and Tenant having been read, 
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the 
Lieutenant Governor:—

Report of the Department of Immigration for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers 
No. 23.)

The House then adjourned at 5.55 p.m.

Monday, 10th March, 1890

3 O'Clock P.M.

Prayers.

Mr. Speaker informed the House, That the Clerk had received from the Judges 
appointed to enquire into and report on Estate Bills, their Report in the following case :

Bill (No. 102), For the appointment of new Trustees of the Settlement of William 
Chaplin.

The Report was read by the Clerk at the Table as follows:—

The undersigned Commissioners to whom has been referred Bill (No. 102), intituled 
"An Act for the appointment of new Trustees of the Settlement of William Chaplin," 
under Rule 62 of the Honourable the Legislative Assembly, beg leave to report that the 
only matter that appears to deserve consideration is whether the extensive powers of
investment proposed by Section 5 of the Bill should be conceded in view of the more limited scope of investment provided for Trustees and Executors in the general Act. R. S. O., c. 110, ss. 29 and 30.

If no special reason exists we think that the powers of investment should be those sanctioned by the general Act.

In other respects the Bill appears to be reasonable.

J. H. BOYD,
THOMAS FERGUSON.

Osgoode Hall,
March 7th, 1890.

To CHARLES T. GILLMOR, ESQ.,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Ordered, That Bill (No. 102), For the appointment of new Trustees of the Settlement of William Chaplin, be referred to the Committee on Private Bills, with instructions to consider the same, with reference to the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills thereon.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—
By Mr. Hardy—The Petition of the County Council of Brant.
By Mr. Leys—The Petition of W. N. Douglas and others, of Toronto.

The following Bill was read the third time and passed:—
Bill (No. 31), To consolidate the Debenture Debt of the County of Middlesex.

The Attorney-General delivered to Mr. Speaker a Message from His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, signed by himself; and the Message was read by Mr. Speaker, and is as follows:—

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

The Lieutenant-Governor transmits Estimates of certain sums required for the service of the Province, until the estimates for the year 1890 are finally passed, and recommends them to the Legislative Assembly.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Toronto, 10th March, 1890.

Ordered, That the Message of His Honour, together with the Estimates accompanying the same be forthwith referred to the Committee of Supply.

The House according to Order, resolved itself into the Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That a sum not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000), be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Civil Government, and for other purposes (as mentioned in the statement accompanying the Message of the Lieutenant-Governor in this House), from the 1st day of January 1890, to the passing of the Appropriation Act for the year 1890, and not exceeding the last day of March, 1890. Such expenditures to be confined to the ordinary necessary payments for the different services to which they respectively relate, and a detailed statement of such expenditure to be laid before the House before the second reading of the Appropriation Act of 1889, and the details of the said several services to be included in the detailed Estimates to
be brought down to this House, as though this resolution had not passed; it being declared that the expenditure under the head of "Public Works and Buildings" shall in all cases, be confined to lapsed appropriations for 1889.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had come to a Resolution; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received forthwith.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again to-morrow.

Mr. Harcourt, from the Committee of Supply, reported a Resolution, which was read as follows:—

Resolved. That a sum not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Civil Government and for other purposes (as mentioned in the Statement accompanying the Message of the Lieutenant-Governor to this House), from the first day of January, 1890, to the passing of the Appropriation Act for the year 1890, and not exceeding the last day of March, 1890. Such expenditures to be confined to the ordinary necessary payments for the different services to which they respectively relate, and a detailed statement of such expenditures to be laid before the House before the second reading of the Appropriation Act of 1889, and the details of the said several services to be included in the detailed Estimates to be brought down to this House, as though this Resolution had not passed; it being declared that the expenditure under the head of "Public Works and Buildings" shall in all cases be confined to lapsed appropriations for 1889.

The Resolution, having been read the second time, was agreed to.

The House, according to Order, resolved itself into the Committee of Ways and Means.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, that there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province a sum not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000), to meet the supply to that extent granted to Her Majesty.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had come to a resolution; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received forthwith.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again to-morrow.

Mr. McLaughlin, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a resolution which was read as follows:—

Resolved, That there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province a sum not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) to meet the Supply to that extent granted to Her Majesty.

The Resolution, having been read the second time, was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Miller, seconded by Mr. Meacham.

Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return showing the amounts received by the Province from the Counties of Lennox and Addington from the sale of Crown Lands, License Fees and Woods and Forests respectively, in each year since Confederation.
The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:

Bill (No. 57), To enable the Metropolitan Bishop of the Church of England in the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada to confer certain Degrees in Divinity.
Bill (No. 5), To consolidate the debt of the Town of Listowel.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills without amendment.

Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time, To-morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:

Bill (No. 41), To amend the Act incorporating the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 63), To enable Charles Northcote to settle certain lands.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 24), To enable William Lawrence and others to lease certain lands.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 9), To amend an Act to incorporate Huron College.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 106), To incorporate the Village of Burk's Falls.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 67), Respecting the Sinking Fund of the Town of Palmerston.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 35), Respecting the old Cemetery and the Methodist Cemetery in the Town of Sarnia.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 112), To amend the Act to impose a Tax on Dogs and for the protection of Sheep.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 92), Contagious diseases of Horses.

Bill (No. 174), To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 152), Respecting Assignments and Preferences by Insolvent Persons.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts.

Bill (No. 175), To amend the Ditches and Water Courses Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 177), To amend the Municipal Water Works Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 179), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.
Bill (No. 183), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill No. (75), Courts Act, for the for the purposes of Bill (No. 152), Assignments and Ordered, That the name of Mr. Smith (York), be added to the Select Committee on Preferences only.

Ordered, That the name of Mr. Wood (Brant), be added to the Committee on Bill (No. 92), Diseases of Horses.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 156), To amend the Assessment Act having been read.
Ordered, That the Order be discharged and that the Bill be withdrawn.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House a Return to an Order of the House of the twenty-eight day of February last for a Statement shewing in detail the amount, if any, paid out by the Crown on behalf of lots 83 and 84 in the 3rd concession southwest Toronto and Sydenham road, being a portion of the Mercer estate; also shewing the amounts received for the sale of the same, and copies of all correspondence relating thereto. (Sessional Papers No. 54).

The House then adjourned at 4.45 p.m.

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Tuesday, 11th March, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Tooley, the Petition of Joseph Roberts and others, of London South.
By Mr. Creighton, three Petitions of the County Council of Grey.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of the City Council of Kingston, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting local improvements.
Of the County Council of Middlesex, praying certain amendments to the Registry Act respecting the fees of Registrars.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Committee on Private Bills, presented their Tenth Report which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 50), to legalize the Municipal Election of the Village of Port Rowan, and report the same without amendment.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 103), Respecting the Town of Walkerton; Bill (No. 54), To incorporate the Town of Walkerville; Bill (No. 37), Respecting the Town of West Toronto Junction, and Bill (No. 64), For the consolidation of the Floating Debt of the Town of Trenton and for other purposes, and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively; they have also amended the preamble to the said Bill (No. 64) so as to make the same accord with the facts as they appear to the Committee.

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in this that the time for introducing Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Thursday, the 13th day of March, instant.

Ordered, That the time for introducing Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Thursday, the 13th day of March, instant.
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—
Bill (No. 209), intituled "An Act to amend The Municipal Act."—Mr. Graham. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 210), intituled "An Act to amend The Assessment Act.—Mr. Dack. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 211), intituled "An Act to amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act." 
—Mr. Fell. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 212), intituled "An Act to amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act." 
—Mr. Clancy. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 213), intituled "An Act to provide means of Extinguishing Forest Fires. 
—Mr. Drury. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—
Bill (No. 61), Respecting the New York Life Insurance Company. 
Bill (No. 2), Respecting By-Law No. 77 of the Township of Rat Portage. 
Bill (No. 28), Respecting the First Presbyterian Church at Chatham. 
Bill (No. 5), To Consolidate the debt of the Town of Listowel. 

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—
Bill (No. 161), To further facilitate proceedings under the Land Titles Act. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 169), To provide for holding Winter Assizes in the County of Carleton. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-morrow.

Bill (No. 181), To amend the Act respecting Private Lunatic Asylums. 
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 89), Respecting the Establishment of Houses of Refuge having been read, 
Mr. Ross (Huron), moved that the Bill be now read the third time. 
Mr. Meredith moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Ingram, That the following words be added to the motion, "but this House regrets that no provision is made by the Bill to confer upon Cities the benefit conferred on other municipalities."
And the Amendment having been put was lost by a division.
The Original Motion, having been then again put was carried and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 126), To provide for the appointment of Junior Judges in Provisional Judicial Districts having been read, 
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same. 
The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed. 
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 99), To improve the Liquor License Law; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the
Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments,

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 71) To Regulate Mining Operations, and, after some time spent therein Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.
resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 139) To provide for the vacating of Certificates of Lis Pendens, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain Amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), seconded by Mr. Drury.
Ordered, That Bill (No. 70), To consolidate the debt of the Township of Wallace be referred back to the Committee on Private Bills for further consideration.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the house by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Copy of an agreement between the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities and H. A. Nelson & Sons, relative to the manufacture of brooms at the Central Prison. Also, of Order in Council approved by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the fifteenth day of June, A.D. 1889, authorizing the said agreement. Also, of agreement between the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities and the Brandon Manufacturing Company, of Toronto (Limited), relative to the manufacture of woodenware at the Central Prison. Also, of Order in Council approved by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the thirty-first day of December, A.D. 1889, authorizing the said agreement. (Sessional Papers No. 42.)

Also—Return to an address to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the twenty-eighth day of February last, praying that he will cause to be laid before this House a Return of a copy of the Order in Council authorizing the erection of the building known as the Biological Building in connection with the University of Toronto. Also of any resolutions, recommendations or memorials from the Senate or Board of Trustees, asking for the appropriation of money for this purpose out of the permanent fund of the University, and of any contract that may have been let for additions to the building not yet completed. (Sessional Papers No. 56.)

Also—Statement of Returns transmitted by Municipal Councils to the office of the Provincial Secretary of the several debts of the corporation as they stood on the 31st day December, 1889, in accordance with the provisions of Section 382, Cap. 184, R.S.O., 1887. (Sessional Papers No. 58.)

Also—Statement of Returns transmitted by Municipal Corporation to the office of the Provincial Secretary of the debentures issued by them up to the 31st day of December, 1889, in accordance with the provisions of Section 5, Cap. 186, R.S.O., 1887. (Sessional Papers No. 59.)
Also—Return to an Order of the House of the twenty-eighth day of February last for a Return specifying the amount of debentures issued on the credit of the permanent fund of the University of Toronto, under the authority of section 5 of chapter 231, R.S.O., the amount realized by the sale of such debentures and the buildings, for the erection or alteration of which the money thus raised has been appropriated, with the estimated cost of the work done, or to be done, on each building. (Sessional Papers No. 55.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the twenty-eighth day of February last for a Return shewing the total attendance of students matriculated and non-matriculated of each sex in University College from 1880 to 1890 inclusive. The number of graduates who had during each of these years lived in the College residence. The number of graduates who retained their rooms in residence during 1888, 1889 and 1890. The receipts and expenditures for the year 1888 and 1889, including list of water, fuel and gas and what proportion of the interior of the building is devoted to residence purposes. (Sessional Papers No. 57.)

The House then adjourned at 10.15 p.m.

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Wednesday, March 12th, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and aid upon the Table:

By Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), The petition of W. N. Ross and others; also, The Petition of C. M. Counsell and others, all of Hamilton.

By Mr. Less, The Petition of the Town Council of Almonte.

By Mr. Clarke (Wellington), The Petition of Edward Smith and others of Rodney.

By Mr. Clancy, The Petition of James Wemp and others; also, The Petition of Peter Crawford and others, all of Dover.

The following Petitions were read and received:

Of the County Council of Brant, praying that no amendments be made to section 114 of the Ontario Insurance Act.

Of W. N. Douglass and others of Toronto, praying certain amendments to the Assessment Act respecting the Assessment of Dwellings.

Mr. Fraser, from the Standing Committee on Railways, presented their Third Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered the following Bills, and have prepared certain amendments thereto, respectively:

Bill (No. 101), Respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company; Bill (No. 69), To amend the Act incorporating the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway Company; and Bill (No. 47), To incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Incline Railway Company (Limited);

The Committee have amended the Preamble to Bill (No. 47) so as to make the same conform with the facts as they appear to the Committee, and have also amended the title to the said Bill, so that it now reads, "An Act to incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Incline Railway";

The Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 104), To incorporate the Toronto Transfer and Warehousing Company, the Bill having been withdrawn by the promoters thereof;
The Committee also recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in this that the time for presenting reports from the Standing Committee on Railways be further extended until and inclusive of Thursday, the 20th day of March, instant.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Standing Committee on Private Bills, presented their Eleventh Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 25), Respecting the City of London, and have prepared certain amendments thereto;

The Committee have further considered Bill (No. 70), To consolidate the debt of the Township of Wallace; referred back to the Committee by the House for their further consideration, and report and have prepared certain further amendments thereto;

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 of the House be further suspended in this that the time for receiving reports from the Standing Committee on Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Thursday, the 20th day of March, instant.

Ordered, That the time for receiving Reports from the Committees on Private Bills and Railways be further extended until and inclusive of Thursday, the 20th day of March, instant.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 104), Toronto Transfer Company.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 214), intituled, "An Act with respect to Fines and costs of Summary Convictions."—The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 215), intituled, "An Act to amend the Act respecting the establishment of Municipal Institutions in the outlying Districts."—Mr. Connee.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 216), intituled, "An Act respecting Contracts of Insurance."—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 217), intituled "An Act respecting the Culling and Measurement of Saw Logs cut upon Crown Lands."—Mr. Hardy.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 218), intituled, "An Act respecting the commitment of Persons of Tender Years."—Mr. Ross (Huron).

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 219), intituled, "An Act respecting the University of Toronto."—Mr. McLaughlin.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 220), intituled, "An Act to Amend the Act to prevent the spread of Noxious Weeds, and diseases affecting Fruit Trees."—Mr. Clancy.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 221), intituled, "An Act to simplify the procedure for Enforcing Mechanics Liens."—The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

The following Bill was read the third time, and passed:—

Bill (No. 85), Relating to the Jurisdiction of Courts of General Sessions of the Peace.
On motion of Mr. Meredith, seconded by Mr. Creighton,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return of a copy of the Judgment pronounced by the Honourable Mr. Justice Robertson, in an action in the High Court of Justice, wherein John J. Gosnell is plaintiff and Isaac Swarthout and others are defendants, and copies of all correspondence between the License Commissioners for the East Riding of the County of Kent, and the Provincial Secretary or any other member or officer of the Government on the subject of the granting of the licenses which were in question in the said action. Also, copies of all minutes of the Commissioners, with regard to the granting of said licenses, and all reports relating thereto.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, seconded by Mr. Creighton,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return showing the lots, townships or other area, in the Electoral District of West Algoma, the timber of which has been old. The dates when the same was sold; the names of the purchasers, and the prices paid. Showing also, what timber berths or other territory in the said district have been placed under license, or in respect of which permits to cut timber have been granted under the authority of the Province; the date when first placed under license, or permits first granted; the names of the original licensee or holder of the permit; the name of the present licensee or holder of the permit and the bonus per square mile received for each such berth or other territory.

The Order of the Day for resuming the Adjourned Debate on the second reading of Bill (No. 80), To provide for the Secrecy of the Ballot at Elections of Members of the Legislative Assembly, having been read,

The Debate was resumed.

And after some time, the Amendment, having been put, was carried on the following division:—

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Allan, Armstrong, Armstrong, Dryden, Evanturel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Graham, Guthrie, Harcourt, Hardy, Leys, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Morvat, Murray, O'Connor, Pacaud, Phelps, Rayside, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Smider, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant)—54.

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Biggar, Blyth, Clancy, Clarke, H.E. (Toronto), Hudson, Craig, Creighton, Cruss, Fell, French, Hamnoll, Hess, Ingram, Kerns, Lees, Marter, Meacham, Meredith, Metcalf, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Ostrom, Preston, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—32.
The Original Motion, as Amended, having been then put was carried on the same Division,
And it was
Ordered, That the Bill be, this day six months, read the second time.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 72), To Amend the Public Lands Act, having been read.
Mr. Creighton moved, that the Bill be now read the second time.
And the Motion having been put, was lost on the following Division:—

YEAS:

Messieurs

Biggar, French, Meacham, Smith (Frontenac),
Blyth, Hammell, Meredith, Stewart,
Clancy, Hess, Metcalf, Tooley,
Clarke, H. E. (Toronto) Hudson, Monk, Whitney,
Craig, Ingram, Morgan, Willoughby,
Creighton, Kerns, Ostrom, Wood (Hastings),
Crusoe, Lees, Preston, Wylie—31.
Fell, Marter,

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Harcourt, Murray,
Armstrong, Dryden, Hardy, O'Connor,
Avery, Evanturel, Leys, Pacaud,
Balfour, Ferguson, Lyon, Phelps,
Ballantyne, Field, McAndrew, Rayside,
Bishop, Fraser, McKay, Robillard,
Bledsoe, Freeman, McLaughlin, Ross (Huron),
Bronson, Garson, McMahon, Ross (Middlesex),
Caldwell, Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Smith (York),
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Snider,
Conn, Gilmour, Master, Sprague,
Dunk, Gould, Miller, Stratton,
Dance, Graham, Morin, Waters,
Davis, Guthrie, Mowat, Wood (Brant)—56.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—
Bill (No. 17), To incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 38), To incorporate the Kent and Lambton Railway Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 52), To incorporate the Dunnville, Attercliffe and Smithville Railway Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 1), To incorporate the Dunnville and Smithville Junction Railway Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 50), To legalize the Municipal election of the Village of Port Rowan.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 103), Respecting the Town of Walkerton.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.
The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:

Bill (No. 66), Respecting the floating debt of the Town of Aylmer.
Bill (No. 45), Respecting the Village of Campbellford.
Bill (No. 62), Respecting the Southern Central Railway Company.
Bill (No. 41), To amend the Act incorporating the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company.
Bill (No. 9), To amend an Act to incorporate Huron College.
Bill (No. 67), Respecting the sinking fund of the Town of Palmerston.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills with certain Amendments.

- The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
  Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time To-Morrow.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Report upon the Hospitals of the Province of Ontario for the year ending 30th September, 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 14.)

Also—Report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 22.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the third day of March instant, for a Return shewing the amount expended in the year 1883, in Killarney, out of the appropriation for colonization roads, with the dates and items, and persons to whom, and purposes for which the moneys were expended. (Sessional Papers No. 60.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of twenty-eight day of February last for a Return respecting the claim of John Eden, of Aylmer, for work done in digging wells by direction of Coroner McLay in connection with the enquiry made by him as to the death of one Gilford Williams, who was supposed to have been murdered, and for a statement in detail of all expenditure incurred in connection with the said enquiry, shewing the persons to whom any moneys were paid, and the dates when and the purposes for which the same were paid or expended. (Sessional Papers No. 61.)

The House then adjourned at 11.55 p.m.

Thursday, 13th March, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petition was brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. Clarke (Wellington), The Petition of A. R. Coleman and others, of Jarvis.

The following Petitions were read and received:

Of Joseph Roberts and others, of London South, praying that the Bill before the House respecting the City of London may not pass.
Of the County Council of Grey, praying consideration by the House of certain proposed amendments to the Municipal and Assessment Acts.
Of the County Council of Grey, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting the financial year.
Of the County Council of Grey, praying certain amendments to the Voters Lists Act in the direction of an additional printed column.

Mr. Drury, from the Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 92), to make further provision for preventing the spread of contagious diseases among horses, and other Bills, presented their Report which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered the following Bills and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively: Bill (No. 92), To make further provision for preventing the spread of Contagious diseases among Horses, and Bill (No. 155), For the suppression of Foul Brood among Bees.

Mr. Hardy, from the Standing Committee on Municipal matters presented their First Report, which was read as follows:—

Your Committee beg to recommend that twenty-five copies of the Municipal Manual be procured for the use of the members of the Municipal Committee, and that the same be retained by the Librarian for such purpose.

Resolved, That this House doth concur in the First Report of the Committee on Municipal matters.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Committee on Private Bills, presented their Twelfth Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 107), Respecting the Sarnia Gas Company; Bill (No. 22), Respecting the Municipality of Shuniah; and Bill (No. 48), To incorporate the Town of North Bay; and have prepared certain amendments thereto, respectively. The Committee have also amended the Preamble to Bill (No. 107), so as to make the same accord with the facts as they appear to the Committee.

Mr. O'Connor, from the Committee on Standing Orders, presented their Twenty-Second and Twenty-Third Reports, which were read as follows:

The Committee have had before them the Petition of the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company, praying that an Act may pass to amend their Charter, referred back to them with instructions “to consider and report the notices as given and published sufficient, and, in compliance with said instructions, find the notices as given and published sufficient.

The Committee have had before them the Petition of Edward Allan and others of Arthur, praying that an Act may pass to incorporate the Arthur, Guelph and Ontario Railway Company, referred back to the Committee “for further consideration.” The Committee find that notice was published the proper length of time in the Ontario Gazette, and in the Guelph Weekly Herald, a newspaper published in the County of Wellington, that said notice also appeared in the Hamilton Weekly Times of date March 6th, and in the Hamilton Evening Times of dates February 22nd, March 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 7th, 8th, 10th, and the Committee are informed that said notice has been continued in said papers since original publication as above. Copies of the St. Catharines Evening Journal containing said notice, and of dates March 7th, 8th and 10th are also filed before the Committee. The Committee have also had filed before them declaration of service of copy of notice on the County Clerk of the County of Wentworth, said declaration also stating that at present there is no Warden duly elected for the said County of Wentworth, also an affidavit of service of a copy of the notice on the Warden and County Clerk of the County of Halton, also an affidavit of service of a copy of the notice on the Warden and County Clerk of the County of Lincoln; also a declaration of service of a
copy of the notice on the Reeves of the Townships of West Flamboro', East Flamboro', Ancaster, Barton and Saltfleet in the County of Wentworth, and on the Reeve of the Township of Grimsby in the County of Lincoln. In view of the foregoing publications and notices served, the Committee consider that all parties interested have had an opportunity of becoming aware of the proposed legislation, and would recommend the suspension of the Rule in this case.

The following Bills were severally introduced, and read the first time:

Bill (No. 222), intituled "An Act to amend the General Road Companies' Act."—Mr. McKay.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 49), intituled "An Act to incorporate the Arthur, Guelph and Ontario Railway Company."—Mr. Clarke (Wellington).
Referred to the Committee on Railways.

Bill (No. 53), intituled "An Act respecting the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company."—Mr. Wood (Hastings).
Referred to the Committee on Railways.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 45), Respecting the Village of Campbellford.
Bill (No. 62), Respecting the Southern Central Railway Company.
Bill (No. 41), To amend the Act incorporating the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company.
Bill (No. 126), To provide for the appointment of Junior Judges and Deputy Judges in Provisional Judicial Districts.

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Fraser
Resolved, That Government Orders may be taken on Mondays, beginning on Monday next, after other Orders of the Day are disposed of, and that Government Orders shall have precedence thereafter, on every day, over all other business except Private Bills, commencing with the week after next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 130), Respecting Aid to the Toronto University, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 132), To amend the General Mining Act, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 161), To further facilitate proceedings under the Land Titles Act, and, after some time spent therein,
Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 169), To provide for holding Winter Assizes in the County of Carleton, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 181), To amend the Act respecting Private Lunatic Asylums, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 119), To amend the Election Act, as to the Secrecy of Voting.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 182), To amend the Ontario Insurance Act.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 185), Respecting the profession of Architects.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 207), To amend the Railway Act of Ontario.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the House to again resolve itself into the Committee of Supply having been read,

Mr. Ross (Huron), moved, That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair.

Mr. Marter moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Clancy.

That all the words of the Motion after the word "That" be struck out and the following substituted "it appears by the papers brought down to this House that William H. Spencer was by Commission, under the Great Seal of the Province dated the thirteenth day of September, 1839, appointed to be Police Magistrate for the District of Parry Sound and part of the District of Muskoka; that no Order in Council authorizing the issuing of the said Commission has been brought down, and the said Commission appears to have been issued without any Order in Council having been passed, but by an Order in Council approved the twenty-ninth day of November, 1889, it was assumed to attach to the said office a salary of $400 per annum with an allowance of $100 for travelling expenses, such salary and allowance to date from the twenty-sixth day of July previous, that in the opinion of this House the said appointment, having regard to the fact that in an addition to a District Judge for the said two Districts, each of them is provided with a Stipendiary Magistrate, was wholly unnecessary and improper, and the attaching of a salary to the office was in direct violation of the Statute under which the appointment was made, which requires that appointees under it shall hold office without salary, unless where the Legislature or the County Council or other Municipal Council shall see fit to appropriate or pay a salary, and no such appropriation has been made or action taken."
And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Blyth, Hammell, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac),
Clancy, Hess, Metcalf, Stewart,
Clarke, H.E. (Toronto) Hudson, Miller, Tooley,
Craig, Ingram, Monk, Whitney,
Creighton, Kerns, Morgan, Willoughby,
Crue, Lees, Ostrom, Wood (Hastings)
Fell, Marter, Preston, Wylie—31.
French, Meacham, Rorke,

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Guthrie, O'Connor,
Armstrong, Dryden, Harcourt, Pacaud,
Avery, Evanturel, Hardy, Phelps,
Balfour, Ferguson, Leys, Raysia,
Ballantyne, Field, Lyon, Robillard,
Bishop, Fraser, McKay, Ross (Huron),
Bleazard, Freeman, McLaughlin, Ross (Middlesex),
Bronson, Garson, McMahon, Smith (York),
Caldwell, Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Snider,
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Syracuse,
Coomee, Gilmour, Master, Stratton,
Dack, Gould, Mowat, Waters,
Dance, Graham, Murray, Wood (Brant)—53.

The Original Motion having been then put, was carried, and the House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee.
And after some time spent therein,
And the House having continued to sit until Twelve of the clock, midnight.

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**FRIDAY, 14th March, 1890.**

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again at the next sittings of the House To-day.

The House then adjourned at 12.15 a.m.
Friday, 14th March, 1890.

3 o'clock, P. M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Mackenzie, The Petition of Donald Lamont and others, of Sarnia.
By Mr. Metcalfe, The Petition of the Catarqui Bridge Company.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of C. M. Counsell and others, of Hamilton, protesting against the exemption of income and personal property from taxation.
Of W. N. Ross and others, of Hamilton, praying certain amendments to the Game Law respecting Spring Shooting.
Of Edward Smith and others, of Rodney; also, of Peter Crawford and others; also, of James Wemp and others, all of Dover, severally praying for certain amendments to the Game Law respecting the protection of Quail.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Standing Committee on Private Bills, presented their Thirteenth Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 108), To enable the City of Brantford to issue certain debentures for Drainage, Water, School and Park purposes, and have prepared certain amendments thereto.
The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 102), For the appointment of new trustees of the Settlement of William Chaplin, and have prepared certain amendments thereto so as to conform with the suggestions of the Commissioners of Estate Bills.
The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 42), Respecting the Municipality of Neebing and the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway Company, and Bill (No. 65), Respecting the Municipality of Neebing, and report Bill (No. 42), intituled "An Act Respecting certain Railway By-laws of the Municipality of Neebing," which Bill contains such provisions of Bills Nos. 46 and 65 with amendments as the Committee consider necessary.

Your Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on the said Bill (No. 65).

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 65), Neebing.

Mr. Graham, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Bill (No. 131), To prevent the sale of Milk and Meat from Animals affected with Tuberculosis, presented their report which was read as follows:—
The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 131), To prevent the sale of Milk and Meat from Animals affected with Tuberculosis referred to them by Your Honourable House and have prepared certain amendments thereto.

Mr. Hardy, from the Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 115), To amend the Timber Slide Companies Act, presented their report; which was read as follows:—
The Committee have carefully considered the Bill (No. 115), To amend the Timber Slide Companies' Act, and have prepared certain amendments thereto.
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill No. (223), intituled "An Act respecting the Language of Instruction in the Public and Separate Schools."—Mr. Craig.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 224), intituled "An Act to amend the Ontario Tree Planting Act."—Mr. Freeman.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 225), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Chisholm.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 226), intituled "An Act to amend the Act to Regulate Travelling on Public Highways and Bridges."—Mr. Metcalfe.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 227), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. Ingram.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 228), intituled "An Act to vest certain portions of the former St. Catharines, Thorold and Niagara Falls Road, in the Town of Niagara Falls and Township of Stamford."—The Attorney General.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:

Bill (No. 67), Respecting the Sinking Fund of the Town of Palmerston.
Bill No. 161, To further facilitate proceedings under the Land Titles Act.
Bill (No. 169), To provide for holding winter assizes in the County of Carleton.

Mr. Marter moved, seconded by Mr. Lees,
That, in the opinion of the House, it is expedient that the Government should take into consideration the propriety of further increasing the grants to the Poor Schools; and also, a change in the mode of distributing the legislative school grant so far as it may affect thinly and sparsely settled districts.
And a Debate having arisen,
The motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

Mr. Graham moved, seconded by Mr. Bishop,
That, in the opinion of this House, the work at present performed by the Agricultural and Arts Association properly belongs to the Department of Agriculture under the directions of a responsible Minister of the Government, and since the grant for holding a Provincial Exhibition has been withdrawn, it is undesirable after the current year to continue the grant of six thousand dollars to said Association.
And a Debate having arisen,
The motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by Command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Also—Report of the Inspector of Registry Offices for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 63).

The House then adjourned at 6:30 p.m.
Monday, 17th March, 1890. 3 o'clock P. M.

Prayers.
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—
Bill (No. 229), intituled “An Act to amend the Timber Slides Companies Act.”—
Mr. Hardy.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 230), intituled “An Act to amend the Municipal Act.”—Mr. Freeman.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 231), intituled “An Act to amend the Municipal Act.”—Mr. Dance.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

The following Bill was read the third time and passed:—
Bill (No. 66), Respecting the floating debt of the Town of Aylmer.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:—
Bill (No. 51), Respecting the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company of Ontario.
Bill (No. 24), To enable William Lawrence and others to lease certain lands.
Bill (No. 106), To incorporate the Village of Burk's Falls.
Bill (No. 50), To legalize the Municipal Election of the Village of Port Rowan.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several bills with certain amendments.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bills reported be severally read the third time To-Morrow.

The following bills were severally read the second time:—
Bill (No. 13), To incorporate the Sault Ste. Marie and Hudson Bay Railway Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 54), To incorporate the Town of Walkerville.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 25), Respecting the City of London.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 101), Respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 69), To amend the Act incorporating the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 47), To incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Incline Railway Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.
Bill (No. 108), To enable the City of Brantford to issue Debentures for drainage, Water, School and Park purposes.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 102). For the appointment of new Trustees of the settlement of William Chaplin.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 133), Respecting the Inspection of Boilers and Examination of Engineers.
Referred to a Select Committee composed of Messieurs Balfour, Bronson, Clarke, E.F. (Toronto), Davis, French, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Guthrie, Hess, Hudson, Ingram, Lees, Mack, Phelps, Waters and Wood (Brant), and that five members shall be a quorum thereof.

Bill (No. 98), To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 114), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 147), To amend the Act respecting Snow Fences.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 157), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (158), To amend the Division Courts Act.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts.

Bill (No. 166), To amend the Act for the protection of Game and Furbearing Animals.
Referred to a Select Committee composed as follows:—Messieurs Balfour, Clancy, Clarke (Wellington), Cruess, Fraser, Gibson (Hamilton), Guthrie, Harcourt, Hudson, Leys, Morgan, Morin, Phelps, Preston, Sprague, Whitney, Willoughby and Wood (Brant).
The Quorum of the said Committee to consist of seven members.

Bill (No. 109), To amend the Registry Act.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts Act.

Bill (No. 176), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 188), To amend the Act respecting Arbitrations and References.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 189), To amend the Act to prevent the spread of Noxious Weeds, and of diseases affecting Fruit Trees.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 92), Diseases of Horses.

Bill (No. 191), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 192, To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.
Bill (No. 194), To amend the Act to authorize and regulate the use of Traction Engines on Highways.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 198), To amend the Municipal Act
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 145), To amend the Act respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property, having been read.
Mr. Meacham moved, That the Bill be now read the second time.
And the motion, having been put, was lost on a division.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 163), To amend the Manhood Suffrage Act having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 168), To amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act, having been read.
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 204), To amend the Railway Act of Ontario, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by Command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:
Supplementary Return to an Address to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the nineteenth day of February last, praying that he will cause to be laid before this House, a copy of the Order in Council appointing W. H. Spencer Police Magistrate for parts of the Districts of Muskoka and Parry Sound, and fixing his salary or emolument, and of the Commissiion issued to him as such Police Magistrate. (Sessional Papers No. 45).

The House then adjourned at 6.15 p.m.

Tuesday, 18th March, 1890.
3 o'clock, P. M.

Prayers

The following Petitions were read and received:

Of A. R. Coleman and others, of Jarvis, praying certain amendments to the Game Law respecting the protection of Quail.
Of Donald Lamont and others, of Sarnia, praying that money be borrowed from capitalists and lent to farmers at a low rate of interest.
Of the Cataroraqui Road Company, praying certain amendments to the Act relating to travelling on Public Highways.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Committee on Private Bills, presented their Fourteenth Report which was read as follows:

The Committee recommend that Rule No. 51 be further extended in this that the time for presenting reports from the Committee on Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Friday the 21st day of March instant.
Ordered, That the time for presenting reports from the Committee on Private Bills be further extended until and inclusive of Friday the 21st day of March instant.

Mr. Dryden, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Bill (No. 112), To amend the Act to impose a Tax on Dogs, and for the protection of Sheep, presented their Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully examined the Bill to them referred and have prepared certain amendments thereto.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 282), intituled "An Act to amend the Assessment Act."—Mr. McKay.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 233), intituled "An Act to amend the Act to Secure to Wives and Child. ren the benefit of Life Insurance."—Mr. Bishop.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

Bill (No. 234), intituled "An Act to amend the Separate Schools Act."—Mr. Clancy.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

On motion of Mr. McLaughlin, seconded by Mr. Gibson (Huron), Ordered, That Bill (No. 19), Respecting the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company be referred back to the Standing Committee on Railways to re-consider so much of the preamble and provisions thereof as relate solely to the stock and bonds of the Company and to the proposed new issue thereof.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:

Bill (No. 106), To incorporate the Village of Burks' Falls.
Bill (No. 50), To legalize the Municipal Election of the Village of Port Rowan.
Bill (No. 181), To amend the Act respecting Private Lunatic Asylums.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 134), To provide for security for costs in certain actions against Justices of the Peace, having been read.

The Attorney General moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Wood (Hastings) moved, seconded by Mr. Hudson,
That all the words of the motion after the word "That" be omitted and the following substituted therefor "this House being of opinion that the existing law affords all reasonable protection to Magistrates from vexatious proceedings, it is not expedient that the Bill should become law."

And the amendment having been put was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Biggar, Hudson, Metcalf, Smith (Frontenac),
Clancy, Ingram, Miller, Stewart,
Clarke, H.E. (Toronto), Kern, Monk, Tooley,
Craig, Lees, Morgan, Whitney,
Craighton, Marter, Ostrom, Willoughby,
Crues, Meacham, Preston, Wood (Hastings),
Fell, Meredith, Rorke, Wylie.—29.
NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Davis, Guthrie, Pacaud,
Armstrong, Drury, Harcourt, Phelps,
Avery, Dryden, Hardy, Rayside,
Balfour, Eventurel, Lyon, Robillard.
Bishop, Ferguson, McKay, Ross (Huron),
Blezard, Field, McLaughlin, Ross (Middlesex),
Bronson, Fraser, McMahon, Smith (York),
Caldwell, Freeman, Mack, Snider,
Chisholm, Garson, Mackenzie, Sprague,
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton) Master, Stratton,
Conner, Gibson (Huron), Morin, Waters,
Dack, Gilmour, Morovat, Wood (Brant)—51.
Dance, Graham, Murray,

The Original Motion, having been then again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The House again resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 71), To regulate Mining Operations, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 92), To amend the Act to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among Horses and other Domestic Animals, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 155), For the suppression of Foul Brood among Bees, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 182), To amend the Ontario Insurance Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 185), Respecting the Profession of Architects, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-Morrow.
The following Bills were severally read the second time:

Bill (No. 213), To provide means of Extinguishing Forest Fires.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 216), Respecting Contracts of Insurance.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 218), Respecting the Commitment of Persons of Tender Years.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 221), To simplify the procedure for enforcing Mechanics' Liens.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the House to again resolve itself into the Committee of Supply having been read,
Mr. Ross (Huron), moved, That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair.

Mr. Creighton moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Meredith,
That all the words in the motion after the word "That" be struck out, and the following substituted, "the revenues of the Province being to a large extent derived from its timber, the supply of which is rapidly decreasing, the public interests demand that greater care should be taken for the preservation of it, and that it should be provided by law, that no additional territory shall be placed under license without the consent of the peoples representatives in this House."

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Biggar, Blyth, Clancy, Clarke, H.E.(Toronto), Hudson, Craig, Creighton, Cruess, Fell, French, Hammell, Hess, Ingram, Kerns, Less, Marter, Meacham, Meredith, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Ostrom, Preston, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie.

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Armstrong, Avery, Baljourn, Ballantyne, Bishop, Blesard, Bronson, Caldwell, Chiaholm, Clarke (Wellington), Connée, Dack, Dance, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Easturel, Field, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Graham, Guthrie, Harcourt, Hardy, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Mowat, Murray, O'Connor, Pacaud, Phelps, Rayside, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant).

The Original Motion having been then put, was carried, and the House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee.
Resolved, That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the services of the year 1890, the following sums:

5. To defray the expenses of the Crown Lands Department ........................... $48,950 00
11. To defray the expenses of the Provincial Secretary's Department ................................................................. $27,610 00
26. To defray the expenses of the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto ................................. $23,310 00
27. To defray the expenses of the Normal School, Ottawa ......................................................... $20,940 00
28. To defray the expenses of the Museum and Library ......................................................... $5,260 00
29. To defray the expenses of the School of Practical Science ......................................................... $9,574 00
30. To defray the expenses of Mechanics' Institutes, Art Schools, etc ................................. $43,200 00
31. To defray Miscellaneous Expenses of Education ......................................................... $2,500 00
32. To defray the expenses of Superannuated Teachers ......................................................... $59,800 00
36. To defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane, Kingston ......................................................... $90,693 00
37. To defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton ......................................................... $131,257 00
38. To defray the expenses of the Asylum for Idiots, Orillia ......................................................... $47,657 00
40. To defray the expenses of the Reformatory for boys, Penetanguishene ......................................................... $41,850 00
41. To defray the expenses of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville ......................................................... $42,427 16
42. To defray the expenses of the Institution for the Blind, Brantford ......................................................... $35,901 00
43. To defray the expenses of the Andrew Mercer Reformatory, Toronto ......................................................... $31,676 00
44. To defray the expenses of Immigration ......................................................... $5,800 00

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to several Resolutions; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again. Ordered, That the Report be received To-Morrow.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-Morrow.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Bursars' Statement of Cash Transactions for the year ending 30th June, 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 16.)

The House then adjourned at 11.40 p.m.
Wednesday, 19th March, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—

By Mr. Stratton, The Petition of the Lakfield Gun Clubs and Game Association; also Four Petitions of Assembly No. 6952, Knights of Labour, Peterborough.

By Mr. Harcourt, The Petition of G. A. McCallum and others of Dunnville.

By Mr. Guthrie, The Petition of A. C. Chadwick and others; also the Petition of G. A. Richardson and others, all of Guelph.

By Mr. Sprague, The Petition of David Moran and others, of Sophiasburg.

By Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto), The Joint Petition of the Canadian Institute, the City Council of Toronto, the Toronto Board of Trade and the Toronto Harbour Commissioners.

By Mr. Clancy, The Petition of John Mercer and others, of Chatham.

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), from the Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 144), To amend the Act for the protection of Game and Fur-bearing animals, presented their Report which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered the Bill to them referred, and have prepared certain amendments thereto.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 235), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Snow Fences."—

Mr. Master.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 236), intituled "An Act to amend the Registry Act"—Mr. Gibson (Hamilton).

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 57), To enable the Metropolitan Bishop of the Church of England in the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada to confer certain Degrees in Divinity.

Bill (No. 9), To amend an Act to incorporate Huron College.

Bill (No. 132), To amend the General Mining Act.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:—

Bill (No. 6), Respecting certain allowances for roads in the Township of Winchester.

Bill (No. 35), Respecting the old Cemetery and the Methodist Cemetery in the Town of Sarnia.

Bill (No. 70), To consolidate the debt of the Township of Wallace.

Bill (No. 103), Respecting the Town of Walkerton.

Bill (No. 25), Respecting the City of London.

Bill (No. 108), To enable the City of Brantford to issue debentures for Drainage, Water, School and Park purposes.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills with certain amendments.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time To-Morrow.

8 (J.)
The following Bills were severally read the second time:

Bill (No. 29), To incorporate the Aylmer and Port Burwell Railway Company of Canada.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 105), To incorporate the Town of Gore Bay.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 37), Respecting the Town of West Toronto Junction.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 64), For the consolidation of the floating debt of Trenton and for other purposes.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 107), Respecting the Sarnia Gas Company.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

On motion of Mr. Preston, seconded by Mr. Wood (Hastings),
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return of copies of all correspondence on the subject of preparing or publishing school text books, with a statement of all sums paid in connection with the preparation or publication of school text books, subsequent to that already brought down, with the award of the arbitrators thereon.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant Governor:

Return to an Order of the House of the fifth day of February last for a Return giving the dates, number of acres, location or other description of each Free Grant made since the first day of July, 1857, under the authority of section thirteen of "The Public Lands Act," or the like section in force from time to time, with the names of the persons or corporations to whom each of these grants were made, with the purposes for which they were made. Also, all correspondence respecting these grants or any other grants applied for under the said section during the said period. (Sessional Papers No. 64.)

The House then adjourned at 11.50 p.m.

Thursday, 20th March, 1890.
3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petition was brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. E. F. Clarke, (Toronto), The Petition of H. M. Moody and others, of Toronto.

Mr. Hardy from Committee on Municipal Laws presented their Second Report which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 91), To amend the Act to regulate travelling on Public Highways and Bridges, and report the Bill without amendment.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 96), To amend the Act to authorize the appointment of Fire Guardians, and for the better prevention of Bush Fires, aid have prepared certain amendments thereto.
The Committee have also considered Bills (No. 78) and (No. 177), To amend the Municipal Waterworks Act, and have embodied the Bills and amendments thereto, as approved of by the Committee into one Bill, which they report as Bill (No. 78), To amend the Municipal Waterworks Act.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—
Bill (No. 237), intituled "An Act to amend the General Road Companies Act.—
Mr. Phelps.
Ordered. That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 238), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting the representation of the people in the Legislative Assembly."—Mr. E. F. Clarke (Toronto).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 239), intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Local Improvement clauses of the Municipal Law."—Mr. Hardy.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House, by command of His Honour the Lieutenant Governor:—

Report upon the Houses of Refuge and Orphan and Magdalen Asylums. (Sessional Papers No. 15).

Also—Report of the Commissioners for Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 65.)

Also—Correspondence relative to the Accounts between the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec and the Dominion of Canada. (Sessional Papers No. 66.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the twenty-eighth day of February last for a Return shewing the number of Counties in the Province of Ontario, in which the Temperance Act of 1878 was in force on the first day of May, 1885. The number of County Councils to which it was submitted, prior to the first day of May, 1887, a Resolution affirming the expediency of the appointment of a salaried Police Magistrate, in compliance with 48 Vic., Cap. 17, Sec. 1. The names of the Counties in which such resolution was carried. The names of the Counties in which such resolution was lost. Also, number of Counties in which Police Magistrates were appointed under 50 Vic., Cap. 111, Sec. 1. (Sessional Papers No. 67).

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—
Bill (No. 130), Respecting Aid to the Toronto University.
Bill (No. 24), To enable William Lawrence and others, to lease certain lands.
Bill (No. 6), Respecting certain allowances for roads in the Township of Winchester.
Bill (No. 35), Respecting the old Cemetery and the Methodist Cemetery in the Town of Sarnia.
Bill (No. 70), To consolidate the Debt of the Township of Wallace.

Mr. Ross (Huron), moved, seconded by Mr. Hardy,
That this House doth ratify an agreement laid before this House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, bearing date on the first day of August, A.D. 1889, expressed to be made between "The Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities" and H. A. Nelson & Sons, relative to the manufacture of brooms, etc., for the said H. A. Nelson, by the prisoners confined in the Central Prison.
And the Motion, having been put, was carried on a division and it was

Resolved, That this House doth ratify an agreement laid before this House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, bearing date on the first day of August, 1889, expressed to be made between "The Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities" and H. A. Nelson & Sons, relative to the manufacture of brooms, etc., for the said H. A. Nelson, by the prisoners confined in the Central Prison.

Mr. Ross (Huron), moved, seconded by Mr. Hardy,

That this House doth ratify an agreement laid before this House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, bearing date on the 31st day of December, A.D. 1889, expressed to be made between "The Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities" and the Brandon Manufacturing Company of Toronto (Limited), for the manufacture of Woodenware at the Central Prison by prison labour.

And the Motion, having been put, was carried on a division, and it was

Resolved, That this House doth ratify an agreement laid before this House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, bearing date on the 31st day of December, A.D. 1889, expressed to be made between "The Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities" and the Brandon Manufacturing Company of Toronto (Limited), for the manufacture of Woodenware at the Central Prison by prison labour.

The House again resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 71), To regulate Mining Operations, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House again resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 183), Respecting the Profession of Architects, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 213), To provide means of Extinguishing Forest Fires, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 216), Respecting Contracts of Insurance, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 218), Respecting the Commitment of Persons of Tender Years, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.
The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 119), To amend the Election Act as to the Secrecy of Voting, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider Bill (No. 121), To further amend the Act to secure to Wives and Children the benefit of Life Insurance, having been read,

Ordered, That Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 117), Respecting the Culling and Measurement of Saw Logs on Crown Lands.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 228), To vest certain portions of the St. Catharines, Thorold and Niagara Falls Road, in the Town of Niagara Falls and the Township of Stamford.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 214), With respect to Fines and Costs of Summary Convictions.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 229), To amend the Timber Slides Companies’ Act.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

The House then adjourned at 10.50 p.m.

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Friday, 21st March, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

By Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), The Petition of A. Malloch and others; also, the Petition of H. T. Bunbury and others, all of Hamilton.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of the Canadian Institute, the City Council of Toronto, the Toronto Board of Trade and the Toronto Harbour Commission and others of Toronto, praying that Standard Time be sanctioned by law.

Of George A. Richardson and others; also of A. C. Chadwick and others, all of Guelph; also of G. A. McCallum and others of Dunnville; also, of John Mercer and others of Chatham, severally praying that no change be made in the Game Law respecting the Close Season.

Of the Lakefield Gun Club, praying certain amendments to the Game Law, respecting the Shooting of Deer.

Of David Moran and others of Sophiasburg, praying certain amendments to the Game Law, in the direction of giving Municipal Councils power to pass by-laws limiting the number of days for sporting.
Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), from the Standing Committee on Private Bills, presented their Sixteenth Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 14), Respecting the Toronto Street Railway Company; Bill (No. 46), Respecting the City of Toronto, and Bill (No. 68), To amend the Act relating to the Land Security Company, and have prepared certain amendments thereto, respectively.

Mr. Fraser, from the Standing Committee on Railways, presented their Fourth Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered the following Bills, and have prepared certain amendments thereto, respectively: Bill (No. 53), Respecting the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company, and Bill (No. 49), To Incorporate the Arthur, Guelph and Ontario Railway Company.

The Committee have also amended the Preamble to Bill (No. 49), so as to make the same conform with the facts as they appear to your Committee.

The Committee have also reconsidered Bill (No. 19), Respecting the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company, referred back to the Committee, with instructions to reconsider the same, and have prepared certain amendments thereto.

Your Committee recommend that the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 20), To Incorporate the Romney and St. Clair Tramway Company, the Bill having been withdrawn by the promoters thereof.

Ordered, That the fees, less the actual cost of printing, be remitted on Bill (No. 20), Romney Tramway.

Mr. Hardy, from the Standing Committee on Municipal Law, presented their Third Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 74), To amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act, and have prepared certain amendments thereto, and have also amended the title of the Bill, which now reads, “An Act to amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act, as applied to Railways.”

The Committee have also carefully considered Bill (No. 84), To amend the Act Respecting Conveyances to Trustees for Burial Grounds, and have prepared certain amendments thereto.

Mr. Balfour, from the Standing Committee on Printing presented their Fourth Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee recommend that the following documents be printed:—

Report of the Inspector upon the Hospitals of Ontario. (Sessional Papers No. 14.)
Bursar's Statement of Upper Canada College. (Sessional Papers No. 16.)
Report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. (Sessional Papers No. 22.)
Report of Immigration. (Sessional Papers No. 23.)
Return as to Tax on Dogs. (Sessional Papers No. 27.)
Agreement between Inspector of Prisons and H. A. Nelson & Sons. (Sessional Papers No. 42.)
Return of the Order in Council as to W. H. Spencer. (Sessional Papers No. 45.)
Debentures issued on the credit of the University of Toronto. (Sessional Papers No. 55.)
Return of the Order in Council as to the Biological Building. (Sessional Papers No. 66.)
Return of Students in University College. (Sessional Papers No. 57.)
Report of the Inspector of Division Courts. (Session Papers No. 62.)
Report of the Inspector of Registry Office. (Sessional Papers No. 63.)
Return of Free Grants. (Sessional Papers No. 64.)
The Committee recommend that the following Documents be not printed:—

Statement of the Mercer Estate. (Sessional Papers No. 54.)
Return by Municipal Councils of their debts. (Sessional Papers No. 58.)
Return by Municipal Corporations of Debentures issued. (Sessional Papers No. 59.)
Return respecting John Eden. (Sessional Papers No. 61.)

Resolved, That this House doth concur in the Fourth Report of the Committee on Printing.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 240), intituled "An Act to amend the Municipal Act."—Mr. Meacham.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 241), intituled "An Act to amend the Street Railway Act."—Mr. Fraser.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 242), intituled "An Act respecting the expenses of County Court Judges under the Ditches and Watercourses Act."—Mr. Hardy.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

The following Bills were read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 218), Respecting the Commitment of Persons of Tender Years.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 8), To confirm certain By-Laws of the Town of Peterborough, and for other purposes having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, that the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 155), For the suppression of Foul Brood among Bees having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

Mr. Garson moved, seconded by Mr. Lyon.—That, in the opinion of this House the time has arrived when the Government should seriously consider the advisability of furnishing school books free to the pupils in the Common Schools in the Province.

And a debate having arisen, the Motion was, by leave of the House withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. McMahon, seconded by Mr. Ballantyne,
Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor praying that he will cause to be laid before this house a return of copies of any correspondence between the Ontario and Dominion Governments, or between the former and any Corporation or person, relating to the ownership, sale or, lease of the Dundas and Waterloo macadamized road, together with copies of any papers in the possession of the Government relating thereto, subsequent to that already brought down in the year 1886.
On motion of Mr. Balfour, seconded by Mr. Bishop,
Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor praying that he will cause to be laid before this House, copies of any Papers, memorials or petitions addressed to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, or to any member of the Government, since the late partial destruction of the Provincial University building, for or against the maintenance of a residence in connection with that institution.

On motion of Mr. Harcourt, seconded by Mr. Balfour,
Resolved, That an humble Address be presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor praying that he will cause to be laid before this House a copy of a Petition presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor from the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Cayuga, relating to the Grand River Navigation Company. Also for a copy of all correspondence relating thereto.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 131), To prevent the sale of Milk and Meat from animals affected with Tuberculosis, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment,

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 115), To amend the TimberSlides Companies Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment,

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 112), To amend the Act to impose a tax on Dogs, and for the Protection of Sheep, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill, with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 110), To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 165), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 197), To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 199), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 200), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 201), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 202), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 203), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.
Bill (No. 205), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 206), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 209), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 210), To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 215), To amend the Act respecting the Establishment of Municipal Institutions in the Outlying Districts.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 219), Respecting the University of Toronto.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 222), To amend the General Road Company's Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 225), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 226), To amend the Act to regulate travelling on Public Highways and Bridges.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 227), To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 230), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 231), To amend the Municipal Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 232), To amend the Assessment Act.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 235), To amend the Act respecting Snow Fences.
Referred to the Municipal Committee.

Bill (No. 208), To amend the Partition Act.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 75), Surrogate Courts.

Bill (No. 220), To amend the Act to prevent the spread of Noxious Weeds and diseases affecting Fruit Trees.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 92), Diseases of Horses.

Bill (No. 224), To amend the Ontario Tree Planting Act.
Referred to the same Select Committee to which was referred Bill (No. 92), Diseases of Horses.

The House then adjourned at 6.15 p.m.
Monday, 24th March, 1890. 3 O’Clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the table:—

By Mr. Clarke (Wellington), The Petition of Joseph Kilgour and others of Toronto; also, The Petition of John A. Bain and others of Woodstock; also, The Petition of D. J. Craig and others of Ailsa Craig.

Mr. Fraser, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Bill (No. 75), To amend the Surrogate Courts’ Act and various other Bills present their Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered the following Bills and have prepared certain amendments thereto respectively:—Bill (No. 152), To amend the Act respecting Assignments and Preferences by Insolvent Persons; Bill (No. 109), To amend the Registry Act; Bill (No. 127), To amend the County Courts’ Act; Bill (No. 158), To amend the Division Courts’ Act; Bill (No. 146), To amend the Law respecting Powers of Sale in Mortgages; and Bill (No. 82), intituled “An Act to amend the Registry Act.”

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 208), To amend the Partition Act, and report the Bill without amendment.

Mr. Hardy, from the Standing Committee on Municipal Laws presented their Fourth Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 215), To amend the Act respecting the establishment of Municipal Institutions in the Districts of Algoma, Muskoka, Parry Sound, Nipissing, Thunder Bay and Rainy River, and report same without amendment.

Your Committee have also carefully considered Bill (No. 222), To amend the General Road Companies’ Act, and have prepared certain amendments thereto.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 243), intituled “An Act to amend the Act respecting Conditional Sales of Chattels”—The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 244), intituled “An Act to amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act.”—Mr. Armstrong.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 245), intituled “An Act to amend the Act respecting Oaths under the Manhood Suffrage Act.”—Mr. Fraser.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

The following Bill was read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 155), For the suppression of Foul Brood among Bees.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 139), To Provide for the vacating of Certificates of Lis Pendeus, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.
The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:

Bill (No. 17), To incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company.
Bill (No. 38), To incorporate the Kent and Lambton Railway Company.
Bill (No. 52), To incorporate the Dunnville, Attercliffe, and Smithville Railway Company.
Bill (No. 1), To incorporate the Dunnville and Smithville Junction Railway Company.
Bill No. 13, To incorporate the Sault Ste. Marie and Hudson Bay Railway Company.
Bill No. 54, To incorporate the Town of Walkerville.
Bill (No. 69), To amend the Act incorporating the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway Company.
Bill (No. 47), To incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Incline Railway Company.
Bill (No. 29), To incorporate the Aylmer and Port Burwell Railway Company of Canada.
Bill (No. 105), To incorporate the Town of Gore Bay.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills with certain Amendments. The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:

Bill (No. 22), Respecting the Municipality of Shuniah. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 48), To incorporate the Town of North Bay. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 42), Respecting certain Railway By-laws of the Municipality of Neebing. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 14), Respecting the Toronto Street Railway Company. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 46), Respecting the City of Toronto. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 68), To amend the Acts relating to the Land Security Company. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 53), Respecting the Irondale, Bancroft, and Ottawa Railway Company. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 49), To incorporate the Arthur, Guelph, and Ontario Railway Company. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 19), Respecting the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company. Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

On motion of Mr. Ross (Huron), seconded by Mr. Hardy, Resolved, That this House doth ratify an Order in Council approved by His Honour the Lieutenant Governor on the 15th day of March, 1890, such order being to the following effect:

Upon consideration of the report of Mr. Inspector O'Reilly, dated 6th March instant, and upon the recommendation of the Honourable the Treasurer, the Committee of council
advise that subject to the ratification of this order by the Legislative Assembly “The General and Marine Hospital, Collingwood,” be hereafter taken as named in Schedule “A” of the “Charity Aid Act,” and receive aid accordingly.

On motion of Mr. Ross (Huron), seconded by Mr. Hardy,
Resolved, That this House doth ratify an Order in Council approved by His Honour the Lieutenant Governor on the 19th day of March, 1890, such order being to the following effect:—

Upon consideration of the report of Mr. Inspector Christie, dated the 14th day of March, 1890, the Committee of Council advise that subject to the ratification of this order by the Legislative Assembly “The Nicholas Hospital,” Peterborough, be hereafter taken as named in Schedule “A” of the “Charity Aid Act,” and receive aid accordingly from the 1st day of October, 1889.

The Committee further advise that the sum of six hundred and seventy-nine dollars and twenty cents ($679.20), for work done during the previous year, be provided for in the Supplementary Estimates for the present Session.

On motion of Mr. Ross (Huron), seconded by Mr. Hardy,
Resolved, That this House doth ratify an Order in Council approved by His Honour the Lieutenant Governor the 3rd day of May, 1889, such order being to the following effect:—

Upon the consideration of the report of Mr. Inspector Christie, dated 18th April, 1889, and upon the recommendation of the Honourable the Treasurer, the Committee of Council advise that subject to the ratification of this order by the Legislative Assembly at the next Session thereof, “The Haven,” Toronto, be hereafter taken as named in Schedule “C” of the “Charity Aid Act,” and receive aid accordingly from the first day of October last, being the date of the commencement of the current statistical year.

The Committee further advise that the sum of $328.74 be placed in the estimates on account of work done by the Haven between the 30th May, 1889, and the 1st October, 1889.

On motion of Mr. Ross (Huron), seconded by Mr. Hardy,
Resolved, That this House doth ratify an Order in Council approved by His Honour the Lieutenant Governor the 20th day of December, 1889, such order being to the following effect:—

Upon consideration of the report of Mr. Inspector Christie, dated the 9th day of December, instant, and upon the recommendation of the Honourable the Treasurer, the Committee of Council advise that subject to the ratification of this order by the Legislative Assembly, the “General Hospital, Brockville,” be hereafter taken as named in Schedule “A” of the “Charity Aid Act,” and that it receive aid accordingly from the date of its opening, namely, the 7th day of March last.

The Committee further advise that the sum of $391.20 be placed in the estimates on account of work done by the Hospital between the 7th day of March last and the 30th day of September, 1889.

The House again resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 92), To make further provision for preventing the spread of Contagious Diseases among horses, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 207), To amend the Railway Act of Ontario, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the
Chair, and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill, with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 221), To simplify the procedure for enforcing Mechanics' Liens, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 217), Respecting the Culling and Measurement of Saw Logs cut upon Crown Lands, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 144), To amend the Act for the protection of Game and Fur-bearing Animals, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 96), To amend the Act to authorize the appointment of Fire Guardians and for the better prevention of Bush Fires, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 91), To amend the Act to regulate travelling on public Highways and Bridges and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 74), To amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act as applied to the Railways and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 141), The Companies' Short Form of Mortgage Act having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 153), To amend the Act respecting Landlord and Tenant having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.
The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 162), Respecting Returns by Registrars and Masters of Titles under the Land Titles Act having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), Presented to the House by Command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—
Report of the Fruit Growers’ Association for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 20).

Also—Report of the Ontario Agricultural College and Experimental Farm for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 24).

Also—Return to an Address to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the nineteenth day of February, praying that he will cause to be laid before this House a Return of all cases in which fines or penalties imposed by any Court have been remitted, or proceedings for the recovery of them have been stayed by the action of the Executive Government, or any member thereof, and of all cases in which persons liable upon recognizances of Bail have been released from liability or the proceedings against them have been stayed by the like action, with the reasons for the action taken in each case and also for copies of all Orders in Council relating to the said matters. Such Return to include the year 1873 and to continue down to the present time. (Sessional Papers No. 68.)

The House then adjourned at 5.50 p.m.

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Tuesday, 25th March, 1890

3 o’clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—
By Mr. Gibson (Hamilton)—The Petition of O. R. Fraser and others, of Brockville.
By Mr. Dryden—The Petition of the Baptist Convention of Ontario and Quebec.
By Mr. Sprague—The Petition of R. A. Norman and others, of Picton; also, The Petition of H. H. Whitney and others, of Sophiasburg.

The following Petitions were read and received:—
Of H. M. Moody and others, of Toronto, praying for the preservation of certain sites in the City of Toronto.
Of H. T. Bunbury and others, also, of A. Malloch and others, all of Hamilton, severally praying that no change be made in the Game Law respecting the Close Season. Of Labour Assembly No. 6, 952, Knights of Labour, Peterborough, praying for the appointment of Boards of Arbitration; the enactment of a Workshop Regulation Act; the publication of Assessment Rolls, and respecting Employé and Wages.

Mr. Balfour, from the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill (No. 166), To amend the Act for the protection of Game and Fur-Bearing Animals, presented their report which was read as follows:—
The Committee have carefully considered the Bill to them referred, and recommend that the Bill be not proceeded with during the present Session, but at the earliest date possible in the next Session of the House, a Special Committee be appointed to consider the question of the Game Laws, and to report by Bill or otherwise.
The Committee also recommend that during the recess a Commission be appointed for the purpose of inquiring into and obtaining information on the Game, and Game Laws generally of Ontario, and the enforcement of such laws; also, as to the desirability of the division of the Province into Districts for game law purposes, and such other information as may be useful for the purposes of legislation with regard to these matters.

Mr. Dryden, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Bill (No. 92), To make further provision for preventing the spread of Contagious Diseases among Horses, and various other Bills, beg leave to present their report, which was read as follows:—
The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 220), To amend the Act to prevent the spread of Noxious Weeds, and of Diseases Affecting Fruit Trees, and report the Bill without amendment;
The Committee have also carefully considered Bill (No. 224), To amend the Ontario Tree Planting Act, and have prepared certain amendments thereto.

The following Bill was introduced and read the first time:—
Bill (No. 246), intituled “An Act to protect persons acting as Executors or Administrators.”—The Attorney General.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—
Bill (No. 103), Respecting the Town of Walkerton.
Bill (No. 47), To incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Incline Railway Company.
Bill (No. 105), To incorporate the Town of Gore Bay.
Bill (No. 144), To Amend the Act for the protection of Game and Fur-bearing Animals.
Bill (No. 91), To amend the Act to regulate travelling on Public Highways and Bridges.
Bill (No. 96), To amend the Act to authorize the appointment of Fire Guardians and for the Better Prevention of Bush Fires.
Bill (No. 74), To amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act as applied to Railways

The following Bill was read the third time:—
Bill (No. 131), To prevent the sale of Milk and Meat from Animals affected with Tuberculosis.
Resolved, That the Bill do pass, and be intituled “An Act to amend the Public Health Act in respect to the sale of Milk and Meat from Diseased Animals.”

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 214), with respect to fine and costs of Summary Convictions, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.
Ordered, that the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 228), To Vest certain portions of the St. Catharines, Thorold and Niagara Falls Road, in the Town of Niagara Falls, and the Township of Stamford, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.)
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.
The following Bills were severally read the second time:—
Bill (No. 236), To amend the Registry Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 241), To amend the Street Railway Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 242), Respecting the expenses of County Court Judges under the Ditche and Watercourses Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the reading of Bill (No. 186), To amend the Public and Separate Schools Act, having been read,
Mr. Ross (Middlesex) moved, That the Bill be now read the second time.
And a debate arising,
And the House having continued to sit until twelve of the clock, midnight.

WEDNESDAY, 26th March, 1890.

The Debate was continued, and after some time,
Ordered, That the Debate be adjourned until the next sittings of the House To-day.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Report of the Master of Titles for the City of Toronto and County of York, under the Land Titles Act during 1889. Also, Return of Fees received by the Master of Titles. (Sessional Papers No. 69).

The House then adjourned at 12.15 a.m.

Wednesday, 26th March, 1890.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were read and received:—
Of John A. Bain and others, of Woodstock; also, of D. J. White and others, of Ailsa Craig; also, of Joseph Kilgour and others, of Toronto, severally praying that no amendments be made to the Game Law respecting the Close Season.

Mr. Hardy, from the Standing Committee on Municipal Laws, presented their Fifth Report, which was read as follows:—
The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 235), To amend the Act respecting Snow Fences, and report the same without amendment.

Mr. Fraser, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Bill (No. 75), To amend the Surrogate Courts Act, and various other Bill, reported the following Bills:—
The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 75), To amend the Surrogate Courts Act, and have prepared certain amendments to the Bill.
The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 129), To amend the Jurors' Act, and report the Bill without amendment.

The Committee have also considered Bill (No. 173), To amend the Act respecting the Property of Religious Institutions, and are of the opinion that the Bill ought not to be further proceeded with.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 247), intituled "An Act respecting Sales for Taxes in Muskoka and Parry Sound."—The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

Bill (No. 248), intituled "An Act respecting certain Statistical Returns."—Mr, Drury.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Friday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 182), To amend the Ontario Insurance Act.
Bill (No. 108), To enable the City of Brantford to issue debentures for Drainage, Water, School and Park purposes.
Bill (No. 213), To provide means of extinguishing Forest Fires.
Bill (No. 52), To incorporate the Dunnville, Attercliffe and Smithville Railway Company.
Bill (No. 1), To incorporate the Dunnville and Smithville Junction Railway Company.

Bill (No. 13), To incorporate the Sault Ste. Marie and Hudson Bay Railway Company.
Bill (No. 69), To amend the Act incorporating the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway Company.
Bill (No. 228), To vest certain portions of the St. Catharines, Thorold and Niagara Falls Road, in the Town of Niagara Falls and the Township of Stamford.

The following Bill was read the third time:—

Bill (No. 71), To regulate Mining Operations.

Resolved, That the Bill do pass and be intituled "An Act respecting Mining Regulations."

The Order of the Day for the Third reading of Bill (No. 25), Respecting the City of London, having been read,

Mr. Meredith moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.
And a Debate arising,

Ordered, That the Debate be adjourned until To-morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:—

Bill (No. 63), To enable Charles Northcote to settle certain lands.
Bill (No. 102), For the appointment of new Trustees of the Settlement of William Ohaplin.

Bill (No. 107), Respecting the Sarnia Gas Company.
Bill (No. 22), Respecting the Municipality of Shuniah.
Bill (No. 48), To incorporate the Town of North Bay.
Bill (No. 42), Respecting certain Railway By-laws of the Municipality of Neebing.
Bill (No. 14), Respecting the Toronto Street Railway Company.
Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills with certain Amendments. The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to. Ordered, That the Bills reported be severally read the third time To-morrow.

The Order of the Day for resuming the adjourned Debate on the motion for the second reading of Bill (No. 186), To amend the Public and Separate Schools Act, having been read.
The Debate was resumed, and, after some time,
Ordered, That the Debate be further adjourned until To-Morrow.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Return to an Order of the House of the eleventh day of February last for a Return shewing the dates in each year from 1884 to 1889, both inclusive, on which the Legislative Assembly of Ontario was convened and prorogued respectively. The dates during each Session of the Legislative Assembly on which all the several reports printed by order of the Legislative Assembly were presented during the same years. (Sessional Papers No. 70.)

Also—Return to an Address to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, of the twenty-first day of March, inst., praying that he will cause to be laid before this House a return of copies of any correspondence between the Ontario and Dominion Governments, or between the former and any Corporation or person, relating to the ownership, sale or lease of the Dundas and Waterloo macadamized road, together with copies of any papers in the possession of the Government relating thereto, subsequent to that already brought down in the year 1886. (Sessional Papers No. 71.)

The House then adjourned at 11.45 p.m.

Thursday, 27th March, 1890. 3 o'clock P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of H. H. Whitney and others, of Sophiasburg, praying for certain amendments to the Game Law respecting the power of municipalities to pass By-laws to regulate the days for sporting.

Of R. A. Norman and others, of Picton, praying certain amendments to the Game Law respecting Spring Shooting.

Of O. R. Fraser and others, of Brockville, praying that no amendments be made to the Game Law respecting the Close Season.

Of the Baptist Convention of Ontario and Quebec, praying that all ecclesiastical property be excluded from exemption from municipal taxation.

Mr. Fraser, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Bill (No. 75), To amend the Surrogate Courts Act, and various other Bills, presented a Report, which was read as follows:—
The Committee have carefully considered Bill (No. 128), To amend the Mechanics' Lien Act, and have prepared certain amendments to the Bill.
The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 249), intituled "An Act to amend the Act respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property."—Mr. Fraser.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

Bill (No. 250), intituled "An Act to amend the High Schools Act."—Mr. Ross (Middlesex).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Monday next.

The Order of the Day for resuming the Adjourned Debate upon the Motion for the third reading of Bill (No. 25), Respecting the City of London, having been read,
The Debate was resumed,
And the motion having been again put,
Mr. Waters moved, seconded by Mr. Morin,
That all the words of the motion after "That" be omitted, and the following substituted therefor "the Bill be not now read the third time, but that the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be referred back to a Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend the same, so as to provide that such portions as relate to, or depend upon the annexation to the City of London, of the territory described in Schedule "A" thereof, shall not come into force or operation, until after the assent of a majority of the electors of the territory described in such Schedule has been obtained to a by-law of the municipality of the Township of Westminster, bringing the same into force and otherwise, so as to conform thereto."

And the Amendment, having been put, was carried on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Allan, Armstrong, Auroy, Bishop, Bezard, Bronson, Chisholm, Clarke (Wellington) Connee, Dance, Davis, Drury,

Dryden, Evanturel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Graham,

Harcourt, Hardy, Leys, McKay, McLaughlin, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Mowat, Murray, O'Connor,

Pacaud, Phelps, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant).—47.

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Balfour, Ballantyne, Biggar, Blyth, Clancy, Clarke, H. E. (Toronto), Hudson, Craig, Creighton, Cruess,

Dack, Fell, French, Hambell, Hess, Ingram, Kerns, Lees,

McAndrew, McMahon, Muter, Meacham, Meredith, Metcalfe, Miller, Monk, Morgan,

Ostrom, Preston, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—36.
And the Order being discharged, the House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 12), To amend the Act incorporating the Village of Tilbury Centre, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 38), To incorporate the Kent and Lambton Railway Company;
Bill (No. 207), To amend the Railway Act of Ontario.

On motion of Mr. Hardy, seconded by Mr. Ross (Huron),

Resolved, That this House will on To-Morrow resolve itself into a Committee to consider the following Resolution:

The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may authorize the payment to each member of the Board of Examiners appointed for the examinations of Cullers and Measurers of Saw-Logs cut upon the lands of the Crown, as remuneration for his services, a sum not exceeding four dollars per day, while actually employed as such examiner.

On motion of Mr. Hardy, seconded by Mr. Ross (Huron),

Resolved, That this House will on To-Morrow resolve itself into a Committee to consider the following Resolution:

From and after the thirtieth of April, 1889, the Patentee, his heirs or assigns, of land located or sold under the Free Grants and Homestead Act, after the 5th day of March, 1880, shall be entitled to be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue of the Province on all pine trees cut on such land subsequent to the thirtieth day of April next after the date of the patent, and upon which dues have been collected by the Crown, the sum of thirty-three cents on each one thousand feet board measure of saw logs, and four dollars on each one thousand cubic feet of square or wayney timber.

The Order of the Day for resuming the adjourned Debate on the motion for the second reading of Bill (No. 186), To amend the Public and Separate Schools Act, having been read,

The Debate was resumed,
And the House having continued to sit until twelve of the clock, midnight.

The Debate was continued,
And after some time,
The Motion having been again put,
Mr. Creighton moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Preston,
That all the words in the Motion after the word "That" be omitted, and the following inserted in lieu therefor, "inasmuch as Bill (No. 171), Respecting Separate School Supporters provides a better means of effecting the object which the said Bill (No. 186), is said to be designed to effect, the said last mentioned Bill be not now read the second time, but be read the second time this day six months."
And the amendment having been put was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Biggar, Blyth, Caldwell, Clancy, Clarke, H.E. (Toronto), Ingram, Craig, Creighton, Cruess, Fell,

French, Hammell, Hess, Hudson, Kerns, Lees, Marter,

Meacham, Meredith, Metcalf, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Ostrom, Preston,

Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—33.

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Allan, Armstrong, Awrey, Balfour, Ballantyne, Bishop, Blezard, Bronson, Chisholm, Conme, Dack, Dance, Davis, Drury,

Dryden, Eventurel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Graham, Guthrie, Harcourt,

Hardy, Leys, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Mowat, Murray,

O'Connor, Paccaud, Phelps, Rayside, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant)—54.

The Original Motion, having been then put, was carried, and the Bill was read the second time and referred to a Committee of the Whole House at the next sitting of the House To-day.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 170), To provide for the election by Ballot of Public and Separate School Trustees, having been read,

Mr. Meredith moved, That the Bill be now read the second time,

And the Motion, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Armstrong, Biggar, Blyth, Blyth, Caldwell, Clancy, Clarke, H.E. (Toronto), Ingram, Craig, Creighton, Cruess, Drury,

Fell, French, Hammell, Hess, Hudson, Kerns, Lees, Marter,

Meacham, Meredith, Metcalf, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Ostrom, Preston,

Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—34.
The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 171), Respecting Separate School Supporters, having been read,
Mr. Meredith moved, That the Bill be now read the second time,
And the Motion, having been put, was lost on the following division:—

YEAS:

Messieurs

Biggar, Blyth, Caldwell, Clancy, Clarke, H.E. (Toronto) Ingram, Craig, Creighton, Cruess, Fell, French, Hammell, Hess, Hudson, Korns, Lees, Marten, Meacham, Meredith, Metcalf, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Ostrom, Preston, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooey, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—33.

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Armstrong, Aurey, Balfour, Ballantyne, Bishop, Bleard, Bronson, Chisholm, Conmee, Dack, Dance, Davis, Drury, Dryden, 

Evanturel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Graham, Guthrie, Harcourt, Hardy, Leys, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Mowat, Murray, O’Connor, Pacaud, Phelps, Rayside, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant)—54.
The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 90), To amend the Separate School Act and the High School Act, having been read,

Mr. French moved,
That the Bill be now read the second time,
And the Motion, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

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**NAYS:**

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The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 196), Respecting Teachers in Separate Schools, having been read,

Mr. Creighton moved,
That the Bill be now read the second time,
And the Motion having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

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The following Bill was read the second time:—
Bill (No. 234), To amend the Separate Schools Act,
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House at the next sittings thereof To-day.

The House then adjourned at 2.30 o'clock a.m.

Friday, 28th March, 1890.

PRAYERS.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:—
By Mr. Leys, The Petition of Walter Burnill and others; also, the Petition of
S. T. Wood and others, all of Toronto.

By Mr. Metaille, The Petition of the City Council of Kingston; also, the Petition of
George M. Grant and others, of Kingston.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—
Bill (No. 251), intituled "An Act respecting Timber Licences affecting Registered
Land."—The Attorney-General,

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Bill (No. 252), intituled "An Act respecting Polling Places in the District of
Algoma."—The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Tuesday next.

Mr. Garson, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Bill (No. 133),
Respecting the Examination of Engineers and the Inspection of Boilers, presented their
Report which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered the Bill to them referred, and have pre-
pared certain amendments thereto; and have also amended the Title of the Bill, so that
the same now reads "An Act respecting the Examination of Stationary Engines and
the Inspection of Stationary Boilers."
Mr. Balfour, from the Standing Committee on Printing, presented their Fifth Report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee recommend that the following documents be printed:—

Accounts between Ontario and Quebec. (Sessional Papers No. 66.)
Report of the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities. (Sessional Papers No. 15.)
Report of the Fruit Growers Association. (Sessional Papers No. 20.)
Report of the Ontario Agricultural College. (Sessional Papers No. 24.)
Report of the Commissioners for Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park. (Sessional Papers No. 65.)
Report of the Master of Titles. (Sessional Papers No. 69.)

The Committee recommend that the following documents be not printed:—

Return respecting Colonization Roads in Killarney. (Sessional Papers No. 60.)
Return as to the Temperance Act. (Sessional Papers No. 67.)
Return shewing dates on which the Legislative Assembly was convened. (Sessional Papers No. 70.)

Return as to Dundas and Waterloo Macadamized Road. (Sessional Papers No. 71.)

The Committee also recommend that ninety copies of Harrison's Municipal Manual be procured for the use of the Members.

Resolved, That this House doth concur in the Fifth Report of the Committee on Printing.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 185), respecting the Profession of Architects, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 17), To incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instruction to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 221), To simplify the procedure for enforcing Mechanics Liens, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 214), With respect to Fines and costs of Summary Convictions, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.
The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 29), To incorporate the Aylmer and Port Burwell Railway Company of Canada.
Bill (No. 92), To make further provision for preventing the spread of contagious diseases among Horses.
Bill (No. 102), For the appointment of new Trustees of the Settlement of William Chaplin.
Bill (No. 107), Respecting the Sarnia Gas Company.
Bill (No. 22), Respecting the Municipality of Shuniah.
Bill (No. 48), To incorporate the Town of North Bay.
Bill (No. 14), Respecting the Toronto Street Railway Company.
Bill (No. 139), To provide for the Vacating of Certificates of Lis Pendens.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 63), To enable Charles Northcote to settle certain lands, having been read,
Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto), moved,
That the Bill be read the third time,
And the Motion, having been put, was carried on a division, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into a Committee to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting Cullers of Saw Logs, having been read,
The Attorney-General acquainted the House that His Honour the Lieutenant, Governor, having been informed of the subject matter of the proposed Resolutions recommends them to the consideration of the House.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may authorize the payment to each member of the Board of Examiners appointed for the examination of Cullers and Measurers of Saw-Logs cut upon the lands of the Crown, as remuneration for his services, a sum not exceeding four dollars per day, while actually employed as such examiner.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to a certain Resolution.
Ordered, That the Report be now received.

Mr. Harcourt reported the Resolution as follows:—

Resolved, That the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may authorize the payment to each member of the Board of Examiners appointed for the examinations of Cullers and Measurers of Saw-Logs cut upon the lands of the Crown, as remuneration for his services, a sum not exceeding four dollars per day, while actually employed as such examiner.

The Resolution having been read the second time, was agreed to, and referred to the Committee of the Whole House on Bill (No. 217), Respecting the Culling and Measurement of Saw-Logs cut upon Crown Lands.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into a Committee to consider a certain proposed Resolution respecting Free Grants having been read,
The Attorney-General acquainted the House that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, having been informed of the subject matter of the proposed Resolutions, recommends them to the consideration of the House.

The House resolved itself accordingly into the Committee.
Resolved, That from and after the thirtieth of April 1889, the Patentee, his heirs or assigns, of land located or sold under the Free Grants and Homestead Act after the 5th day of March, 1880, shall be entitled to be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue of the Province, on all pine trees cut on such land subsequent to the thirtieth day of April next, after the date of the patent, and upon which dues have been collected by the Crown, the sum of thirty-three cents on each one thousand feet, board measure, of saw logs, and four dollars on each one thousand cubic feet of square or waney timber.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to a Resolution.

Ordered, That the Report be now received.

Mr. Harcourt reported the Resolution as follows:

Resolved, That from and after the thirtieth of April, 1889, the Patentee, his heirs or assigns, of land located or sold under the Free Grants and Homestead Act, after the 5th day of March, 1880, shall be entitled to be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue of the Province, on all pine trees cut on such land subsequent to the thirtieth day of April next, after the date of the patent, and upon which dues have been collected by the Crown, the sum of thirty-three cents on each one thousand feet, board measure, of saw logs, and four dollars on each one thousand cubic feet of square or waney timber.

The Resolution, having been read the second time, was agreed to and referred to the Committee of the Whole House on Bill (No. 184), To amend the Free Grants and Homestead Act.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 138), The Mining Claims Act, 1890, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The House again resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 216), Respecting Contracts of Insurance, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker Resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 217), Respecting the Culling and Measurement of Saw Logs cut upon Crown Lands, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments having been read the second time were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 229), To amend the Timber Slides Companies' Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.
The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 236), To amend the Registry Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 241), To amend the Street Railway Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 242), Respecting the Expenses of County Court Judges under The Ditches and Watercourses Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Balfour reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—
Bill (No. 184), To amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 239), To consolidate and amend the Local Improvement clauses of the Municipal Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 243), An Act to amend the Act respecting Conditional Sales of Chattels.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 245), To amend the Act respecting Oaths under the Manhood Suffrage Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 246), To protect persons acting as Executors or Administrators.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

Bill (No. 247), Respecting Sales for Taxes in Muskoka and Parry Sound.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House on Monday next.

The House resolved into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:—
Bill (No. 101), Respecting the Toronto; Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.
Bill (No. 37), Respecting the Town of West Toronto Junction.
Bill (No. 53), Respecting the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company.
Bill (No. 49), To incorporate Arthur, Guelph and Ontario Railway Company.
Bill (No. 19), Respecting the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Awrey reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills with certain Amendments.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time on Monday next.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 186), To amend the Public and Separate Schools Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker
resumed the Chair; and Mr. Awrey reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time on Monday next.

The House, according to Order, again resolved itself into the Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the service of the year 1890, the following sums:—

18. To defray the expenses of Public and Separate Schools .... $241,413 81
19. To defray the expenses of Schools in new and poor Townships . $25,000 00
20. To defray the expenses of Model Schools .................. $9,300 00
21. To defray the expenses of Teachers' Institutes ................ $2,300 00
22. To defray the expenses of Collegiate Institutes and High Schools . $100,000 00
23. To defray the expenses of Training Institutes ................ $2,500 00
24. To defray the expenses of the Inspection of Schools .......... $52,200 00
25. To defray the expenses of Departmental Examinations .... $12,400 00
39. To defray the expenses of the Central Prison, Toronto ...... $116,395 00
45. To defray the expenses of Grants in aid of Agriculture ..... $130,478 00
46. To defray the expenses of Hospitals and Charities ........ $125,579 67
47. To defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of Government House .................. $8,057 12
88. To defray the expenses of the Refund Account, on Education Account .................. $2,000 00
89. To defray the expenses of the Refund Account, on Crown lands Account .................. $18,500 00
90. To defray the expenses of the Refund Account, on Municipalities Fund Account .......... $1,764 07
91. To defray the expenses of the Refund Account on Land Improvement Fund Account . $2,984 97
93. To defray Unforeseen and Unprovided Expenses ............ $50,000 00

And the Committee, having continued to sit until twelve of the clock, midnight.

Saturday, 29th March, 1890.

The Committee continued, and after some time,
Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair, and Mr. McKay reported, That the Committee had come to several Resolutions; also, that the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received on Monday next.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again on Monday next.
Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant Governor:—

Report of the Provincial Board of Health for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 72.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the twelfth day of March instant, for a Return of a copy of the Judgment pronounced by the Honourable Mr. Justice Robertson, in an action in the High Court of Justice, wherein John J. Gosnell is plaintiff and Isaac Swarthout and others are defendants, and copies of all correspondence between the License Commissioners for the East Riding of the County of Kent, and the Provincial Secretary or any other member or officer of the Government on the subject of the granting of the licenses which were in question in the said action. Also, copies of all minutes of the Commissioners, with regard to the granting of said licenses, and all reports relating thereto. (Sessional Papers No. 73.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the nineteenth day of February last, for a Return shewing what applications have been made for payments out of the Consolidated Revenue under the provisions of Section 4 of Chapter 4, 43 Victoria, in respect of the dues on pine trees. Also, shewing what is the aggregate sum which, up to the first day of February last, the patentee of lands, subject to the provisions of the Act, are entitled to receive out of the dues collected on pine trees cut after the date of their patents. (Sessional Papers No. 74.)

The House then adjourned at 12.35 o'clock a.m.

Monday, 31st March, 1890.

3 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

The following Bills were severally introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 253), intituled "An Act to amend the Joint Stock Companies Winding up Act."—Mr. Meredith.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

Bill (No. 254), intituled "An Act respecting the custody of Juvenile Offenders."

The Attorney-General.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Wednesday next.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill (No. 12), To amend the Act incorporating the Village of Tilbury Centre.
Bill (No. 185), Respecting the profession of Architects.
Bill (No. 17), To incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company.
Bill (No. 242), Respecting the expenses of County Court Judges under the Ditches and Watercourses Act.
Bill (No. 37), Respecting the Town of West Toronto Junction.
Bill (No. 53), Respecting the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company.
Bill (No. 19), Respecting the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 99), To Improve the Liquor License Law, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.
The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 217), Respecting the Culling and Measurement of Saw-logs cut upon Crown Lands, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 214), With respect to Fines and Costs of Summary Convictions, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 184), To amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith, The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 239), To consolidate and amend the Local Improvement Clauses of the Municipal Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 246), To protect persons acting as Executors or Administrators, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Aurey reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith, The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 178), To confirm and establish a certain survey of the Township of Kennebec, in the County of Frontenac.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 195), Respecting Exemptions from Municipal Assessments.

Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.
Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Return to an Address to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the twenty-fifth day of March instant, praying that he will cause to be laid before this House copies of any papers, memorials or petitions addressed to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, or to any member of the Government, since the late partial destruction of the Provincial University building for or against the maintenance of a residence in connection with that institution. (Sessional Papers No. 75.)

Also—Report of the Poultry Association of Ontario for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 76).

Also—Report of the Eastern Ontario Poultry and Pet Stock Association for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 77).

Also—Report of the Ontario Bee-Keepers’ Association for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 78).

Also—Report of the Entomological Society of Ontario for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 79).

Also—Return to an Address to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the twenty-first day of March, instant, praying that he will cause to be laid before this House a copy of a Petition presented to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor from the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Cayuga, relating to the Grand River Navigation Company. Also for a copy of all correspondence relating thereto. (Sessional Papers No. 79).

The House then adjourned at 11.40 p.m.

Tuesday, 1st April, 1890.

3 o’clock, P.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were severally brought up and laid upon the Table:

By Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto), The Petition of District Assembly No. 125, Knights of Labour, Toronto; also, the Petition of Iron Moulders Union No. 28, Toronto.

By Mr. Wylie, The Petition of George Watson and others, of Toronto.

The following Petitions were read and received:

Of the City Council of Kingston, praying certain amendments to the Municipal Act respecting the election of municipal councillors.

Of George M. Grant and others, of Kingston; also, of Walter Burnill and others; also, of S. T. Wood and others, all of Toronto, severally praying for the preservation of certain sites in the City of Toronto.

Mr. Hardy, from the Standing Committee on Municipal Law, presented their Fifth Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee have carefully considered Bills Nos. 76, 83, 87, 95, 97, 113, 114, 118, 125, 136, 140, 148, 157, 159, 165, 176, 179, 183, 191, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 205,
206, 219, 225 230, and 231 relating to amendments to the Municipal Act, and have embodied such of the provisions thereof, and amendments thereto, as were approved of by the Committee into one Bill, which they report as Bill (No. 255), intituled, “The Municipal Amendment Act, 1890.”

The Committee have considered Bills Nos. 98, 110, 111, 174, 192, 197, 210, 227 and 232 relating to amendments to the Assessment Act, and have embodied such of the provisions thereof, and amendments thereto, as were approved of by the Committee, into one Bill, which they report as Bill (No. 111), and have also amended the title to the said Bill so that it now reads, “The Assessment Amendment Act, 1890.”

The Committee have also carefully considered Bills Nos. 175 and 212. “To amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act,” and have embodied such of the provisions thereof and amendments thereto, as were approved of by your Committee, into one Bill, which they report as Bill (No. 175), intituled, “An Act to amend The Ditches and Watercourses Act.”

The following Bill was then introduced and read the first time:

Bill (No. 255), intituled “The Municipal Amendment Act, 1890.”—Mr. Hardy. Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time on Thursday next.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 221), To simplify the procedure for enforcing Mechanics’ Liens, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 216), Respecting Contracts of Life Insurance, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:

Bill (No. 217), Respecting the Culling and Measurement of Saw-Logs cut upon Crown Lands.

Bill (No. 101), Respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.

Bill (No. 49), To incorporate the Arthur, Guelph and Ontario Railway Company.

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Fraser,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns To-day, it do stand adjourned until eleven of the clock To-Morrow, and that on each day for the remainder of this Session the House do stand adjourned on until eleven of the clock in the forenoon of the following day, Mr. Speaker to leave the chair each day at one until three o’clock, without the question being put.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 78), To amend the Municipal Waterworks Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.
The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 84), To amend the Act respecting Conveyances to Trustees for Burial Grounds, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 152), To amend the Act respecting Assignments and Preferences by Insolvent Persons, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendments.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 127), To amend the County Courts Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 158), To amend the Division Courts Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 146), To amend the law respecting Powers of Sale in Mortgages, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 82), To amend the Registry Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 208), To amend the Partition Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 215), To amend the Act respecting the establishment of Municipal Institutions in the Outlying Districts, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 222), To amend the General Road Companies' Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.
The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 220), To amend the Act to prevent the spread of Noxious Weeds and Diseases affecting Fruit Trees, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 224), To amend the Ontario Tree Planting Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 75), To amend the Surrogate Courts Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments having been read the second time were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 129), To amend the Jurors Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 235), To amend the Act respecting Snow Fences, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 128), To amend the Mechanics' Lien Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 133), Respecting the Examination of Stationary Engineers and the Inspection or Stationary Engines, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had made some progress, and directed him to ask leave to sit again.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 73), To amend the Ontario Election Act, having been read,

Mr. Whitney moved, That the Bill be now read the second time.
And the Motion, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

- Balfour, Hammell, Meacham, Preston,
- Biggar, Hess, Meredith, Rorke,
- Clancy, Hudson, Metcalf, Tooley,
- Clarke, H. E. (Toronto), Ingram, Miller, Whitney,
- Craig, Kerns, Monk, Willoughby,
- Creighton, Lees, Morgan, Wood (Hastings),
- Cruess, Mack, Ostrom, Wylie—30.

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

- Allan, Drury, Guthrie, Murray,
- Armstrong, Dryden, Harcourt, O'Connor,
- Awrey, Evanturel, Hardy, Phelps,
- Ballantyne, Ferguson, Leys, Rysdall,
- Bishop, Field, Lyon, Ross (Huron),
- Blezard, Fraser, McAndrew, Ross (Middlesex),
- Caldwell, Freeman, McKay, Smith (York),
- Chisholm, Garson, McLaughlin, Snider,
- Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), Mackenzie, Sprague,
- Conmee, Gibson (Huron), Master, Stratton,
- Dack, Gilmour, Morin, Waters,
- Dance, Gould, Mowat, Wood (Brant)—52.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 94), To amend the Act respecting the Department of Education, having been read,

Mr. Creighton moved, That the Bill be now read the second time.

And the Motion, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

- Biggar, Hammell, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac),
- Blyth, Hess, Metcalf, Stewart,
- Clancy, Hudson, Miller, Tooley,
- Clarke, H. E. (Toronto), Ingram, Monk, Whitney,
- Craig, Kerns, Morgan, Willoughby,
- Creighton, Lees, Ostrom, Wood (Hastings),
- Cruess, Marter, Preston, Wylie—31.
- French, Meacham, Rorke,
The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 160), Respecting Registry and Sheriffs' Fees, having been read,
Mr. French moved, That the Bill be now read the second time,
And the Motion, having been put, was lost on a division.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider Bill (No. 109), To amend the Registry Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider Bill (No. 234), To amend the Separate Schools Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 117), To amend the Manhood Suffrage Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 137), To amend the Voters' Lists Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 142), To amend the Assessment Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 154), To amend the Joint Stock Companies Letters Patent Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 172), To amend the Ontario Insurance Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 180), To amend the Act respecting Joint Stock Companies for supplying Cities Towns and Villages with Gas and Water, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.
The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 211), To amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 212), To amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 233), To amend the Act to secure to Wives and Children the benefit of Life Insurance, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

And the House having continued to sit until twelve of the clock, midnight.

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WEDNESDAY, April 2nd, 1890.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 193), Respecting the relation between Employers and Workmen.
Referred to a Select Committee to be composed as follows:—Messieurs Balfour, Davis, Fraser, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Hess, Hudson, Ingram, Mackenzie, Ostrom, Wood (Hastings) and Wood (Brant.)

Bill (No. 244), To amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House at the next Sittings of the House To-Day.

Bill (No. 237), To amend the General Road Companies Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House at the next Sittings of the House To-day.

On motion of Mr. Clancy, seconded by Mr. French,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return shewing the names of all persons to whom a wholesale or druggist license was granted under the provisions of the Canada Temperance Act in each city, town and incorporated village in Ontario during the years 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1888. And also, all those to whom such licenses were granted by Boards of License Commissioners appointed by the Government of Canada.

On motion of Mr. Creighton, seconded by Mr. French,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return of all copies of correspon-dence on the subject of the Land Improvement Fund accruing from the sale of School and Crown Lands subsequent to that already brought down.

Mr. French moved, seconded by Mr. Monk,
That, in the opinion of this House, the extension of the provisions of the Land Titles Act, usually known as the Torrens system of land transfer through Municipal Councils, as now authorized, section 132 of the Act, can only be effected by incurring large expense, and has therefore proved abortive.

That much of the expense of the machinery provided for by the said Act might be avoided. That Municipal Councils strongly object to establish offices over which they have no control, or to become responsible for salaries of officials, the amounts of which are not ascertained and in respect of the patronage of which they will have nothing to say.

That the Municipal Councils object to the expense of erecting new Registry offices, and to the unascertained expense of a salaried inspector, which may be thrown upon them.
That, in the further opinion of this House, the Province should be divided into Districts, each containing a number of counties, and that the said Act should be extended to the whole Province in the same way that it has been so successfully inaugurated in the City of Toronto and County of York.

That a Select Committee should be appointed, or a Royal Commission issued, to enquire into and report upon the whole question of land transfer and the best manner and means of extending the provisions of said Act to the whole Province, with power to send for persons, papers and documents.

And the Motion, having been put, was lost on a division.

Mr. Balfour moved, seconded by Mr. Morin,
That the Bursar of the University of Toronto be instructed to include hereafter in his annual statement of cash transactions presented to the Legislative Assembly, a detailed statement of all receipts and expenditures on account of the Medical Faculty of the University.

And a Debate arising,
The Motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 119), To amend the Election Act as to the Secrecy of Voting, having been read.

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. O'Connor reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time at the next Sittings of the House To-day.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Report of the Bureau of Industries for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 80.)

The House then adjourned at 12.40 a.m.

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Wednesday, April 2nd, 1890.

11 o'clock A.M.

PRAYERS.

The Order of the Day for the House to again resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider Bill (No. 239), To consolidate and amend the Local Improvement Clauses of the Municipal Act, having been read.

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 243), To amend the Act respecting Conditional Sales of Chattels, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.
The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 247), Respecting Sales for Taxes in Muskoka and Parry Sound, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 178), To confirm and establish a certain survey of the Township of Kennebec, in the County of Frontenac, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 245), To amend the Act respecting Oaths under the Manhood Suffrage Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the second time:—

Bill (No. 248), Respecting certain Statistical Returns.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 249), To amend the Act respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 251), Respecting Timber Licenses affecting Registered Land.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 250), To amend the High Schools Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Bill (No. 252), Respecting Polling Places in the District of Algoma.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House To-Morrow.

Mr. Ingram, from the Select Committee to whom was referred Bill (No. 193), Respecting the relations between Employers and Workmen, presented their report, which was read as follows:—

The Committee have carefully considered the Bill to them referred, and have prepared certain amendments thereto.
The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 99), To improve the Liquor License Law, having been read,
Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.
Mr. Wood (Hastings), moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Hudson,
That all the words of the Motion after the word "That" be omitted, and the following substituted, "it is not expedient to dispense with the petition of the majority of the electors as a condition precedent to the granting of a license in the case of the removal of a license to other premises in the same polling sub-division, and therefore that the said Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House with instructions to strike out so much of the first section of the said Bill as exempts a licensee, applying for a license for, or permission of the Commissioners to remove with his license to, other premises in the same polling sub-division, from the necessity of obtaining a petition from a majority of the electors of the polling sub-division, as a condition precedent to the granting of a license or of permission to remove with his license."
And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Biggar, Hammell, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac),
Blyth, Hess, Metcalfe, Stewart,
Clancy, Hudson, Miller, Tooley,
Clarke, H.E. (Toronto), Ingram, Monk, Whitney,
Craig, Kerns, Morgan, Willoughby,
Creighton, Lees, Ostrom, Wood (Hastings),
Cruess, Marter, Preston, Wylie—31.
French, Meacham, Rorke,

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Graham, Morin,
Armstrong, Dryden, Harcourt, Mowat,
Awrey, Eventure, Hardy, Murray,
Balfour, Ferguson, Leys, O'Connor,
Ballantyne, Field, Lyon, Phelps,
Bishop, Fraser, McAndrew, Robillard,
Blezard, Freeman, McKay, Ross (Middlesex),
Caldwell, Garson, McLaughlin, Smith (York),
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), McMahon, Snider,
Connex, Gibson (Huron), Mack, Sprague,
Dack, Gilmour, Mackenzie, Waters,
Dance, Gould, Master,
Davis

Mr. Meredith then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. French,
That all the words in the Motion after the word "That" be struck out, and the following substituted, "the said Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole House with instructions to amend the same by striking out the words "Elections for the Legislative Assembly," and substituting therefor the words "Municipal Elections" in the first section thereof.
And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division.—

YEAS:

Messieurs

Balfour, French, Meacham, Smith (Frontenac),
Biggar, Hammell, Meredith, Snider,
Blyth, Hess, Metcalf, Stewart,
Clancy, Hudson, Miller, Tooley,
Clarke, H.E. (Toronto) Ingram, Monk, Waters,
Craig, Kerns, Morgan, Whitney,
Creighton, Lees, Ostrom, Willoughby,
Cruss, Mack, Preston, Wood (Hastings),
Dack, Marter, Rorke, Wylie—36.

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Dryden, Graham, Morin,
Armstrong, Evanturel, Harcourt, Mowat,
Avery, Ferguson, Hardy, Murray,
Ballantyne, Field, Leys, O'Connor,
Bishop, Fraser, Lyon, Phelps,
Blexard, Freeman, McKee, Robillard,
Caldwell, Garson, McKay, Ross (Huron),
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), McLaughlin, Ross (Middlesex),
Connee, Gibson (Huron), McMahon, Smith (York),
Dance, Gilmour, Mackenzie, Sprague,
Davis, Gould, Master, Wood (Brant)—45.

Mr. Meredith then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Creighton,
That all the words of the Motion after the word "That," be omitted, and the following inserted in lieu thereof, "the said Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House with instructions to amend the same by adding the following, as sub-section (e) to section 1.

(e) In those parts of the Province in which the Canada Temperance Act was in force on the first day of April, 1889, in cases where a petition of a majority of the electors against the granting of a license was presented to the Commissioners, the provisions of sub-section 1, shall apply so as to require an application for a license by a person not then a licensee, or as to premises not then licensed, to be accompanied by the petition mentioned in the said sub-section, notwithstanding that a license may have been granted in the said year.

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Biggar, French, Meacham, Rorke,
Blyth, Hammell, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac),
Clancy, Hess, Metcalf, Stewart,
Clarke, H. E. (Toronto) Hudson, Miller, Tooley,
Craig, Ingram, Monk, Whitney,
Creighton, Kerns, Morgan, Willoughby,
Cruss, Lees, Ostrom, Wood (Hastings),
Ferguson, Marter, Preston, Wylie—32.
NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Hardy, Murray,
Armstrong, Dryden, Leys, O'Connor,
Avery, Evanturel, Leyon, Phelps,
Balfour, Field, McAndrew, Rayside,
Ballantyne, Fraser, McKay, Robillard,
Bishop, Freeman, McLaughlin, Ross (Huron),
Blezard, Garson, McMahon, Ross (Middlesex),
Caldwell, Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Smith (York),
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Snider,
Connem, Gilmour, Master, Sprague,
Dack, Gould, Morin, Waters,
Dance, Graham, Movat, Wood (Brant)—50.
Davis, Harcourt,

Mr. Meredith then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Creighton,

That all the words in the Motion after “That” be struck out, and the following substituted: “the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend the same so as to provide that the License Commissioners shall hereafter be appointed in Counties, by the County Councils, and in Cities and Towns separated from Counties, shall be elected by the Municipal Electors of such City or Town.”

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:—

YEAS:

Messieurs

Biggar, Hammell, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac),
Blyth, Hess, Metcalf, Stewart,
Clancy, Hudson, Monk, Tooley,
Clarke, H.E. (Toronto), Ingram, Morgan, Whitney,
Craig, Kems, Ostrom, Willoughby,
Creighton, Lees, Preston, Wood (Hastings),
Cruss, Marter, Rorke,
French,

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Hardy, Murray,
Armstrong, Dryden, Leys, O'Connor,
Avery, Evanturel, Lyon, Phelps,
Balfour, Ferguson, McAndrew, Rayside,
Ballantyne, Field, McKay, Robillard,
Bishop, Fraser, McLaughlin, Ross (Huron),
Blezard, Freeman, McMahon, Ross (Middlesex),
Caldwell, Garson, Mack, Smith (York),
Chisholm, Gibson (Hamilton), Mackenzie, Snider,
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Huron), Master, Sprague,
Connem, Gilmour, Miller, Stratton,
Dack, Gould, Morin, Waters,
Dance, Graham, Movat, Wood (Brant)—54.
Davis, Harcourt,

The Original Motion for the third reading, having been then again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.
The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 51), Respecting the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company of Ontario, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 112), To amend the Act to impose a tax on Dogs and for the protection of Sheep, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 229), To amend the Timber Slides Companies Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 216), Respecting Contracts of Life Insurance, having been read,
Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), moved,
That the Bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Meredith moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Metcalf,
That all the words of the Motion after "That" be omitted, and the following inserted in lieu thereof, "the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend sub-section 3 of section 3, by adding after the words "but the intended marriage does not take place," the words "and such unmarried man is not at the time of his death under an engagement to marry such intended wife."

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Biggar, Hammell, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart,
Blythe, Hess, Metcalf, Whitney,
Clancy, Hudson, Monk, Willoughby,
Craig, Ingram, Morgan, Wood (Hastings),
Creighton, Kerns, Ostron, Wylie.—27.
Ferguson, Lees, Preston,
French, Meacham, Rorke,
The Original Motion for the third reading, having been again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 236), To amend the Registry Act, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), then moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Meredith moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Clancy.

That all the words in the Motion after the word "That," be struck out, and the following substituted: "the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to add the following sections:—

12. Registrars of deeds shall hereafter be appointed by the Council of the City or County wherein the registration division for which they are appointed is situate.

13. Whenever the Council of any City or County within which a registration division is situate shall pass a By-law declaring that the fees of the Registrar of such registration division shall be funded, and that the Registrar and his clerks shall be paid by salary, it shall on, from and after the first day of January next, after the passing of such By-law, be the duty of such City or County Council to provide for the appointment of a Registrar and such other clerks and assistants as may be required for the proper performance of the duties of the office, and for the payment to them of such salaries or wages as they may think fit, and all the fees which pertain to the office of the Registrar shall thereafter be received by him for the use of such City or County, and by him paid over to the Treasurer thereof at such times as shall by By-law of such Council be directed.

14. Whenever a Council passes a by-law as provided by the last preceding section, the Corporation which it represents shall on, from and after the first day of January next, after the passing of such by-law be responsible for the due performance by the Registrar of all the duties which are by law imposed upon him, or which pertain to his office, and shall take security from the Registrar, and such clerks and assistants for the performance of their duty.
15. A certified copy of every such by-law shall immediately after the passing thereof be transmitted to the Provincial Secretary, and another certified copy thereof shall be registered in the office of the registration division to which it relates.

16. Whenever any such by-law shall be passed as aforesaid, the Registrar holding the office when it takes effect, shall be entitled if he chooses to accept the office at the salary fixed by the Council to continue in office as the officer of the Council, on his giving security as provided in section 2.

17. The salary fixed by the Council shall in the case of Registrars to which the preceding section applies, be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

Mr. Dance, moved in amendment to the Amendment, seconded by Mr. Garson.
That all the words of the Amendment, after the first word “That,” be omitted, and there be substituted instead thereof, these words, “Bill (No. 236), be not now read a third time, but be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend the same so as to provide that after the first day of January next, after the passing of this Act, all county officials be elected by the vote of the people.”

And the Amendment to the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

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**NAYS:**

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The Amendment, having been then put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Biggar, Blyth, Clancy, Clarke, H.E.(Toronto), Hudson, Craig, Creighton, Cruess, Dance, French, Hammell, Hess, Ingram, Kerns, Lees, Marter, Meacham, Meredith, Mcalfe, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Ostrom, Preston, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—32.

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Armstrong, Asorey, Balfour, Ballantyne, Bishop, Blezard, Caldwell, Chisholm, Clarke (Wellington), Conmee, Dack, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Evanturel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Graham, Harcourt, Hardy, Leys, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Mowat, Murray, O'Connor, Phelps, Rayside, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant)—52.

The Original Motion for the third reading, having been then again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 184), To amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time To-Morrow.

The House resolved itself into a Committee, severally to consider the following Bills:

Bill (No. 25), Respecting the City of London.
Bill (No. 64), For the consolidation of the floating debt of the Town of Trenton, and for other purposes.
Bill (No. 46), Respecting the City of Toronto.
Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the several Bills with certain amendments.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bills reported, be severally read the third time To-Morrow.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—

Bill No. 8), To confirm certain By-laws of the Town of Peterborough, and for other purposes.

Bill (No. 221), To simplify the procedure for enforcing Mechanics Liens.
Bill (No. 214), With respect to fines and costs of Summary Convictions.
Bill (No. 241), To amend the Street Railway Act.
Bill (No. 246), To protect persons acting as Executors or Administrators.
Bill (No. 78), To amend the Municipal Waterworks Act.
Bill (No. 152), To amend the Act respecting Assignments and Preferences by Insolvent Persons.
Bill (No. 158), To amend the Division Courts Act.
Bill (No. 146), To amend the law respecting Powers of Sale in Mortgages.
Bill (No. 208), To amend the Partition Act.
Bill (No. 215), To amend the Act respecting the establishment of Municipal Institutions in the outlying Districts.
Bill (No. 220), To amend the Act to prevent the spread of Noxious Weeds and diseases affecting Fruit Trees.
Bill (No. 224), To amend the Ontario Tree-Planting Act.
Bill (No. 235), To amend the Act respecting Snow Fences.
Bill (No. 128), To amend the Mechanics Lien Act.

The following Bill was read the third time:—

Bill (No. 82), To amend the Registry Act.

Resolved, That the Bill do pass, and be intituled, "An Act to amend the Custody of Title Deeds Act."

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 127), To amend the County Courts Act having been read.

Mr. Guthrie, moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.

And the Motion having been put, was carried on a division, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 115), To amend the Timber Slides Companies' Act having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. Ross (Huron), seconded by Mr. Hardy,

Resolved, That this House will on To-Morrow resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the following Resolutions:—

That there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund to the undermentioned Railway Companies for the construction of the portions of railway hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

(a) To the Ontario and Rainy River Railway a cash subsidy of three thousand dollars per mile ($3,000) for the construction of thirty miles of said Railway westward from the point near Sand Lake where the fifty miles terminate for which aid was granted by chapter 35 of 52 Vic., entitled "An Act respecting Aid to certain Railways."
(b) To the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway from Egansville to a point in the Township of Sherwood, a distance not exceeding thirty miles, a cash subsidy of $3,000 per mile.

That all the provisions of section 2 of chapter 35 of 52 Vic., respecting the option of substituting half-yearly payments for forty years in lieu of a cash payment and all the conditions provided by section 3 of said Act shall apply to the grants hereby made.

Provided, that any arrangements made between the Rainy River Railway Company and the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway Company providing for the expenditure of any part of the aid hereby granted in the construction of any portion of the line of the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway shall be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

That for the purpose of forming a subsidy fund there is hereby set apart so much of the lands of this Province belonging to the Crown as lie within the distance of ten miles on each side of those portions of the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway and of the Rainy River Railway to which aid is hereby granted, or on each side of that portion of the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway upon which, by agreement between the Companies, any portion of the aid now or heretofore granted may be expended, which land shall be sold and dealt with in the same manner as provided in sections 4 to 10 inclusive, of the said chapter 35 of 52 Vic.

The House, according to Order, again resolved itself into the Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the services of the year 1890, the following sums:

86. To defray the expenses of Colonization roads .................. $110,150 00
87. To defray the expenses of Crown lands ....................... $115,900 00
92. To defray Miscellaneous Expenditures ....................... $110,050 24

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to several Resolutions; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received forthwith.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-Morrow.

And the House, having continued to sit until twelve of the clock, midnight.

THURSDAY, 3rd April, 1890.

Mr. Harcourt from the Committee of Supply, reported the following Resolutions:

1. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Government House for year ending 31st December, 1890.
2. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Lieutenant-Governor's office for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

3. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Eighteen thousand three hundred and sixteen dollars and sixty-six cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Executive Council and Attorney-General's office for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

4. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Eighteen thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Department of Education for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

5. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Forty-eight thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Crown Lands Department for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

6. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty thousand three hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Department of Public Works for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

7. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty thousand five hundred and twenty-five dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Treasurer's office for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

8. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Ten thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Inspection of Public Institutions for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

9. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty-four thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Department of Agriculture for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

10. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand six hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Immigration for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

11. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty-seven thousand six hundred and ten dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Secretary and Registrar's office for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

12. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Seven thousand and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Provincial Board of Health for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

13. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twelve thousand two hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray Miscellaneous Expenses of Civil Government for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

14. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and twenty-one thousand four hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Legislation for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

15. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Fifty-six thousand and eighty-three dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Supreme Court of Judicature for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
16. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty-four thousand three hundred and eighty-five dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Surrogate Judges and Local Masters for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

17. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two hundred and ninety-two thousand eight hundred and ten dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Miscellaneous, Criminal and Civil Justice for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

18. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two hundred and forty-one thousand four hundred and thirteen dollars and eighty-one cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Public and Separate Schools for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

19. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty-five thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Schools in new and poor townships for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

20. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Nine thousand three hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Model Schools for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

21. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand three hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Teachers' Institutes for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

22. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One hundred thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Collegiate Institutes and High Schools for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

23. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Training Institutes for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

24. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Fifty-two thousand two hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Inspection of Normal, High, Model, Public and Separate Schools for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

25. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twelve thousand four hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Departmental Examinations of Public School teachers for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

26. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty-two thousand three hundred and ten dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

27. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty thousand nine hundred and forty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Normal School at Ottawa, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

28. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Five thousand two hundred and sixty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Provincial Educational Depository, Museum and Library, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

29. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Nine thousand five hundred and seventy-four dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the School of Practical Science, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
30. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Forty-three thousand two hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Mechanics’ Institutes, Art Schools, Literary and Scientific Institutions, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

31. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the Miscellaneous Expenses of Education for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

32. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Fifty-nine thousand eight hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Superannuated Teachers for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

33. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and one thousand three hundred and fifty-three dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane at Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

34. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Twenty-four thousand four hundred and eighty-two dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Mimico Branch of the Asylum for the Insane at Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

35. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and thirty-four thousand four hundred and fifty-two dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane at London, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

36. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Ninety thousand six hundred and ninety-three dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane at Kingston, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

37. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty-seven dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane at Hamilton, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

38. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Forty-seven thousand six hundred and fifty-seven dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum, Orillia, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

39. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and sixteen thousand three hundred and ninety-five dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Central Prison, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

40. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Forty-one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Ontario Reformatory at Penetanguishene, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

41. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Forty-two thousand four hundred and twenty-seven dollars and sixteen cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

42. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Thirty-five thousand nine hundred and one dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Institution for the Blind at Brantford, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

43. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Thirty-one thousand six hundred and seventy-six dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Andrew Mercer Reformatory for Women and Refuge for Girls, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
44. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Five thousand eight hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Immigration for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

45. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and thirty thousand four hundred and seventy-eight dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of grant in aid of Agriculture for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

46. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and twenty-five thousand five hundred and seventy-nine dollars and sixty-seven cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Hospitals and Charities for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

47. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Eight thousand and fifty-seven dollars and twelve cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of Government House for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

48. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Ten thousand four hundred and forty-five dollars and eighty-two cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of the Main Building of Parliament Buildings, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

49. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand three hundred and forty-five dollars and eighty cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs to the West Wing of the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

50. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Four thousand five hundred and ninety-five dollars and eighty cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs to the East Wing of the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

51. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Nine thousand three hundred dollars and seventy-nine cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs to the Education Department (Normal School Building), for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

52. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand seven hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs to rented premises on Simcoe Street, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

53. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand five hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs of rented premises on Wellington Street, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

54. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand and ninety-four dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Miscellaneous Maintenance and repairs for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

55. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand three hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs to the Normal and Model School, Ottawa, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

56. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand two hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs to the School of Practical Science, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
57. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding six thousand one hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs to Agricultural College, Guelph, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

58. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Six hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Agricultural Hall, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

59. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Eight thousand nine hundred and ninety-seven dollars and forty cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of maintenance and repairs to Osgoode Hall, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

60. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Seven thousand and ten dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the works at the Asylum for the Insane, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

61. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and ninety-three thousand four hundred and four dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the works at the Mimico Branch of the Asylum for the Insane at Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

62. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Eighteen thousand eight hundred and one dollars and eighty-nine cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the works at the Asylum for the Insane, London, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

63. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Twenty-three thousand eight hundred and twenty-three dollars and fifty-three cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the works at the Asylum, Hamilton, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

64. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Five thousand eight hundred and seventy-three dollars and thirty-three cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for the Insane, Kingston, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

65. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Two hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Branch Asylum, Kingston, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

66. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and forty thousand three hundred and seventeen dollars and seventy-three cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for Idiots at Orillia, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

67. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding six thousand five hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Provincial Reformatory, Penetanguishene, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

68. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand four hundred and sixty-five dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Andrew Mercer Reformatory for Females, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

69. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Nine thousand seven hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Central Prison, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
70. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Eight thousand seven hundred and thirty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Deaf and Dumb Institute, Belleville, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

71. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Five thousand five hundred and nine dollars and fifty cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Blind Institute, Brantford, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

72. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the School of Agriculture, Guelph, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

73. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Four thousand five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Education Department and Normal School, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

74. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding six thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Normal School, Ottawa, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

75. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Sixty-three thousand two hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the School of Practical Science, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

76. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Four thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

77. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at Government House, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

78. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Six thousand six hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works in the District of Algoma, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

79. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand eight hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works in the Thunder Bay District, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

80. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works in the Muskoka District, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

81. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand two hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works in the Parry Sound District, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

82. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works in the Nipissing District, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
83. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works in Rainy River District, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

84. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Miscellaneous Works, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

85. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Thirty-nine thousand eight hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Public Works, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

86. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and ten thousand one hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of construction and repairs of Colonization Roads, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

87. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and fifteen thousand nine hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Crown Lands Expenditure, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

88. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Refund Account, re Education, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

89. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Eighteen thousand five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Refund Account, re Crown Lands, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

90. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand seven hundred and sixty-four dollars and seven cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Refund Account, re Municipalities Fund, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

91. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand nine hundred and eighty-four dollars and ninety-seven cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Refund Account, re Land Improvement Fund, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

92. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and ten thousand and fifty dollars and twenty-four cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Miscellaneous Expenditure, for the year ending December 31st, 1890.

93. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Fifty thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray Unforeseen and Unprovided expenses for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

The several Resolutions having been again read,

The remaining Resolutions were agreed to.
On motion of Mr. Balfour, seconded by Mr. Bishop,
Ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return of copies of all correspondence, petitions and other communications forwarded to the Department of Public Works in regard to a reduction of the indebtedness of the Township of Tilbury West to the Province under the Ontario Drainage Act, together with copies of any replies thereto.

Mr. Graham moved, seconded by Mr. Sprague,
That, in the opinion of this House it is desirable that closer Trade Relations should exist between the United States of America and the Dominion of Canada, and that this House do humbly petition the Legislature of the Dominion of Canada, to take such steps as they may deem expedient to bring about Unrestricted Reciprocity between the United States of America and the Dominion of Canada.
And a Debate arising,
Ordered, That the Debate be adjourned until the next Sittings of the House To-day.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 93), Respecting the law of Landlord and Tenant having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 149), To amend the Registry Act, having been read.
Mr. Meredith, moved, That the Bill be now read the second time.
And the Motion, having been put, was lost on a division.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 187), To amend the Liquor License Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 190), To amend the Free Libraries Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 240), To amend the Municipal Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The following Bill was read the second time:—
Bill (No. 253), To amend the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Act.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House at the next Sittings thereof To-Day.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:—

Papers and Documents relating to the Ontario and Rainy River Railway Company and the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway Company. (Sessional Papers No. 81.)

Also—Documents and Papers relating to Upper Canada Improvement Fund. (Sessional Papers No. 82.)

Also—Report of the Secretary and Registrar of the Province of Ontario for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 84.)
Also—Return to an Order of the House of the fifth day of March last for a Return shewing, in tabulated form, a statement of Provincial Revenue from all sources for each year since Confederation to the close of 1889, specifying such annual receipts under the various headings used in the Public Accounts of the Province. A similar statement of Provincial expenditure during the same period. (Sessional Papers No. 83.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the fifth day of March last for a Return shewing the amount still to be paid on Railway Aid Certificates issued by the Province, with the dates when the same became due and payable. Also, shewing the amounts of Annuity Certificates issued by the Province with the dates when they become due and payable. Also, an Estimate of the present value of the said Railway Aid Certificates and Annuity Certificates respectively. Also, specifying the amount to be paid on account of principal and interest respectively in each year during the currency of said Certificates. (Sessional Papers No. 85.)

Also—Return to an Order of the House of the twenty-eighth day of February last for a Return shewing the number of Shop and Tavern Licenses granted to persons resident in Killarney in each of the years 1888 and 1889 and the names of the persons to whom they were respectively granted. Also, for copies of all petitions for or against the granting of such licenses or any of them, and of all correspondence between the head, or any officer of the License Branch of the Department of the Provincial Secretary, and any other person on the subject of the granting or working of such licenses, or any of them, and shewing also the population of Killarney during the same years. (Sessional Papers No. 86.)

The House then adjourned at 12.50 a.m.

Thursday, 3rd April, 1890.

11 o'clock A.M.

Prayers.

The following Petitions were read and received:—

Of Iron Moulders' Union No. 128; also, of District Assembly No. 125; also of George Watson and others, all of Toronto, severally praying for the adoption of Public Weigh Scales.

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), from the Standing Committee on Public Accounts, presented their report, which was read. (Appendix No. 1.)

Mr. Speaker, from the Library Committee, presented their Report, which was read as follows:—

The Library Committee recommend that application be made to the British Government for copies of such public documents relating to any part of Canada, as may have been printed by order of Parliament.
That one hundred copies each, of the following works be procured for members of the Assembly:
Life of Lieutenant-Governor *Simcoe*, by D. B. Read, Q.C.
Travels in *Europe*, by Mrs. A. W. Lauder.

Mr. Balfour, from the Committee on Printing, presented their Sixth Report, which was read as follows:

The Committee recommend that the following documents be printed.
Report of the Entomological Society. *(Sessional papers No. 17.)*
Return as to Temperance Act. *(Sessional Papers No. 67.)*
Schedule of fines or penalties remitted. *(Sessional Papers No. 68.)*
Report of the Provincial Board of Health. *(Sessional Papers No. 72.)*
Return of the judgment of Mr. Justice Robertson. *(Sessional Papers No. 73.)*
Return as to payment out of the Consolidated Revenue. *(Sessional Papers No. 74.)*
Report of the Poultry Association of Ontario for the year 1889. *(Sessional Papers No. 76.)*
Report of the Ontario Bee-keepers' Association for the year 1889. *(Sessional Papers No. 78.)*
Copy of a Petition from the Municipal Corporation of the Village of Cayuga. *(Sessional Papers No. 79.)*
Annual Report of the Bureau of Industries for the year 1889. *(Sessional Papers No. 80.)*
Documents relating to the Ontario and Rainy River Railway Company. *(Sessional Papers No. 81.)*
Documents and Papers relating to the Upper Canada Improvement Fund. *(Sessional Papers No. 82.)*
Return shewing Receipts and Expenditures, by the Treasurer of Ontario from July, 1867, to December, 1889. *(Sessional Papers No. 83.)*
Report of the Secretary and Registrar of the Province of Ontario. *(Sessional Papers No. 84.)*
Return showing the amount still to be paid on Railway Aid Certificates. *(Sessional Papers No. 85.)*
Also, that there be printed 2,000 copies of the Act to improve the Liquor License Law.

The Committee recommend that the following documents be not printed.
Papers relating to the maintenance of a residence in connection with the Provincial University. *(Sessional Papers No. 75.)*
Return showing the number of Shop and Tavern Licenses granted to persons resident in the village of Killarney. *(Sessional Papers No. 86.)*

Resolved, That this House doth concur in the Sixth Report of the Committee on Printing.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:
Bill (No. 84), To amend the Act respecting conveyances to Trustees for Burial Grounds.
Bill (No. 75), To amend the Surrogate Courts Act.
Bill (No. 243), An Act to amend the Act respecting Conditional Sales of Chattels.
Bill (No. 247), Respecting Sales for Taxes in *Muskoka* and *Parry Sound.*
Bill (No. 64), For the Consolidation of the Floating Debt of the Town of *Trenton,* and for other purposes.
Bill (No. 54) to incorporate the Town of *Walkerville.*
Bill (No. 229) To amend the Timber Slide Companies Act.
The following Bill was read the third time:—

Bill (No. 245), To amend the Act relating to Manhood Suffrage.
Resolved, That the Bill do pass and be intituled "An Act relating to Manhood Suffrage Voters."

The following Bill was read the third time:—

Bill (No. 42), Respecting certain Railway By-Laws of the Municipality of Neebing.
Resolved, That the Bill do pass and be intituled "An Act respecting certain By-Laws of the Municipality of Neebing."

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 178), To confirm and establish a certain Survey of the Township of Kennebec, in the County of Frontenac, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 46), Respecting the City of Toronto, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time, at the next Sittings of the House To-day.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 248), Respecting certain Statistical Returns, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time, at the next Sittings of the House To-day.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 249), To amend the Act respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 250), To amend the High Schools Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill, with certain amendments.
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.
The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 252), Respecting Polling Places in the District of Algoma, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The Attorney-General delivered to Mr. Speaker a Message from His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, signed by himself; and the Message was read by Mr. Speaker and is as follows:—

A. CAMPBELL.

The Lieutenant-Governor transmits Estimates of certain further sums required to complete the service of the Province for the year 1889, and for the service of the year 1890; also for the month of January, 1891, and recommends them to the Legislative Assembly.

Government House,
Toronto, 3rd April, 1890.
(Sessional Papers No. 19.)

Ordered, That the Message of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, together with the Estimates, be referred to the Committee of Supply.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 251), Respecting Timber Licenses affecting Registered Land, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The following Bill was read the second time:—

Bill (No. 255), "The Municipal Amendment Act, 1890."
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House forthwith.
The House resolved itself into the Committee, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Balfour reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.
Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.
Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time at the next Sittings of the House To-day.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 119), To amend the Election Act as to the Secrecy of Voting having been read,
The Attorney General moved,
That the Bill be now read the third time,
And the Motion, having been put, was carried on a division, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Hardy, seconded by Mr. Fraser,
Resolved, That this House do forthwith resolve itself into a Committee to consider certain proposed Resolutions respecting Free Grants and Homesteads.
The Attorney-General acquainted the House that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, having been informed of the subject matter of the proposed Resolutions, recommends them to the consideration of the House.
The House then resolved itself into the Committee.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That in the opinion of this House it is expedient that all sums due to the Crown for seed-grain supplied to the settlers in the Free Grant Territory, or any part thereof, amounting to $5,306 together with any interest thereon, should be remitted.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this House it is expedient that sub-sections 3 and 4 of Section 22 of the Free Grants and Homesteads Act, (R.S.O. 1887, cap. 25) should be repealed, and that the patents for the lands in said sub-sections mentioned or referred to should issue notwithstanding any arrears of payments of the expenses of clearing, fencing and erection of buildings thereon, and that all sums due Her Majesty in respect of such clearing, fencing and building by locatees in the Township of Ryerson and Spence in the District of Parry Sound, amounting to $7,304 principal, together with any interest thereon, should be remitted.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had come to certain Resolutions.

Ordered, That the Report be now received.

Mr. McLaughlin reported the Resolutions as follow:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this House it is expedient that all sums due to the Crown for seed-grain supplied to the settlers in the Free Grant Territory, or any part thereof, amounting to $5,306 together with any interest thereon, should be remitted.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this House it is expedient that sub-sections 3 and 4 of Section 22 of the Free Grants and Homesteads Act, (R.S.O. 1887, cap. 25) should be repealed and that the patents for the lands in said sub-sections mentioned or referred to should issue notwithstanding any arrears of payments of the expenses of clearing, fencing and erection of buildings thereon, and that all sums due Her Majesty in respect of such clearing, fencing and building by locatees in the Township of Ryerson and Spence in the District of Parry Sound, amounting to $7,304 principal, together with any interest thereon, should be remitted.

The Resolutions having been read the second time, were agreed to, and referred to the Committee of the Whole House on Bill (No. 184), To amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 184), To amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.

The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Mr. Hardy then moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Marter moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Wood (Hastings),

That all the words of the Motion after the first word "That" be omitted, and the following substituted therefor: "the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend the same by adding the following: 'Sections 11 and 12 of the Free Grants and Homesteads Act are hereby repealed, provided always that the repeal of the said Sections shall not take away from the patentee, his heir or assigns, the right to payment of the money.
mentioned in Section 12 as hereby amended, to which he or they may be entitled, in respect of timber cut before the passing of this Act, and all trees remaining on any Free Grant Lands when the patent issues shall become the property of the Patentee.'"

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Armstrong, Hammell, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac),
Blyth, Hess, Metcalf, Stewart,
Clancy, Hudson, Monk, Tooley,
Clarke, H.E. (Toronto), Ingram, Morgan, Whitney,
Craig, Kerns, Ostrom, Willsoughby,
Creighton, Les, Preston, Wood (Hastings),
Cruess, Marten, Rorke, Wylie—30.
French, Meacham,

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Graham, Mowat,
Awrey, Dryden, Harcourt, O'Connor,
Balfour, Ewans, Hardy, Phelps,
Ballantyne, Ferguson, Leys, Rabillard,
Bishop, Field, Lyon, Ross (Huron),
Blezard, Fraser, McAndrew, Ross (Middlesex),
Caldwell, Freeman, McKay, Smith (York),
Chisholm, Garson, McLaughlin, Snider,
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Stratton,
Dack, Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Waters,
Dance, Gilmore, Master, Wood (Brant)—47.
Davis, Gould, Morin,

Mr. Marten then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Hudson,

That all, after the first word "That" in the Motion be omitted, and the following substituted therefor: "the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend the same by adding the following: "whenever the quantity of pine timber growing on any located lot is less than fifty thousand feet, such lot shall be withdrawn from license, and the locatee shall, on obtaining his patent be entitled to such timber under such regulations as may be passed for the purpose of securing, as far as practicable, the same being retained as a timber reserve for local use."

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Armstrong, Hammell, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac),
Blyth, Hess, Metcalf, Stewart,
Clancy, Hudson, Monk, Tooley,
Clarke, H.E. (Toronto), Ingram, Morgan, Whitney,
Craig, Kerns, Ostrom, Willsoughby,
Creighton, Les, Preston, Wood (Hastings),
Cruess, Marten, Rorke, Wylie—30.
French, Meacham,
NAYS:

Messieurs

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Mr. Marter then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Clancy,
That all, after the first word “That” in the Motion be omitted and the following
substituted therefor, “the Bill be not now read the third time but be forthwith referred
back to a Committee of the Whole House with instructions to amend the 8th section by
substituting the word “three” for the word “five” in the second and eighth lines of said
section.”

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

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Mr. Marter then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Lees,
That all, after the first word "That" in the motion, be omitted and the following
substituted therefor, "the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred
back to a Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend the same, by
adding the following: "actual settlers in Free Grant Districts or counties who have
obtained their patents for their lots, whether the same have been Free Grants or purchased,
be allowed to purchase at tax sales of lands in the township in which they reside an
additional quantity of land not exceeding four hundred acres, and that such purchaser
be entitled, in the event of the land not being redeemed, to a patent of such land without
performing any settlement duties thereon."

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Blyth, Hudson, Mcalvay, Miller, Smith (Frontenac),
Clancy, Ingram, Miller, Stewart,
Clarke, H.E. (Toronto) Kerns, Monk, Tooley,
Craig, Lees, Morgan, Whitney,
Creighton, Marter, Ostrum, Willoughby,
French, Meacham, Preston, Wood (Hastings),
Hammell, Meredith, Rorke, Wylie—29.

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Dance, Gould, Mowat,
Armstrong, Davis, Graham, Murray,
Awrey, Drury, Harcourt, O'Connor,
Balfour, Dryden, Hardy, Phelps,
Ballantyne, Evanurel, Leys, Robillard,
Bishop, Ferguson, Lyon, Ross (Huron),
Blezard, Field, McAndrew, Ross (Middlesex),
Caldwell, Fraser, McKay, Smith (York),
Chisholm, Freeman, McLaughlin, Snider,
Clarke (Wellington), Garson, Mack, Stratton,
Connee, Gibson (Hamilton), Master, Waters,
Crues, Gibson (Huron), Morin, Wood (Brant)—51.

Dack, Gilmour,

The Original Motion, for the third reading, having been then again put, was carried,
and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 112), To amend the Act to
impose a tax on Dogs and for the protection of Sheep having been read,
Mr. Dryden moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.
Mr. Monk moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Preston,
That all the words in the Motion after "That" be struck out and the following in-
serted in lieu thereof: "the Bill be not now read a third time, but be referred back
forthwith to a Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to so amend it, that
the municipal council, in any municipality, may provide by by-law that the said tax, or any part of it, shall not be levied in such municipality without being petitioned to do so by fifty ratepayers, as provided in said Bill.”

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YeaS:**

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Mr. Waters then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Morin, That all the words of the Motion after the word “That” be struck out and the following substituted: “the Bill be not now read the third time, but be read a third time this day six months.”

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YeaS:**

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NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Davis, Hardy, Metcalf,
Awrey, Drury, Lees, Miller,
Balfour, Dryden, Leys, Mowat,
Ballantyne, Ferguson, Lyon, Murray,
Bishop, Field, McAndrew, Phelps,
Bleard, Freeman, McKay, Rorke,
Chisholm, French, McLaughlin, Ross (Huron),
Clancy, Gibson (Hamilton), McMahon, Ross (Middlesex),
Clarks, H. E. (Toronto),Gibson (Huron), Mack, Smith (York),
Clarke (Wellington), Gilmour, Mackenzie, Snider,
Connin, Gould, Master, Stratton,
Craig, Graham, Meacham, Wood (Hastings),
Creighton, Harcourt, Meredith, Wood (Brant)—53.

The Original Motion for the third reading having been then again put,
Mr. Fraser moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Drury,
That all the words of the Motion after the word “That” be omitted and the follow-
ing substituted: “the Bill be not now read the third time but be forthwith referred
back to a Committee of the Whole House with instructions to make certain amendments.
And the Amendment, having been put, was carried, and the House accordingly
resolved itself into the Committee and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker
resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the
Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments having been read the second time were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 222), To amend the General
Road Companies Act, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back
to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.
The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time
spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the
Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 25), Respecting the City of
London, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back
to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.
The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time
spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the
Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 46), Respecting the City of
Toronto, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back
to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same.
The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The following Bill was read the second time:—

Bill (No. 254), Respecting the Custody of Juvenile Offenders.
Referred to a Committee of the Whole House forthwith.
The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 111), "The Assessment Amendment Act, 1890," and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 253), To amend the Joint Stock Companies Winding up Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 193), Respecting the relations between Employers and Workmen, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments, having been read the second time, were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time.

Resolved, That the Bill do pass and be intituled "An Act to amend the Trades Arbitration Act."

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 68), To amend the Acts relating to the Land Security Company, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. McLaughlin reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill with certain amendments.

Ordered, That the Amendments be taken into consideration forthwith.
The Amendments having been read the second time were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The House resolved itself into a Committee to consider Bill (No. 175), To amend the Ditches and Water Courses Act, and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed
the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report
the Bill without any amendment.

Ordered, That the Bill be read the third time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 223), Respecting the
Language of Instruction in the Public and Separate Schools, having been read,
Mr. Craig moved, that the Bill be now read the second time.
And a Debate having arisen,
And the House having continued to sit until twelve of the clock, midnight.

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Friday, April 4th, 1890.

The Debate continued, and, after some time,
Mr. Ross (Middlesex), moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Fraser,
That all the words of the Motion after the first word "That" be omitted therefrom,
and that the following be substituted instead thereof, "the following Regulations of the
Education Department have been in force since the tenth of February last, namely:

1. In school sections where the French or German language prevails, the trustees,
with the approval of the Inspector, may, in addition to the course of study prescribed for
Public Schools, require instruction to be given in reading, grammar and composition to
such pupils as are directed by their parents or guardians to study either of these
languages, and in all such cases the authorized text-books in French or German shall be used.

2. It shall be the duty of the teacher to conduct every exercise and recitation from
the text-books prescribed for Public Schools, in the English language, and all communica-
tion between teacher and pupil in regard to matters of discipline and in the manage-
ment of the school shall be in English, except so far as this is impracticable by reason of
the pupil not understanding English. Recitations in French or German may be con-
ducted in the language of the text-book.

3. It shall be the duty of the Inspector to examine carefully in English every pupil
according to the course of studies prescribed for Public Schools; but he shall be at liberty
to use his own discretion as to what explanations he will give in any other language that
appears to be better known by the pupil. The standard of efficiency recognized in Public
Schools where the English language only is taught shall be the standard for French and
German schools, reasonable allowance being made for pupils whose mother tongue is
French or German. The Inspector shall report at once to the Education Department any
school in which the regulations respecting the study and use of English are disregarded
by the teacher or trustees.

4. In counties where there is a scarcity of teachers qualified to teach English, the
Board of Examiners for the county, with the approval of the Education Department, may
establish a Model School for the special training of French or German teachers. Such
Schools shall hold two sessions each year, and shall in addition to the ordinary profes-
sional course required for County Model Schools, give a full literary course in English in
all the subjects prescribed for Third Class Teachers' Certificates, or for District Certifi-
cates as the Board may direct. The final examination for certificates to teach shall be conducted in the English language. There shall also be a final examination in the French
or German language, in reading, grammar and composition. Boards of Examiners
shall possess all the powers with respect to such schools as they now possess with respect
to County Model Schools. The Regulations governing the inspection of County Model
Schools by the County and Departmental Inspector shall apply to these schools."

That this House hereby records its approval of these Regulations, and orders, That
Bill (No. 223), be read a second time this day six months.
And the Amendment, having been put, was carried on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs.

Allan, Armstrong, Awrey, Balfour, Ballantyne, Bishop, Blezard, Caldwell, Chisholm, Clarke (Wellington), Conmee, Dack, Dance, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Evanturel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Graham, Harcourt, Hardy, Leys, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin.

NAYS:

Messieurs.


The Original Motion, as amended, having been then put, was carried on the same division, and it was

Ordered, That the following Regulations of the Education Department have been in force since the tenth day of February last, namely:

"1. In school sections where the French or German language prevails, the trustees, with the approval of the Inspector, may, in addition to the course of study prescribed for Public Schools, require instruction to be given in reading, grammar and composition, to such pupils as are directed by their parents or guardians to study either of these languages, and in all such cases the authorized text-books in French or German shall be used.

2. It shall be the duty of the teacher to conduct every exercise and recitation from the text-books prescribed for Public Schools, in the English language, and all communication between teacher and pupil in regard to matters of discipline and in the management of the school shall be in English, except so far as this is impracticable by reason of the pupil not understanding English. Recitations in French or German may be conducted in the language of the text-book.

3. It shall be the duty of the Inspector to examine carefully in English every pupil according to the course of studies prescribed for Public Schools; but he shall be at liberty to use his own discretion as to what explanations he will give in any other language that appears to be better known by the pupil. The standard of efficiency recognized in Public Schools where the English language only is taught shall be the standard for French and German schools, reasonable allowance being made for pupils whose mother tongue is French or German. The Inspector shall report at once to the Education Department any school in which the regulations respecting the study and use of English are disregarded by the teacher or trustees."
4. In counties where there is a scarcity of teachers qualified to teach English, the Board of Examiners for the county, with the approval of the Education Department, may establish a Model School for the special training of French or German teachers. Such Schools shall hold two sessions each year, and shall in addition to the ordinary professional course required for County Model Schools, give a full literary course in English in all the subjects prescribed for Third Class Teachers' Certificates, or for District Certificates as the Board may direct. The final examination for certificates to teach shall be conducted in the English language. There shall also be a final examination in the French or German language, in reading, grammar and composition. Boards of Examiners shall possess all the powers with respect to such schools as they now possess with respect to County Model Schools. The Regulations governing the inspection of County Model Schools by the County and Departmental Inspector shall apply to these schools."

That this House hereby records its approval of these Regulations, and orders, That Bill (No. 223), be read a second time this day six months.

The following Bills were severally read the third time and passed:—
Bill (No. 129), To amend the Jurors Act.
Bill (No. 248), Respecting certain Statistical Returns.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into a Committee to consider certain proposed Resolutions respecting Aid to Railways having been read,
The Attorney-General acquainted the House that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, having been informed of the subject matter of the proposed Resolutions, recommends them to the consideration of the House.

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund to the under-mentioned Railway Companies for the construction of the portions of railway hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

(a) To the Ontario and Rainy River Railway a cash subsidy of three thousand dollars per mile ($3,000) for the construction of thirty miles of said Railway westward from the point near Sand Lake where the fifty miles terminate for which aid was granted by chapter 35 of 52nd Vic., entitled "An Act respecting aid to certain Railways."

(b) To the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway from Egansville to a point in the Township of Sherwood, a distance not exceeding thirty miles, a cash subsidy of $3,000 per mile.

Resolved, That all the provisions of section 2 of chapter 35 of 52nd Vic., respecting the option of substituting half-yearly payments for forty years in lieu of a cash payment and all the conditions provided by section 3 of said Act shall apply to the grants, hereby made.

Provided, that any arrangements made between the Rainy River Railway Company and the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway Company providing for the expenditure of any part of the aid hereby granted in the construction of any portion of the line of the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway shall be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

Resolved, That for the purpose of forming a subsidy fund there is hereby set apart so much of the lands of this Province belonging to the Crown as lie within the distance of ten miles on each side of those portions of the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway and of the Rainy River Railway to which aid is hereby granted, or on each side of that portion of the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway upon which, by agreement between the Companies, any portion of the aid now or heretofore granted may be expended, which land shall be sold and dealt with in the same manner as provided in sections 4 to 10 inclusive, of the said chapter 35 of 52nd Vic.
Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to certain Resolutions.
Ordered, That the Report be now received.

Mr. Harcourt reported the Resolutions as follows:—

Resolved, That there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund to the undermentioned Railway Companies for the construction of the portions of railway hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:—

(a) To the Ontario and Rainy River Railway a cash subsidy of three thousand dollars per mile ($3,000) for the construction of thirty miles of said Railway westward from the point near Sand Lake where the fifty miles terminate for which aid was granted by Chapter 35 of 52nd Vic., entitled “An Act respecting aid to certain Railways.”

(b) To the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway from Egansville to a point in the Township of Sherwood, a distance not exceeding thirty miles, a cash subsidy of $3,000 per mile.

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Resolved, That for the purpose of forming a subsidy fund there is hereby set apart so much of the lands of this Province belonging to the Crown as lie within the distance of ten miles on each side of those portions of the Ottawa and Parry Sound Railway and of the Rainy River Railway to which aid is hereby granted, or on each side of that portion of the Port Arthur, Duluth and Western Railway upon which, by agreement between the Companies, any portion of the aid now or heretofore granted may be expended, which land shall be sold and dealt with in the same manner as provided in sections 4 to 10 inclusive, of said chapter 35 of 52nd Vic.

The Resolutions having been read the second time, were agreed to, and referred to the Committee of the Whole House on Bill (No. 257), Respecting Aid to certain Railways.

The following Bill was then introduced and read the first time:—

Bill (No. 257) Respecting aid to certain Railways. Mr. Ross (Huron).
Ordered, That the Bill be read the second time forthwith.
The Bill was then read the second time and referred forthwith to a Committee of the Whole House.
The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee and, after sometime spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had directed him to report the Bill without any amendments.

Mr. Ross (Huron) then moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Balfour moved in amendment seconded by Mr. Evanturel.
That the Motion be amended by adding thereto the following words:—

“But this House regrets that in continuing the aiding of the building of Railways out of Provincial Funds, a more just, equitable and satisfactory scheme has not been submitted for its consideration. That, while approving the policy of granting liberal aid to deserving colonization railways, this House is of opinion that Provincial aid should also at the same time be granted to deserving railway projects in the older counties.”

And the Amendment having been put was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

**Messieurs**


**NAYS:**

**Messieurs.**

Allan, Armstrong, Auroy, Ballantyne, Bishop, Bleazard, Caldwell, Chisholm, Clarke (Wellington), Comn, Conn, Dack, Dance, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Ferguson, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Gilmour, Gould, Graham, Harcourt, Hardy, Leys, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, O'Connor, Phelps, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (Frontenac), Smith (York), Snider, Stewart, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant)—50.

The Original Motion having been then again put was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 186) To amend the Public and Separate School Act having been read

Mr. Ross (Middlesex), moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Ingram moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Wood (Hastings),

That all the words of the Motion after "That" be omitted and the following substituted, "the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House with instructions to strike out sections 'six' and 'seven' of the Bill."

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

**Messieurs**

Blyth, Caldwell, Clarke, H. E. (Tor) Ingram, Craig, Creighton, Cruess, French, Hammell, Hess, Hudson, Ingrain, Kerns, Lees, Marter, Meacham, Meredith, Metcalf, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Ostrom, Preston, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Tooley, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—30.
The original Motion, having been then again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Order of the Day for the third reading Bill (No. 255), "The Municipal Amendment Act 1890," having been read,

Mr. Hardy moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Chisholm moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. McAndrew,

That all the words of the Motion after "That" be omitted and the following substituted, "the Bill be not now read the third time, but that the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole, with instructions to amend the same by inserting certain sections, relating to repairs to roads, struck out in the Committee of the Whole at the previous Sittings of the House To-day."

And the Amendment having been put, was carried on the following division:—

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Allan, 
Armstrong, 
Avrey, 
Ballantyne, 
Bishop, 
Blezzard, 
Chisholm, 
Clarke (Wellington), 
Conmee, 
Dack, 
Dance, 
Davis, 
Drury,

Dryden, 
Evanturel, 
Ferguson, 
Field, 
Fraser, 
Freeman, 
Garson, 
Gibson (Hamilton), 
Gibson (Huron), 
Gilmour, 
Gould, 
Graham,

Harcourt, 
Hardy, 
Leys, 
Lyon, 
McAndrew, 
McKay, 
McLaughlin, 
Mack, 
Mackenzie, 
Master, 
Morin,

Morin, 
Mowat, 
O'Connor, 
Phelps, 
Robillard, 
Ross (Huron), 
Ross (Middlesex), 
Smith (York), 
Snider, 
Sprague, 
Stratton, 
Waters, 
Wood (Brant)—52.

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Balfour, 
Blyth, 
Clancy, 
Clarke, H. E. (Toronto), 
Craig, 
Creighton, 
Crusius, 
French, 
Hammell, 
Hess, 
Hudson, 
Kerus, 
Lees, 
Marter, 
Meacham, 
Meredith,

Metcalf, 
Mork, 
Morgan, 
Ostrom, 
Preston, 
Rorke, 
Smith (Frontenac), 
Stewart,

Tooley, 
Whitney, 
Willoughby, 
Wood (Hastings), 
Wylie—(29).

The House accordingly resolved itself into the Committee; and, after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had amended the Bill as directed.
Mr. Hardy then again moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Waters moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Morin,

That all the words of the Motion after "That" be omitted and the following substituted "The Bill be not now read the third time but be forthwith referred back to a Committee of the Whole House with instructions to amend the same by inserting the following as section 12 of the Act.

12. Section 258 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

258. (1)—Subject to the provisions of section 259 as amended by section 10 of chapter 36, 52 Vic., as to the City of Toronto, also as to any city appointing its Auditors under the provisions of section 260 of said Act, the Council of every other City shall at the first meeting thereof in every year after being duly organized appoint two Auditors one of whom shall be such person as the head of the Council nominates, and the Council of every county, town, township, and incorporated village shall at the first meeting thereof in the year 1891, after being duly organized, appoint two Auditors, but no one who at such time or during the preceding year, is or was a member, or is or was Clerk or Treasurer of the Council, or who has, or during the preceding year had, directly, or indirectly, alone or in conjunction with any other person a share or interest in any contract or employment with or in behalf of the Corporation except as Auditor, shall be appointed an Auditor.

(2) The auditors appointed by the council of any county, town, township or incorporated village shall hold office during the pleasure of the Council, and in the event of a vacancy in the office of auditor happening by death, dismissal, resignation or otherwise, the same shall, from time to time, be filled by the Council."

And the Amendment, having been put, was declared lost on a division, and the original Motion, having been then again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The Attorney-General moved, seconded by Mr. Fraser,

That the Report of the Standing Committee on Public Accounts be now adopted.

And the Motion, having been put, was carried on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Allan, Armstrong, Atrey, Ballantyne, Bishop, Biezard, Caldwell, Chisholm, Clarke (Wellington), Connee, Dack, Dance, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Eventurel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Graham, Harcourt, Hardy, Leys, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Mowat, O'Connor, Phelps, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant)—50.

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Blyth, Clancy, Clarke, H. E. (Toronto), Ingram, Craig, Kersus, Creighton, Lees, Cruess, Marter, French, Hammell, Hess, Hudson, Meredith, Metcalf, Miller, Monk, Morgan, Ostrom, Preston, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac), Stewart, Whitney, Willoughby, Wood (Hastings), Wylie—29.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of Bill (No. 195), Respecting Exemptions from Municipal Assessments, having been read,

Mr. Ross (Huron), moved, That the Bill be now read the third time.
Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto), moved in amendment, seconded by French,
That all the word of the Motion after the word “That” be struck out and the following substituted, “the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House with instructions to amend the 1st section, so as to provide that land, not including the buildings thereon, on which a place of worship is erected, or used in connection therewith, shall be liable to be assessed in the same way and to the same extent as other land.”

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Blyth, Hess, Metcalf, Smith (Frontenac),
Clancy, Hudson, Miller, Stewart,
Clarke, H. E. (Tor.), Ingram, Monk, Tooley,
Craig, Kerns, Morgan, Whitney,
Creighton, Lees, Ostrom, Willoughby,
Cruess, Marter, Preston, Wood (Hastings),
French, Meacham, Rorke, Wylie—30.
Hammell, Meredith,

**NAYS:**

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Harcourt, Mowat,
Armstrong, Dryden, Hardy, O’Connor,
Avery, Evanturel, Leys, Phelps,
Ballantyne, Ferguson, Lyon, Robillard,
Bishop, Field, McAndrew, Ross (Huron),
Blezard, Fraser, McKay, Ross (Middlesex),
Caldwell, Freeman, McLaughlin, Smith (York),
Chisholm, Garson, McMahon, Snider,
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Sprague,
Connie, Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Stratton,
Dack, Gilmour, Master, Waters,
Dance, Gould, Morin, Wood (Brant)—50.
Davis, Graham,

Mr. H. E Clarke (Toronto), then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Clancy,
That all the words in the Motion after “That” be struck out, and the following substituted, “the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend Section 4, so as to extend the provisions to persons carrying on a trade or a mercantile or manufacturing business.”

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs

Blyth, Hess, Metcalf, Stewart,
Clancy, Hudson, Miller, Tooley,
Clarke, H. E. (Tor.), Ingram, Monk, Whitney,
Craig, Kerns, Morgan, Willoughby,
Creighton, Lees, Ostrom, Wood (Hastings),
Cruess, Marter, Preston, Wylie—30.
French, Meacham, Rorke, Smith (Frontenac),
Hammell, Meredith,
Mr. French then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. H. E. Clarke (Toronto),
That all the words of the Motion after "That" be omitted, and the following substituted, "the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend the same by repealing the existing exemptions as to Colleges, and other incorporated Seminaries of learning, not being Universities, and not being schools maintained in whole or in part by a legislative grant or school tax."

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEA**

### Messieurs

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**NAY**

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Mr. Ingram then moved, in amendment, seconded by Mr. Graham,
That all the words in the Motion after “That” be struck out, and the following substituted, “the Bill be not now read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to add the following:
“Sub-section 23 of Section 7 of The Assessment Act is hereby repealed, and the following substituted therefor:
“23. The annual income of any person derived from his personal earnings to the amount of $700.”
And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

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Mr. Meredith then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Monk,
That all the words in the Motion after the word “That” be omitted and the following substituted, “the Bill be not read the third time, but be forthwith referred back to the Committee of the Whole House, with instructions to amend the same by providing that no by-law for substituting a business tax for the present mode of assessing personal property shall be passed, unless, or until, a by-law of the municipality declaring that the said section shall go into effect therein, shall have received the assent of the municipal electors of such municipality; and by providing that such vote may be taken at any municipal election.”
And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

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NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Harcourt, Mowat, O'Connor,
Armstrong, Dryden, Hardy, Phelps,
Awrey, Evanturel, Leys, Robillard,
Ballantyne, Ferguson, Lyon, Ross (Huron),
Bishop, Field, McAndrew, Ross (Middlesex),
Bleazard, Fraser, McKay, Smith (York),
Caldwell, Freeman, McLaughlin, Snider,
Chisholm, Garson, McMahon, Sprague,
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Straiton,
Connee, Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Waters,
Dack, Gilmour, Master, Wood (Brant)—50.
Dance, Gould, Morin,
Davis, Graham,

Mr. Creighton then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Wood (Hastings),
That all the words in the Motion after "That" be omitted and the following substituted therefor, "the following words be added to the Motion,—'But this House regrets
that a measure of a more comprehensive character dealing with the anomalies and inconsistencies in the mode of assessment of property for the purpose of municipal taxation
has not been submitted for its consideration.'"

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

YEAS:

Messieurs

Blyth, Hess, Metcalfe, Smith (Frontenac),
Clancy, Hudson, Miller, Stewart,
Clarke, H. E., (Tor.), Ingram, Monk, Tooley,
Craig, Kerns, Morgan, Whitney,
Creighton, Lees, Ostrom, Willoughby,
Cruess, Marter, Preston, Wood (Hastings),
French, Meacham, Rorke, Wylie—30.
Hammell, Meredith,

NAYS:

Messieurs

Allan, Drury, Harcourt, Mowat, O'Connor,
Armstrong, Dryden, Hardy, Phelps,
Awrey, Evanturel, Leys, Robillard,
Ballantyne, Ferguson, Lyon, Ross (Huron),
Bishop, Field, McAndrew, Ross (Middlesex),
Bleazard, Fraser, McKay, Smith (York),
Caldwell, Freeman, McLaughlin, Snider,
Chisholm, Garson, McMahon, Sprague,
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Straiton,
Connee, Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Waters,
Dack, Gilmour, Master, Wood (Brant)—50.
Dance, Gould, Morin,
Davis, Graham,
The original Motion, for the third reading, having been then again put, was carried, and the Bill was read the third time and passed.

The House, according to Order, again resolved itself into the Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the service of the year 1890, the following sums:—

94. To defray the expenses of the Executive Council and Attorney-General's Department .................................................. $102 00
95. To defray the expenses of the Crown Lands Department .......................................................... $1,533 30
96. To defray the expenses of the Inspection of Public Institutions .................................................. $550 00
97. To defray the expenses of the Department of Agriculture .................................................. $450 00
98. To defray the expenses of the Administration of Justice .................................................. $20,338 37
99. To defray the expenses of Poor Schools .......................................................... $10,000 00
100. To defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton ........................................... $40 00
101. To defray the expenses of the Central Prison, Toronto .................................................. $5,000 00
102. To defray the expenses of grants in favour of Agriculture .................................................. $1,100 00
103. To defray the expenses of Hospitals and Charities .................................................. $1,399 14
104. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for the Insane, Toronto .................................. $300 00
105. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for the Insane, London ................................ $14,670 94
106. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for the Insane, Kingston ................................ $2,000 00
107. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton ................................ $3,444 00
108. To defray the expenses of works at the Asylum for Idiots, Orillia ........................................ $2,000 00
109. To defray the expenses of works at the Blind Institution, Brantford ................................ $2,000 00
110. To defray the expenses of works at the Central Prison, Toronto ........................................ $1,500 00
111. To defray the expenses of works at the Reformatory, Penetanguishene ................................ $1,500 00
112. To defray the expenses of works at the Normal School, Toronto ........................................ $3,000 00
113. To defray the expenses of works at the Agricultural College, Guelph ................................ $700 00
114. To defray the expenses of Registry office, Minden .................................................. $100 00
115. To defray the expenses of Public Works .......................................................... $11,500 00
116. To defray the expenses of Colonization Roads .................................................. $19,980 00
117. To defray Crown Lands Expenditure .......................................................... $6,350 00
118. To defray Miscellaneous Expenditure .......................................................... $15,981 00

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to several Resolutions; also, That the Committee had directed him to ask for leave to sit again.

Ordered, That the Report be received To-day.

Resolved, That the Committee have leave to sit again To-day.

The Order of the Day for the House to again resolve itself into the Committee of Supply having been read

Mr. Ross (Huron), moved, That Mr. Speaker do now leave the Chair.
Mr. Meredith moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Wood, (Hastings),
That all the words of the Motion after the word "That" be struck out and the following substituted, "this House doth declare that the rights guaranteed by the British North America Act to the supporters of separate or dissentient schools are civil rights appertaining to them as citizens, and that the assumption that any church organization or body, or the bishops, priests or ministers thereof, are entitled to control the ratepayer in the exercise and enjoyment of such, his individual right, or to command obedience to its or their direction, by them or by the trustees of any such school, in the exercise by them of such rights, or the performance by him of the duties delegated to them by the State, is wholly unwarranted and dangerous to the State, and ought to be resisted; and this House doth further declare that it is within the constitutional right of the Legislature through the Department of Education to regulate such schools, and particularly to prescribe the text books to be used in them, and that the said Department ought, in the exercise of that right, to make provisions regulating the text books to be used in the said schools, except those employed in giving religious instruction when and where such instruction is permitted by law."

And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

**YEAS:**

Messieurs.


**NAYS:**

Messieurs.

Allan, Armstrong, Awey, Ballantyne, Bishop, Blesard, Chisholm, Clarke (Wellington), Conmee, Dack, Davis, Drury, Dryden, Evanturel, Ferguson, Field, Fraser, Freeman, Garson, Gibson (Hamilton), Gibson (Huron), Gilmour, Gould, Graham, Harcourt, Hardy, Leys, Lyon, McAndrew, McKay, McLaughlin, McMahon, Mack, Mackenzie, Master, Morin, Mowat, O'Connor, Phelps, Robillard, Ross (Huron), Ross (Middlesex), Smith (York), Snider, Sprague, Stratton, Waters, Wood (Brant)—49.

Mr. Hudson then moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Wood (Hastings),
That all the words of the Motion after the word "That" be omitted and the following substituted, "this House regrets, that especially in view of the withdrawal of the grant for holding the Provincial Exhibition, an additional grant has not been made to local agricultural societies."

13 (J.)
And the Amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division:

Yeas:

Messieurs.

Blyth, Hess, Meredith, Smith (Frontenac),
Clancy, Hudson, Metcalfe, Stewart,
Clarke, E. (Toronto) Ingram, Kerns, Monk, Tooley,
Craig, Lees, Morgan, Whitney,
Creighton, Marler, Preston, Willoughby,
Cruss, Meacham, Rorke, Wood (Hastings),
French, ——,
Hammell,

Nays:

Messieurs.

Allan, Drury, Harcourt, Mowat,
Armstrong, Dryden, Hardy, O'Conor,
Awyre, Eventurel, Leys, Phelps,
Ballantyne, Ferguson, Lyon, Robillard,
Bishop, Field, McAndrew, Ross (Huron),
Blecald, Fraser, McKay, Ross (Middlesex),
Caldwell, Freeman, McLaughlin, Smith (York),
Chisholm, Garsen, McMahon, Snider,
Clarke (Wellington), Gibson (Hamilton), Mack, Sprague,
Connec, Gibson (Huron), Mackenzie, Stratton,
Dack, Gilmour, Master, Waters,
Dance, Gould, Morin, Wood (Brant)—50.
Davis, Graham,

The original Motion, having been then again put, was carried, and the House accordingly again resolved itself into the Committee of Supply.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the service of the year 1890, the following sum:—

119. To defray expenses of Legislation, etc., for January, 1891, $80,000.00.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to a Resolution.

Ordered, That the Report be received forthwith.

Mr. Harcourt, from the Committee of Supply, reported the following further Resolutions:—

94. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One hundred and two dollars, be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Executive Council, and Attorney-General's Department for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
95. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand five hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-one cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Crown Lands Department for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

96. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Five hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Inspection of Public Institutions for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

97. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Four hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Department of Agriculture for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

98. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Twenty thousand three hundred and thirty-eight dollars and thirty-seven cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Administration of Justice for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

99. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Ten thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Poor Schools for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

100. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Forty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

101. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Five thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Central Prison, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

102. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand one hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of grants in favour of Agriculture, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

103. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding One thousand three hundred and ninety-nine dollars and fourteen cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Hospitals and Charities for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

104. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane, Toronto, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

105. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Fourteen thousand six hundred and seventy dollars and ninety-four cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane, London, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

106. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for Insane, Kingston, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

107. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand four hundred and forty-four dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for the Insane, Hamilton, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

108. Resolved, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Asylum for Idiots, Orillia, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
109. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Two thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of the Blind Institute, *Brantford*, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

110. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One thousand five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Works at the Central Prison, *Toronto*, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

111. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One thousand five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Works at the Reformatory, *Penetanguishene*, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

112. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Three thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Normal School, *Toronto*, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

113. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Seven hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of works at the Agricultural College, *Guelph*, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

114. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding One hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Registry Office, *Minden*, for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

115. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Eleven thousand five hundred dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Public Works for the year ending 31st December, 1890,

116. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Nineteen thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Colonization Roads for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

117. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Crown Lands Expenditure for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

118. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Fifteen thousand nine hundred and eighty-one dollars and three cents be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Miscellaneous Expenditure for the year ending 31st December, 1890.

119. **Resolved**, That a sum not exceeding Eighty thousand dollars be granted to Her Majesty to defray the expenses of Legislation, etc., for January, 1891.

The Resolutions having been again read,

*Ordered*, That the consideration of the Ninety-eighth Resolution be postponed for the present.

The remaining Resolutions were agreed to.

The House proceeded to take into further consideration, the Resolutions reported from the Committee of Supply on Yesterday, the consideration whereof had been postponed.

The Fourth and Seventeenth Resolutions, having been again read, were agreed to.

The Eighteenth Resolution, respecting the expenses of Public and Separate Schools, having been again read, was agreed to on a division.

The Nineteenth Resolution, having been again read, was agreed to.
The Twenty-fourth Resolution, respecting the Inspection of Normal, High, Model, Public and Separate Schools, having been again read, was agreed to on a division.

The Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Fifty-first, Eighty-sixth. Eighty-seventh, and Ninety-second Resolutions, having been again read, were agreed to.

The Ninety-eighth Resolution, respecting the expenses of the Administration of Justice, having been again read, was agreed to on a division.

The House, according to Order, again resolved itself into the Committee of Ways and Means.

(In the Committee.)

Resolved, That there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province, a sum not exceeding three millions six hundred and twenty-five thousand five hundred and ninety-three dollars and seven cents, to meet the Supply to that amount granted to Her Majesty.

Mr. Speaker resumed the Chair; and Mr. Harcourt reported, That the Committee had come to a Resolution.

Ordered, That the Report be received forthwith.

Mr. Harcourt, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the following Resolution:

Resolved, That there be granted out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province, a sum not exceeding three millions six hundred and twenty-five thousand five hundred and ninety-three dollars and seven cents, to meet the supply to that amount granted to Her Majesty.

The Resolution, having been read the second time, was agreed to.

The following Bill was then introduced, and read the first time:

Bill (No. 256), intituled "An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money to defray the expenses of Civil Government for the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and for other purposes therein mentioned.—Mr. Ross (Huron.)

Ordered, That the Bill be now read the second time.
The Bill was then read the second time.

Ordered, That the Bill be now read the third time.
The Bill was then read the third time, and passed.

The Order of the Day for resuming the adjourned Debate on the Motion re Unrestricted Reciprocity having been read,

And a Debate having arisen,
The Motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into the Committee to consider Bill (No. 133), Respecting the Examination of Stationary Engineers, and the Inspection of Stationary Boilers having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the House to resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House to consider Bill (No. 244), To amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act, having been read,

Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.
The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 88), To enable Women to Vote for Members of the Legislative Assembly, having been read,
Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of Bill (No. 238), To amend the Act respecting the Representation of the People in the Legislative Assembly, having been read, Ordered, That the Order be discharged, and that the Bill be withdrawn.

The Order of the Day for the second reading of the Bill (No. 167), Respecting Police Magistrates having been read
Mr. Whitney moved, That the Bill be now read the second time, And the Motion, having been put, was lost on a division.

Mr. Conmee moved, seconded by Mr. Lyon, That, in the opinion of this House the time has arrived, when, in view of the importance of our mining resources and the great benefit that would accrue to the Province by our own citizens taking a more active part in these developments, the Government should establish a practical school of mines in the western mining district in such proximity to the working mines as will afford the students an opportunity of practical training.
And a Debate having arisen, The Motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

Mr. Balfour moved, seconded by Mr. Bishop, That, in view of the danger to the Provincial University from fire and of the urgent need of accommodation in the form of lecture rooms, reading rooms and retiring rooms in connection with the ordinary academical work, this House is of opinion that the portion of the building heretofore occupied as a residence should henceforth be devoted to other purposes, and that if there is to be a students' residence at all, it should be located in a separate building.
And a Debate having arisen, The Motion was, by leave of the House, withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. Harcourt, seconded by Mr. Balfour, Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return of copies of all correspondence, if any, between the Municipal Council of the Township of Canboro, or any member thereof, and the Government, relating to the damage done to owners of farms or to one of the public highways in said Township, arising out of the construction of a dam across the Grand River at Dunnville together with a copy of the report of the Engineer of the Public Works Department relating to the damage.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, seconded by Mr. Creighton, Ordered, That there be laid before this House, a Return of copies of all correspondence and complaints against Mathew Goetz, a Justice of the Peace for the County of Bruce, or relating to his removal from the Commission of the Peace.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), presented to the House by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:— Report of the Inspector of Legal Offices for the year 1889. (Sessional Papers No. 28.)

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Fraser, Ordered, That when this House adjourns To-day, it do stand adjourned until half-past two of the clock in the afternoon of Monday next.

The House then adjourned at 6 a.m.
Monday, 7th April, 1890.

2.30 o'clock P.M.

PRAYERS.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) presented to the House, by command of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor:

Report of the Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union, for the year 1889 (Sessional Papers No. 5.)

Also—Report of E. B. Borron, upon the resources of the Northerly part of the Province of Ontario, and his explorations therein. (Sessional Papers No. 87.)

On motion of the Attorney-General, seconded by Mr. Gibson (Hamilton), it was Resolved, That the Reports of the Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union and of E. B. Borron, just presented, be printed.

3 o'clock P.M.

His Honour, the Honourable Sir Alexander Campbell, K.C.M.G., etc., etc., the Lieutenant-Governor, proceeded in state to the Chamber of the Legislative Assembly, and took his seat on the Throne.

The Clerk Assistant then read the Titles of the Bills that had passed, severally as follow:

An Act to incorporate the Dunnville and Smithville Junction Railway Company.
An Act respecting By-law No. 77 of the Township of Rat Portage.
An Act respecting the City of Belleville.
An Act to consolidate the debt of the Town of Brampton.
An Act to consolidate the debt of the Town of Listowel.
An Act respecting certain allowances for roads in the Township of Winchester.
An Act to change the name of the Village of West Winchester to that of Winchester.
An Act to confirm certain by-laws of the Town of Peterborough and for other purposes.
An Act to amend an Act to incorporate Huron College.
An Act to consolidate the debt of the Town of Orillia.
An Act to further amend the Act incorporating the Canada Landed Credit Company.
An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Village of Tilbury Centre.
An Act respecting the Toronto Street Railway Company.
An Act respecting the Hamilton Gas Light Company.
An Act respecting by-law 168 of the Village of Norwich.
An Act to incorporate the Huron and Ontario Railway Company.
An Act respecting the Hamilton and Dundas Street Railway Company.
An Act respecting the Municipality of Shuniah.
An Act to enable the trustees of St. Andrew's Church Chatham to sell certain lands and for other purposes.
An Act to enable William Lawrence and others to lease certain lands.
An Act respecting the City of London.
An Act to incorporate the Town of North Toronto.
An Act respecting the First Presbyterian Church at Chatham.
An Act to incorporate the Aylmer and Port Burwell Railway Company of Canada.
An Act to consolidate the debenture debt of the County of Middlesex.
An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association.
An Act to enable the corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue debentures to the amount of $50,000.
An Act respecting St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa.
An Act respecting the old cemetery and the Methodist cemetery in the Town of Sarnia.
An Act to amend the Act to incorporate the Toronto Dairy Company.
An Act respecting the Town of West Toronto Junction.
An Act to incorporate the Kent and Lambton Railway Company.
An Act to enable the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas to issue debentures for Water Works.
An Act to incorporate the Town of Little Current.
An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Parry Sound Colonization Railway Company.
An Act respecting certain By-laws of the Municipality of Neebing.
An Act respecting certain lands vested in the Rector of Christ Church, Hamilton.
An Act to facilitate the administration by the Synod of Huron of certain trusts relating to St. Thomas Church, Dover East.
An Act respecting the Village of Campbellford.
An Act respecting the City of Toronto.
An Act to incorporate the Hamilton and Barton Incline Railway Company.
An Act to incorporate the Town of North Bay.
An Act to incorporate the Arthur, Guelph and Ontario Railway Company.
An Act to legalize the Municipal Election of the Village of Port Rowan.
An Act respecting the Central Canada Loan and Savings Company of Ontario.
An Act to incorporate the Dunnville, Athercliffe and Smithville Railway Company.
An Act respecting the Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway Company.
An Act to incorporate the Town of Walkerville.
An Act to authorize the sale of certain lands of the First Baptist Church, Ottawa.
An Act respecting the Hamilton Patriotic Volunteer Fund.
An Act to enable the Metropolitan Bishop of the Church of England in the Ecclesiastical Province of Canada to confer certain Degrees of Divinity.
An Act to enable the corporation of the City of Ottawa to issue debentures for Water Works purposes.
An Act to confer upon the Chatham Water Works power to borrow $150,000.
An Act respecting the New York Life Insurance Company.
An Act respecting the Southern Central Railway Company.
An Act to enable Charles Northcote to settle certain lands.
An Act to consolidate the floating debt of the Town of Trenton and for other purposes.
An Act respecting the floating debt of the Town of Aylmer.
An Act respecting the sinking fund of the Town of Palmerston.
An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Land Security Company.
An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Amherstburg, Lake Shore and Blenheim Railway Company.
An Act to consolidate the debt of the Township of Wallace.
An Act respecting Mining Regulations.
An Act to amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act as applied to Railways.
An Act to amend the Surrogate Courts Act.
An Act to amend the Municipal Water Works Act.
An Act to amend the Custody of Title Deeds Act.
An Act for expediting the decision of Constitutional and other Provincial Questions.
An Act to amend the Act respecting conveyances to Trustees for burial grounds.
An Act relating to the jurisdiction of Courts of General Sessions of the Peace.
An Act for the relief of persons professing the Jewish Religion.
An Act respecting the establishment of Houses of Refuge.
An Act to amend the Act to regulate travelling on Public Highways and Bridges.
An Act to make further provision for preventing the spread of contagious diseases among Horses.
An Act to amend the Act to authorize the appointment of Fire Guardians and for the better prevention of Bush Fires.
An Act to improve the Liquor License Law.
An Act to provide for the purchase of debentures issued by Counties for drainage purposes.
An Act respecting the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway Company.
An Act for the appointment of new Trustees of the settlement of William Chaplin.
An Act respecting the Town of Walkerton.
An Act to incorporate the Town of Gore Bay.
An Act to incorporate the Village of Burk's Falls.
An Act respecting the Sarnia Gas Company.
An Act to enable the City of Brantford to issue certain debentures for Drainage.
Water, School and Park purposes.
The Assessment Amendment Act, 1890.
An Act to amend the Act to impose a Tax on Dogs and for the protection of Sheep.
An Act to amend the Election Act as to Secrecy of Voting.
An Act to amend the law respecting the Lease and Sale of Settled Estates.
An Act respecting official Documents where required as Evidence.
An Act to correct a clerical error in the Act to make further provisions respecting the Districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka.
An Act with respect to the Powers of Commissioners for taking Affidavits.
An Act to provide for the appointment of Junior and Deputy Judges in Provisional Judicial Districts.
An Act to amend the County Courts Act.
An Act to amend the Mechanics' Lien Act.
An Act to amend the Juror's Act.

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An Act to aid in the reconstruction of the Provincial University Building.
An Act to amend the Public Health Act in respect of the sale of Milk and Meat from Animals affected with Tuberculosis.
An Act to amend the General Mining Act.
An Act to provide for security for costs in certain actions against Justices of the Peace.
An Act to provide for the vacating of certificates of *Lis Pendens*.
An Act to amend the Act for the protection of Game and Fur-bearing Animals.
An Act to amend the law respecting Powers of Sale in Mortgages.
An Act to amend the Act respecting Assignments and Preferences by Insolvent persons.
An Act for the suppression of Foul Brood among Bees.
An Act to amend the Division Courts Act.
An Act to further facilitate proceedings under the Land Titles Act.
An Act to provide for holding Winter Assizes in the County of *Carleton*.
An Act to amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act.
An Act to confirm and establish a certain survey of the Township of *Kennebec*, in the County of *Frontenac*.
An Act to amend the Act respecting Private Lunatic Asylums.
An Act to amend the *Ontario* Insurance Act.
An Act to amend the Free Grants and Homesteads Act.
An Act respecting the Profession of Architects.
An Act to amend the Public and Separate Schools Act.
An Act to amend the Trades Arbitration Act.
An Act respecting Exemption from Municipal Assessments.
An Act to amend the Railway Act of *Ontario*.
An Act to amend the Partition Act.
An Act to provide means of extinguishing Forest Fires.
An Act with respect to Fines and Costs of Summary Convictions.
An Act to amend the Act respecting the establishment of Municipal Institutions in the Districts of *Algoma, Muskoka, Parry Sound, Nipissing, Thunder Bay* and *Rainy River*.
An Act respecting Contracts of Life Insurance.
An Act respecting the Commitment of Persons of Tender Years.
An Act to amend the Act to prevent the spread of Noxious Weeds and of diseases affecting Fruit Trees.
An Act to simplify the procedure for enforcing Mechanic’s Liens.
An Act to amend the General Road Companies Act.
An Act to amend the *Ontario* Tree Planting Act.
An Act to vest certain portions of the former *St. Catharines, Thorold*, and *Niagara Falls* Road, in the Town of *Niagara Falls* and Township of *Stamford*.
An Act to amend the Timber Slides Companies Act.
An Act to amend the Act respecting Snow Fences.
An Act to amend the Registry Act.
An Act to amend the Street Railway Act.
An Act respecting the expenses of County Court Judges under the Ditches and Watercourses Act and the Line Fences Act.
An Act to amend the Act respecting Conditional Sales of Chattels.
An Act relating to Manhood Suffrage Voters.
An Act to protect persons acting as Executors or Administrators.
An Act respecting sales for Taxes in in Muskoka and Parry Sound.
An Act respecting certain Statistical Returns.
An Act to amend the Act respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property.
An Act to amend the High Schools Act.
An Act respecting Timber Licenses affecting Registered Land.
An Act respecting polling places in the District of Alvona.
An Act to amend the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Act.
An Act respecting the Custody of Juvenile Offenders.
The Municipal Amendment Act, 1890.
An Act respecting Aid to Certain Railways.

To these Bills the Royal Assent was announced by the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly in the following words:

"In Her Majesty’s name, His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor doth assent to these Bills."

Mr. Speaker then said:

May it please your Honour.

We, Her Majesty’s most dutiful and faithful subjects, the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, in Session assembled, approach your Honour at the close of our labours with sentiments of unfeigned devotion and loyalty to Her Majesty’s person and Government, and humbly beg to present for your Honour’s acceptance a Bill intituled “An Act for Granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money to defray the expenses of Civil Government for the year 1890, and for other purposes therein mentioned,” thus placing at the disposal of the Crown the means by which the Government can be made efficient for the service and welfare of the Province.

To this Bill the Royal Assent was announced by the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, in the following words:

"His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor doth thank Her Majesty’s dutiful and loyal subjects, accept their benevolence and assent to this Bill in Her Majesty’s name."

His Honour was then pleased to deliver the following Speech.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

Now that you have brought to a close your labours for this Session and I am about to relieve you from further attendance here, I desire to express to you my high appreciation of the zeal and intelligence with which you have discharged your duties as representatives of the people.

The public measures which you have passed, having for their object the improvement of the municipal law, the better administration of justice, the simplification of the procedure in respect of mechanics’ liens, the promotion of agricultural interests, the protection of valuable live stock and the amendment of the Registry laws and the Insurance laws, are, I am persuaded, in the public interest, and will be found to have been framed with a due appreciation of the ends to be attained.
I cordially approve of the amendments made to the Public and Separate Schools Act. Although it was already clear that no person was to be ranked as a Separate School supporter except through his own voluntary Act, nevertheless the directions now given to municipal officers with respect to assessment and to registration of the notices required by Section 40 of the Separate Schools Act will doubtless, tend to prevent the occurrence of mistakes in the rating of Public and Separate School supporters respectively, and thus secure greater certainty with regard to assessments for school purposes.

It is gratifying to me to observe your manifest desire to aid in every proper manner the interests of Education throughout the Province. Your sympathy was practically evinced, on the one hand, by the unanimity with which you came to the assistance of the Provincial University in the recent calamity that befel that institution, and, on the other hand, by the generous grant made towards maintaining, in increased efficiency, the poor schools in the new districts, where, owing to sparseness of population and other disadvantages, settlers have serious difficulties to contend with in securing for their children the benefits of a common school training.

I cannot dismiss the subject of Education without referring to the excellent impression made everywhere by the intimation that a sister Province has donated to the University of Toronto a substantial sum to assist in rebuilding that institution.

I am pleased to note that the measure which you have adopted providing mining regulations, has met with the general approval of those engaged in mining operations. The Act will doubtless be of service in promoting the safety, health and comfort of the operatives, and gives assurance that work in the mines of the Province will be carried on upon improved methods.

The measure amending the General Mining Act will afford to those desirous of purchasing mining lands, facilities for transacting much of their business in the localities in which the lands lie, and for obtaining the information necessary to applications for purchasing.

The amendments made in the Free Grants and Homesteads Act will, I trust beneficially affect, not only those who may be within its immediate operation, but the Free Grant Districts generally.

It is with much gratification that I give my sanction to the Act passed for the purpose of encouraging County Councils in the laudable work of erecting Houses of Refuge in connection with Industrial Farms, and thereby relieving Gaols of the care and support of aged, helpless and poor persons not belonging to the criminal class. I trust the Councils will avail themselves of the provisions of the Act, and thus give effect to your timely legislation in this respect.

I have, with much satisfaction, observed your efforts to make more adequate the provisions of the law having for their object the proper care of persons of tender years committed as offenders under any of the Statutes in force in this Province; and I regard as a most salutary provision your enactment that children under the age of thirteen years shall be sent, not to penal institutions, but where practicable, to duly certified Industrial Schools, where they may receive a training calculated to make them useful citizens.

I trust it will be found that the abolition of certain exemptions from municipal assessment has been in the public interest, your action having been largely, if not wholly, based upon communications to my advisers from the various municipal councils in the Province, which had been consulted with a view to ascertaining the extent to which public opinion would concur in changes to be made.

I have assented with pleasure to the amendments made in the Liquor License Law. They appear to be in consonance with the growth of public sentiment upon the temperance question, and to have received general sympathy and approval. I have no doubt experience will shew that the measure on this subject has been conceived in the public interest and will prove eminently beneficial.
I notice that the private legislation this Session has been unprecedentedly large, a fact which marks the ever-increasing wants of an active population. Those measures, some of which are of a very important character, bear evidence of having received careful consideration.

I thank you for the liberal appropriations which you have made for the public service. The supplies which you have granted will be expended with care and in the public interest.

It now devolves upon me to bring to a close this, the last Session of the Sixth Legislature of Ontario. In doing so I wish to assure yon that I take leave of you with a due sense of the wisdom and patriotism which have guided your deliberations. My hope is that your successors will be found to be not less earnest in fulfilling their duty to our common country, and that, like you, they will at all times shew a just appreciation of the high trust which, as representatives of the people, will have been committed to their safe-keeping.

The Provincial Secretary then said:

Mr. Speaker and Gentleman of the Legislative Assembly:

It is His Honour’s will and pleasure that this Legislative Assembly be prorogued; and this Legislative Assembly is accordingly prorogued.
APPENDIX.

No. 1.—REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.
REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

FOR 1890.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

TORONTO:

PRINTED BY WARWICK & SONS, 68 & 70 FRONT STREET WEST.

1890.
REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE
ON
PUBLIC ACCOUNTS
FOR 1890.

To the Honourable the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario:

The Committee on Public Accounts beg leave to present the following as their REPORT:

The Committee have directed their attention, in the examination of the Public Accounts of 1889, to expenditure in the several public institutions of the Province, and have found nothing to induce them to believe that, in any case, charges have been excessive, or that supplies could have been obtained on more favorable terms.

Mr. Charles A. Sippi, Bursar of the London Asylum for the Insane, was examined under oath at great length, and satisfactorily explained that the contract system is resorted to wherever practicable, and is invariably followed in the purchase of flour, butter and fuel. Experience appears to have established the conviction that in procuring other supplies for the use of the institution it is more advantageous to go into the open market and buy at the lowest current rates in such quantities as may be required from time to time. He is of opinion that even in the purchase of butter, it would be better to buy the fresh article when wanted from producers at ordinary market rates, than to secure a supply under an annual contract, as is the present practice. In this particular his evidence coincided with that of Mr. Anglin, Bursar of the Rockwood Asylum at Kingston, given before the Committee last year.

Mr. Sippi stated that the control of carpenter's supplies ought to be more directly under the store-keeper, and that all issues should be made upon requisition when actually needed, and not in gross bulk as now, and the Committee recommend early attention to his suggestions upon this point.

Mr. Anderson, of Ogilvie, Alexander & Anderson, Toronto, was heard as to the
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quantity and quality of a lot of tweeds sold by his firm to the London Asylum through Inspector O'Reilly, and it was evident that the goods were of exceptionally good quality and of unusually low price.

It was deemed advisable to make thorough enquiry into and a comparison of the expenditures for Public and Separate School purposes during 1889 in the City of Ottawa and at other points in the Province, and the following witnesses were called and examined: Mr. Marling, Deputy Minister of Education; Mr. Finlay, Secretary of Separate School Board, Ottawa; Mr. Wilkinson, Secretary of Public School Board, Toronto; and Messrs. White and Donavan, Inspectors of Separate Schools. The examination of these gentlemen extended over several days, and a full report of their evidence is given as an appendix to this Report:

The Committee ascertained that previous to 1880 there was a larger average attendance at the public than at the separate schools in Ottawa, but that since that date there has been a trifling superiority in this respect in the Separate Schools as compared with the Public Schools. In 1889 the average attendance at the Public Schools was 3,260, while that at the Separate Schools was 3,813. The witnesses account for this by the fact that a Model School has been established in Ottawa, at which the attendance is almost exclusively Protestant, and amounted last year to 345; that a Kindergarten School has been opened at which the attendance in 1889, almost if not entirely Protestant, was 54 and that a Collegiate Institute, drawing its pupils from the Protestant element, had an attendance of 314. The total attendance at these various institutions is 713, which added to 3,260, the average attendance at the Public Schools gives a total of 3,973, or an actual superiority in numbers of children of Protestant parentage and guardianship attending schools aided by legislative grants over the total attendance of Roman Catholic children educated in Separate Schools in Ottawa.

From the evidence taken it appears that the increase in the average attendance at Separate Schools in Ottawa since 1880, is to a large extent accounted for by an influx of French population, the annexation to Ottawa of New Edinburgh and Rochesterville, increased school accommodation in the shape of new buildings, five of which, of a very superior character, have been built within the past two years, and by the assiduity of the local superintendent Father Rooney, and of two lady directresses, whose special duty it is to look up absentees from school, and to urge more prompt attendance. This system of special supervision exists, according to the evidence of Inspector Donavan, wherever a Separate School is established, and undoubtedly tends to increase the average attendance thereat.

From the use of the word "Convent" as a designation of the building in which some separate schools are held, especially in the case of Water Street school in Ottawa, and of others styled "Convents" in Renfrew and Lindsay, an impression has been made upon a portion of the public mind that these schools are really private Convent schools and improperly assisted from the legislative grant made for Separate School purposes only. An enquiry, entered upon, at the instigation of the honourable member for Grenville, resulted in convincing the committee that no Separate School is connected with any private school.
Appendix (No. 1).

In the case of Water Street Convent in Ottawa, for instance, it was made clear from the evidence of the Separate School Inspectors and the Secretary of the Separate School Board that the building, formerly known as Water Street Convent has been rented by the Separate School Board for ten or more years, for Separate School purposes, that it contains six class rooms which are daily used in the education of Separate School female pupils, many of whom are doing the fifth form work of the Public School, and are regularly prepared for third-class examinations. All children attending this school reside in the city with their parents or guardians, while the teachers, who are in orders, occupy some of the rooms in the building. They have under their care an orphan child who receives her education in the Separate School.

At Renfrew there is a Separate School, erected in 1886, which is styled a Convent, but is really a school building in which there are class rooms for Separate School pupils, and residential rooms for the teachers; six boarders are resident with these teachers, but are not returned as Separate School pupils. To this school female pupils only are admitted. There is another Separate School in Renfrew which is used exclusively for boys. The lady in charge of the girl's school styled it in one of her semi-annual returns as "The Convent School." She used this title so as to distinguish her school from the boy's school, but it was erroneous and misleading, had not been used previously and has not been repeated.

In Lindsay, there are two buildings rented by the Separate School Board in which are three schools, two of the ordinary grades, and one for girls of higher grade, in which High School fees are charged, and fifth form work is done by the pupils. The residential part of the building is styled a Convent, and here live a few boarders, less than ten in number, who in one instance were returned as attending at the Separate School, but this error was discovered, and the grant paid for them was deducted from the next grant, and the mistake has not again occurred. It was shewn, too, that at Toronto, Chatham, Stratford, Guelph, and other points where Convents and Separate Schools exist, no returns of Convent pupils are made as of children attending Separate Schools.

Mr. Wilkinson, Secretary of the Toronto Public School Board, stated in his evidence that it is not at all unusual for that body to rent, for temporary use, Sunday school rooms, connected with churches, mission chapels, or churches, and society halls, and mentioned that a building which was also used as an Orange hall, had on one occasion, been engaged for a year or more for Public School purposes. These buildings are used by the school authorities during school hours only, and are available for church, mission and society work on Sundays, and for evening services. The average rental of these buildings, including fire and caretaking, is $30 per month, and it is said that the expenditure is profitable, inasmuch as school work is conveniently prosecuted while new school buildings are being erec

Mr. Wilkinson further testified that the children cared for in the Orphans' Home, Girls' Home, and Boys' Home, regarded as Protestant institutions, and supported by private charity and aided by a legislative grant—are returned as Public School pupils, and that the legislative grant to the Public Schools of Toronto is increased by such return. The children, it may be added, are taught in rooms connected with the various institu.
tions in which they reside, and the board of school trustees exercises no control over the various homes, but supplies teachers for the instruction of the children cared for therein, and furniture for the school rooms.

Mr. Aubrey White, Deputy Commissioner of Crown Lands, was examined as to an alleged defalcation on the part of A. F. Dulmage, forest ranger, who collected dues on timber cut by Messrs. Cameron & Kennedy, in Rainy River district, between 28th May, 1886, and 3rd of November, 1888, and failed to remit to the Crown Lands Department a portion of the amount received by him. This defalcation occurred chiefly during the long illness of Hon. T. B. Pardee, late Commissioner of Crown Lands, and at a period when the late Deputy Commissioner Johnson was in failing health and unable to exercise that strict supervision of the details of the department which distinguished his management of it for many years. In the territory in question as Mr. A. White testifies, "things were in a chaotic condition in consequence of disputed title thereto," there was an uncertainty on the part of lumbermen, as to whom dues ought to be paid, and the department did not presume to give authority to any person to cut timber. All that was done was to provide for the cutting of cordwood, etc., and the Hon. Mr. Pardee instructed that if any person cutting cordwood tendered dues therefor, the money was to be collected and forwarded to the department. In this manner A. F. Dulmage was empowered to make collections, and he received large sums from Messrs. Cameron & Kennedy, and forwarded a portion of them only to the department. He had previous to his employment by the Crown Lands Department been in the service of large lumbering firms, and was generally regarded as a sober and reliable man. Mr. Fraser, who temporarily acted for Mr. Pardee received information which induced him to believe that Dulmage was addicted to the use of drink, and caused an enquiry to be made into his conduct in October, 1888. Upon the appointment of Mr. Hardy as Commissioner in January, 1889, he took prompt steps to remove Dulmage, and substituted for him Mr. Margach, who made full investigation of his conduct, and reported to the department. As a result, the defalcation was discovered and steps were taken for the arrest of Dulmage. He succeeded in escaping to the United States, and his whereabouts there remains unknown. Constable Reddon who was entrusted with the warrant for his apprehension, but whose carelessness resulted in his escape, has been dismissed.

The Committee investigated other items than those enumerated, but they do not call for special comment. A list of them is to be found in the minutes of Committee submitted herewith.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

CHARLES CLARKE,
Chairman.

Committee Room,
Thursday, 3rd April, 1890.
The Committee met this day at 11 o'clock, a.m.

Present:

Messieurs Clarke (Wellington),
   Awrey,
   Clancy,
   French,
   Harcourt,
   Morin.

Messieurs Kerns,
   O'Connor,
   Ross (Huron),
   Smith (York),
   Wood (Brant),

On motion, Mr. Clarke (Wellington), was appointed Chairman.

Mr. Clarke, upon taking the chair, inquired of the Committee if they intended to proceed with the regular business of the Committee this morning.

Mr. French—I presume we cannot do very much work this morning and I move that the Committee adjourn to the call of the Chair.

The motion being put by the Chairman was carried.

The Committee adjourned to the call of the Chair.
TREASURER'S Office,
Wednesday, 19th February, 1890.

The Committee met at 11 o'clock, a.m

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Awrey, Ballantyne, Clancy, Craig, French, Harcourt,
Messieurs Morin, Kerns, O'Connor, Ross (Huron), Smith (York), Waters, Wood (Brant).

The Chairman, after calling the Committee to order, requested those members who desired any particular papers brought down for examination and consideration to present their requisitions and he would submit them to the Committee.

Mr. French presented requisition asking that the following papers be brought down for examination:

Accounts and vouchers, J. A. Barron, legal services, Attorney General vs. Francis; item: $500.00, page 69 Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Barron & McLaughlin, legal services, Attorney General vs. Francis; item, $914.34, page 69, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " J.E. Irving, legal services, Attorney General vs. Francis; item, $602.00, page 69, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Blake, Lash & Cassels, counsel fees re power of Province to appoint Queen's Counsel, etc.; item, $500.00, page 69, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " J.E. Irving, professional services in various matters; item, $2,275, page 69, Public Accounts, 1889.

Re KINGSTON ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE.

Accounts and vouchers, A. Strachan, hardware, etc.; item, $380.76, page 145, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " H. E. Clark, recapturing eloper; item, $10.90, page 148, Public Accounts, 1889.

Re IMMIGRATION.

Accounts and vouchers, P. Byrne & Co., agency, Liverpool; item, $3,889.00, page 182, Public Accounts, 1889.

Re REFORMATORY FOR FEMALES, TORONTO.

Accounts and vouchers, Edgar & Malone, balance of costs for services; item, $591.01, page 236, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " T. W. Anglin, services as Commissioner; item, $1,900.00, page 276, Public Accounts, 1889.
Accounts and vouchers, A. Niven, surveys of township; item, $3,600.00, page 267, Public Accounts, 1889.

The same with respect to items $3,200.00 and $1,000.00, J. W. Fitzgerald and J. De Gourse, page 267, Public Accounts, 1889.

Accounts and vouchers, His Hon. Judge Reynolds, expenses revision of voters' lists; item, $110.10, page 278, Public Accounts, 1889.

Æ. Irving, legal services, Ontario Government re Insurance Companies; items $460.00, page 283, Public Accounts, 1889.

The motion being put by the Chairman, was carried, and the papers asked for were ordered to be brought down.

Mr. Kerns presented requisition asking that the following papers be brought down for examination by the Committee:

Accounts and vouchers, A. Ballantine & Bros, groceries; item, $605.06, page 247.

“ “ “ “ butter; item, $5,908.11, page 147.

“ “ Bowman & Moore, hardware; item, $272.44, page 147.

“ “ John A. Clark, drugs, etc.; item, $582.79, page 148.

“ “ John Dickinson, hay, etc.; item, $4,162.68, page 148.


“ “ J. Eastwood, stationery; item, $682.88, page 148.

“ “ John W. Gerrie, medicines; item, $334.55, page 146.

“ “ R. Hunter, meal; item, $11,191.51, page 149.


“ “ Kingston Asylum, brooms; item, $60.00, page 149.

“ “ A. Murray & Co., clothing; item, $4,206.52, page 150.

“ “ Malcolm & Souter, furniture; item, $123.11, page 150.

“ “ J. W. Murton & Co., coal; item, $1,602.58, page 150.

“ “ Macpherson, Glassco & Co., groceries; item, $4,242.58, page 150.

“ “ McMaster, Darling & Co., bedding; item, $346.64, page 150.

“ “ Newton & Galbraith, groceries; item, $40.68, page 150.

“ “ Ogilvy, Alexander & Anderson, clothing; item, $321.75, page 150.


“ “ Stuart, Harvey & Co., groceries; item, $2,325.15, page 151.

“ “ James H. Skinner, crockery; item, $484.60, page 151.

“ “ Times Printing Co., printing; item, $145.00, page 151.

“ “ Thos. C. Watkins, clothing; item, $641.72, page 151.


The motion being put by the Chairman, was carried. The Committee ordered the papers asked for to be brought down.

Mr. Kerns asked for information as to item $10.90, page 148, H. E. Clarke recapturing eloper.

Mr. Ross gave full information.
Mr. French asked information re surveys and the names of the townships and extent surveyed by Messieurs Niven, De Gourse and Fitzgerald.

Mr. Ross—They are paid so much an acre. I am not sure, but think it is 8 cts. I do not know the names of the townships; if you ask for the papers you can find out their names.

Mr. French asked to add these papers to his requisition.—Ordered.

Mr. French—I see on page 145 an item of $30, tickets for patients to circus, what does that mean?

The Chairman—It is customary in these institutions and proves very beneficial to furnish amusements for the patients, and they look forward to anything of the kind with a great deal of satisfaction. On this occasion I was there myself and witnessed how pleased they were at it, and Mr. Barnum kindly allowed about 200 to go in and witness the performance for $30. I am sure that was not too much.

Mr. French—They made no attempt to escape.

The Chairman—No, they are delighted with it, and look forward to it for a month or so with a great deal of pleasure.

Mr. Waters—Can you tell me if the matron of the Agricultural College resigned?

Mr. Ross—Yes, or rather, we made a change and sent her down to Kingston at the Asylum there.

Mr. Harcourt entered Committee Room.

Mr. Clancy presented requisition, asking that the following papers be brought down for examination:

Accounts and vouchers, Thomas Brock, fish; item $859.62, page 137 Public Accounts, 1889.


Jas. Cowan & Co., hardware; item, $374.08, page 137 Public Accounts, 1889.

A. D. Cameron & Son, coal, etc.; item, $14,364.87, page 137, Public Accounts, 1889.

Elliot Bros., groceries; item, $3,069.09, page 138, Public Accounts, 1889.

Farm Exchange, pork; item, $832.10, page 138, Public Accounts, 1889.

J. Green & Co., clothing; item, $1,840.18, page 138, Public Accounts, 1889.

B. Higgins, butter; item, $6,983.04, page 138, Public Accounts, 1889.


J. Hennesy, oats; item, $173.23, page 139, Public Accounts, 1889.

Hughes Bros. Estate, clothing; item, $164.89, page 139, Public Accounts, 1889.

R. & S. Murray, clothing; item, $316.92, page 139, Public Accounts, 1889.


Accounts and vouchers, A. Morrison & Co., clothing; item, $132.04, page 139, Public Account, 1889.


" " J. P. O'Higgins, groceries; item, $2,163.09, page 140, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Ogilvy, Alexander & Anderson, clothing; item, $1,762.98, page 140, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " A. E. Pavey & Co., clothing; item, $1,151.98, page 140, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Robertson, Little & Co., Bedding, etc.; $6,277.68, page 140, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " J. P. Saimly, flour, etc.; item, $8,955.48, page 141, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " G. W. Sanborn, tea; item, $130.14, page 141, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Struthers, Anderson & Co.; bedding; item, $672.25, page 141, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Alex. Tytler, groceries; item, $320.39, page 140, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Ontario Coal Co., coal; item, $627.70, page 140, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Rice & Chapple, balls and bats, etc.; item, $78.72, page 140, Public Accounts, 1889.

The motion being put by the Chairman was carried, and the papers ordered to be brought down.

On motion by Mr. French, the Committee adjourned until 11 o'clock a.m. to-morrow.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Thursday, 20th February, 1890.

The Committee met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Ballantyne,  Messieurs Ross (Huron),
Clancy,                      Smith (York),
Kerns,                      Wood (Brant).—7.

Of the papers asked for and ordered to be brought down the following were produced:—

All of the accounts and vouchers in re Hamilton Asylum for the Insane, as per requisition.

The same as to Kingston Asylum for the Insane.

Accounts and vouchers re clopers, as per requisition.

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The Committee then proceeded to examine the papers.
Messrs. Kerns and Clancy examined papers re Hamilton Asylum for the Insane.
By Mr. Clancy—Are the tenders for coal supplied to the public institutions given to one person, or are they given to different persons? I mean for the same kind of coal?
Mr. Ross (Huron)—Tenders are sometimes given to different persons for different kinds of coal, say for hard and for soft. It is quite possible, that where two or more parties tender at the same price, it may be divided up between them.
By Mr. Clancy—Are any purchases made by the Asylum authorities for paying patients, or are they all made by the relations and friends?
The Chairman—Mr. O'Reilly is present and can give you the required information, I think.
Mr. O'Reilly, Inspector of Asylums, etc., stated that purchases are sometimes made by the Asylum authorities and sometimes by their relations or friends, but in no case do they appear in the Public Accounts.
By Mr. Clancy—Mr. O'Reilly, have you ever received or accepted more than one tender for the same kind of coal for the Hamilton Asylum for the Insane?
Mr. O'Reilly—No, I think not. Coal for the Hamilton Insane Asylum, if 1 recollect correctly, was by one tender.
By Mr. Clancy—I see where coal has been purchased from different parties for the Hamilton Insane Asylum.
Mr. O'Reilly—That might occur where they run out, or where one tender overlaps another.
Mr. Kerns—I wish to call the attention of the Committee to the fact that notwithstanding that there are plenty of good large wholesale houses in the city of Hamilton, they continue to buy staple articles from the small houses,
The Chairman—Are the prices the same, or do they differ in prices?
Mr. Kerns—I cannot tell, not having the samples.
Mr. Ross—It may sometimes occur, when they have to buy from these smaller houses, but you will find they get the best prices.
Mr. O'Reilly again appeared, and stated, in reference to the tender for coal for the Hamilton Insane Asylum, upon enquiry he found that they had divided the contract between Messrs, Merton and Derrey.
Mr. O'Reilly was still further examined in connection with the accounts of this institution, which is appended hereto, marked "A."

"A."

Dr. O'Reilly, being called, testified as follows:

Mr. Clancy.—Is any clothing furnished for paying patients?
A.—Where the patient has an estate which is in my charge I pay for the clothing, which is charged against the estate.

Mr. Clancy.—Are there not cases where there is no estate and relatives furnish the clothing?
A.—Yes; there are some such cases, they are notified and send clothing as occasion requires. In such cases, however, it does not appear in the Public Accounts.
Mr. Ballantyne.—The patients are supplied in that case? The patients or guardians pay for the clothing?
A.—Yes; almost always. Sometimes they ask the Bursar to buy what is needed and they will pay him for his purchases.

Mr. Clancy.—Here is a bill for $173 from Watkins & Co., of Hamilton, for the Hamilton asylum. What does that represent?
A.—We buy little ribbons, caps, etc., for them at Christmas time—a good many neckties. They are not purchased for paying patients.

Mr. Wood (Brant).—How many patients have you at London asylum?
A.—About nine hundred.

Mr. Ballantyne.—You have no high-class patients, I suppose?
A.—Very few; they generally come to Toronto. The patients who get these gifts are generally working patients, those who work about the farm and all over the place. The little presents are made chiefly on account of the pleasure they give at the Christmas season. It is a very old practice and I see no reason for abandoning it. It gives a very great deal of pleasure and costs a very little sum.

Mr. Clancy.—They are given just once a year, I suppose?
A.—Yes.

Mr. Clancy.—The custom is not to give the present generally?
A.—Oh, no; the gift would be thrown away upon a great many of them. It is only given to those who are bright enough to understand it, and to derive pleasure from it. It is really a very charming thing to see how the patients enjoy this little gift.

Mr. Clancy.—Can you tell me whether or not you have accepted more than one tender for the same class of coal at any public institution? Has there been more than one tender accepted for such coal in the case of Hamilton, for instance?
A.—All our coal in Hamilton is supplied by one dealer.

Mr. Clancy.—The accounts seem to show that there is more than one dealer, Messrs. Dewey & Co., and B. W. Merton & Co., both seem to have furnished it.
A.—What date is that?

Mr. Clancy.—July and September, 1889.
A.—I don’t understand what it means, unless it may have been that there was a small quantity bought from some other person than the one who secured the contract.

Mr. Ross.—You accept the tender for a specific supply, don’t you?
A.—Yes.

Mr. Ross.—Perhaps the supply furnished under the contract had run out and they wanted a further small supply?
A.—I dare say that was the case.

The Chairman.—But there is another account from George Long & Co. for coal for $160, another from Merton & Co. for $16.50, beside the main contract.
A.—I don’t understand what it means without hunting up the particulars. I will do that.
Mr. Clancy.—Dewey & Co. seem to have been furnishing all through, and so do Merton & Co. Do you remember who had the contract last year?
A.—Not without making some investigation.

After a short absence Dr. O'Reilly returned and stated that he had investigated the books. He continued:

I find I had lost sight of the fact that we divided the tender for last year's coal at Hamilton, by giving the tender for stove coal to Dewey & Co., and that for egg and chestnut to Merton & Co.

Mr. Clancy.—Do you ask different tenders for different kinds of coal? At what time of the year do you ask for tenders?
A.—The tenders run from July to July. We get the tenders at mid-summer.

Mr. Clancy.—I thought they were put out in December?
A.—For other supplies that is the usual practice, but not for coal. By getting the tenders at mid-summer we get full advantage of the summer freight rates. Summer is the best time for getting in coal. The moment navigation closes freight rates go up.

Mr. Clancy.—Does this mean tenders for 1887 as well as 1888?
A.—I can only tell by reference to the books.

The Chairman.—These are the rates for delivery, I suppose?
A.—Yes; it is estimated that delivery at the Hamilton asylum increases the price of our coal about 40 cents a ton. It has to be hauled so far.

Mr. Clancy objected to the manner in which the purchases were made for these institutions and the prices paid, mentioning tea, sugar, cottonades, etc.

Considerable discussion took place thereon taken part in by Messrs. Kerns, Clancy, Smith, Ross, Wood (Brant), and Ballantyne, and comparison of prices, made by Messrs. Clancy and Smith (York).

Mr. Kerns next presented requisition asking that the following papers be brought down for examination:
Tenders for the supply of flour, meat, etc., for the Asylum for the Insane at Hamilton, and the Institute for the Blind at Brantford.
The motion being put to the Committee was carried and the papers ordered to be brought down.
On motion the Committee adjourned until Tuesday the 25th day of February next at 11 o'clock, a.m.

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Treasurer's Office,
Tuesday, 25th February, 1890.

The Committee met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock, a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Ballantyne, Clancy, French, Morin, Kerns,

Messieurs Ross (Huron), Smith (York), Waters, Wood (Brant)—10.
Of the papers asked for and ordered to be brought down for examination the following were produced:

Accounts and vouchers, in re Asylum for the Insane at London, as per requisition.

Accounts and vouchers, etc. in re Constitutional questions as per requisition of Barron & McLaughlin, Irving, J. A. Barron.

Accounts and vouchers re Kingston Asylum for the Insane, as per requisition, A. Strachan.

The Committee then proceeded to examine papers.


Mr. French examined papers re Constitutional questions and Surveys.

Mr. French in examining Accounts re Surveys drew the attention of the Committee to an item in the Public Accounts of $3,600 paid A. Niven for survey of township, and asked if that would not be rather a large township.

Mr. Ross, it erroneously appears in the Public Accounts as survey of a township, but should be survey of outlines of townships, 120 miles at $30 per mile, I think that will explain that.

Mr. French—I thought it must have been a very large township to cost that much, the explanation is satisfactory.

Mr. French, after some further examination of these papers, returned the same with no objections, and not further wanted.

Mr. French proceeded to examine papers re Constitutional questions.

Accountable Warrants—Æ. Irving, $1,000, $460, and $1,100, drew the attention of the Committee to a letter of Mr. Irving's of 10th January, 1890, and enquired if a copy of Mr. Cartwright's letter referred to therein could be had.

The Chairman—If you will present a requisition I will submit it to the Committee.

Mr. French presented requisition for said letter, and upon motion the Committee ordered it to be brought down.

Mr. French also examined accounts of Messrs. Edgar and Watson re Mercer Estate, and moved that the last page of the account be entered upon the minutes of the Committee.

The Chairman to Mr. Ross (Huron)—Mr. French I think desires the item of $46 charged in the bill for making out bill of costs, but which was not allowed by the taxing officer, which appears in the minutes.

Mr. Ross—The placing of the last page would practically show nothing; would it not be better to call attention to the particulars by saying that the sum of $46 was charged, but was not allowed.

Some discussion arose thereon.

Mr. French—I will not press my motion, but I desire to call the attention of the Committee to the fact, that a charge was made of $46 in the account of Edgar and Malone for making out their own bill, in re the Mercer Estate.

Mr. French withdrew his motion.

Mr. Ross referred to the whole of the account being for the sum of $751.21 and the deducting of $194 not being allowed by the taxing officer.

Mr. Clancy then presented a requisition asking that the following papers be brought down for examination:

Re Toronto Asylum for the Insane.

Accounts and vouchers, M. Doyle, fish; item $1,058, page 133 Public Accounts, 1889.
Accounts and vouchers, Eby, Blain & Co., groceries; item $5,804.07, page 133 Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Ellis, Keighly, coffee; item $427, page 133 Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Morrison, Angus & Co., braces; item $120, page 133 Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Hugh, Miller & Co., medicines; item $835.01, page 134 Public Accounts, 1889.


" " Ogilvy, Alexander & Anderson, clothing; item $466.64, page 134 Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Elias Rogers & Co., coal; item $8,095.73, page 135 Public Accounts, 1889.

" " C. J. Smith & Co., fuel; item $1,006.38, page 135 Public Accounts, 1889.

" " Swan Bros., groceries; item $1,080.54, page 135 Public Accounts, 1889.


The motion, being put by the Chairman, was carried and the papers ordered to be brought down for examination at the next meeting of the Committee.

Messrs. Clancy and Kerns, in examining accounts re asylums, called attention to an item in the account of Messrs. Ogilvy, Alexander & Anderson, and the price paid for a quantity of serge, and asked an explanation of it.

Mr. Ross—It is used for uniforms, I think, and of a particular kind.

The examination of these accounts was continued at great length, Mr. Clancy further objecting to the manner in which the purchases were made, and desired explanation of an item in the same account for tweeds.

Mr. Clarke (Chairman)—Why not ask to have the Bursar of the institution appear before the Committee, he can give you all the information you desire.

Moved by Mr. Clancy, seconded by Mr. Kerns, That the Clerk be instructed to request Mr. Sippi, the Bursar of the Asylum for the Insane at London, to appear before this Committee on Thursday next, the 27th day of February, 1890, for the purpose of giving information and making explanation in re supplies for the said institution.

The motion being put, was carried.

On motion, the Committee adjourned until Thursday the 27th February, 1890, at 11 o'clock, a.m.
Treasurer’s Office,  
Thursday, 27th February, 1890.

The Committee met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o’clock a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Awrey,  
Ballantyne,  
Clancy,  
Craig,  
French,  
Morin,

Messieurs Kerns,  
Ross (Huron),  
Smith (York),  
Wood, (Brant),  
Harcourt—11.

Mr. Sippi, called, sworn and examined, evidence taken by shorthand writer, appended, marked “B.”

“B.”

February 27th, 1890.

Dr. Charles A. Sippi, being sworn, deposed as follows:

To the Chairman.—I am the Bursar of the London asylum, and have been so since September, 1887.

To Mr. Clancy.—I was appointed on the 8th September, 1887, and assumed duties on the first of October following.

Q. What do your duties compose?
A. I keep the books of the institution and purchase the supplies.

Q. Part of your duty is to keep books?
A. Yes; or to see that they are kept.

Q. And to purchase supplies?
A. Yes.

Q. Do you purchase all the supplies?
A. Not all; I don’t purchase coal or butter; they are bought under contract.

Q. You purchase all the goods not bought under contract?
A. Yes.

Q. How do you make them, daily?
A. Yes; if there is a doubt that they will be required during the quarter. Some things I don’t purchase unless they are asked for by the matron.
Q. Is there any limit to the amount of goods you may purchase?
A. I am required to send in a requisition every quarter of goods that will be required during the coming quarter. That requisition is sent in to the Inspector, who verifies it. I cannot purchase goods without the authority of the Inspector.

Q. Then you make all the purchases save of goods that are bought under contract?
A. Yes; at least, nearly all. The Inspector purchases some things.

Q. Are they included in your requisition?
A. Yes.

Q. All of them?
A. I think so.

Q. Do you really know?
A. Yes; everything that is purchased is included in the quarterly requisition that I send in.

Q. You name the articles and the quantities that will be required?
A. Yes.

Q. The purchases which the Inspector makes are not made outside of your own knowledge in any case.
A. I do not think so.

Q. Is there any rule by which you are certain on the point?
A. I do not know of any rule.

Q. Can the Inspector make purchases without consulting you?
A. I suppose he can do so, but he does not. He always informs us. For instance, he purchased some serge here in Toronto, that we could not very well in London, but he consulted me about it first.

Q. I see an account here for tweeds purchased from Ogilvie, Alexander, & Anderson, do you know anything of the purchase?
A. (Witness examining the account) I did not purchase the tweeds; they were bought by the Inspector. I have bought nothing direct from the firm.

Q. Now are you prepared to swear that you ordered these lines of goods, or that you instructed the Inspector in your quarterly requisition that you required them.
A. I stated the quantity of tweeds I expected would be consumed.

Q. And this is the quantity you named?
A. Yes.

Q. When you made out the requisition did you inform the Inspector that these articles could not be purchased in the city of London?
A. I did not.

Q. Then how did he come to purchase them in Toronto?
A. I can't say. He simply told me that they would be bought in Toronto.
Q. I suppose you have had good experience in purchasing?
A. Since I have been Bursar, yes.

Q. Do you think the Inspector is better qualified than you are to make purchases?
A. He has had more experience than myself. He is at least as well qualified as I am to make purchases, and ought to be better.

Q. Then your duties as purchaser are divided with the Inspector?
A. I am supposed to be the purchaser.

Q. But the Inspector steps in and makes these purchases, and simply advises you that he has done so?
A. He sometimes makes such purchases as these, and always advises me.

Q. Could you have done any better by purchasing these goods in London?
A. No.

Q. Could you have done as well?
A. I think so.

Q. Do you know of any object in purchasing the goods here?
A. I do not know of any.

Q. Don't you think it would be well if such purchases were left to you as Bursar.
A. I don't know that I have any right to form an opinion on the point. I simply do as I am told.

Q. But you have an opinion on the subject, of course?
A. If the goods were to be purchased as cheap in London as in Toronto, I suppose it would be better to purchase them in London.

Q. Did you tell the Inspector that you could purchase these goods in London?
A. I did not tell him so. He knew exactly what prices I paid for the goods in London, and he knew pretty well what I was buying them for. He did not consult me in regard to them.

Q. I suppose it was the same way with other purchases here? Here is an account from the same firm of $570 for serges, what of it?
A. These could not be got in London. The Inspector asked me if I could purchase them, and I told him we could not. The goods were used as uniforms. I found that we were in the habit of getting them imported direct. Ogilvie, Alexander & Anderson were importing the same goods for other purchasers, and we thought it a good opportunity to secure what we wanted at the same time. I enquired of the dealers in London, and ascertained that it could not be got there.

By Mr. Kerns—What kind of material is it?
A. It is a thick blue serge, ribbed.

Q. It is an Irish serge, I suppose?
A. I don't know.
By Mr. Clancy—Did you go to all of the wholesale stores in London to see if these goods could be bought there?
A. I went to all the best ones.

Q. You went to all those which you had been accustomed to buy from, I suppose?
A. Yes.

Q. And you are accustomed to buy from the friends of the Government, are you not?
A. I have been instructed by the Inspector whom to deal with. I received those instructions when I assumed the position of Bursar?

Q. Then you are not sure that you could not have bought them in London?
A. If they were not to be got from Robinson & Little I don't think I could have got them anywhere in London.

By the Chairman—What was the quantity?
A. I forget just how much. It was very large.

By Mr. Ross—Do you think it could have been obtained at any wholesale store without being specially ordered?
A. No, I do not.

By Mr. Clancy—Then with the exception of the purchases the Inspector makes nobody makes any but you?
A. Not in connection with my department of the asylum, others may make purchases in connection with the public works department of the institution. I have nothing to do with that.

Q. Do you make all the purchases personally?
A. Yes.

Q. Will you tell me what the duties of the clerk are?
A. He keeps the ledger, and assists me generally in the work I tell him to do. I look principally after the correspondence and the purchasing, and he does various work.

Q. What are the duties of the storekeeper and the assistant storekeeper?
A. They look after the goods when they come in and check them.

Q. Which of them does that?
A. They both do it.

Q. Does the Clerk ever do it?
A. No; he has nothing to do with that, nor have I.

Q. But how is the storekeeper able to check the goods if there is no connection between him and you in regard to them?
A. He knows the quantity I have ordered, and checks them from the invoice.

Q. Do you give him the prices?
A. Yes; they are with the orders. He compares them with the invoices. We won't receive the goods without the invoices.
Q. Then outside of receiving the goods, you and the clerk do the principal work?
A. I purchase the goods and the clerk does the book-keeping. In my absence, if anything happened to be wanted particularly, he might buy it.

Q. What is this store? Is it a large building?
A. It is a pretty large place. We have all the various departments in it of groceries, dry goods, etc., and the groceries are weighed out every day to the different cottages, and the main building and north building, upon requisition made by the matron, and signed by the medical superintendent.

Q. I see you buy from several houses in the same line?
A. Yes.

Q. I suppose the object is to distribute the patronage?
A. I suppose so.

Q. I see an item of coffee purchased in five-pound lots at various dates—did you make these purchases?
A. I purchased ground coffee, Java, at 32 cents per pound, in small lots. It is more expensive than Rio coffee. It was purchased for the use of the officers, who continued to get it until the Inspector found out about it, and wrote instructions to me not to buy any more, and that the officers were to use the same kind of coffee as the patients. After I received these instructions I bought no more.

Q. When did this take place?
A. Some time last year. I forget exactly when. The last purchase you see in the account there is the last that was made.

Q. Then you thought the officers required better coffee than the patients?
A. No; my predecessor thought so, I suppose. He had bought Java coffee for the officials, and I received no instructions to make any change.

Q. The custom was there, and you adopted it?
A. Certainly; for my own palate I prefer the Java to the Rio.

Q. And you bought the Java coffee in five pound lots?
A. Yes.

By the CHAIRMAN—Where did you buy?
A. Principally at Elliott's.

By Mr. CLANCY—Did you not buy coffee for the patients in large quantities?
A. Yes; it was used in large quantities.

Q. Would it not have been economy to have bought for the officers in the same way?
A. Hardly, as it was used by so few people. The Java was bought only for the consumption of eight or nine people, the Rio for eight or nine hundred.

Q. Now, in the matter of teas—who looks after them?
A. I do.
Q. Now, I take the *Globe*—on Thursdays the prices of teas are generally quoted. I see Japan is put at from 15 to 25 cents—I am not quoting the higher prices. At what prices do you buy?
A. Chiefly from 22 cents to 26 cents. I get different samples from different places, all of them marked, and the matron and myself select from these. We macerate the tea, taste the samples and select the best.

Q. You use the same kind of tea for the officials as for the patients?
A. Yes.

Q. You only made a difference in regard to coffee?
A. Yes.

Q. You think it economy to buy fairly good tea?
A. Yes.

Q. And you think you could not get good tea at twenty cents?
A. Not in London, at all events. I have tried.

Q. What is the quality of the low priced teas?
A. I have tried them and they don't suit me, and I thought they would not suit the patients.

Q. You are a good judge of teas, I suppose?
A. I think so.

Q. You consider you get good value for your money?
A. I do.

Q. Would it have been fit for family use?
A. Yes.

Q. I suppose tea is a very important item in connection with the institution?
A. Yes; some of the patients enjoy it more than almost anything else.

Q. You would consider it extravagance to go beyond the price you have named, I suppose?
A. Well, sometimes some of the older patients want stronger tea, and we buy it for them.

By the Chairman.—Q. If you paid 35 cents a pound for tea for old people would it be more than you think you ought to pay?
A. I don't think so.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. Do you think it would be economy to buy tea at 35 cents.
A. Well, we do not do so, because I am perfectly satisfied with the tea I am getting at a low price.

Q. But how can you be perfectly satisfied with it, if you say the other is better for them?
A. I prefer the 26 cent to the 30 cent tea. I have tried both.
Q. You think it would not be right to buy at 35 cents when the other seems to be sufficiently good?

A. Well, according to my conscience—

Mr. Clancy.—Never mind your conscience.

Witness objected, and the Chairman ruled the remark of Mr. Clancy as out of order.

Mr. Clancy.—Well, I will put my question over again. Do you say that you think the price of 35 cents would not be too much?

A. The answer I give is that if I thought 35 cent tea was necessary for several patients of the institution, I would have bought it according to my conscience. As a matter of economy I purchase 26 cent tea.

By Mr. Ross.—Q. To your judgement it seemed good enough?

A. Yes.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. Do you think it would be good enough for any institution?

A. It would depend upon their being able to get the same kind of tea at other institutions for 26 cents as we get at London, for that price.

Q. Do you think they would be justified in buying 36 cent tea?

A. I don't know.

By the Chairman.—Q. If a number of patients were paying patients, would you do it?

A. Well, tea after all, is very largely a matter of taste; what I might consider good tea, another man might not. Perhaps some patients in the Toronto asylum may have been accustomed to particularly good tea, and if they pay for it, I suppose they are entitled to get it. I do not think the paying patients in the London asylum are accustomed to specially good tea. We have none that pay as high as some of the patients in the Toronto asylum. I considered 26 cent tea in every way suitable for them.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. In fact, you consider it good enough for anybody?

A. It is the same as I am accustomed to use myself—

Mr. Smith.—The witness does not say what you say, Mr. Clancy.

Mr. Clancy protested against interruptions.

Mr. Awrey.—As to the question whether or not the bursar of any other asylum has paid more than was proper for tea, we had better have them brought here, and examined personally. It is not for this gentleman to say whether or not they have paid too much.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. What I wanted to get at was the system of purchasing tea. It is generally admitted that it is an important item, and it seems to me there could be greater uniformity in regard to the purchases. Now, I see that large quantities of sugar have been purchased. Do you make these purchases?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you watch the prices?

A. Yes; I generally follow the Monetary Times, the prices fluctuate a good deal.
Q. From whom do you principally buy?
A. Chiefly from Mazaret, of London. He gets a Novia Scotia sugar brand that is very suitable.

Q. Do you buy any tweeds in London?
A. Yes.

Q. I see you purchased from Pavey & Co, there; is that a wholesale house?
A. Yes.

Q. Did you buy a different class of tweeds in London from those that were purchased in Toronto?
A. Some of them were the same. Some of the goods I purchased in London were job lots, and I think a little cheaper than those got in Toronto. They happened to be there, and I bought them cheaper in consequence. I am often able to get hold of such lots. My purchases in tweeds, range from fifty to sixty or occasionally seventy cents.

Q. Now, in the matter of tweeds, do you think you could have done quite as well if the purchasing had been left entirely to yourself?
A. Yes, I think I should. In that lot of tweeds that was sent from Toronto, I don’t think I should have done any better. The Inspector asked me about the price he ought to pay, and I told him. He happened to be in London and mentioned the matter. I told him we were getting them very cheap in London.

Q. And he subsequently made those purchases without consulting you?
A. He wrote me saying he was going to do it.

Q. Did he say nothing of the prices he was going to pay?
A. I do not remember.

Q. Don’t you think you would remember if he had done so?
A. I might; I cannot say for certain.

Q. But don’t you think that is a point to which attention should be paid?
A. Certainly every attention should be paid to it, but I have every confidence that the Inspector will purchase as cheaply as I should myself.

Q. I see that large quantities of hardware are used at the London Asylum—what is it used for?
A. For general repairs, locks, bolts and other things. The carpenter uses them.

Q. Who makes these purchases?
A. The carpenter goes with me and I make them. He selects what he thinks best. I don’t pretend to be skilled in the purchase of chisels or planes, or many of the things that come into his department. All the articles in store of this nature are under the charge of the carpenter, and he has control of them. He takes out what he wants on a requisition to the medical superintendent, I believe. I don’t interfere with him. He can take things as he wants them. There is no check on him so far as I am concerned or that I know of. There ought to be a check upon him. I have called the attention of the Inspector to the matter. I told him that I thought these articles should pass through the store just as all other goods do. The Inspector agreed with me that there should be a check, but it was so difficult to arrange it. He seemed to think it impracticable to have the goods go through the store. I thought and still think that lumber and
hardware and all the articles the carpenter and engineer needs should go through the store in the usual manner. The carpenter purchases the lumber. The storekeeper goes when it comes and makes measurement of it. He checks all the goods when they are delivered. Instead of being requisitioned after the manner of dry-goods, groceries, etc., lumber is purchased on a requisition signed, I think, by the medical superintendent, and is kept in the carpenter's department. It goes through the stores in bulk. The storekeeper measures it after it is put in the shed. It is his duty to measure it, and I know as a matter of fact that he does so. He is a most conscientious man. I still think, however, that a change should be made by means of which there may be a check on the carpenter. I mentioned the matter to the Inspector one day in my office. This was some months ago, I forget exactly when. I believe the present carpenter is a thoroughly honest man, and would take no advantage of his position, but we had a carpenter there some years ago, who stole the goods and was sent to prison.

Q. I see there is something like three thousand dollars invested in hardware—is not that rather a large sum?

A. I don't think it is a large bill for the requirements of over nine hundred people. There is a large main building with about 550 patients, the north building with over 200, and three cottages with about sixty each besides the stables, outhouses etc. There is a great deal of work to be done around such a place. Hardware is really one of the principal items of expenditure in the institution.

Q. Do you try to divide that up, too?

A. I am led by the opinion of the carpenter. I don't observe the general rule as in other cases.

Q. I find you have bought from four houses in London, and besides here is another account which may be put under the head of hardware from Mr. Dennis—what did he do?

A. I think he made some shutters for the back wards of the asylum. He either made or repaired them. He has been in the habit of making them since the opening of the institution. As to the purchases, when I make them the carpenter tells me he can get some goods better at one place and other goods better at another place. I price the goods, and if the man from whom the carpenter thinks he can get them best does not sell for the price I ask, I don't buy from him. I sometimes give a turn to the different men whose accounts you have there.

Q. I see ordinary nails are bought at $2.75—is that buying at a fair price?

A. I think so; I don't think I can buy any better in London.

Q. In these lines, I suppose, as in others, you buy from the friends of the Government?

A. I buy from those I am instructed to buy from, and would do so whatever government was in power. If I was ordered to buy from the old boy himself, I would endeavor to do so.

Mr. Ross—He is not a friend of the present government.

By Mr. Clancy, continuing:

Q. Do travellers ever wait upon you?

A. Very seldom.

Q. In groceries for instance?

A. No, never.
Q. Do any persons in London other than those you buy from make application to sell you goods?
A. There have been no such applications since I have been Bursar. Farmers come in to see me and try and sell hay and straw, etc., but no business men of London call.

Q. You consider your instructions in regard to purchases as peremptory?
A. Undoubtedly, I consider it my duty to obey my superior officer.

Q. If you found you could do better by buying elsewhere than you are instructed, would you feel at liberty to do so?
A. Not without consulting the Inspector.

Q. Now, you mentioned hay and straw—how many horses have you at the asylum?
A. Twelve or thirteen, I am not positive which. I think we had fifteen, but two of them died. They are on an average nineteen years old.

Q. What are they used for?
A. They are used on the farm.

Q. You farm a piece of land, then?
A. Yes, we have a hundred and fifty acres under crop, we grow wheat and rye and make hay; and we grow all our potatoes there. I have to purchase hay and straw besides.

Q. There is a considerable sum paid out for hay and straw, I see, about $200—upon whose demand is the purchase made?
A. The farmer makes a requisition for what he wants and it is sent to me. It is included in the quarterly requisition. Some straw is used for the horses, but a large quantity is used for the bedding of the patients of a particular class, and this has to be renewed every day. There are two hundred patients in the north building who require this kind of bedding.

Q. Your duty, then, is to make purchases and to see that the books are kept?
A. Also to receive money from paying patients, and to keep their accounts.

Q. And what is the duty of the clerk?
A. To assist me generally.

Q. And what is the duty of the storekeeper?
A. To keep the store and the accounts in connection with it.

Q. What are his hours?
A. From half past eight until five o'clock.

Q. That is not a very laborious task, is it? Could not one man do all the work connected with it?
A. I don't think one man could do all the work connected with the store in the London asylum—keep the books and do the weighing and measuring, and receive the goods, and do the hauling about that is often necessary, such as when sugar and flour come in. There is a lot of work, too, in connection with the clothing and dry-goods.
Q. Don't you think you could do all the work alone if it were left to you ?
A. No ; I don't. I think it is necessary to have a storekeeper and an assistant
storekeeper.

Q. Do they both remain in the store ?
A. Yes; at least when there is no hauling to be done or goods to be received and
checked.

Q. Mr. Mackenzie, the storekeeper, resides out of the city, does he not ?
A. Yes.

Q. And his hours are from 8.30 in the morning to 5 in the evening ?
A. Yes.

Q. Does he come every day and remain during those hours ?
A. No, he does not.

Q. And on the days that he does not come the assistant storekeeper keeps on all
right ?
A. Yes, at least I hear of no complaints.

Q. And if Mr. Mackenzie did not come at all would not the assistant be able to keep
on all right ?

Mr. Smith protested against the time of the committee being taken up by the
examination of one officer concerning the duties of another.

The Chairman ruled the question in order.

Mr. Clancy continuing : My object is to discover the necessity of so many persons
being engaged there. Now, do you not think, Dr. Sippi, that this department over which
there are now two persons could get along with one ?

A. I don't think it could so far as I know. There is a great deal of outside work
that I know the storekeeper has to do. If he was by himself, for instance, and flour was
brought in, he has to leave the store and go to the bakehouse to see that the flour is
properly brought in. Then he has to look after the measurement of the lumber. He has
to see to the hay and report to me that it is all right. There is a lot of outside work to
be done.

Q. But Mr. Mackenzie, you say, does not come to the office every day ?
A. I say he does not stay every day from 8.30 until 5 o'clock. I generally meet him
at dinner. I think he comes every day; my office is some distance from the store, and I
have no means of knowing if he is there or not, without watching him.

By Mr. Morin.—Q. Is Mr. Mackenzie under you ?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Awrey.—Q. The system of the London asylum is to purchase a large amount
of hardware at one time, is it not ?
A. Yes.

Q. When the carpenter is wanting anything he makes a requisition on the medical
superintendent ?
A. Yes.
Q. After that the purchase is made?
A. Yes.

Q. And these requisitions are made as he wants the goods?
A. Yes.

Q. If he wanted a dozen locks for instance, the requisition would be signed by the carpenter and the medical superintendant?
A. Yes; it is the same thing in all the asylums, I believe.

By Mr. Morris.—Q. When the goods arrive they are checked over by the storekeeper or the assistant storekeeper?
A. Yes. They have to certify to this account at the end of the month.

By Mr. French.—Q. Can you explain why more doctors are required at the London Asylum than in Toronto?
A. Because there are more patients. There are only about seven hundred in the Toronto Asylum as against nearly nine hundred and fifty in London. There is but one extra doctor, and I think the expense is justified by the increased number of patients.

Q. Do you know the number of patients at the Kingston Asylum?
A. It is the smallest of the asylums—I don’t know just the number of inmates.

Mr. Ross.—About six hundred I believe.

Mr. French, continuing.—Q. Now you said you thought the expenditure of three thousand dollars for hardware not excessive at the London Asylum?
A. Yes.

Q. Well, perhaps you have not the knowledge, but can you account for the fact that at the Toronto Asylum the expenditure for hardware was less than six hundred dollars?
A. Well, it is a very different sort of building; ours is such a poor building that it is constantly in need of repairs. That is the main cause of the increasing expenditure of the London Asylum over the other institutions. The other items are all pretty nearly the same; but the account for ordinary repairs is enormous.

Q. Then you think that three thousand dollars is spent in repairs?
A. Well, there is some in stock, of course.

By the Chairman.—Q. Is not some of this hardware used in new structures, and does it not include such things as these iron shutters, etc.?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Ross.—Q. Were there not extensive alterations made in connection with the infirmary by which about forty new beds were accommodated?
A. Yes.

Q. It was done at the expense of the institution, was it not?
A. Yes.

Q. And would there not be much of the hardware used there?
A. A good deal would be no doubt used in the work.
Mr. French protested against Mr. Ross’ questions.

By Mr. French.—Q. Then you have no further explanation as to how this large expenditure takes place?
A. I have no further explanation to make. A large amount is annually expended in repairs.

Q. It has been stated that there were some new buildings put up, is that the case?
A. Yes, there was a new kitchen put up but that was done at the expense of the Public Works’ Department, not of the institution. Then there was the alterations to the infirmary. These were not made by the Public Works’ Department but by the institution itself.

Q. Then there was no borrowing of any of this hardware for the erection of the kitchen?
A. No.

Q. There were some extra beds put up?
A. Yes, and extensive alterations made at the expense of the institution.

Q. What hardware would be used in this work?
A. Such things as locks and hinges and general hardware are necessary to such a change.

Q. You dealt principally with James Reed, did you?
A. Yes, and also with James Cowan & Co.

Q. One point more. Concerning paints and oils, how do you account for so large an expenditure?
A. The walls are painted in all the buildings and there is a large amount of varnish and wax used on the floors of the different wards. It is a very expensive item, that of keeping the floors polished.

Q. Here is an account from Robert Lewis—who is he?
A. He keeps a wholesale establishment of paints and oils. He is not a mechanic, but I believe he was a painter.

Q. Has he a contract?
A. No, we do the painting ourselves. Some of the patients are able to help.

Q. Do you buy at wholesale prices?
A. Yes.

Q. You could not get them less anywhere else?
A. I don’t think so.

Q. Why is the blacksmithing account so large; you have but thirteen horses you say?
A. That is the number of horses we have, but the account is not all for shoeing; it is for repairing farm implements and other things.
Q. What about this item for the recapturing of an eloper—sixteen dollars—what system do you pursue?

A. We pay the money to farmers and others. The idea of the Medical Superintend, is, I think, to encourage farmers to bring back those who occasionally escape from the asylum. We sometimes have to pay them what they ask. If we did not do this when a patient escapes to a certain farm, they would let him go on without attempting to capture him as a rule. By paying them for the trouble and expense they are put to we get them brought back. We have no certain rate. It depends upon the distance. One patient escaped to Hamilton, and the constable brought him back.

Q. Then I see an item here—cab hire, religious services—what does that mean?

A. The Sunday services at the asylum are conducted by the clergy of the different denominations. Each clergyman is supplied with a cab to and fro, costing two dollars. They give their services free. The same system is pursued with regard to the Roman Catholic clergy. No distinction is made. We divide up the cab hire.

Q. I see that Gillson gets the largest share?

A. Yes; he takes the Roman Catholic clergy to and fro, and the Roman Catholics frequently take a part of their own choir with them. O'Donohue's account is for the Protestant clergy, and so is Maybank's.

By Mr. Awrey.—With regard to the purchase of hay and straw, is it not purchased by tender?

A. Not at the London Asylum. No, I buy it as cheaply as possible. Very small quantities are brought to the market, and I generally buy from the farmers who often come in to see me.

By Mr. Ross.—Q. You said just now you thought there should be some check on the carpenter's department. Does he generally have a large quantity in stock?

A. Yes.

Q. I suppose he is daily in want of locks, hinges, nails and small hardware generally?

A. Yes.

Q. Would it not be very inconvenient to say that he should not be able to get a few nails without a requisition? Don't you think it would be impracticable?

A. I don't think it would be a very troublesome thing. I really think it should pass through the stores. I don't doubt the honesty of the present carpenter, but as I mentioned, we had a carpenter once who was not honest. In fact I think an honest man would himself prefer the check. As to nails, he could get a barrel of them at a time.

Q. What check would that be though?

A. Oh, he would soon use a barrel of nails. Then there are the small locks, some of which are very expensive, and lots of other things. As a matter of business it would be better to have them all go through the store. When they are taken out, of course, they go through the store in bulk now.

By Mr. Ballantyne.—Q. But it is not shown where they are used?

A. Yes; in his own account.

By Mr. Ross.—Q. And who checks that?

A. The storekeeper.
Q. There is some check then?
A. Yes; but you might just as well hand over a barrel of sugar to the matron instead of giving out the supplies every day, as continue our present system with the carpenter.

Q. With regard to purchases, Mr. Olancy thinks you might buy cheaper from other places. I suppose you always buy as cheap as you can? You see they don't charge you more than current prices?
A. Yes.

Q. And if you don't get them at one place I suppose you go to another?
A. Well, I know nobody can sell cheaper than Robertson & Little can.

Q. Then you buy in the cheapest place
A. Yes.

Q. In fact you take care you don't buy higher than current prices?
A. Yes; I do all I can to get the cheapest goods and the best.

Q. Now, with regard to the attendance of the storekeeper. If he were here could he tell when you were at your office, and what your duties were? Would it not be as proper to examine him as to your duties as to examine you concerning his duties?
A. I suppose it would be.

Q. The change made in the infirmary was quite an extensive alteration was it not?
A. Yes.

Q. Do you know its cost?
A. About three thousand dollars, I believe.

Q. And it was not done at the expense of the Public Works Department?
A. No; it was done by the carpenter, who, of course, got assistance from other carpenters.

Q. Was not a large amount of hardware used in the alterations?
A. In the way of glass for the windows, locks, hinges and so forth, no doubt there was.

Q. And all you have in stock is included in the accounts?
A. Yes.

Q. As to blacksmithing—your population is considerably over nine hundred—larger than the average village. Do you think the account for blacksmithing is large—$415?
A. The population of the asylum all told would be about twelve hundred people. I don't think the account a large one.

By Mr. G. B. Smith.—Q. Did you ever find it necessary to report that you could buy cheaper than from the houses from which you were instructed to buy?
A. I never did.
Q. Could you buy cheaper if your list was larger? Have you the best houses in London?
A. Yes; I don't think I could buy any cheaper.

Q. You have not found it necessary to go outside to buy as cheaply as possible?
A. No.

Q. If you had found you could have bought more cheaply outside of your list, would you have reported the fact?
A. Yes.

Q. And you believe that the competition allowed between the lines they give you furnish you with the goods you buy at the lowest possible prices?
A. Yes.

By Mr. A. M. Ross.—Q. Are not your instructions from the department to do as you say you would do?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Craig.—Q. Have you ever tried these other houses?
A. I often ask their prices in an incidental way. I know all the heads of the different houses very well, and I know what their quotations are. A great many of the store-keepers on the other side of politics are my own personal friends, and I should have no objection at all to dealing with them, so far as my personal liking is concerned.

By Mr. G. B. Smith.—Q. Mr. Craig asks whether you have taken the round of the city to find this out—now, have you not, in your ordinary walks of life asked questions which would give you the information which you would get if you had taken the round of the city?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Kerns.—Q. I notice by the accounts that you use a large quantity of 'Hessian'?
A. Yes, we use a good deal of it. We get Robinson & Little to import it for us. The ordinary Hessian would not stand any length of time.

Q. Can you tell me the width?
A. No, not exactly. The matron goes with me when it is bought.

Q. I see you bought tweeds at 65 cents from Robinson & Little?
A. Yes, they were used for clothing. Some of them were purchased in job lots.

Q. Is flour and cornmeal supplied by tender?
A. Cornmeal is not.

Q. In reference to the purchase of granulated sugars, have you any system?
A. I watch the prices, the rise and fall of the market. If I think there is a rise coming, I purchase a large quantity.

Q. Have you a particular number of barrels?
A. I ask for a certain number of barrels every quarter on the requisition. I think we use thirteen or fourteen thousand pounds of coffee and about 1,400 lbs. of granulated sugar.
Q. I suppose you are aware that by purchasing fifteen barrels of sugar at a time you can get it at a lower price than by purchasing any amount below that?
A. I buy at the lowest price I can, but I was not aware of that fact. I don't see what object I would have, though, in buying fifteen barrels when I could get along with four, say.

By the Chairman.—Q. You don't speculate by buying more than is required?
A. No.

By Mr. Kerns, continuing.—Q. Have you a baseball club in connection with the asylum?
A. Yes, and a cricket club.

Q. I see according to this account you paid $73.72 for bats and balls?
A. No, that is not correct. I think you will find that the same account includes the newspapers for the year.

Q. Is it not an extraordinary thing to charge newspapers as "bats and balls, etc."?
A. They both come under the head of amusements, and that accounts for it.

The account was produced and handed to the chairman who stated as follows:

Here is the account of Messrs. Rice & Chappelle. According to the statement here $40.50 of the account is for newspapers, $13.22 for books, flags for the decorations at Christmas and for amusements, and $25 for bats and balls.

By Mr. Ballantyne.—Q. That is the amount sanctioned by the Inspector?
A. Yes.

Q. Are these newspapers purchased for the use of the patients or the officers?
A. The patients.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. How is the flour supplied, by tender, delivered in sacks or barrels?
A. Partly in sacks and partly in barrels—about eight barrels are delivered. The barrels are sent to the north building and to the superintendent of the cottages. We don't pay any more for this; it is simply an arrangement with the contractor for the sake of convenience. They are delivered to these departments.

Q. Are these goods delivered under the tender system generally satisfactory?
A. Not at all. Butter is very unsatisfactory, the most unsatisfactory thing that we have to deal with. I think if the tender system was done away with in regard to butter, and we went into the general market we could do better. I could get a more suitable quality and I don't think I should pay any higher price. The flour and coal have been very satisfactory, the flour particularly so.

Q. Could you extend the system to tweeds, etc.?
A. No.

Q. Nor to groceries?
A. No; I remember hearing that when meat was under contract, too, that it was the most unsatisfactory thing in connection with the institution. It was commonly known at the time. We paid for the best, but they thought any kind of meat was good
enough for lunatics, I suppose. The meat and the flour are now the most satisfactory articles in connection with the institution. I say again that I feel certain we could buy butter better in the general market.

By Mr. BALLANTYNE.—Q. What does your contract call for?
A. First-class dairy butter.

Q. Who is the judge?
A. I am one.

Q. It is bought subject to your approval?
A. Yes; the contractors find it very hard to send suitable butter. I have sent back as much as 28 kegs that were not good.

Q. Do you remember just how it is described in the contract?
A. I don't remember the exact words.

By Mr. KERNS.—Q. Do you think you could buy better butter, or that you could get it at a lower price?
A. I think I could get better butter for the same money.

By Mr. BALLANTYNE.—Q. What is the contract price?
A. Nineteen and seven-eighths cents in London. That is higher than anywhere else. We are not much of a butter country, you know. Toronto last year purchased at 19 cents, London at 19½, Kingston at 18 cents, Hamilton at 18½, and Orillia at 18½.

By Mr. BALFOUR.—Q. Who is the contractor?
A. J. P. O'Higgins this year and Benjamin Higgins last year.

By Mr. CLANCY.—Q. Have you more than one man in the carpenter's department?
A. Yes, there is an assistant carpenter.

Q. How long have they been there?
A. They have been there a number of years, both of them, I think about eight or nine years. I don't remember the exact time, they were both there before me, and I think they came about together.

Q. Then both of these men have access to the carpenter's stock of goods?
A. No; the assistant carpenter has nothing to do with them at all. The carpenter has a separate office in his shop and keeps the lock and key of it.

Q. Then it was not during your time that the carpenter stole some of the goods?
A. Oh, no.

Q. I see an allowance here of two hundred dollars for rent for Mr. Mackenzie—is there a house rented for him in the city?
A. I don't know.

Q. Or out of the city?
A. I don't know.
Q. Have you a stable?
A. Yes.

Q. Are the officers supposed to board themselves—yourself for instance?
A. I have a house on the grounds and board myself. All the other officers do the same except the medical officers. The storekeeper and myself dine together in the main building. I take my other meals at home. My house is over half a mile from the building.

Q. Do you have the whole staff there at dinner?
A. All the officers except Dr. Beemer, who dines in the north building. They take all their meals there, the storekeeper and myself only take our dinner there.

Q. Where does the assistant storekeeper dine?
A. With the attendants.

Q. The storekeeper and assistant storekeeper both dine at the Institution?
A. Yes.

Q. How about the carpenter and assistant carpenter? where do they dine?
A. They take their meals at home.

Q. Do the storekeeper and assistant drive into the city?
A. The assistant storekeeper walks to his work.

Q. Does the storekeeper drive in?
A. He drives in a street car as far as he can and then walks. He goes by train, too, from Hyde Park to London. He lives about eight miles from the asylum.

Q. Are there any other horses kept in the stables other than those belonging to the asylum?
A. I don’t know of any.

Q. The officers, I suppose, are supposed to pay the expenses of the keep of their horses?
A. Well, Dr. Beemer has a horse there and pays the expense of keeping it. He has a stall there, and buys his own food. He bought the horse after he had been sick. None of the other officers have horses except myself.

By Mr. Craig.—Q. With reference to the storekeeper—is he under your control?
A. He is supposed to be.

Q. Do you know that he is at his post during the regular hours?
A. I don’t look for him, I see him at dinner every day.

Q. Do you know that he is often absent?
A. I have heard so.

By Mr. Awrey.—Q. When you say the storekeeper is under your control do you mean that you are responsible for the discharge of his duties?
A. I have been furnished with a letter saying that I am responsible for all the department, that the storekeepers were my officers and that I am at the head of the department. If anything goes wrong I am responsible for it.
By Mr. Morin.—Q. Is the work of the department always done ?
A. Yes, I go out every week and look after things. I always find the work done.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. You consider you ought to know whether the officers are doing their work or not?
A. Yes, and I do know.

Q. You consider it your duty to see that they are there to do their work ?
A. No; my duty as I understand it is to see that their work is done.

Q. Under whose control are they beyond that ?
A. I don't know. I suppose as to stealing or anything of that kind I would be responsible. There are two officers by law, the medical superintendent who is responsible for the general working of the institution, and the Bursar, who is at the head of the financial department. The stores are therefore nominally under the Bursar, but practically under the storekeeper.

Q. What part of the affairs of the store are directly under the charge of the Bursar ?
A. I have been told that I am responsible for the whole.

Q. What are your responsibilities ?
A. Well, to see that the goods are properly purchased, that the books of the store are properly kept, that the invoices are filed, and that the working of the store generally goes on correctly.

Q. Including the seeing that there is no improper conduct on the part of these officers ?
A. I suppose so.

Q. Suppose neither of these men appeared when a requisition came in ?
A. I think it would be my duty to report.

Q. When they are not there what do you do ?
A. I don't do anything, the work is done.

Q. Is it done when there is but one there ?
A. Yes, I suppose they make up for it next day.

Q. Does Mr. Mackenzie put in five days out of the week in the store ?
A. I am not sure as to that.

Q. Is it not a matter of fact that he is very little there ?

Mr. Awrey objected to the question in that form.

Mr. Clancy, continuing:—Q. Is the assistant storekeeper absolutely necessary to the proper conducting of the establishment ?
A. He is absolutely necessary.

Q. Are both storekeeper and assistant absolutely necessary ?
A. Yes; just as much as the clerk in the Bursar's office.
Q. Is the assistant storekeeper there all the time?
A. Yes.

Q. Does he do the principal part of the work?
A. He does a very large part of the work.

Q. Does he do the principal part of the work?
A. Perhaps he does. He does not, however, do the clerical work. He does most of the weighing out and the measuring, etc. The storekeeper keeps most of the books—the assistant keeps some of them and files the invoices, etc. There is a lot of work to be done.

By Mr. French.—Q. Are they both required together or is one there just when the other is not?
A. On some days they are both required to be there.

Q. At Kingston I understand there is but one storekeeper?
A. That is true, but the institution is very much smaller. There are two at Toronto and two at Hamilton.

Q. I see an account for eight E. P. cruets, were they for paying patients?
A. No; they get no better than other patients; they were for the dining room generally.

By Mr. Ross.—Q. You said you paid 65 cents for tweeds in London?
A. From 50 to 70 cents.

Q. I see these from Ogilvie, Alexander & Anderson were 65 cents?
A. Yes; they were good articles and it was a reasonable price to pay for them.

Q. Were they job lots?
A. No; they were a particularly good Canadian tweed, and they were as cheap as I could get in London.

Mr. Craig (to committee at close of examination)—I have been exceedingly pleased with the way in which Dr. Sippi has given his evidence. He has given it with great candour and frankness. It gives me much pleasure to be able to say this.

Mr. Sippi's evidence being concluded he retired.

Mr. Kerns continued examination of asylum papers.

Mr. French asked that the account of Mr. Reid, for supplies to the London asylum, be brought down for examination.

On motion the Committee ordered the account brought down, and it was examined by Mr. French.

Some further time was spent in the examination of these accounts, but not concluded.

On motion the Committee adjourned until Tuesday next, at 11 o'clock a.m.
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Tuesday, 4th March, 1890.

The Committee was called, in pursuance to adjournment, for 11 o'clock a.m.

Present:

Messieurs Awrey,
Ballantyne,
French,

Messieurs O'Connor,
Ross (Huron)—5.

Meeting adjourned for want of a quorum.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Wednesday, 5th March, 1890.

The following members of the Committee met at 11 o'clock a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Awrey,
Morin,

Messieurs O'Connor,
Ross (Huron)—5.

Meeting adjourned for want of a quorum.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Thursday, 6th March, 1890.

The Committee met at 11 o'clock a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Awrey,
Ballantyne,
Clancy,
French,
Harcourt,

Messieurs Morin,
Kerns,
Ross (Huron),
Wood (Brant)—10.

The letter of Mr. Cartwright (to A.E. Irving, dated January 9th, 1890, asked for by Mr. French), was produced.

Mr. French examined further papers in re Constitutional questions, also letter of J. M. Cartwright, and returned same, not further wanted, with no objections.

Mr. Clancy, in examining papers re Asylums, asked for information concerning certain items, which was given by Mr. Ross.

Mr. French presented requisition asking that the following papers be brought down:

Re Education.

Allowance re Public Schools, Renfrew, item $204.00, page 83, Public Accounts, 1889, and the return on which the grant is based.

Allowance re Separate Schools, Ottawa, item $2,461.00, page 88, Public Accounts, 1889, and return on which the grant is based, including school census and correspondence.

Allowance re Separate School, Lindsay, item $279.50, page 89, Public Accounts, 1889, and same return and census as required as to Ottawa.

The same as to Peterboro', page 89, item $354.50.

The same as to Renfrew Town, page 89, item $64.50.

The same as to Renfrew Village, page 89, item $78.00.

Also the papers relating to grant to Renfrew in 1887, see Public Accounts, 1888, page 89.

The motion was put by the Chairman, carried, and the papers ordered to be brought down.

Mr. French—I think, Mr. Chairman, that this Committee should examine into that Dulmage matter, and in order to do so we should have the papers, evidence, and all correspondence of the Department in reference thereto.

Mr. Ross—The correspondence has already been asked for, in the House, and ordered to be brought down in a Return.

Mr. French—But the Session will be over before it is brought down.

Mr. Awrey—I do not know that we have the right to enter into that examination, it does not appear in the Public Accounts, and I understand we can only examine into items appearing therein.

Mr. French—I think it is quite within the province of this Committee, it is a matter of receipt and expenditure of the Crown Lands Department, and subject to examination by this Committee.

Mr. Ross—I think Mr. French is quite right, that it is quite within the province of the Committee to make the examination, and I have no objections whatever. I merely mentioned that the papers had already been asked for and ordered to be brought down, and it is quite likely they are now in use in the hands of those preparing the Return, which would delay its being brought down to the House.

Mr. Awrey—I still think we have not the right to examine into the matter here.

Considerable discussion followed.

Mr. French—if we had Mr. A. White, Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands, with the papers and correspondence before the Committee, we could examine him as to the alleged defalcation.

Mr. Harcourt—I do not think the scope of this Committee should be narrowed in any way, but full examination had, and I will in no way, by word or vote, assist in preventing the fullest examination, but I do think that Mr. French should put his motion in writing, so that the Committee can learn exactly what he wants.

Mr. French—I will do that.

Moved by Mr. French, seconded by Mr. Clancy, That Mr. A. White, Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands, be requested to attend before this Committee at its next
meeting to be examined as to any information in his knowledge respecting alleged defalcations of one A. F. Dulmage, in not remitting to the Department certain sums of money alleged to have been received by him for transmission, and that the accounts of receipts from said Dulmage and payments to him be produced.

The motion being put was carried, and the Clerk instructed in accordance therewith.

Mr. Clancy returned papers re Hamilton Asylum and asked to examine papers re Toronto Asylum, assisted by Mr. Kerns.

Mr. Kerns presented requisition asking that the following paper be brought down for examination at the next meeting of the committee.

Account and voucher, Duncan Bros. tea, for Hamilton Asylum for the insane, item $421.58, page 148, Public Accounts, 1889.

The motion being put was carried and the paper ordered to be brought down.

Mr. Kerns (examining papers re asylum for insane, Toronto). I see that quite a number (about a dozen) of lawn mowers have been purchased for this institution, are they all in use; it seems to me that is an extraordinary number to have?

Mr. Ross. They are used by the convalescent patients, one attendant can take 10 patients to cut the grass, give the patients profitable employment as well as amusement that is quite beneficial to themselves as well as to the grounds.

Mr. Kerns presented requisition asking that the following papers be brought down for examination at the next meeting of the committee.

**Re Kingston Asylum for the Insane.**


" " James Redden, butter, item, $3,341.70, page 145, Public Accounts, 1889.

" " James Redden, groceries, item, $5,348.21, page 145, Public Accounts, 1889.

**Re Central Prison.**

Accounts and vouchers, Eby, Blain & Co., groceries, item, $819.04, p. 158, P. A., '89

" " Eckhardt, Kyle & Co., " 1,456.28, " "

" " Swan Bros., " 433.25, " "

**Re Reformatory for Boys at Penetanguishene.**

Acct's. and vouchers, Chas. Beck & Co., groceries, etc., item, $1,379.53, p. 163, P.A., '89

" A. J. Chalne, " 522.00, " "

**Re Institution for the Blind at Brantford.**

Accounts and vouchers, Jos. Bowe's, groceries, etc., item. $69.70, p. 174 P.A., '89

" Geo. Foster, " 1,989.69, p. 175 "

" A. L. Vanstone, " 458.77, p. 177 "

" Winter & Elliott, " 192.42, " "

42
Re Andrew Mercer Reformatory, Toronto.

Accounts and vouchers, Eby, Blain & Co., groceries, items. $1,036.02, p. 179, P.A., '89

" " Eckhardt, Kyle & Co., " " 344.76, " "
" " Maj. Gen. Kerr, tea and coffee, " " 145.35, " "
" " Minto Bros., " " 84.25, " "
" " Swan Bros., groceries, " " 471.26, " "

The motion being put was carried and the papers ordered to be brought down.
On motion the committee adjourned until to-morrow, Friday, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

Treasurers' Office,
Friday, 7th March, 1890.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs. Awrey,
Ballantyne,
Clancy,
Cragn,
French,

Messieurs. Harcourt,
Morin,
Kerns,
Ross (Huron)
Smith (York)—11

Of the papers ordered to be brought down the following were produced:—

Papers re Hamilton Lunatic Asylum, as per requisition of 6th March.
" " Reformatory for Boys, " " " "
" " Central Prison, " " " "
" " Andrew Mercer Institute, " " " "
" " Institute for the Blind, Brantford, " " " "
" " Kingston Asylum for the Insane, " " " "

Messrs. Clancy and Kerns proceeded to examine papers re Central Prison and Mercer Reformatory.

Mr. Clancy asked explanation of an item for gig, which was given by Mr. Ross.

Mr. Clancy—I find in examining the accounts of Swan Bros. that they charged 30c. for pepper; now this is an extraordinary high price, and it is, as I have stated before, purchased at a retail house in small quantities and at high retail prices for the Mercer Institute.

The Chairman—that depends entirely upon the quality, a pure unadulterated pepper would be worth that, but I think it should be purchased in larger quantities at wholesale.

Mr. Clancy—I would like to know if the flour for the Mercer Reformatory is purchased by tender.

Mr. Ross—Yes, it is purchased by tender.
Mr. Clancy next examined papers re Reformatory for Boys, and drew the attention of the Committee to the fact of the accounts being made out by the merchants on bill-heads not their own, and inquired if they were the original accounts or copies made out by the department, as I see they are departmental forms.

Mr. Clarke (chairman)—I suggest your calling Mr. Christie, the Inspector, he could give you the information sought for.

On motion, Mr. Christie was called to explain.

Mr. Christie stated that he had known cases when the merchants had presented their accounts and the Bursar on examining them had struck out numerous items, or so altered them that a new account had to be made out on the spot; it may be a case like that.

Mr. Clancy—But the whole of these accounts are like that.

Mr. Christie—I cannot say just at present the cause, but if you choose, I will look the matter up and inform the Committee at some other time.

Mr. Ross—Are these the original accounts or are they copies?

Mr. Christie—I cannot say at present. They look like copies.

Mr. Clancy—I would suggest we lay the matter over to permit Mr. Christie to look up the matter.

The Committee laid the matter over for future consideration.

Mr. French asked if the papers he had put in requisition for yesterday had been brought down?

The Clerk said that the papers had not yet been brought down, but were being prepared as quickly as it was possible.

Messrs. Kerns and Clancy next examined papers re Kingston Asylum, and after some time spent therein, returned them making no objections.

Mr. French presented requisition asking that Mr. Alexander Marling, Deputy Minister of Education, be requested to attend before the Committee on Wednesday next, the 12th day of March, 1890, for the purpose of giving information and making explanations in re grants to Public and Separate Schools, and that he bring with him all correspondence, returns and other data upon which payments were made to the respective Boards of Trustees, for Public and Separate Schools in the Town of Lindsay during the years 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889, and similar information as to the City of Ottawa.

The motion, being put, was carried.

On motion, the Committee adjourned until Tuesday, the 11th day of March next, at 11 o’clock, a.m.
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
TUESDAY, 11th March, 1890.

The Committee met at 11 o'clock, a.m.

Present:

Mr. Olarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Ballantyne,
Clancy,
Creighton,
French,
Harcourt,
Hardy,
Meredith.

Messieurs Morin
Kerns,
O'Connor,
Ross (Huron),
Smith (York),
Wood (Brant)—14.

The Chairman inquired of the Committee if they were ready to proceed with the examination of the alleged defalcation of one A. F. Dulmage, and the examination of Mr. A. White, Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands, as the first order of business this morning.

Mr. Ross—Before proceeding with that examination I would like to make the explanation desired by Mr. Clancy, as to the forms upon which merchants furnishing supplies to the Boys' Reformatory at Penetanguishene made out their accounts; also if the accounts they had examined were the original accounts. I wish to state that I have a telegram from the Bursar of that institution, stating that it has been the custom for over sixteen years to furnish local merchants with account forms; also, a letter stating that the accounts for any month from 1874 until the present date will show that the general dealers and others furnishing supplies to the institution were made out on forms supplied by the Department; also, that in many cases persons furnishing supplies could not make out their own accounts, and the Bursar would have to make them out for them on these forms.

Mr. Clancy—Then the accounts we examined were the original accounts?
Mr. Ross—Yes, they were the original accounts.

On motion of Mr. Ross, the Committee ordered that the telegram and letter be entered upon the minutes of the Committee.

(Telegram.)

PENETAGUISHENE, 10th March, 1890.

To R. CHRISTIE.

For over sixteen years it has been customary to furnish local merchants with account forms. Letter mailed.

(Signed) W. P. BAND.
Ontario Reformatory for Boys,
Penetanguishene, March 10th, 1890.

Re Issue of Account Forms to Merchants.

Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th instant regarding the above, and in reply to state, that it has been the custom since the position of Barsar was established here, to furnish the local merchants with forms bearing the official heading. These forms were, I presume, framed by your predecessor, and on their face they bear evidence that they were from the beginning to be supplied to those with whom the Institution should be dealing (see N. B. underscored on forms forwarded, and the latter you will observe, were used in 1874.) The N. B. referred to, it will be observable, also is on the forms now in use. An examination of the accounts sent from here for any month from 1874 until the present date, will show that the butcher, general dealer, and others furnishing supplies to the Reformatory, made out their accounts on the forms in question. Should it be objectionable it will be my care that the system will not be continued.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

(Signed) WILLIAM P. BAND,
Bursar.

RoBT. CHRISTIE,
Inspector of Prisons, etc.,
Toronto.

Mr. Ross, having concluded his explanation,

Mr. French enquired if the papers asked for in his requisition had been brought down; also, if Mr. Aubrey White was in attendance.

On being informed that Mr. White was present and had handed in papers ordered, asked to examine statement of moneys paid into the Department by Mr. Dulmage; also, statement of moneys paid to Mr. Dulmage by the Department.

Statements were handed to and examined by Mr. French.

Mr. Meredith—I think, Mr. Chairman, we might as well go on with the examination of Mr. White.

Mr. Chairman—Yes; we will call Mr. White.

Mr. Aubrey White, Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands called, sworn, examined, evidence taken down by shorthand writer, appended marked “C” and “M.”

Mr. Aubrey White, being sworn, deposed as follows:-

By Mr. Meredith.—Q. You are the Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands are you not?
A. Yes.
Q. When were you appointed?
A. On the 1st of February, 1887.

Q. In succession to Mr. Thomas H. Johnson, who had been Assistant Commissioner almost ever since Confederation, was it not?
A. Yes; he had been there since shortly after Confederation.

Q. Had you been in the service of the department prior to that, and if so in what capacity?
A. I have been in the service of the department since I became Forest Ranger during the year 1877.

Q. That was outside service; how long did you remain in that capacity?
A. In 1878 I was appointed Crown Lands' Agent at Bracebridge.

Q. Still outside service?
A. Yes.

Q. And how long were you there?
A. I think it was the beginning of 1882 when I was appointed Clerk in the woods and forests branch of the department.

Q. And from then until now you have been employed in the department?
A. Yes.

Q. In the same branch?
A. Yes.

Q. When did Mr. A. F. Dulmage first enter the service of the Province?
A. I think in November, 1883.

Q. When did he cease to be in its service?
A. I think he was paid up to the end of 1888.

Q. When you say you "think" do you know? Have you any means of verifying what you say?
A. Well, he may have been working after that, but I don't think he was paid. I cannot speak positively off-hand.

Q. What was his remuneration?
A. Five dollars a day and his expenses of an extraordinary character.

Q. Where were his headquarters?
A. At Rat Portage.

Q. How was he appointed originally?
A. By a letter from the department.

Q. Have you that letter here?
A. No, I have only brought down the papers that were asked for.
Q. Do you remember the date of it?
A. Sometime in November, 1883.

Mr. Meredith asked that the letter might be produced at a subsequent meeting.

EXHIBIT "A."

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT ONTARIO, WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH.

TORONTO, 28th November, 1883.

SIR,—I have to inform you that you have been appointed a Forest Ranger under this department and that you will have supervision over that portion of the District of Algoma lying west of Mr. Margach's division. In order that no clashing between you shall occur you had better communicate with Mr. Margach at Port Arthur and arrange the dividing line between your districts.

The department makes this appointment so that it may have an officer in the disputed territory who will keep it fully advised upon timber matters therein, particularly as to the names of licensees or permit-holders, the extent and situations of their licenses or permits and the quantities of all kinds of timber got out by each. This information will be with respect to authorities granted by the Dominion Government, as this department has not granted any authority to cut timber in the region under your charge.

From your knowledge of that country and experience in timber matters it is hoped you will be able to afford the department such information as will give it a thorough grasp of the lumbering operations carried on in that region. You will report from time to time, as circumstances warrant, such facts as may be of interest to the department, but you will not make any seizures or take active measures until you have advised the department and received instructions.

Your appointment is of a temporary nature and is only for such period as the department may desire your services. The remuneration will be $5.00 per day while employed, out of which you will defray your travelling and other expenses.

You will keep a diary and enter in it each day where you were and the nature of your duties and any other facts of interest, and at the end of the season, or when called upon by the department, you will return the book duly attested by affidavit.

A cheque on account will be sent you shortly. Upon receipt of this you had better advise the department as to operations now in progress in your district.

Your obedient servant,

(Sd.) THOS. H. JOHNSON,
Asst. Commr.

AUGUSTUS F. DULMAGE, Esq.,
Rat Portage.

Certified above copy,

(Sd) AUBREY WHITE,

Q. What is this statement (handing witness one of the documents brought in for inspection by the Committee)?
A. A statement of moneys remitted by Dulmage from time to time to the department.
EXHIBIT "B."

STATEMENT of moneys paid into the Department of Crown Lands through A. F. Dulmage.

<table>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
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EXHIBIT "B."—Continued.

STATEMENT of moneys paid by the Department of Crown Lands to A. F. Dulmage, Wood Ranger.

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<td>For expenses season 1884.</td>
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<td>For salary</td>
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<td>&quot; 22&quot;</td>
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<td>&quot; 7&quot;</td>
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EXHIBIT “B.”—Continued.

STATEMENT of moneys paid by the Department of Crown Lands to A. F. Dulmage, Wood Ranger.

<table>
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<th>Month</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot; 11</td>
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<td>May 8</td>
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<td>200 00</td>
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<td>July 31</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Feb 7</td>
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<td>305 00</td>
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</table>

1,911 71

7,616 71

Q. Will you hand me letter 10283, of 1885?
A. (Letter produced).

Q. This would indicate, would it not, that on the 20th of August 1885, Dulmage made a return of all the operations in the Rat Portage district, between 1st November, 1884 and 15th August, 1885?
A. Yes.

EXHIBIT “C.”

Rat Portage, Aug. 20, '85.

Sir,—I have the honour to enclose you the following statement, showing the total operations in timber in this District, between November 1, '84, and August 15, '85.

No. 1.

Showing the number of cords of wood cut, viz.: Under Ontario permits, under Dominion permits, and cut without authority.

No. 2.

Showing the quantity of sawlogs and round timber, got out in this District, between Nov. 1, '84, and Aug. 15, '85. Also showing what was cut under Dominion license, and without authority.

No. 3.

Showing the total quantity of saw logs to be sawed at the different mills in this district for season 1885. Also showing quantity logs held over from last year. Also showing quantity logs got out in this District. Also showing quantity logs get out in American territory. The quantity of logs held over varies some from the statement sent you on Sept. 15, '84, owing to some of the mills not running as long as expected.
No. 4.

Showing the number cords of wood cut under Ontario permits, giving date of each permit and number of cords named in each permit, rate of dues per cord and amount, number cords of wood cut under each permit, as per sworn affidavits enclosed. Also showing amount of dues paid, for which I enclose you the sum of $49.25 to cover the same.

The rest of the dues I will collect as fast as possible, and transmit the same to your department as soon as collected.

I hold orders on the C. P. Ry. Co., and the different lumber firms here, for the following amounts, which I will collect on their next pay day.

Geo. Babkirk, dues on 150 cords wood, at 25c. $37.50
Frank Thompson " 129 " " " 32.25
F. T. Hooper " 225 " " " 56.25

Dr. Scovils is to be paid on the 1st proximo.
J. W. Humble and Frank Gardner will pay next month.

Since the rebellion in the North-West has been put down, and the reports of a good harvest in that section and Manitoba, the lumber trade is in better demand and prices going up, which makes the outlook for the balance of the season very favorable.

I will send you Gardner's affidavit, also Wm. Irwin for the Rainy Lake Lumber Co., as soon as I can get them. I thought best to forward returns and not wait, there has been delay enough already. I have included in the statement the quantity of wood cut by Gardner and the Rainy Lake Lumber Co.

Please let me know if this form of affidavit will answer, also let me know if you received the statement and remittance $49.25.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant.

(Sgd.) A. F. DULMAGE.

THOS. H. JOHNSON, Esq.,
Asst. Com., Crown Lands, Toronto, Ont.

Q. This is the first communication in which there was any remittance?
A. Yes.

Q. What does this return represent?
A. It is a statement of sawlogs and round timber got out in the Rainy River district between 1st November, 1884, and 15th August, 1885.

Q. Were there no remittances accompanying this in respect to what is here shown?
A. Nothing, except $49, which is dealt with elsewhere.

(Letters 12961, 13107 and 13387 were asked for and produced.)
EXHIBIT "D."

RAT PORTAGE, Oct. 21st, '86.

Sir,—I have the honor to enclose you a duplicate deposit receipt from the Imperial Bank, Winnipeg, for $4,909.12, deposited by Cameron and Kennedy, (late Cameron & Co.,) for dues on 1,963,651 feet, at $2.50 per 6 feet, the number feet in the statement, I sent you on July 27th last, was 1,953,491 feet. The difference, 10,160 feet, is for some rafting booms cut since, to help raft the logs. The original deposit receipt has been sent to Toronto.

The fire near Smith Portage, which I mentioned in my letter of the 4th inst., commenced on Indian reserve 35C., and ran over the limits on Crow Lake, assigned by R. J. Short to the Bank or Cameron & Co., thence across the south side to Indian Reserve 35F., and burned on the Crown Lands, about two million feet of red and white pine timber, and about 400 m. ft. of tamarac.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. F. DULMAGE.

THOS. H. JOHNSON, Esq.,
Asst. Com., Crown Lands,
Toronto, Ont.

EXHIBIT "E."

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, ONTARIO, RAINY RIVER DISTRICT.

RAT PORTAGE, Dec. 31st, 1886.

Sir,—I have the honor to enclose you a duplicate deposit receipt, for $578.42, on account dues on ties cut and shipped by John Sunstrum of the Hudson Bay Railway Co.

There are about 8,000 ties now ready for shipment, which will complete J. Sunstrum and D. Mathison's contracts under Mann & Holt.

I also enclose a statement showing ties, piles and cordwood hauled for the Canadian Pacific Ry. Co.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. F. DULMAGE.

THOS. H. JOHNSON, Esq.,
Asst. Com. Crown Lands,
Toronto, Ont.
DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS, ONTARIO, RAINY RIVER DISTRICT.

RAT PORTAGE, Dec. 31st, 1886.

Statement showing the quantity of ties, piles, and cordwood got out for the Canadian Pacific Railway, between Ingolf and Barclay, to date.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contractors</th>
<th>Foreman or Sub-Contractor</th>
<th>Ties hauled.</th>
<th>Piles hauled.</th>
<th>Cordwood hauled.</th>
<th>Locality of Operations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cameron Bros</td>
<td>A. Nelson</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>154</td>
<td>Deception Station.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>R. Cameron</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Ostersund Station, north.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A. Robertson</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>450</td>
<td>Ostersund Station, south.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>J. Capittan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>Darlington Bridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H. Ferguson</td>
<td>H. McMillan</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Darlington Bridge, South.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denison Bros</td>
<td>J. G. Denison</td>
<td>840</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Near Rat Portage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jas. Donnelly</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Vermillion Bay, North.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>J. S. McCorkill</td>
<td>8440</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Vermillion Bay, South.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapman Bros</td>
<td>M. P. Chapner</td>
<td></td>
<td>367</td>
<td></td>
<td>Near Gilbert Station.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buchanan &amp; Co.</td>
<td>A. McKinnon</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>570</td>
<td>Eagle River and Oxdrift.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>12,880</strong></td>
<td><strong>367</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,374</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Q. Were these letterheads furnished from Toronto?
A. No; he seems to have procured them for himself.

(Letters 13699 and 14389 were asked for and produced.)

EXHIBIT "F."

ONTARIO CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT, WOODS AND FOREST BRANCH, DISTRICT OF RAINY RIVER,

RAT PORTAGE, November 3rd, 1887.

SIR,—I have the honour to enclose you a draft for $4,485.14 for dues on logs cut by Cameron & Co., as per statements sent you June 23rd and October 19th, 1887.

1,223,220 feet burnt timber @ $2.00 per M. feet. $2,446 44
815,480 feet green timber @ $2.50 per M. feet. 2,038 70

$4,485 14

About one-half of the burnt timber was badly worm eaten.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Your obedient servant,

A. F. DULMAGE.

AUBREY WHITE, ESQ.,
Ass't. Com. Crown Lands,
Toronto, Ont.
EXHIBIT "G."

ONTARIO CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT, WOODS AND FOREST BRANCH, DISTRICT OF RAINY RIVER,

RAT PORTAGE, November 12th, 1888.

Sir,—I have the honour to enclose you a sight draft, No. 0162, on the Imperial Bank, Toronto, for the sum of $4,965.86 for dues on logs cut by Cameron & Co., viz.:

Timber damaged by fire, 1,236,292 ft., @ $2.00 per M. ft...$2,472 58
Green timber, 996,913 ft., @ $2.50 per M. ft........... 2,493 28

Total, 2,333,205 feet........................................ $4,965 86

Also cheque No. 31 on the Bank of Ottawa, Winnipeg, for the sum of $71.63, issued by Dick, Banning & Co., for dues cut on 312 logs, 35,815 feet, at $2.00, burnt timber. These logs were cut on Crown Lands, outside of their limit, on Big Grassy River. My estimate was 40,000 feet B. M., the above is their measurement.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Your obedient servant,

A. F. DULMAGE.

AUBREY WHITE, Esq.,
Assistant Commissioner,
Toronto.

Q. I observe that in the earlier remittances Dulmage appears to have sent a deposit receipt?
A. Yes.

Q. Was that a receipt in the ordinary form, a letter to the Government paying the money at the time?
A. It was just a draft on the bank, payable to the Commissioner.

Q. Upon whose requisition?
A. We could not say here. That was the shape it was done in.

Q. This one dated November 12th, 1888, was a sight draft on the Imperial Bank. When was that change made in the method of doing business?
A. I can’t say; I don’t know that there was any special change made.

(Letters 14878 and 1597 were here asked for and produced.)
EXHIBIT "H."

ONTARIO CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH, DISTRICT OF RAINY RIVER,

Rat Portage, November 23rd, 1888.

Sir,—I have the honour to enclose you sight draft No. 449 on the Imperial Bank, Toronto, for the sum of Five Hundred ($500.00) Dollars on account of dues on saw logs cut during the past winter by Hughes & Kennedy, they will pay the balance of their account in a few days.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,

A. F. DULMAGE.

A. WHITE, Esq.,
Assistant Commissioner,
Toronto, Ont.

EXHIBIT "I."

Rat Portage, February 1st, 1889.

Sir,—I have the honour to render you $500.00 on account of dues on logs cut season 1887-88, by Hughes & Kennedy, on Rainy River.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,

A. F. DULMAGE.

AUBREY WHITE, Esq.,
Assistant Commissioner,
Toronto, Ont.

Q. Who were Hughes & Kennedy?
A. A lumber firm on the Rainy River.

Q. Under whose authority were they cutting timber?
A. They were cutting for local supplies by leave of the Commissioner.

Q. Under permit or what?
A. Not under permit. They were told they might cut for the settlers in the neighborhood.
Q. Was the amount limited?
A. Yes.

Q. Was that instruction in writing or verbal?
A. In writing, I believe.

Q. I should like to have it.

EXHIBIT "X."

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT, ONTARIO, WOODS AND FOREST BRANCH.

TORONTO, January 9th, 1888.

SIR,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of December 3rd, in which you report that it is desirable in the interests of the settlers upon Rainy River that a supply of timber should be granted to some local saw mill for the purpose of supplying their wants, and stating that you think about 750,000 feet per annum would be necessary at the present time to meet the requirements of the locality.

It further appears from your report that there are two mills which purpose cutting for local use, the mill of Messrs. Hughes & Kennedy at the mouth of Rapid River, and one being erected by Mr. Fotheringham at the foot of the Long Sault Rapids.

The matter has engaged the attention of the department, and I am now to say to you that the department has no objection to these two mill cutting a supply of timber—equal to say half a million of feet each, with the distinct understanding of course that the timber is not to be exported from the district of Rainy River, but to be sold to actual settlers there, and that it is to be subject to such a duty as the Commissioner may hereafter think proper.

You will see that this timber is cut as far as possible from timber which you have reported to be damaged by fire, and should you require any instructions in the premises you will write the department.

I again call your attention to the instructions given you not to permit any cutting of timber upon lands of the Crown in the Rainy River district, by any unauthorized person or persons.

Yours truly,

AUBREY WHITE,
(Sgd.) Assistant Commissioner.

A. F. DULMAGE, ESQ.,
Rat Portage.

Q. Have you a statement of the amounts which the department has ascertained were paid to Dulmage and for which he has not accounted?
A. Yes, but I have not brought it down as it was not asked for.

(At Mr. Meredith's request this statement was produced and handed him).
## EXHIBIT "J."

Dues account per A. F. Dulmage, to Cameron & Kennedy, Lumber Manufacturers, Norman, Ontario.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>$ c.</th>
<th>$ c.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>May 28</td>
<td>30.00</td>
<td>To cheques</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 5</td>
<td>60.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>160.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 7</td>
<td>120.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>60.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>do</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>150.00</td>
<td>do</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>200.00</td>
<td>4 do</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>40.00</td>
<td>do</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aug. 2</td>
<td>200.00</td>
<td>4 do</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>200.00</td>
<td>4 do</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>150.00</td>
<td>3 do</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sept. 10</td>
<td>200.00</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11.30</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>150.00</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>paid Hudson Bay Co</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EXHIBIT "J."—Continued.
Dues account per A. F. Dulmage, to Cameron & Kennedy, Lumber Manufacturers, Norman, Ontario.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>$ c.</th>
<th>$ c.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1886</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sept. 15</td>
<td>To cheques</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td>100 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aug. 9</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td>100 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td>100 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td>100 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct. 12</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td>100 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>4,909 12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov. 10</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>20 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dec. 3</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>60 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>100 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>100 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>20 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1887</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan. 2</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>20 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mar. 2</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td>100 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 8</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 16</td>
<td>do $50; (21) $50; (24) 2 $50, $100</td>
<td>200 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>51 68</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 30</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 1</td>
<td>do $50; (9) $60; (3) $40; (3) 2 $50, $100; (20) $60</td>
<td>310 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 30</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>50 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 6</td>
<td>do $100; (9) $100; (13) $200; (18) $100; (21) 2 $50, $100</td>
<td>600 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 26</td>
<td>do $100; (28) $50; (28) $100</td>
<td>250 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aug. 1</td>
<td>do (3) $300; (13) $200; (20) $100; (22) 100</td>
<td>700 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 27</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>100 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sept. 24</td>
<td>do $150; (26) $150; (27) $150</td>
<td>450 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 27</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>150 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct. 1</td>
<td>do $150, $100; (11) 3 @50 $150; (10) $100</td>
<td>500 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 19</td>
<td>do $100, $100; (22) 2 @100 $200; (25) 2 @100 $200</td>
<td>600 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 31</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td>150 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov. 1</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>4,485 14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 8</td>
<td>3 do</td>
<td>100 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 17</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>300 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dec. 20</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>200 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 29</td>
<td>do</td>
<td>200 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

59
EXHIBIT "J."—Continued.

Dues account per A. F. Dulmage, to Cameron & Kennedy, Lumber Manufacturers, Norman, Ontario.

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1888</td>
<td></td>
<td>$ c.</td>
<td>$ c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan. 10</td>
<td>To cheques $100; (14) 2 @ 75 $150</td>
<td></td>
<td>250 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feb. 4</td>
<td>do $100; (16) $100; (18) $100; (23) $100</td>
<td></td>
<td>400 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mar. 10</td>
<td>do $100; (25) $100; (25) $100</td>
<td></td>
<td>300 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 7</td>
<td>do $150; (11) $60; (17) $100; (21) 2@60 $120</td>
<td></td>
<td>430 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 4</td>
<td>do $100; (12) $100; (14) $125; (23) 2@50 $100</td>
<td></td>
<td>425 00</td>
</tr>
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<td>&quot; 25</td>
<td>do 2@30 $60</td>
<td></td>
<td>60 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 5</td>
<td>do $120; (6) $50; (7) $100; (7) $62</td>
<td></td>
<td>332 00</td>
</tr>
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<td>&quot; 11</td>
<td>do 2@60 $120; (16) $200; (23) $200</td>
<td></td>
<td>520 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 2</td>
<td>2 do</td>
<td></td>
<td>300 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 12</td>
<td>do 2@150 $300; 2@100 $200</td>
<td></td>
<td>500 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; 20</td>
<td>do $150, $100; (31) 2@100 $200</td>
<td></td>
<td>450 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aug. 3</td>
<td>do $100, $300; (8) 2@100 $200; (24) 2@100 $200</td>
<td></td>
<td>700 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sept. 1</td>
<td>do 2@75 $150; (15) 2@100 $200; (25) 2@75 $150</td>
<td></td>
<td>500 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct. 3</td>
<td>do 2@75 $150; (15) 2@75 $150; (31) do $200</td>
<td></td>
<td>500 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov. 3</td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,972 07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
<td>Lumber $110.80; do $111.48; do $175.93</td>
<td></td>
<td>398 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30,174 99</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Q. This is a statement received from Cameron & Kennedy as to what they have paid Dulmage?
A. Yes.

Q. It would indicate that between 28th May, 1886, and November 3rd, 1888, they paid in all the sum of $30,174.99?
A. Yes.

Q. About how much of that is credited in your statement of moneys received from Dulmage?
A. There are three items in the statement.

Q. Here is an item of October 12th of $4,909.12, does that appear?
A. Yes, that is here.

Q. There is another November 1st, of $4,485.14, does that appear?
A. Yes.

Q. And another of $4,972.07, does that appear?
A. That appears as $4,965.86, but it is the same item, no doubt.
Q. And that is all you have received of the moneys paid by Cameron & Kennedy to Dulmage?
A. Yes.

Q. Where do Cameron & Kennedy carry on business?
A. At Norman, near Rat Portage.

Q. Are either of them living in this part of Ontario?
A. No; one lives at Winnipeg and the other at Rat Portage.

Q. In what way were the items contained in this statement of theirs vouched for or verified if at all?
A. They were not verified. The department, however, sent Mr. Taylor, who prepared the statement, up to look into the books of the firm, and to ascertain whether or not the defalcation was on their part.

Q. Did he make a report?
A. Yes.

Q. Verbally or in writing?
A. In writing.

Q. Is it here?
A. No; it was not asked for.

Mr. Meredith asks that the report may be procured. It is procured and produced by witness, as is also the letter of appointment before referred to.

Q. This then is the letter of appointment of Dulmage?
A. Yes.

EXHIBIT "K."

DEPARTMENT CROWN LANDS, ONTARIO.

TORONTO, 4th March, 1889.

Sir,—You will proceed to Rat Portage in company with Mr. Crown Timber Agent Margach, who is going there on timber matters connected with the Department. The object in having you go there is that you may become familiar with the mode in which the lumber companies there have made returns of the quantities they have cut each season and how they paid dues. It will be necessary for you to inspect their books and any other documents or papers which will afford you information, to which it is presumed no opposition will be offered by the lumber companies. You will obtain a statement, sworn if necessary, of the quantity of timber, etc., on hand on which dues have not been paid, and also an estimate of the logs at the mills uncut.

This information you will get with respect to the operations of The Keewaydin Lumber Company, Messrs. Dick & Banning, and the Rainy Lake Lumber Company. The firm of Cameron & Kennedy have been cutting for the past three seasons without any proper authority and their returns have not been forwarded on the forms required by the Department, nor substantiated by affidavits of the cullers, foremen and manager. You are furnished with the statements sent here each season, attached to each is an affidavit which you will require the manager or bookkeeper to subscribe to in order that their cutting may be properly verified for each season they have operated.
It is desired that the manager or one of the firm take this affidavit or some one
who has had the control of their business, but if the affidavit is taken by an employé
then you will require one of the firm to take an affidavit that they believe the statement
is sworn to by such employé to be true and correct; this affidavit you can frame accord-
ing to the circumstances.

You will under section 16 of the Crown Timber Regulations, examine the books,
etc., in such a thorough manner as will enable you to test the accuracy of their state-
ments as furnished, and this letter constitutes you an agent of the Department for that
purpose. You are also appointed a Commissioner for taking affidavits, so that any
evidence you desire to take may be sworn before you. Should these parties object to your
making this inspection of their books you will wire the Department for further instruc-
tions, or should any further investigation be in your opinion proper and desirable, you
will so report by wire so that you may have full instructions in the premises.

Your obedient servant,

(Sgd.) AUBREY WHITE,

Asst. Commissioner.

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT, ONTARIO, WOODS AND FOREST BRANCH.

TORONTO, March 16th, 1889.

Sir,—In accordance with instructions contained in Departmental letter dated the
4th March 1889, I visited the office of Messrs. Cameron & Kennedy at Norman on Lake
of the Woods, and examined their books and papers as to the sawlogs, etc., they had
taken off Ontario lands during the past three seasons.

I took statements of the quantities taken out by them during the seasons of '85-'86,
'86-'87 and '87-'88 (subject to dues to this Crown Lands Dept.) which were sworn to by
Mr. H. W. Kennedy, one of the firm, and which are herewith enclosed.

I also had their book-keeper make from their books a statement of all moneys paid
by them to wood-ranger A. F. Dulmage on account of timber dues during the seasons above
mentioned, which I also beg to enclose herewith.

I checked the statement of cash said to have been paid to Dulmage, with the
vouchers, cheques, drafts, etc., "now cancelled," which had been given and which I found
in every instance endorsed by A. F. Dulmage, and found the amounts agreed very
nearly.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient serv.

THEO. C TAYLOR,

The Hon. Commissioner Crown Lands,

Toronto.

Q. And this is the report of Mr. Taylor to the Commissioner?
A. Yes, that is one of them. He made two.

Q. How were Cameron and Kennedy operating
A. So far as I know they had no authority.
Q. Over what territory were they cutting?
A. I can't answer that question.

Q. You don't know?
A. No.

---

EXHIBIT "L."

TO CAMERON & KENNEDY, LUMBER MANUFACTURERS.

NORWICH, ONTARIO

Memo. of logs cut for Cameron & Kennedy, Season 1885-6.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pieces</th>
<th>Feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F. Thompson, contractor</td>
<td>21,756 1,157,895 Narrow Lake.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pat Weston</td>
<td>8,482 661,046 Yellow Girl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kendall &amp; Whiting, contractors</td>
<td>2,696 144,710 Clearwater Bay.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

32,944 1,963,651 $2 50. $4,909 02.

Allan Cameron, forman | 14,371 909,752 $2 50. $2,274 48, W. F. B. |
| "                      | 150 3,600 2 50. 240 00 " |
| Kendall & Whiting, con. piling | 9,265 1c. 92 65 Clearwater Bay. |
| "                      | 1,130 1c. 11 30 " |

929,747 $2,618 43

Craig & McIsaac, contractors, Sab | 619,761 Sabeskong Bay. |
| "                      | W. F. B. 53,092 W. F. B. |

674,853 $2 50. $1,687 13 $9,214 58.

District of Rainy River, to wit:

I, Hugh William Kennedy, of the firm of Camerom & Kennedy, lumbermen, of Norman, in the District of Rainy River, make oath and say:

That I am a member of the firm of Cameron & Kennedy;

That as such I have a full knowledge of said firm in cutting sawlogs and timber during the season 1885-86;

That the annexed sums of quantity taken out 2,638,504 + 929,747 = 3,568,251 ft. B.M., represents the full quantity taken out by the said firm during the said season from lands belonging to the Province of Ontario;

That no further quantity of sawlogs or timber was taken from lands of the Crown during said season by said firm.

Sworn before me at Norman, in the District of Rainy River, this 11th day of March, 1889.

(Signed) H. W. KENNEDY.

(Signed) THEO. C. TAYLOR, Assistant Commissioner, etc.
EXHIBIT "M."

To CAMERON & KENNEDY, LUMBER MANUFACTURERS.
NORMAN, Ontario.

Memo. of logs cut for Cameron & Kennedy, Season 1886-7.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Camp</th>
<th>Pieces</th>
<th>Feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D. McDonald,</td>
<td>15,907</td>
<td>1,239,519</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>foreman</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W. W. Scott</td>
<td>28,934</td>
<td>1,622,429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. J. J. Stephens</td>
<td>11,530</td>
<td>799,181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robertson &amp;</td>
<td>1,953</td>
<td>143,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cameron,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contractors</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J. J. Stephens</td>
<td>3,581</td>
<td>250,715</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 61,905 pieces, 4,054,844 feet B.M.

Paid dues on sound timber $2,831,624.
Paid dues on burnt timber $2,000.
Total $9,525 50.

District of Rainy River, to wit:

I, Hugh William Kennedy, of the village of Norman, in the Rainy River District, lumberman, make oath and say:

That I am a member of the firm of Cameron & Kennedy, lumbermen;
That as such I have full knowledge of the operations of the said firm in cutting sawlogs and timber during the season of 1886-87;
That the annexed memo. of 61,905 pieces, 4,054,844 feet B.M., represents the full quantity of sawlogs taken out by said firm during said season from lands belonging to the Province of Ontario;
That no further quantity of sawlogs or timber was taken out during said season from any lands of the Crown by said firm.

Sworn before me at Norman, in the Rainy River District, this 11th day of March, 1889.

(Signed.) H. W. KENNEDY.

(Signed.) THEO. C. TAYLOR,
Assistant Commissioner, etc.

EXHIBIT "N."

To CAMERON & KENNEDY, LUMBER MANUFACTURERS.
NORMAN, Ontario.

Memo. of logs cut for Cameron & Kennedy, Season 1887-8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Camp</th>
<th>Pieces</th>
<th>Feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>W. W. Scott,</td>
<td>35,337</td>
<td>2,070,056</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>foreman</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J. R. Nash</td>
<td>21,038</td>
<td>921,931</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. J. M. McRae</td>
<td>16,144</td>
<td>821,431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. J. J. Stephens</td>
<td>5,971</td>
<td>451,408</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robertson &amp;</td>
<td>8,671</td>
<td>467,887</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stephens,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contractors</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. Robertson</td>
<td>574</td>
<td>36,945</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 87,735 pieces, 4,759,658 feet B.M.

Paid dues on sound timber $3,782,410.
Paid dues on burnt timber $987,248.
Total $11,430 51.
District of Rainy River, to wit:

I, Hugh William Kennedy, of the village of Norman, in the Rainy River District, lumberman, make oath and say:

That I am a member of the firm of Cameron & Kennedy, lumbermen;

That as such I have a full knowledge of the operations of said firm in cutting sawlogs and timber during the season of 1887-88;

That the annexed memo of 87,735 pieces, 4,769,658 feet B.M., represents the full quantity of sawlogs taken from lands belonging to the Province of Ontario during said season;

That no further quantity of sawlogs or timber was taken out during said season from the lands of the Crown by the said firm.

Sworn before me at Norman, in the District of Rainy River, this 11th day of March, 1889.

(Signed.) H. W. KENNEDY.

(Signed.) THEO. C. TAYLOR,
Assistant Commissioner, etc.

Q. Mr. Hardy spoke of Mr. Margach's report?  
A. Here it is. (Report is produced).

EXHIBIT "O."

ONTARIO CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT, FREE GRANT LANDS AND CROWN TIMBER OFFICE.

PORT ARTHUR, Ont., Nov. 26th, 1888.

A. WHITE, Esq.,  
Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit report as to position of Crown Timber Office in Rat Portage, in accordance with instructions dated the 31st of October.

I have the honour to be  
Your obedient servant,

WM. MARGACH.

PORT ARTHUR, Nov. 26th, 1888.

A. WHITE, Esq.,  
Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands.

SIR,—In accordance to instructions dated 31st of October, I proceeded to Rat Portage to examine the books and accounts of Mr. Dulmage, also the permits issued and the quantities returned. I found that Mr. Dulmage kept a memorandum book showing the number of permits, to whom issued, the quantity authorized to be cut, the amount cut, and the amount of money received. This book contains many other memorandums of  

20 (J.) 65
business pertaining to the office. I did not think it necessary to take a copy of it as Mr. Dulmage had a statement made from the entries therein and sent to the Department, marked A B C. I procured copies of those statements and now send them, as they speak for themselves, showing the reasons why certain amounts were not paid. I can well understand the difficulties in collecting those small amounts after the cordwood is removed; also a list of those holding permits for 1888-1889. No dues has been collected from them.

It was out of my power to check the amounts of money received with the quantities returned in the affidavits kept, but the amounts in the statements can be compared in the Department, as Mr. Dulmage informs me he sent them along with the return.

Mr. Dulmage's house and contents were burned in March, 1887, and his office being in the house the books and all the papers were burned, so the memorandum book only went back to that date.

If it is deemed advisable to get copies of those affidavits showing the quantity cut by each permit-holder, I will compare them with the amounts paid in the Department and report, but from the information furnished me I have no reason to doubt the correctness of them.

I have the honour to be
Your obedient servant,

WM. MARGACH.

Q. This is a letter from William Margach to yourself?
A. Yes.

Q. I notice there is the same heading "Ontario Crown Lands Department, etc." on this letter and on Dulmage's as on those sent from the department. How did they get them?
A. I suppose they had them put there. Of course, Mr. Margach was a regularly appointed agent.

Q. This then is Mr. Margach’s report?
A. Yes.

Q. I observe there is no reference whatever to the transactions of Cameron and Kennedy?
A. They had not come up at the time.

Q. But you were aware that they were carrying on large operations and that money was passing through Dulmage's hands?
A. Yes.

Q. But no inquiry was made of Cameron and Kennedy at that time?
A. No.

Q. Who were the other people—Hughes and Kennedy?
A. I don't know them beyond that they were a firm cutting on Rainy River.
Q. Is it the same Kennedy?
A. No; an altogether different man; no relation so far as I know.

Q. You don’t appear to have any returns from them—only two lump sums of five-hundred dollars each?
A. We have had a sworn return since.

EXHIBIT “P.”

I, Thomas T. Atkinson, of Rainy River, acting as manager for Hughes & Kennedy, do solemnly swear, that as such manager I have a thorough personal knowledge of the lumbering operations of the said firm carried on during winter season of 1887-8, that I have always had free and unrestricted access to their books of account and record, that I have examined the same, and also all books, tallies, and memoranda kept by their foremen and cutters employed by them during the winter 1887-8, and that the annexed statement exhibits a correct and true summary of the total number of pieces of saw logs, boom timber, and other timber got out by or for the said Hughes & Kennedy or otherwise acquired by them during the winter 1887-8, by whom the same was cut or got out, and that the statement exhibits correctly the several townships, lots and concessions where the timber was cut, distinguishing what was cut under license with the township in which the same was cut; further, that I believe and have every reason to believe that the measurements, as given in the several culler’s returns, of which the statement referred to is an aggregate of pieces given are true and correct; and that in connection with the whole operations of the said firm no second or duplicate set of books of accounts, of tallies of logs or timber, or measurement of the same has been kept by the said, or by anyone on their (or his) behalf.

Sworn before me at Ratj Portage, this 30th day of September, 1887.

(Sd.) THOS. T. ATKINSON.

(Sd.) WM. MARGACH, Commissioner B. R.

General Return of the operations of Messrs. Hughes & Kennedy for season 1887-1888

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Robert Owens</td>
<td>Rainy River</td>
<td>29-30</td>
<td>R24</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>24,407</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Collins</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>1,305</td>
<td>78,786</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ed. Connors</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>41R</td>
<td>24F</td>
<td>930</td>
<td>130,631</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Collins</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>{29, 30,}</td>
<td>41F</td>
<td>1,907</td>
<td>110,832</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>{31, 32,}</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>1,099</td>
<td>130,031</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>6,206</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5,438  469,687  113  18,560  242  29,271  13  2603
(Statement of dues, etc., season 188-188.)

Messrs. Hughes & Kennedy to the Department of Crown Lands, Dr.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cut on Public Lands:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert Owens</td>
<td>Rainy River</td>
<td>29-30</td>
<td>R24E</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>24,407</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jas. Collins</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>29,30,31,32</td>
<td>1,907</td>
<td>110,882</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>5,890</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ed. Connors</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>R24E</td>
<td>930</td>
<td>130,631</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>6,464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jas. Collins</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>21-22</td>
<td>R24E</td>
<td>1,099</td>
<td>130,031</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>6,206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wm. Hough</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,438</td>
<td>469,687</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>18,560</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In general returns: 172 Tamarac piles. 198 Telegraph poles. 176 Cords of wood.

To dues on:

5,438 Pieces pine logs, 469,687 feet @ $2.00 per M $939.37
113 " " booms, 18,560 feet @ 2.00 " 37.12
242 " spruce logs, 29,271 feet @ 1.00 " 29.27
13 " " booms, 2,803 feet @ 1.00 " 20.80
172 Tamarac piles, @ 15c. 25.80
198 Telegraph poles, 15 per cent. or 50c. each 14.85
176 Cords of wood, @ 20c. each 35.20

$1,084.41

Charges on tamarac, etc., withdrawn as they were cut in clearing:

Amount $75.85
Leaving balance due 8.56

Province of Ontario, District of Rainy River, to wit:

I, William McKay, of Rainy River, in the District of Rainy River, make oath and say:
That I was employed by Hughes & Kennedy in the summer of 1887, and assisted in clearing ten acres on lots, numbers 21, 22, 23, 24R, 22, on Rainy River, from off said clearing we cut one hundred and seventy-six (176) cords of wood, and from off the lots 172 tamarac piles, 198 cedar telegraph poles was cut.

Sworn before me this 7th day of February. (Sd.) WILLIAM MCKAY.

(Sd.) WM. MARGACH.
Province of Ontario, District of Rainy River, to wit:

I, John Meany, of Rainy River, make oath and say:

That I was employed by Messrs. Hughes & Kennedy during the summer of 1887, in clearing ten acres on lots, numbers 21, 22, 23 and 24, range 22 on Rainy River, and from off said clearing was cut 176 cords of wood, 172 tamarac poles, 139 telegraph poles, was cut.

Sworn before me at Rainy River, \(\frac{7}{7}\)th day of February, 1889.

(Sd.)  

J O H N  M E A N E Y.

(Sd.)  

W M. M A R G A C H.

---


P O R T  A R U T H,  N O V. 20th, 1889.

A. W H I T E,  E S Q.,
Assistant Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Sir.—I have the honour to transmit return of Messrs. Hughes & Kennedy for 1887 and 1888. Also, affidavit of Wm. McKay and John Meaney, of Rainy River, as to piles, cedar poles and cordwood.

I am of opinion that no dues should be charged on anything but the pine timber. Please send me account which will be attended to immediately.

Mr. Dulmage rendered an account to them at two dollars per thousand, on which, they paid one thousand dollars.

I have the honour to be
Your obedient servant,

(Sd.)  

W M. M A R G A C H,  M. M.

---

Q. What steps were taken by the department to ascertain whether other moneys than those of Cameron and Kennedy were received and not handed over?

A. When Mr. Taylor went to Rat Portage he went to the other operators and they were mostly cutting on Dominion licenses.

Q. Did any of them return to your department?

A. Only in respect to cordwood and such small matters, not covered by their licenses.

Q. Can you say that such examination has been made, then, as to satisfy you that no other moneys than those appearing in this statement of Cameron & Kennedy's payments have been received by Mr. Dulmage and not accounted for?

A. Yes.

Q. Upon what do you base that statement?

A. Upon Mr. Taylor's report.

Q. Is that in writing?

A. Yes; and Mr. Taylor is here available.
EXHIBIT "Q."

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT, ONTARIO, WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH.

TORONTO, April 24th 1889.

SIR,—In accordance with instructions received, I left Toronto on the night of the 11th inst., for Rat Portage to make a demand of Wood Ranger A. F. Dulmage of all moneys collected by him on account of the Crown Lands Department, and not paid over by him.

At Port Arthur, I was joined by Mr. A. R. Lewis, Crown Attorney, (who I had been informed was to accompany me to Rat Portage in connection with this case), to whom I delivered the instructions entrusted to me for him.

On arriving at Rat Portage we found that both the members of the firm of Cameron & Kennedy were absent from home, and as it was necessary to examine their books again before making the demand of Dulmage we were obliged to wait one day for their return before we could move in the matter.

Mr. Lewis, Mr. Margach and I visited Cameron & Kennedy's Office, on Monday and Tuesday the 15th and 16th insts., and again went through their cash statement of moneys paid to Dulmage and compared it with the vouchers.

On returning to Rat Portage that afternoon, Mr. Margach and I visited Dulmage at his house and I made a demand of him of the moneys owing by him to the Department. He admitted having collected more money than he had remitted to the Department but said he had spent it or lost it, and at that time he was literally without any and therefore unable to pay any back.

I then with Mr. Lewis went to Judge Lyon's office and I swore out an information against Dulmage for appropriating moneys of the Department to his own use, upon which a warrant was issued for him and placed in constable Reddens hands for execution.

The next morning I was informed that Dulmage had avoided arrest, and in due course I returned to Toronto.

Your obedient servant,

THEO. C. TAYLOR.

Hon. Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Toronto.

By Mr. HARDY.—Q. You have had no complaints from any other parties?
A. No.

By Mr. MEREDITH.—Q. I suppose you would not until you went to collect the money again?
A. No.

By Mr. HARDY.—Q. But we have been doing that; have we not?
A. Yes.

By Mr. MEREDITH.—Q. Had Mr. Dulmage an office at Rat Portage?
A. He had a room in own his house which he used as an office.

Q. Did he keep any books there?
A. He had a memorandum book at one time.
Q. But did you not call upon him to keep an account of the moneys he received?
A. We did not call upon him to keep books. Things there were in a chaotic condition. We could not treat the territory as we treated the rest of the province until things were more settled down.

Q. But there was no chaos about him—would it not have been a usual thing to have required him or anyone else to keep books and make a particularised statement of moneys received?
A. We do not require such in the making of small collections. They simply send returns.

Q. But is there a ranger from the Lake-of-the-Woods down to Toronto who receives as much as five thousand dollars in a year?
A. No.

Q. Don't you think it would have been prudent to have required him to keep such an account?
A. In the light of subsequent events it certainly would have been so.

Q. Who gave receipts to those who were paying over moneys?
A. I suppose Dulmage gave them, if they had any.

Q. Have you ascertained whether they have any or not?
A. No.

Q. Now, (looking at document) here are the names of a couple of dozen of operators—have they been called on to show whether they held Mr. Dulmage's receipts for any money paid him?
A. Mr. Taylor called on some of them.

Q. Did he take the trouble to find out what they had paid for cordwood, etc.?
A. I don't know.

Q. Well, we will ask him about that; what is the practice where money is remitted by letter on account of land or dues. How is it acknowledged?
A. By a letter acknowledging it in the form of a receipt.

Q. Did you send a receipt to Cameron & Kennedy for the money they remitted?
A. No, speaking from recollection; it was simply sent to Dulmage.

Q. Why that departure from the ordinary method?
A. I don't know that it was a departure.

Q. But if the receipt had been sent to Cameron & Kennedy, don't you think this fraud would have been discovered sooner?
A. It might have been; of course we are wiser after the event.

Q. You must have had great confidence in Dulmage?
A. I had.
Q. Is it your idea that these payments of moneys made to Dulmage were collected by him without authority?
   A. Yes; that is my idea, except so far as related to cordwood.

Q. Did you ever tell him so in your correspondence?
   A. Speaking from recollection, I am unable to say whether I did so or not.

Q. But what is your impression?
   A. I really do not remember.

Q. But ordinarily, if you found a man doing this without authority, don't you think you would have forbidden it?
   A. In an ordinary case it would have been so.

Q. Would it not have been a proper thing to have done so in this case. Should not the remittances have been made in the ordinary manner?
   A. Will you allow me to make an explanation. We did not assume to give any authority there to anybody to cut down timber, all we did was to provide for their cutting cordwood, etc. The late Mr. Pardee said if anybody cut there, and we could get their money, of course we would take it.

Q. But surely the proper course would have been to have required them to remit their money to you, and through the proper channels?
   A. Well, the money came in the shape of bank drafts, and I thought at the time they were handed to him by the parties to be remitted.

Q. But the draft is payable to Dulmage?
   A. Oh, no; I think it is payable to the Commissioner; according to my recollection they were all payable to the Commissioner; we went to the bank here to try and find out who purchased them, and it is my recollection that the Bank officials stated that they were all payable in that way.

Q. That is the Imperial Bank here?
   A. Yes.

Q. Did they all come through that Bank?
   A. Yes.

Q. When did you first think it necessary to make any examination into the dealings of Dulmage with the Department?
   A. The first examination was made by Mr. Margach under instructions from the Department.

Q. Was there no communication at all with Dulmage himself?
   A. In what way.

Q. You have told us that Mr. Margach went up, and that Mr. Taylor went up, and you have produced Mr. Taylor's reports, now beyond these examinations made by them was there any communication at all with him on the subject of his accounting for his shortage or concerning the management of his business generally?
   A. There was no communication on the subject of the shortage, because we did not know it until Mr. Taylor went up there.
Q. But was there nothing as to the manner in which he was conducting his business?
A. I don't recollect that there was.

Q. You were up there yourself, were you not?
A. Yes.

Q. When?
A. In 1888, just at the close of the year.

Q. Did you make any examination at all of the accounts?
A. No; I went there for a special purpose.

Q. But would it not have been a prudent thing to make an examination?
A. Well, I had in my mind what caused the examination by Mr. Margach.

Q. Why did you not act upon that suspicion?
A. Well, I went up there for a specific purpose and wanted to be back as soon as possible.

Q. When was that?
A. In the very last days of 1888; I returned on the first of January.

Q. How did these suspicions arise?
A. Well, Mr. Fraser, I think, asked me to have an investigation made by Mr. Margach.

Q. When was that?
A. The instructions were given on the 31st of October.

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EXHIBIT "R."

CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT, ONTARIO,

TORONTO, 31st October, 1888.

Sir,—By order of the Acting Commissioner of Crown Lands I have to request that you will proceed to Rat Portage and examine the books kept by Mr. Dulmage, the Agent of this Department at that point.

You will examine the record of authorities issued by Mr. Dulmage to cut wood, etc., since his appointment, and get a statement from him of each season's permits or authority, and the quantities cut and moneys collected thereunder.

Your will carefully go over his accounts and books so that you may be able to report upon how they are kept, and whether full returns of quantities and all the moneys collected have been sent here.

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) AUBREY WHITE,
Assistant Commissioner.

WM. MARGACH, Esq.,
Port Arthur.
Q. And this examination led to the suspicions you entertained?
A. Yes.

Q. But what led to this examination?
A. Mr. Fraser's instructions.

Q. Well, now, did you ask Dulmage nothing about the accounts?
A. No, I did not.

Q. Never referred to it in any way at all?
A. No; because I did not want to arouse his suspicions.

Q. Did you ever discuss with him at any time or place the amount he had received, or the amount of the shortage?
A. No; I never saw him after December, 1888.

Q. Now for the purpose of his issuing these permits, did you furnish him with any forms or books?
A. No; they were not in the form of permits at all.

Q. What record did you keep or did you suppose was kept by him in regard to these transactions?
A. The returns he made to the Department.

Q. And you say he did make returns to the Department from time to time?
A. Yes, here is a sample (producing one).

Q. Did he make such a return as this during each year that he was in the employ of the Government?
A. I think he did.

Q. Can you speak with certainty?
A. My impression is that he did.

Q. You were up there in 1887, too, were you not?
A. Yes.

Q. You saw him then?
A. Yes.

Q. Did you make any enquiry?
A. I saw his memorandum book, and his record of sums he had remitted, and what they represented. It was almost a copy of the statements sent to the Department.

Q. Did the memorandum book profess to show on one side the moneys received and on the other the amounts remitted?
A. No; it was just a copy of the statements sent to the Department.

Q. One would have thought that seeing that he was keeping the accounts so irregularly you would have remonstrated with him?
A. There was no irregularity so far as we knew at that time.
Q. But was not that improper in itself, this mode of book-keeping? What record was there of moneys received?
   A. There was none except the returns to the Department.

Q. But was not that a very bad system?
   A. Of course it must be remembered that we were not keeping a regular agency.

Q. But was it not the more necessary there should have been some system?
   A. I suppose it was, but it did not strike me in that way at the time. Of course I am wiser after the event, as I said before.

Q. But did it not strike you then that it was strange he had not such an account as that?
   A. No; of course I was there on other business and did not go to audit his books.

Q. Had you any intimation that his habits were not such as they should have been?
   A. Once.

Q. When was that?
   A. In 1887.

Q. What was the nature of it?
   A. The complaint was made that he was drinking.

Q. And did you make enquiry?
   A. Yes.

Q. With what result?
   A. I found he had been drinking and reported to Mr. Pardee. He said that before I got back a number of people had written to him saying that he was only occasionally so, and that he was making promises for the future; so Mr. Pardee thought he would let him go on.

Q. Is it correct that Mr. Dulmage sent to the Department statements showing the quantities of timber cut under the permits?
   A. Yes.

Q. Verified by affidavit?
   A. I don't know that they were in all cases.

Q. Well, perhaps it is a little outside the scope of our enquiry, but are these rangers in the habit of collecting dues?
   A. Under no circumstances, unless an account is sent to them specially for collection.

Q. I don't mean whether that is the form of the transaction, but whether they do it as a matter of practice or not?
   A. No; in no cases.

Q. Well, does not that make this case a little worse?
   A. This was not an ordinary case. It was outside of the regulations and everything else so far as we were concerned as the territory had not been finally decided to be ours at that time.
Q. Now, about these cordwood returns—are they correct?
A. I have been through the papers and compared them with the sums he claims to have received. They appear to be correct.

Q. Would there not be very much room for dishonesty in connection with these moneys, just as in the case of Cameron & Kennedy?
A. No; the amounts are too small.

Q. But they amount to two or three thousand dollars in five or six years?
A. No, you will find part of that includes a remittance from Hughes & Kennedy, of which we have a sworn statement; it includes $1,400 or $1,500, too, on account of the Hudson Bay Railway. The cordwood matters are very small.

Q. But he seems to have given permits to cut other kinds of timber?
A. Only burned timber and so forth.

Q. Has anything been done in any way to inspect the territory over which Cameron & Kennedy have cut, to see if the returns are reliable?
A. Inspections have been made.

Q. With what result?
A. Well, what I did was this—I don't know that it was exactly to see how much was cut: when I was at Rat Portage at the close of 1888, I had in my mind this matter that Mr. Fraser had heard about, and I saw the captain of the steamboat that had towed all the logs and got from him such information as showed me that all the dues had not been paid. This I reported to Mr. Hardy and he put Mr. Margach in charge, and I told Mr. Margach, in going through the camps, whenever he came across a foreman who had worked for Cameron & Kennedy to get from him a statement, on oath if possible, of the amount of timber he had cut the year before. We got them whenever we could, and it became clear there was a fraud somewhere. I thought at first it was on the part of Cameron & Kennedy, but this suspicion proved incorrect.

Q. Did your examination lead to any definite conclusion as to whether or not these statements of Cameron & Kennedy covered all they had cut?
A. We could not tell that.

Q. No examination has been made with a view to ascertaining that, at all events?
A. Yes.

Q. Were their books examined?
A. Yes.

Q. With a view to showing what payments they had made?
A. Yes, and also as to what they had cut, as you will see from Mr. Taylor's report.

Q. Now, you saw him during '87 and at the end of '88—not since?
A. No.

Q. Do you know where he is?
A. No.
Q. Has there been any communication with him or to the Department from him?
A. Not to my knowledge.

Q. Was he a married man?
A. Yes; his family are still at Rat Portage.

Q. Have you any reason to suppose it was any complicity on the part of the Chief of Police that enabled him to escape?
A. Nothing has come to my knowledge to lead me to think so.

Q. When was the last payment made to Dulmage?
A. In February '89.

Q. When did he go away?
A. In April '89. He went away then on the pretence that he was going to Toronto. He went round by the American line and fell sick at St. Paul. After that he came back.

Q. After the warrant had been issued?
A. No, before that.

Q. Did anybody follow him up when he went away?
A. No; I telegraphed to Mr. Margach to go round by St. Paul and bring him here if possible. Mr. Margach soon afterwards telegraphed to me that Dulmage was back at Rat Portage.

Q. That was before the issue of the warrant?
A. Yes.

Q. As I understand it, then, when Mr. Taylor went up there in March last, Dulmage was in the bush, and then, saying he was coming to Toronto, he went to the States?
A. Yes.

Q. And Margach was told to follow him?
A. Yes.

Q. And then Dulmage came back to Rat Portage?
A. Yes.

Q. And what then?
A. Then Margach was told to keep control of him until the warrant was issued.

Q. Would it not have been better if he had retained control of him until the warrant was executed?
A. Well, when the law officers took charge, I suppose his duties ceased.
Mr. Aubrey White being recalled, was examined and testified as follows:

By Mr. Hardy.—Q. This is a copy of the letter sent to Dulmage at the time of his suspension, is it not (exhibiting letter)?
A. It is the letter sent to him at the time of his removal from charge.

Q. It was supposed that there was to be a permanent officer appointed, was it not?
A. Not until we got possession of the territory.

Q. But at the time of his removal from his position it had been talked of?
A. Yes.

The Commissioner asked that the letter might be put in with the evidence.

EXHIBIT "S."

Crown Lands Department, Ontario, Woods and Forest Branch.

Toronto, January 26th, 1889.

Sir,—I have the honour of informing you that Mr. Margach has reported here the state of affairs disclosed by his recent examinations of the cutting of Messrs. Bulmer and Cameron & Kennedy in the Rainy River District, and it appears from what he says that such measurements as are being made are not in accordance with the rules of this Department, and are of such a character as to be of no value or basis on which to collect dues, while in other cases, he states, no measurements at all have yet been made. It would therefore appear as though this Department need not expect accurate or full measurements of the sawlogs and timber unless it takes steps to secure a proper measurement by its own officers or employés. It also appears that the measurements in the operations of the Rainy Lake Lumber Co., Dick & Banning, and the Keewatin Lumber Co., are conducted in a very unsatisfactory manner, calling for investigation, besides which it is desirable that the Department should know whether these latter firms are keeping within the territory for which they claim to hold leases issued prior to the boundary award by the Dominion Government. The matters touched upon were laid before the Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands who was pleased to instruct that immediate steps be taken to have full measurements made by reliable men representing this Department, and to acquire such other information as would enable the Department to decide what should be done to protect the public property. The names of those who should make these measurements, etc., were discussed and it was concluded that Mr. Margach had better return to Rat Portage and arrange to relieve you of any work which would require your presence there, that he should for the present be given the control and direction of timber matters in that region, and that you and Mr. Barnes and another man to be selected, should proceed to the scene of the lumbering operations, procure full information and make complete measurements of all timber got out or to be got out on lands of the Crown in that region outside of Indian Reserve, and that you shall remain at your post until ordered away by the Department or Mr. Margach, acting for it.

The arrangements so far as it relates to Mr. Margach taking charge, is temporary and for this winter only, the future superintendence being a matter for consideration hereafter. Therefore it is expected you will see the necessity for the action now taken and that you will do everything in your power to carry out the Department’s views and instructions as herein set forth.
For the present you will recognize Mr. Margach as having full authority to direct all affairs in that region in connection with timber matters, and you will carry out whatever directions or instructions he may give you as though you had them direct from this Department, as he has full authority to do what appears to him best in the premises either with respect to the placing of yourself and others or the measuring of the timber.

Having had the position thus fully put before you it is assumed you will be ready when Mr. Margach reaches Rat Portage to proceed to the locality he may direct and carry out what he suggests.

A cheque for $200.00 on account is enclosed herewith with duplicate receipts, which latter you will sign and return here.

Your obedient servant,

(Sgd.) AUBREY WHITE,
Asst. Commissioner Crown Lands.

A. F. DULMAGE,
Rat Portage.

Q. Had you received any recommendations from prominent men of the neighborhood of Rat Portage concerning the appointment of Dulmage?
A. Yes; there were a couple of recommendations that he should be retained.

Q. Is this one (handing letter)?
A. Yes.

Q. From whom does it come?
A. From Walter Ross, of Ross, Hall, and Brown.

Q. And here is another—who is it from?
A. From D. L. Mather, representing the Reservation Lumber Company.

Q. That is one of the oldest lumber companies up there, is it not?
A. Yes; it was the earliest there.

The Commissioner asked that these two letters might be included with the evidence.

EXHIBIT "T."

OFFICE OF ROSS, HALL & BROWN, LUMBER MANUFACTURERS.

RAT PORTAGE, ONTARIO, JANUARY 14TH, 1889.

AUBREY WHITE, ESQ.,
CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT,
TORONTO.

DEAR SIR,—It has been intimated around here that Mr. Dulmage, your timber agent in this place, has been reported to you as not attending to his business. I, speaking for myself and our firm, take pleasure in saying, so far as we are concerned, Mr. Dulmage has always been obliging and courteous, attending to any business we have had to do with him promptly and satisfactorily.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) WALTER ROSS.
EXHIBIT "U."

KEEWATIN LUMBERING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY (LIMITED).

KEEWATIN MILLS, 5th January, 1889.

Hon. C. F. Fraser,
Toronto, Ont.

Sir,—During the past two years I have had considerable business with Mr. A. F. Dulmage in his capacity as Crown Lands Agent, and must say that he has always attended to my wants and enquiries promptly and satisfactorily, and my opinion is that he is a good servant and well fills the position he holds.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Your obedient servant,

(Signed) D. L. MATHERS.

Q. Here is private correspondence after Dulmage's escape, discussing the question of his extradition with the Attorney-General's Department, is it not?

A. Yes.

The Commissioner asked that this also might be included with the evidence.

EXHIBIT "V."

TORONTO, May 14th, 1889.

My Dear Sir,—I assume that Dulmage's offence is one for which extradition may be demanded. Have you or your officers any information as to his whereabouts? If they have not, would it not be well that they should put themselves in communication with the police of the western cities?

His escape was a very unfortunate occurrence. From Mr. Lyon's report we cannot attach blame to any particular person; but I apprehend Redden must have connived at his escape.

I am, etc.,

Yours very truly,

(Signed) ARTHUR S. HARDY.

E. F. B. Johnston, Esq.,
City.
Appendix (No. 1).

RAT PORTAGE, April 29th, 1889.

E. F. B. Johnston, Esq.

Sir,—I am in receipt of your letter dated the 24th inst., inclosing Lewis's letter referring to the escape of Dulmage, and in reply send you the enclosed report of what took place so far as my personal knowledge of the matter extends, and so far as I know Lewis' statement is correct; but his mode of securing the accused is not the one I would have pursued.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. D. Lyon, Esq.

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E. F. B. Johnston, Esq.

Sir,—I herewith submit my report to you as requested on the escape of A. F. Dulmage, which is as follows:—

On Monday the 15th of April instant, I was informed that Lewis, Taylor and Margach were in Rat Portage for the purpose of investigating the accounts of A. F. Dulmage, timber agent here, which were considered to be in an unsatisfactory condition by the Commissioner of Crown Lands. On Tuesday, the 16th, I learned that the three gentlemen above-named had gone to Cameron & Kennedy's mills to compare Dulmage's account of money received by him with that paid out by Cameron & Kennedy. On the afternoon of the 16th I learned that on comparing the accounts of Dulmage with those of Cameron & Kennedy, that Dulmage was found to have embezzled a large sum of money received by him, by virtue of his employment as Crown timber agent, for dues, and that Lewis was preparing an information against Dulmage to procure a warrant for his arrest, and that he was to be arrested that night. About 9 o'clock on the night of the 16th Lewis, Taylor and Margach came to the office of the gaoler and sent a message to me, stating that they had called to see me in my official capacity (there was a meeting of the public school trustees in my office at the time). I told the messenger that I would be at liberty in 10 or 15 minutes and would then wait on them. In less than 15 minutes I called them upstairs—this was the first sight I had of the three persons above-named, and the first intimation of their business I had from them. Lewis had a long information drawn up, which was sworn to by Taylor before me.

The persons above-named remained for some time discussing the course to be pursued when Dulmage was arrested, and some other matters. On leaving they said they would send Redden up for the warrant when it was made out, and have Dulmage arrested. The charges in the information were long and had to be copied into the warrant, which took me sometime. When the warrant was nearly ready Redden came, and in a few minutes after got the warrant; it was then near 12 o'clock. Redden was instructed to arrest Dulmage under authority of the warrant placed in his hands, and to bring him up to the court house and I would remain there till he came with him. I waited about three-quarters of an hour and saw nothing of Redden or the prisoner. I proceeded down town to learn the cause of the delay and met Redden and the captain of the steamer Thistle. They said they had just come from Dulmage's and had searched every part of the house and he was not to be found. I instructed them to watch the shore of the lake as he would likely leave in a canoe or boat, and left them and returned to the court house. It was then near two o'clock in the morning. On Tuesday the 16th Redden told me he had been asked by Lewis to watch Dulmage and see that he did not leave

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the house; he said nothing about having a man in his employ to watch the house, at that time; I remarked to Redden that if Lewis worked to secure Dulmage he had better send the date and the amount of one of the charges of embezzlement and I would take his information, issue a warrant and have him secured at once, as it was circulated all over town that Dulmage was to be arrested that night and that Dulmage knew what was going on. Redden said he told Lewis what I had said, but nothing was done to prevent the escape of Dulmage further than Redden was to watch the house and see he did not leave it.

I can say nothing as to whether Redden was to blame or not further than he was asked by Lewis to watch that Dulmage did not leave the house and that he did leave the house and made his escape. I was not consulted in this matter till the information was prepared and ready to be sworn to; but when I learned from Redden that he had instructions from Lewis, I told him to carry the instructions out. Redden is not on the police force now, and I cannot say what he would say in his own defence, but my opinion is, from I have learned, had a close watch been kept on Dulmage's movements, he could not have escaped. Redden is now charged with larceny and has escaped, the particulars of which I have sent to-day.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Signed) W. D. LYON, S.M.

Rat Portage, April 28th, 1889.


Port Arthur, April 20th, 1889.

The Hon. the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Toronto.

SIR,—In accordance with your instructions I met Mr. Taylor on arrival of train, about one, a.m. on Monday, and proceeded with him to Rat Portage.

On our arrival there late on Monday afternoon, Mr. Margach met us and informed us that Dulmage was there and under strict watch by provincial constable Redden and an assistant.

I sent word to Redden by Mr. Margach to continue the strictest watch over the movements of Dulmage until otherwise instructed. As it was impossible for us to meet Cameron & Kennedy the day of our arrival, we arranged to go to Normam the following morning. Before leaving for Norman on Tuesday morning, I saw Reddon and reiterated his previous instructions, informing him that he was on no account to allow Dulmage to leave the town, and inquired as to what provision he made when he himself was not on watch. He informed me that another man took his place when absent, and that it was impossible for the party to escape under the circumstances. At the same time we discussed the case with which party could escape, if so inclined, and not watched. On arriving at Norman we met Mr. Kennedy who at first was a little reluctant to go into the matter of vouchers for payments as alleged in his statement, but afterwards spent the day in assisting us to check statements with vouchers.

We found a voucher for every item, and then returned to Rat Portage. On our return after 6 p.m., I caused Mr. Taylor, accompanied Mr. Margach, to see Dulmage and demand payment of the various items on the statement, showing him the same, and more especially certain items in the years 1887 and 1888, which I had selected for the purpose of the respective informations numbers 1 and 2 sent me by you.
The demand was made and the appropriation of the moneys fully admitted by Dulmage, who said he had spent the same when drinking.

The items I selected amounted altogether (3 items for each information) to $1,7000. After filling out the informations I went with Mr. Taylor to Mr. Lyon. We had to wait some time for him as he was engaged at a meeting of the School Board.

The informations were then sworn, and while Mr. Lyon was preparing the warrant we returned and I sent Mr. Margach to find Redden. Mr. Margach found him on the streets and sent him to me. I told him to go immediately to Mr. Lyon for the warrant, and so soon as got to execute it, and to report to me—that the matter was fully in his hands and most effective steps should be taken in order that there might be no mistake.

It was a little after nine when he left me. He did not report that night. Next morning about eight o'clock I found him at the Hillyard House, and was then informed that on going to Mr. Dulmage's house he had searched same but could not find Dulmage, and that he believed Dulmage had escaped. I asked how was that possible when he had another man to watch while he was absent for the warrant. He replied that he had that evening withdrawn the other man. This was done without my knowledge and in face of instructions as emphatic as I could make them.

It appears also that Redden did not go directly from me to Mr. Lyon's, as Mr. Taylor met him twice afterwards, and the last time drew his attention to the fact that Mr. Lyon was waiting for him. Mr. Lyon tells me that he came to him about twelve o'clock that night. I caused telegrams to be sent to the police at Winnipeg and at Port Arthur, and took such other steps as I could with the material in hand, but without any confidence that Dulmage would be found.

I considered it useless for me to remain any longer at Rat Portage, and in consequence returned to Port Arthur.

The items I stated for the informations were those in which cheques had been given to Dulmage and cashed at Rat Portage by Boyle & Co. With the exception of three or four items in Kennedy & Cameron's statement, the vouchers purport on the face of them to have been given for timber dues.

Dulmage may be concealed in the neighbourhood. There would be difficulty in it. He is well known and would meet with assistance. He could also have easily gone by freight train to neighbourhood of Winnipeg and then cut across the country to the United States.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed)

A. R. LEWIS.

Q. When Mr. Taylor went out to Rat Portage was he instructed to ascertain generally from other people up there whether or not Dulmage had been collecting moneys from them that had not been accounted for?

A. Yes; he was instructed to make such enquiries from all the large lumber companies.

Q. Did he make such inquiries?

A. Oh, yes; we have written statements from the Rainy River Company, and other companies, saying that all the moneys they had paid had been accounted for.

Q. Has there been any evidence of any kind submitted as to any other defalcation than those discovered?

A. No.
Q. And there is no reason to believe that there are any others?
A. No; we have made close inquiries and can not discover any.

Q. Had the department directly or indirectly any knowledge of those small payments being made frequently by Cameron & Kennedy that were not returned?
A. No; the only payments we knew of were those that came to the department.

Q. And the small payments made there seem only to have gone as far as Dulmage himself?
A. Yes.

Q. Are these the first defalcations in the department to your knowledge?
A. Yes.

Q. And the collections during the past fifteen or seventeen years amount to how much money?
A. I can't say from memory exactly.

Q. It must be about twelve to fourteen millions?
A. Yes.

Q. Was every effort made to capture Mr. Dulmage?
A. Yes, so far as I know and so far as the department was concerned.

Q. They did everything that could be done?
A. Yes.

Q. Now will you give me in order the changes that took place—when did Mr. Johnson die?
A. In 1887, in January, I think.

Q. And when did you take his place?
A. In February of the same year.

Q. When did Mr. Pardee become unable to attend to his duties?
A. I think it was in 1887. I saw him just before he went south. Up to that time he had been able to give attention to matters of importance that I submitted to him. I went up to Sarnia to see him several times. He was not well but was able to look after some matters.

Q. But after going south he returned and was at his office a little in 1888?
A. Yes.

Q. Mr. Fraser acted during 1888, after the session?
A. Yes; Mr. Pardee was not there at all.

Q. Mr. Fraser of course was unable to give his attention to the details of the department?
A. No, but all matters that I judged to be of importance were submitted to him and he attended to them.
Q. And the present Commissioner was sworn in January 18th, 1889?
A. Yes.

Q. Was Dulmage looked upon as a thoroughly competent man to discharge his duties?
A. Oh, yes; there was no doubt as to his competency.

Q. Had he been employed by any large lumber firms, as far as you know?
A. Yes, he was manager for Thompson, Smith & Co., who used to be at Orillia, and afterwards for the Beecher & Gillamon company.

Q. Then he was recognised as an able man in that business?
A. Yes; he was manager also for the Rainy Lake Lumber Company immediately prior to his appointment by the department. I would like to say before the examination closes that with regard to the bank drafts, concerning which Mr. Meredith questioned me, I have looked the matter up and find I telegraphed the Imperial Bank at Winnipeg and received the following reply (reading telegram):

EXHIBIT "W."

(Telegram.)

March 19th, 1889.

AUBREY WHITE,
335 Gerrard St.

From WINNIPEG, Man., 19.

All three drafts were purchased by Cameron & Kennedy, Rat Portage.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

The Chairman ordered that the telegram be included with the evidence.

The witness informed the Committee further that he had the documents that had been asked for by Mr. Meredith and the Committee ordered that they should be printed with the evidence.

The examination was then continued.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. Do you know in what capacity Dulmage acted prior to his appointment by the Government?
A. I have just told the Committee while you were out. I named the firms he had worked for.

Q. Did you know anything of his habits then?
A. I knew him to be respected by those firms.

Q. You knew nothing of his intemperate habits?
A. No, nothing at all.

Q. There was nothing to your knowledge in his previous habits that would have justified you in cautioning the Minister?
A. No.
Q. You were personally acquainted with him?
A. Oh, yes, I knew him for years, though he was not appointed on my recommendation.

Q. From your position would it have been your opinion that you would be justified in making a report to the Commissioner if you had seen anything to report?
A. Yes.

Q. You remember being at Rat Portage at the election of 1883?
A. Yes.

Q. You saw Dulmage then?
A. Yes.

Q. Don't you remember seeing him then in a condition in which he should not have been?
A. I don't remember seeing him the worse for liquor.

Q. Did you know he was a defaulter to the Rainy Lake Lumber Company?
A. I never heard so until the other day it was mentioned to me by a member of the House—not that he was a defaulter but that he owed money to the company when he left their employment.

Q. Did you ever discuss with any one the question of his habits a year or so previous to the defalcations being discovered?
A. I may have done so.

Q. Then you were aware of their nature?
A. Well, I had heard something of the matter and I reported to Mr. Pardee what I had heard, as I stated to the Committee in reply to question from Mr. Meredith.

Q. That was at least a year before the defalcations?
A. Yes.

Q. At that election in 1883 did he attend the public meetings or did you not have any public meetings?
A. The only public meeting I remember being at was one addressed by Hon. Mr. Hardy, and I don't remember seeing Mr. Dulmage there.

Q. That was the Lyon election?
A. Yes; that was the only election during which I was up there.

Q. Did you ever hear of this Mr. Dulmage trying to induce people to trespass?
A. No, I don't believe he did anything of the kind.

This closed Mr. White's examination.

On motion the Committee ordered the statements produced to be filed.
While examining Mr. White, Mr. Meredith asked for paper ordered to be produced.
Papers produced and handed to him.
Mr. Meredith asked that the letter of appointment of A. F. Dulmage be produced.
On motion the Committee ordered the letter to be produced. Letter produced and read.

On motion of Mr. Meredith the Committee ordered the letter to be filed and to appear upon the minutes.

Letter filed, marked Exhibit "A," (placed in with his evidence where it refers to same) at page 48.

Mr. Meredith asked for statement of moneys paid into the Department of Crown Lands through A. F. Dulmage; also statement of moneys paid to Dulmage by the department. Ordered, statements produced and read.

On motion of Mr. Meredith the Committee ordered the statements to appear upon the minutes.

Statement filed, marked Exhibit "B," (placed with his evidence where the same is referred to therein) at page 49.

Mr. Meredith asked for letter No. 10283, return made by A. F. Dulmage, dated Rat Portage, Aug. 20, 1885.

Letter produced.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the Committee ordered letter to be fyled and to appear upon the minutes.

Letter fyled, marked Exhibit "C" (placed with his evidence) at page 51.

Mr. Meredith asked that letters No. 12961, 13107 and 13387, dated Rat Portage, October 21st, 1886 (13107), and same place December 31st, 1886, from A. F. Dulmage, to the Department of Crown Lands be produced.

Letters produced and read.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the Committee ordered letters to appear on the minutes of the Committee.

Letters fyled, marked Exhibits "D" and "E" (placed with his evidence) at page 53.

Mr. Meredith asked that letters Nos. 13699 and 14389, from A. F. Dulmage to A. White, Assistant Commissioner Crown Lands, dated, respectively, Rat Portage, November 3rd, 1887, and November 12th, 1887, be produced.

Letters produced, read, and on motion of Mr. Meredith ordered to appear upon the minutes.

Letters fyled, marked Exhibits "F" and "G" (placed with his evidence) at pages 54 and 55.

Mr. Meredith asked for letters Nos. 14878 and 1597, from A. F. Dulmage, dated, respectively, Rat Portage, November 23rd, 1888, and February 1st, 1889, to be produced.

Letters produced and read.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the Committee ordered letters to appear upon the minutes.

Letters fyled, marked "H" and "I" (placed with his evidence) at page 56.

Mr. Meredith, continuing the examination, asked that the statement of moneys paid A. F. Dulmage, by Cameron and Kennedy, be produced.

Statement produced, examined.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the Committee ordered statement to appear upon the minutes.

Statement fyled, marked Exhibit "J," (placed with his evidence) at page 58.

Mr. Meredith asked that the letter of instructions to and reports of Theo. C. Taylor, be produced.

The letter and reports are produced and read.
On motion of Mr. Meredith, the Committee ordered letter and reports to appear on the minutes.

Letter and reports fyled, marked "K," at page 61.
Mr. Meredith asked that the sworn statements of Cameron and Kennedy be produced.

Statements produced and examined.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the Committee ordered that the statements produced do appear upon the minutes.

Statements fyled, marked Exhibits "L," "M," "N," (placed with his evidence) at pages 63 and 64.
Mr. Hardy asked that the report of Mr. Margach be produced and read.
Letter and report produced and read.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the Committee ordered that the letter and report do appear upon the minutes.

Letter and report fyled, marked Exhibit "O," at page 65.
Mr. Meredith moved for the production of sworn statement of Hughes and Kennedy.
The motion being put was carried.

Statements produced and examined.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the Committee ordered statements to appear on the minutes.

Statements fyled, marked Exhibit "P," at page 67.
Mr. Taylor's second report was, upon motion of Mr. Meredith, produced and read, and ordered to appear upon the minutes.

Report fyled, marked "Q" (placed in with evidence), at page 70.

Further on in the examination Mr. Meredith asked that letter of instructions to W. Margach be produced.

Letter dated 31st October produced and read at a subsequent meeting.

Mr. Meredith moved that the letter do appear on the minutes.
The motion being put was carried, and letter marked "R" (placed in with evidence), at page 73.

The hour having arrived at which the Committee usually adjourned, on motion of Mr. Meredith the further examination of Mr. White was postponed until Thursday next, at 11 o'clock a.m.

Mr. French inquired if the papers asked for in his requisition (and ordered to be brought down), re Grants to Separate Schools, Ottawa, etc., were down, ready for examination, and was informed that Mr. Marling was to be examined to-morrow and would bring the papers with him.

Mr. French presented the following requisition:

Mr. French requires a summons to issue to William Findlay, Secretary and Treasurer of the Separate School Board at Ottawa, for his attendance before this Committee on Friday next, to include an order for the production of all correspondence had with the Department of Education; and all returns made by him on which were based the Grants made by the Department to said Separate School Board, being a sum of $2,383.00, appearing in the Public Accounts for 1887, of $2,383.00, Public Accounts for 1888, and for $2,461.00 in the Public Accounts, 1889, also the data on which said returns were made up, also

(1) The names of the Separate Schools at Ottawa.
(2) The mode of ascertaining the daily average attendance for 1887, 1888 and 1889.
(3) The names of the teachers.

(4) The lease or particulars thereof of the Water Street Convent, or any rooms therein to the Separate School Board, and the names of the teachers therein.

(5) The inspectors should also show the qualifications of the teachers in the Water Street Separate School and their names.

That Separate School Inspectors Donovan and White be requested to attend before the Committee, to give information and make explanations in connection therewith.

The motion being put was carried.

On motion the Committee adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock a.m.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
WEDNESDAY, 12th March, 1890.

The Committee met pursuant to adjournment, at 11 o'clock a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Awrey,
Clancy,
Craig,
French,
Harcourt,

Messieurs Hardy,
Morin,
Ross (Huron),
Smith (York),
Wood (Brant)—11.

The chairman stated to the Committee that there was present here this morning Mr. Anderson, a member of the firm of Ogilvy, Alexander & Anderson, who had supplied the Asylum for the Insane at London with a quantity of serge and tweeds, and if the Committee desired they could examine him in reference thereto.

The Committee expressed a desire to have him examined.

Mr. Anderson called, sworn, examined, evidence taken down by shorthand writer, appended, marked "D."

"D"

March 12th, 1890.

Mr. Thomas O. Anderson, being sworn, was examined and deposed as follows:

By Mr. Clancy—Q. You are a member of the firm of Ogilvie, Alexander & Anderson?
A. Yes.

Q. Do you remember making any sale of tweeds for public institutions?
A. Yes.

Q. What institution was it?
A. The London Asylum.
Q. Is this (holding up account) an account of the tweeds furnished at that time to Dr. O'Reilly?
A. Yes; that is the parcel

Q. Was there anything peculiar about that sale?
A. Well, they were sold at a job price.

Q. Will you explain to the committee what you mean?
A. Well our sales book is here and can be examined. The sale was made at a price of 65 cents all round. I asked our man when he entered them up to enter them separately, putting our own regular wholesale price alongside of the price at which each was sold, so that we might see how we came out of the transaction. Here are the entries (exhibiting book.)

By Hon. A. M. Ross—Q. I believe you informed Dr. O'Reilly that you had a lot of tweeds of good quality, but out of pattern?
A. Yes.

Q. Now tell us, Mr. Anderson, what you mean when you say these were sold at a job price?
A. Well, the entries themselves contain the explanation. You will see by inspecting these figures that the goods were sold at the round price of 65 cents, and that they included four pieces of 79 yards, of which the regular wholesale price was a dollar; two pieces of 38 yards, of which the regular price was a dollar; four pieces at 85 cents; 123$\frac{1}{2}$ yards at a dollar; 29$\frac{1}{2}$ yards at 85 cents; 21$\frac{1}{2}$ yards at 65 cents; five pieces at 65 cents; three pieces at 77$\frac{1}{2}$ cents; one piece at 90 cents, and pieces at 85 cents; sixteen pieces at 65 cents, and eight pieces at 90 cents; so that none of the goods sold were under 65 cents in their regular wholesale price, while many were between that figure and a dollar.

Q. Why do you describe them as job goods?
A. They were a little off in pattern; the quality was all right.

Q. They had been a year or more in stock?
A. Yes, and I understood the institution was not particular about the pattern.

Q. Do you carry a very large stock of tweeds?
A. Yes.

Q. And when they become unfashionable you reduce the price to get rid of them?
A. Yes.

Q. And these were the regular wholesale prices that you mentioned?
A. Yes.

Q. Then the character of the bulk of the goods was above that of ordinary 65 cent goods?
A. Decidedly.

Q. Are such bargains to be frequently met with or was this an extraordinary case?
A. Well, they are frequently to be met with.
Q. Would such a bargain be met with in London?
A. The chances would be very much reduced. The stocks there are smaller and fewer, therefore the accumulation of old goods would be very much smaller than here.

By Mr. Clancy—Q. Was this the first bill of goods you sold the London Asylum?
A. No.

Q. You are accustomed to sell to the institution?
A. Yes.

Q. Who makes the purchases from you for the City of London?
A. Dr. O'Reilly.

Q. In all cases?
A. Yes; he has done so in every case.

Q. Did he come to buy those goods?
A. Yes.

Q. Did you tell him you had a job lot?
A. I told him we had them and asked him to examine them when he was ready for them.

Q. And he came to look at them?
A. Yes; he came to give me the order.

Q. Where did you meet him when you told him about the goods?
A. I cannot say. I met him very frequently.

Q. Did Dr. O'Reilly take all the goods you had of that description?
A. Not by any means.

Q. Have you made any sales since then of these same goods?
A. Yes.

Q. Can you tell us the price paid for them?
A. Not unless you name the particular goods.

Q. Are you sure he did not clear out these lines?
A. Yes.

Q. And can you not turn to your sales book and tell what prices they have been sold at since?
A. Oh, no.

Q. But as to the same lines?
A. No, I could not do that.

Q. Have you not made entries similar to those in the case of Dr. O'Reilly's purchase as to the regular prices?
A. No, because we have had no other such transaction.
Q. Then why was it done in this case?
A. Because it was a peculiar one, and I wanted to see how much we had made or lost on the transaction.

Q. But you said you had had similar transactions?
A. No; we have had similar sales of pieces.

Q. Do you not sell job lots to your regular merchant customers?
A. No retail merchant would want a large parcel of goods like that sold to the London Asylum; very few, anyway.

Q. When you do sell them job lots like this, do you make entries similar to these?
A. Well, no; as a rule if a man is buying tweeds he is buying something else too, and it would be probably but a piece or two of this class of goods in a general parcel. This is a peculiar transaction.

Q. But why these entries here in this case then?
A. Because, as I explained, I wanted to see how we came out of the transaction.

Q. This is the original entry?
A. Yes; you can get the young man here who made them if you wish.

Q. Do you always sell job lots to Dr. O'Reilly?
A. All the tweeds have been job lots.

Q. Then when you have a lot of goods on hand that are not saleable, you call on Dr. O'Reilly?
A. No; I would not say that.

Q. I would like you to tell us whether you ever sold these goods to anybody else at these prices?
A. Which prices—I cannot tell you unless you specify the goods and the prices.

Q. I mean at the reduced prices?
A. Well, we certainly would not sell them at those figures except in a lot such as that.

Q. Have you sold none at these prices?
A. Not within my knowledge.

Mr. Ross.—He says individual pieces may have been sold.

Q. What prices have you sold them at?
A. Well, you would have to discuss one particular line of goods.

Q. Well, let us understand each other. Did you sell this line of dollar goods to anybody else at 65 cents?
A. No, we have not, and we would not do so.

By Mr. Ross.—Q. But I think you said that if a retail merchant was buying a lot of goods of various kinds, you might put in this at a lower price?
A. Yes, I could not discuss the merits of a particular line of goods without having the patterns before us.
By Mr. Clancy.—Q. You made this sale yourself?
A. Yes.

Q. And do you say that what you said in regard to the first item—the dollar goods, holds good with reference to all the others, to these of which the regular price, for instance, is marked at 85 cents?
A. Yes; I can't speak definitely without having the goods.

Q. Have you no recollection of the goods?
A. Yes, but not such a recollection as would be necessary to give the information you ask.

Q. But this is a usual thing, is it not?
A. Well, we make a slight reduction on such goods, but not so much as that except in a special case.

Q. How long had you these things?
A. I can't say—a year, two years, perhaps.

Q. Longer than that?
A. Quite possible.

Q. What would you buy them now for, new, same quality?
A. I could not buy these dollar goods under 87 ½ cents a yard.

Q. Have you sold anyone else any large job lots?
A. Not like that; nothing at all like it.

Q. Such a bargain could not be had in the City of London, you said?
A. I said the chances of getting it here were greater. The stocks here are very much larger and more numerous.

Q. These job lots accumulate more rapidly here, do they?
A. Well, it is reasonable to suppose that what a small house would regard as a large accumulation would be regarded as a small accumulation by a large house.

Q. How do you generally get rid of those job lots?
A. We generally sell them a piece or two at a time at reduced prices.

Q. In every ease such as this?
A. No.

Q. You find nobody willing to take all kinds and all patterns?
A. No.

Q. And these were all kinds and all patterns?
A. Yes; some of them were good enough, but as I said, they were old goods.

Q. Would you purchase these goods for yourself as a matter of economy?
A. Well, of course, I would want to see a margin.

Q. You would have been glad to sell them to anybody else at that price?
A. The same quantity and for cash.
Q. I suppose these were cash prices?
A. Yes.

Q. How about this serge? was that a job lot?
A. No.

Q. Did you tell Dr. O'Reilly you had a lot of good serges on hand?
A. No.

Q. This was a very good quality, was it not?
A. Yes.

Q. Is it not the best quality you generally keep?
A. Not the best, but an extra good one. I may explain that the quality is the very best, but you can get heavier, and the heavier the higher the price.

Q. Do you supply this quality generally to the trade?
A. No; It is a specially imported order.

Q. And you imported this specially?
A. Yes.

Q. Who gave the order?
A. Dr. O'Reilly.

Q. Did you have samples to show him?
A. Yes.

Q. Have you been furnishing orders for different institutions of that kind?
A. That is the only order for serge, I think I got samples from England, and submitted them to him.

Q. Did you import more than would fill his order?
A. No; he took the whole thing. He got the order from the different institutions, and gave it to me.

By Mr. Hardy.—Q. It is a class purchased from Hughes Bros. before their failure, is it not?
A. I don't know about that.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. As to these tweed goods again—you say you would sell them at these prices to ordinary customers?
A. We would sell them to anybody who gave so large an order for cash.

Q. Your orders are not all cash?
A. No; we sell on credit.

Q. Then you would have sold to any good customers on time?
A. No; we would charge more for credit.

Q. How much more?
A. Five per cent. We give five per cent. off for cash.
Q. Then the goods you sell to the institutions you sell at cash prices?
A. Yes; though we generally have to wait three or four months. Of course it takes a little time for the goods to be received and checked, and so-forth.

Q. Do you present your bills to the department?
A. No, but a little time elapses before we get the money. We don't get it cash down. It sometimes takes thirty days, sometimes sixty days, and occasionally longer.

By Mr. Hardy.—They have to go through a long circuitous process, and now and then it takes months. They have to be approved by the officers of the institution, and by various other officials until they get to the Governor-in-Council and then back again to the treasury department. But of course this is to be regarded as cash.

Q. You say you would sell these goods to your customers at the same price?
A. I said I would sell these same goods in large quantities at the same prices.

Q. Would you take his paper at three months?
A. We would want a little more for the risk.

By Mr. Wood (of Brant).—Q. You mean you would sell an order as large as you usually get from the Government?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. Do you always sell at these prices to the Government?
A. The Government purchases are always at cash prices; of course we are not particular for a few days where there is no risk.

Q. Well, there would be no risk if a man paid you cash down? Would you sell such a man cheaper than the government?
A. No, but we would sell as cheap.

Q. Have you any customers whose accounts you consider as good as those of the government?
A. Yes, and I would sell them as cheap for cash.

Q. Not on his paper?
A. No; we would want a little more for the time,

Q. But there would be no risk in such a case?
A. Well, there would be a certain amount of risk. There is no risk in the government, but there is risk in the ordinary merchant, whoever he may be.

Q. You consider that you made a pretty good sale of this stock, I suppose?
A. I am not quite clear about it. A good sale is where there is a good profit. There was no profit, so it was not a good sale from that point of view.

Q. You preferred taking these prices to keeping the goods? It was good from that point of view?
A. Yes.

Q. And you would have sold the same goods to anybody else?
A. The same quantity and for cash.
Q. Then really Dr. O'Reilly did not make what you would call a good bargain?
A. Yes; he made a good bargain, but it was such as any large sharp buyer would have made.

By the Chairman.—Q. These tweeds—when sold, were they likely to be as durable as if recently placed on stock, or had they at all deteriorated in quality?
A. They had not lost in quality at all; they were only out of date in the pattern. Of course we have to get in the new goods to suit the customers.

By Mr. Hardy.—Q. They were just out of season?
A. Yes.

Q. How do you find this department? Is Dr. O'Reilly willing to pay more than he ought to pay for what he buys?
A. No; I find him pretty hard to deal with. I was not very well satisfied with this bargain, but he would not give me more than 65 cents.

Q. How much was the bill?
A. Seven hundred dollars.

Q. I suppose you are willing to take the money quicker if you can get it?
A. Certainly.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. One thing more. In all cases in which you have sold goods for outside institutions they have been job lots?
A. Yes.

Q. Then when you get an accumulation of these goods you invite Dr. O'Reilly to come and see them?
A. Oh no; I don't admit that; I did so in this case.

Q. But not in other cases?
A. Well, I had to ask him about a dozen times before he came, but I knew he needed the goods and that they would suit him.

Q. Did you offer them to anybody else?
A. Well, they were in our warehouse, but the ordinary retail merchant would not require such goods.

Q. But you had sold an occasional piece?
A. Oh, no doubt.

Q. That is what you call slipping in a piece, I suppose?
A. No, sir, we don't slip in pieces.

By Mr. French.—Q. Were these Canadian tweeds?
A. Yes.

Q. Where were they manufactured?
A. Most of them at Cornwall.
Q. Were they the lowest grades?
A. Some of them were the very best, but for 65 cents you can only get a medium wholesale tweed.

Mr. Anderson's evidence being concluded, the committee proceeded to examine papers re grants to Separate Schools Ottawa, etc.

Mr. Alex. Marling, Deputy Minister of Education, called, sworn, examined, evidence taken down by shorthand writer, appended marked "E."

"E." MARCH 12th, 1890.

Mr. ALEXANDER MARLING, being sworn, was examined and deposed as follows:

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. You have filled the position of Deputy Minister of Education?
A. Yes.

Q. How long since you were appointed?
A. In January last.

Q. Who was your predecessor?
A. Dr. Hodgins.

Q. He had been in the position for many years?
A. Yes.

Q. You have now entire control of the correspondence between the public and separate schools at Ottawa and the Department of Education?
A. All the official correspondence.

Q. In relation to this controversy going on there as to the division of the grant?
A. Yes.

Q. Did you bring it down with you?
A. Yes.

Q. I would like to see a letter of the 4th of March from Mr. Glashan, Inspector of Public Schools, and I would like the letter to form part of the minutes.

(The letter was produced and read).

EXHIBIT "I."

SCHOOL INSPECTOR'S OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 4th March, 1889.

ALEX. MARLING, ESQ., LL.B.,
Secretary Education Department, Toronto.

Sir,—Will you kindly oblige by sending me replies to the following questions which I have been instructed to ask of your Department:

What was the basis on which the Ontario Legislative School grant was apportioned among the several municipalities of the Province in the years 1886, 1887 and 1888?
On what basis was the Legislative school grant to Ottawa divided between the Public School Board and the R. C. Separate School Board? If the division was made on the basis of school attendance, was it the total registered attendance or the average daily attendance which was used?

Would you please give me the names of the schools for which the R. C. Separate School Board of Ottawa claims Legislative School Grant, and if possible the attendance at each school during the years 1886, 1887 and 1888.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

(Sgd.) J. C. GLASHAN,
Inspector P. S.

Q. Now, Mr. Marling, will you give the committee an answer—what was the basis on which the Ontario Legislature's school grant was apportioned among the school municipalities of the Province?

A. The reply is here, in a letter dated March 8th.

(The letter was produced and read.)

EXHIBIT "II."

NO. 844 C. 5, DRAFT OF LETTER IN REPLY TO LETTER RECEIVED 2085.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT,
TORONTO, MARCH 8, 1889.

DEAR SIR,—The basis of apportionment of the Legislative Public School Grant of 1886, 1887 and 1888 was the return of population of the municipalities for the years 1885, 1886 and 1887 respectively.

The division of grant between the Public and Separate Schools of Ottawa for '86, '87 and '88 was upon the average daily attendance of the schools for '85, '86 and '87 respectively as reported in the official school returns to this Department. The following are the average attendance and grants apportioned for years named:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Public Schools</th>
<th>Separate Schools</th>
<th>Grant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1886</td>
<td>average attendance 1885</td>
<td>1591</td>
<td>$1,997</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1887</td>
<td>average attendance 1886</td>
<td>1662</td>
<td>2,036</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1888</td>
<td>average attendance 1887</td>
<td>1912</td>
<td>2,095</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The returns do not describe the several Separate Schools of Ottawa by name, but show the names and attendance of all the pupils in detail. I presume there will be no difficulty in identifying the schools if necessary by writing to the Board.

J. C. GLASHAN, ESQ.
Q. This letter was sent by you?
A. Yes.

Q. The Board you refer to would be the Separate School Board, I suppose?
A. Yes.

Q. Since that letter have you obtained, or do you know the names of the different separate schools in Ottawa?
A. No.

Q. You have no papers that would show that?
A. I have brought the returns actually received. I have also brought the Departmental book. It is the same in system as that used for twenty-five or thirty years. I have brought the book used before the present one to show that a uniform system has prevailed ever since the Separate School Act came into existence in 1863, in the manner of tabulating the returns in connection with the apportionment of the grant. The first column, you see, gives the public school average attendance. Here is that of Ottawa for the first half year of 1888. The attendance of one year is the foundation of the grant of the succeeding year. So we have to go to the statistics of 1888 to get the basis of the apportionment of the following year, or 1889.

Q. What was the average attendance of pupils at the public schools at Ottawa during 1888?
A. For the first half of the year 1,947; for the second half 2,074.

Q. What would the average for the year be?
A. 2,011.

Q. Now, can you give me the Separate School attendance for the same period?
A. During the first half of the same year the average attendance was 2,260, and during the second half 2,335, making for the whole year an average of 2,298.

Q. Now, taking the Separate School attendance and the Public School attendance together, what amount is given to the whole municipality on the basis of population?
A. The rate per pupil is 1.037. That gives the Public Schools $2,086 and the Separate Schools $2,383.

Q. What is the Roman Catholic and Protestant population of Ottawa respectively?
A. We don’t get that.

Q. You have nothing in your possession that would indicate this?
A. No; we have the attendance, not the population.

Q. What is the section of the Act under which these returns are made to the department?
A. Section 140 of the Public School Act provides as follows:—

The clerk of every county shall make a return to the Minister of Education, shewing the population of each minor municipality within the county. And the clerk of every city and town separated from a county shall make a return shewing the population of such city or town, as shown by their respective assessment rolls for the previous year, said returns to be made on or before the first day of April in each year. 48 V., c. 49, s. 141.
Section 136 of the same Act provides:—

All sums of money voted by the Legislative Assembly for the support of Public and Separate Schools shall be apportioned annually, on or before the first day of May, by the Minister of Education to the several counties, townships, cities, towns and incorporated villages, according to the population in each as compared with the whole population of Ontario, as shown by the last annual returns received from the clerks of the respective counties, cities and towns separated from a county, of which apportionment due notice shall be given to the clerks of the municipalities concerned. 48 V., c. 49, s. 137.

Section 59 of the Separate School Act provides:—

Every Separate School shall be entitled to a share in the fund annually granted by the Legislature of this Province for the support of Public Schools, and shall be entitled also to a share in all other Public School grants, investments and allotments for Public School purposes now made or hereafter to be made by the Province or the municipal authorities. According to the average number of pupils attending the school during the twelve next preceding months, or during the number of months which may have elapsed from the establishment of a new Separate School, as compared with the whole average number of pupils attending school in the same city, town, village or township. 49 V., c. 46, s. 60.

Section 62 of the Separate School Act provides:—

The trustees of every Separate School shall, on or before the thirtieth day of June, and the thirty-first day of December of every year, transmit to the Minister of Education a correct return of the names of the children attending the school, together with the average attendance during the next preceding six months, or during the number of months which have elapsed since the establishment thereof, and the number of months it has been so kept open, and the Minister shall thereupon determine the proportion which the trustees of the Separate Schools are entitled to receive out of the Legislative grant, and shall pay over the amount thereof to the trustees. 49 V., c. 46, s. 63.

Section 97 of the Separate School Act provides:—

If a trustee of a Separate School knowingly signs a false report, or if a teacher of a Separate School keeps a false school register, or makes a false return, with the view of obtaining a larger sum than the just proportion of school moneys coming to such school, the trustees or teacher shall, for every offence, forfeit to the Board of Separate School Trustees, for the purposes of the Separate School, the sum of $20, for which any person whatever may prosecute him before a justice of the peace, and the trustees or teacher may be convicted on the oath of one credible witness other than the prosecutor.

Q. You have no more statutes that you think are material?
A. There is one more that I don't find for the moment.

Mr. Harcourt suggested that it was important to have the duties of the inspectors as to looking into the returns.

By Mr. French—Q. Is there any difference between the returns made by the Public Schools at Ottawa and those made by the Separate Schools?

A. Yes; the Separate School law, as I read, provides that detailed returns shall be given in the case of Separate Schools, of every pupil and every day's attendance with names. In the case of Public Schools we have no such details. They are not asked for by law, of course we are governed by the provisions of the law.

By Mr. Hardy—Q. The Public Schools give their returns en bloc and the Separate Schools in detail, is that the case?

A. Yes; we get just one return from the Public Schools, and all these (pointing to a large bundle of documents) from the Separate Schools.
By Mr. French—Well, now, will you tell us, looking at this report of the Public Schools, the number on the roll of the Public Schools?

A. Yes, the total number of pupils between five and twenty-one entered on the roll is 3,257. There is only one pupil over the age of twenty-one, so that would give the total number of all ages.

Q. Now, the total number of children of the same ages on the rolls of the Separate Schools?

A. I don't think I have brought them with me. I have the average attendance.

Q. Will you furnish the number on the rolls later on?

A. Yes.

Q. What is the average attendance of these children of the Public Schools?

A. According to this report, that of 1888, forming the basis of apportionment for 1889, the average attendance for the first half year is 1,947, for the second half year 2,074.

Q. And the average of the Separate Schools for the year is 2,298, I think you said†

A. Yes; there is a difference each year of about three hundred between the averages of the Public and Separate Schools. The figures fluctuate.

Q. Have you ever looked into the matter to see whether or not the numbers on the roll of the Separate Schools is larger than that on the roll of the Public Schools?

A. I have never investigated.

Q. But you are able to do so?

A. Yes, by reference to the records.

Q. Can you yet give the committee the names of the Roman Catholic Separate Schools?

A. I cannot. The only information on that head that I possess is what is on the face of these returns.

Q. Have you a copy of the lease given by the Water Street Convent in the City of Ottawa to the Separate School Board?

A. No.

Q. That is not under your control in any way?

A. No.

The witness here stated that he had found another provision of the Act bearing on the subject, section 95, and the Committee ordered it to be inserted in the minutes, as follows:

In case the trustees of a Separate School neglect to transmit to the Minister of Education on or before the 30th day of June, and the 31st day of December in every year, a correct and verified statement of the average attendance of pupils in each of the schools under their charge during the six months then immediately preceding, then the school section shall not be entitled to the apportionment from the school fund for the six said months.

The examination was resumed by Mr. French.
Q. Have you a letter from the Public School Board at Ottawa, dated September 6th, 1889?
A. Yes here it is (reading):

EXHIBIT "III."

THE HON. MINISTER OF EDUCATION,

Ottawa, 6th September, 1889.

SIR,—I have the honour to enclose you copy of a resolution adopted at a meeting of the City of Ottawa Public School Board, held on the 5th instant, as follows:

Resolved.—That this Board finds that the Legislative Grant to the Ottawa Public Schools for the current year amounts to the sum of $2,086 while that to the Separate amounts to $2,383.

"That the Separate Schools are thus in receipt of a larger annual grant from the Provinicial funds than the Public Schools to the extent of $300. It would also appear that this has been the case for some years past.

"That this Board understands that the principle upon which the apportionment is made is, or should be, the average attendance at the respective schools. This Board is also of the opinion that if the average is obtained in a similar manner in both cases and only such schools as are legally entitled to be classed as Separate Schools are included, it will be found that the average attendance at the Public Schools is considerably greater than at the Separate Schools and that the former would therefore be entitled to a larger share of the grant.

"That in order to satisfy the Public School supporters of the city as to their being correctly dealt with, the Department of Education be respectfully requested to furnish the Board with the data upon which the apportionment is made, and the Secretary is hereby instructed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Department and ask for the required information."

In accordance with the terms of the above resolution, I respectfully request on behalf of the Board the information desired.

I have the honour to be,
SIR,
Your obedient servant,

(Sgd.) WM. REA,
Secretary P. S. Board.

Q. Now have you the reply to that letter?
A. Yes; here it is, dated 9th of October (reading):

EXHIBIT "IV."

No. 1282. C. 5. DRAFT OF LETTER IN REPLY TO LETTER RECEIVED, 7630.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT,
TORONTO, 9th Oct. 1889.

DEAR SIR,—I have the honour to inform you that the average attendance for 1888 furnished to this Department by the Public and R. C. Separate Schools authorities of your city was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1st 1/2 year</th>
<th>2nd 1/2 year</th>
<th>Average</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P. S. Average Attendance</td>
<td>2,260</td>
<td>2,335</td>
<td>2,298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R. O. S. S. Average Attendance</td>
<td>1,947</td>
<td>2,074</td>
<td>2,011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

102
Legislative grant paid (rate 1.037) on 2,011 = $2,086.
" " " " 2,298 = $2,383.

And on referring back for several years it is found that the difference existing between the grants paid to Public and Separate Schools respectively is in about the same proportion as returns quoted.

Your obedient servant,

(Signed.) G. W. ROSS,
Minister of Education.

Wm. Rea, Esq.,
Secretary P. S. B., Ottawa.

Q. Now let me draw your attention to this fact, the letter to which this was a reply was dated 6th of September, and this is dated 9th of October—a lapse of a month and three days. Can you explain what was the occasion of such a long time between the letter and the reply?

A. The letter received was acknowledged immediately, and then laid before the Minister of Education for his consideration.

By the Chairman.—Q. Was he absent?
A. I am not sure.

By Mr. French.—Q. But a month and three days elapsed before there was any official reply to this communication from the Ottawa School Board. Can you explain that?

Mr. Ross.—I object to this examination branching off into an investigation of the manner in which the affairs of the Education Department are carried on. We are here only to enquire into the public accounts.

The Chairman ruled the question out of order.

By Mr. French.—Q. Will you be good enough to tell me the cause of the delay in answering that correspondence?
A. I am not quite sure whether the Minister was in town or not. A gentleman I have brought down with me this morning tells me that he was out of town at the time.

Mr. Ross again objected and the Chairman ruled Mr. French out of order in putting the above question.

By Mr. French.—Q. Pending that lapse of time had you any letter received asking for a reply?
A. There was a second letter dated October 4th.

EXHIBIT "V."

PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 4th October, 1889.

THE HON. MINISTER OF EDUCATION,
TORONTO.

Sir,—I have the honour to inform you that at a meeting of the City of Ottawa Public School Board held on the 3rd instant, I was instructed to write to your Department and re-
quest a reply to the communication of the Board of the 6th ult., on the subject of apportionment of the Legislative grant between the Separate and Public Schools of this city.

Would you kindly reply to the above, as the Board is anxious to obtain the desired information.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Your obedient servant,

(Signed.) WM. REA,
Secretary P. S. Board.

Mr. Marling.—As I stated before, we acknowledged the receipt of this letter and laid it before the Minister for his consideration.

Mr. Awrey objected to the character the examination was assuming, and the Chairman ruled Mr. French out of order.

By Mr. French.—Q. Will you produce a letter to the Department from the Board dated the 7th of December?
A. Yes; here it is (reading):

EXHIBIT "VI."

PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
OTTAWA, 7th December, 1889.

TO THE HON. MINISTER OF EDUCATION,
TORONTO.

Sir,—I have the honour to enclose you copy of a resolution adopted at a meeting of the City of Ottawa Public School Board held on the 5th instant, as follows:

Resolved.—That it appears from the communication received from the Department of Education, dated the 9th October, that the Separate Schools of this city are in receipt of a larger proportion of the Legislative School Grant than the Public Schools. That from said communication it also appears that the average attendance of pupils at the former school is stated as being greater than at the latter. That the Returns of the Public Schools shew the average attendance at each of such schools within the city, while those of the Separate Schools give only the gross average attendance without designating what schools are included and counted as Separate Schools. That section 95 of the Separate School Act of Ontario requires that in order to entitle said schools to any share of the Legislative school moneys, the trustees shall transmit to the Hon. the Minister of Education each half year "a correct and verified statement of the average attendance of the pupils in each of the schools under their charge." That it would thus appear that while the provisions of the school law are rigidly enforced as against the Public Schools, they are not in the case of the Separate Schools. That this Board would therefore respectfully enquire of the Hon. the Minister of Education the grounds on which he makes this discrimination, and would strenuously protest against the enforcement of the law as against themselves while it is overlooked in the case of the others.

In accordance with the terms of the above resolution, I respectfully request on behalf of the Board the information desired.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,
Your obedient servant,

(Signed.) WM. REA,
Secretary.
Q. Now, I think, in justice to yourself and the Minister of Education, nobody will object to your explaining that. It is an attack on the Department. I suppose your reply will be found among the correspondence you have brought with you?

A. Yes; the reply is by the Minister himself, and is dated 6th February, 1890.

EXHIBIT "VII."

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, ONTARIO.

WM. REA, Esq.,
Secretary School Board,
Ottawa.

DEAR SIR,—In reply to questions raised in the resolution adopted by your Board on the 5th of December, permit me to make the following observations:

1. You allege "that the Separate Schools of the city are in receipt of a larger proportion of the Legislative School Grant than the Public School." In my letter of the 9th October, I pointed out that the average attendance at the Public Schools for 1888 was 2,011, and at the Separate Schools 2,298, and as the Department is required by section 59 of the Separate Schools Act to divide the grant on the basis of average attendance, it would necessarily follow that the Separate Schools would receive a larger sum than the Public Schools.

2. It is alleged "that the return of the Public Schools show the average attendance at each of such schools in the city, while those of the Separate Schools give only the gross average attendance without 'designating what schools were included and counted as Separate Schools." If this statement refers to the reports made to this Department, it is incorrect. The official report of the Public School Board for 1888, signed by the chairman and secretary, contains simply the gross average attendance for the city of Ottawa and not the average attendance for each Public School, whereas the official report of the Board of Separate School Trustees transmitted to this Department and certified by the chairman and secretary and the teachers in charge, gives the average attendance of the pupils, not only in each school, but in each school room under their charge in city of Ottawa. The report of the Separate School Board gives all the details required by law and I have no authority to go beyond that.

3. You allege "that while the provisions of the school law are rigidly enforced against the Public Schools, they are not in the case of Separate Schools." This statement is incorrect, for, as far as I know, both the Public and Separate School Boards comply with the law in regard to returns, and no change has been made in the substance of these returns for over twenty years.

4. You enquire "of the Minister of Education the grounds on which he makes this discrimination and strenuously protest against the enforcement of the laws as against Public Schools, while it is overlooked in the case of Separate Schools." As I have shown, there is no discrimination against Public Schools and no relaxation of the law in favour of Separate Schools, any protest from your board is unnecessary and would be groundless if made.

In the observation reported in the public press made by Mr. Henderson as contained in the Empire, I find the following statement: "The Minister of Education permitted this discrimination either willfully or ignorantly, and it
would be hard to say which offence was worse in a public man. Mr. Ross made no attempt whatever to have the law carried out. He could not tell where the schools are that are counted in the Separate School returns. The St. Joseph's College might be included and all the convents might be included for all we know. The Water Street Convent was certainly counted as a Separate School, and he thought the Public School Board might just as well count in the Ladies' College.

I sincerely trust that this is not an accurate report of Mr. Henderson's remarks. Before making charges of so grave a character, reasonable care should have been taken to ascertain the facts of the case. It will, however, no doubt be satisfactory to Mr. Henderson and probably to the other members of the Board, to know that St. Joseph's College is not included in the Separate School returns of Ottawa, and that no pupil, I am informed, of the Water Street convent, or of any other convent is included in the returns made to my department by the Separate School Trustees. I have every reason to believe and am credibly informed, that every pupil entered upon the half-yearly returns of the Separate School of Ottawa, is a bona fide Separate School pupil, within the meaning of the Separate Schools Act, and as such as much entitled to be included in estimating the average attendance at the Separate Schools, as the pupils enrolled at the Public Schools.

It may be well, however, in order to avoid any misunderstanding, for me to say that I am aware that the Separate School Trustees have, in a few instances engaged rooms at convents in the city where the accommodation of the Separate School building was inadequate. As these rooms are under the control of the Trustees, attended only by those who are strictly Separate School pupils, taught by duly qualified teachers and inspected as other schools, there is no legal objection to their being regarded as Separate Schools within the letter and the spirit of the Act. The Public School Board of the City of Toronto has, in several instances, occupied rooms in the city churches, and paid rent for the same, in certain quarters of the city when the schools were overcrowded, until they were able to provide adequate accommodation elsewhere. So long as the comfort and educational interests of the children are provided for, I don't consider myself called upon to withhold the school grant from the trustees of either Separate or Public Schools, who temporarily at least, to relieve overcrowded school buildings, engage and occupy rooms outside the school house, even if such buildings are used for religious purposes.

Yours truly,
(Signed.) GEO. W. ROSS, Minister of Education.

Q. Have you a letter dated the 13th of February, written by Mr. Henderson of the Ottawa School Board?
A. Yes, it is here (reading).

EXHIBIT "VIII."

OTTAWA, 13th February, 1890.

Hon. G. W. Ross,
Toronto.

DEAR SIR,—Your letter of the 6th inst., addressed to Mr. Wm. Rea, Secretary of the Ottawa School Board, in reply to questions raised in the resolution adopted
by said Board on the 5th of December last, and of which resolution I was the mover, has been placed in my hands.

Under ordinary circumstances, considering that above resolution was unanimously concurred in by the Board and was, therefore, its action, I should have allowed any comment or reply to proceed from it. You have, however, on account of certain remarks attributed to me by the Empire newspaper, in moving the above resolution, seen fit, in your reply, to introduce my name as the object of a personal attack, and it would, therefore, seem only right and proper that I should, in justice to myself, reply to you personally. I propose to do so in this open letter, so that my answer may be as public as you have made your charge against me.

At the outset I may state that I had not seen the report of the Empire until I read it in your letter, and that, although speaking from recollection, it is substantially a correct report of remarks made at the School Board meeting, it is rather a report of expressions of several members of the Board, summarized and condensed, than an accurate statement of my own utterances.

To prevent any further misapprehension or misstatement of my remarks, I take the liberty of adopting my present course and presenting my views of the matter over my own signature.

In order that the public and my friends may fully understand my motives in acting as I have done, you will, I trust, pardon me if I travel back to the beginning, and state the reasons which led me to adopt my present course in this matter. Although at the risk of being tedious, it is necessary to do so in my own vindication.

For some considerable time it has been a matter of public comment and surprise that the Separate Schools of this city should have been annually in receipt of a larger share of the legislative school grant than the Public Schools. The opinion, rightly or wrongly, was very general that the attendance at the latter exceeded that at the former, and as a member of the School Board and a well-known friend of the administration, of which you, sir, are a prominent member, I found myself again and again subjected to the enquiry, "How can this be?" On the face of it the question appeared a reasonable one, and led to the enquiry to which your letter (referred to) of the 9th of October was a reply. That letter, although a correct and satisfactory statement of the mode of apportioning the grant, did not, however, fully meet the difficulty. The resolution of the Board to which it was a reply, indicated a doubt as to whether "only such schools as are legally entitled to be classed as Separate Schools are included" in the average returns furnished your Department. On this point your letter was strangely silent, although it is really at the bottom of an intelligent and correct solution of the difficulty—largely expresses the object of the resolution of the 5th of December and my reported remarks in support thereof. I may also here state that your letter of the 6th inst., although expressly dealing with that resolution, still leaves the real point at issue untouched.

I quote that resolution so as to enable the public to understand clearly my remarks:

"That it appears from the communication received from the Department of Education, dated the 9th of October, that the Separate Schools of this city are in receipt of a larger proportion of the Legislative School Grant than the Public Schools. That from said communication it also appears that the average attendance of pupils at the former schools is stated as being greater than at the latter. That the returns of the Public Schools show the average attendance at each of
such schools within the city, while those of the Separate Schools give only the gross average attendance without designating what schools are included and counted as Separate Schools. That section 95 of the Separate School Act of Ontario requires that in order to entitle such schools to any share of the Legislative moneys the trustees shall transmit to the Honourable the Minister of Education each half year 'a correct and verified statement of the average attendance of pupils in each school under their charge.' That it would thus appear that while the provisions of the school law are rigidly enforced as against the Public Schools, they are not in the case of the Separate Schools. That this Board would, therefore, respectfully enquire of the Hon. the Minister of Education the grounds on which he makes this discrimination, and would strenuously protest against the enforcement of the law as against themselves while it is overlooked in the case of the other."

The chief point in the above is contained in the sentence "That the returns of the Public Schools show the average attendance at each of such schools within the city, while those of the Separate Schools give only the gross average attendance without designating what schools are included and counted as Separate Schools," and more especially in the last clause of the sentence, that the returns of the latter "do not designate what schools are included and counted as Separate Schools." You reply to this that not only that both the Public and Separate School Boards comply with the law in regard to returns, but would also lead the public to infer that the Separate School Board really makes fuller returns than the Public. In your letter you state that "the official report of the Public School Board contains simply the gross average attendance for the city of Ottawa, and not the average attendance for each Public School." Now, sir, while this is true as far as it goes, it is not the whole truth. You very carefully prefix the word "official" to report, and therefore, so far, your statement is correct, but you are careful not to say that your Department is supplied with another report, which, although not known by the name of "official report," is yet such practically, and contains all the information required—not only designating each Public School by name, but giving the monthly and daily average attendance at each of them. This non-official report has been, since 1886, sanctioned by and accepted by your Department as a full compliance with your requirements. How then, sir, can you say that our Board simply gives the gross average attendance for the city of Ottawa and not the average attendance for each school. Your own records prove the reverse to be the case.

You then go on to state that the report of the Separate School Board Trustees "gives the average attendance of the pupils not only in each school, but in each school room under their charge." If such, sir, be the case, why is your Department unable to furnish the names of the schools in the city of Ottawa which are now said to comply so fully with the law? Can you, sir, do it to-day? If you cannot, how can you verify the reports of those schools and school rooms of which you claim to have such accurate returns?

Now, sir, I am entitled to believe that you are not in possession of this information, and that, officially, you do not know whether St. Joseph's College or Water Street Convent, or any other seminary is included. You say, indeed, that St. Joseph's College is not. While grateful for the information, I might, however, be permitted to say that in my reported remarks, I did not state that it was included, but I did say that I believed that the Water Street Convent was. You do not deny this. I note, however, that your remarks on this point are very "cannily" expressed, and are, to my mind, both disingenuous and misleading. You simply say, "No pupil, you are informed, of the Water Street Convent, or
any other convent, is included in the Returns.” That reply does not meet my statement that the convent was utilized as a Separate School. It is not difficult here to read between the lines,

Now, sir, for the proof of my statement that you cannot give the names of the various Separate Schools which yet you say so fully comply with the law. Allow me to quote from the following correspondence which, I think, will fully bear me out in saying that “before making charges of so grave a character, reasonable care should have been taken to ascertain the facts of the case.” Such care I took.

On the 4th of March, 1889, the following enquiry was addressed to your Department by our Inspector, Mr. Glashan, acting under instructions: “Would you please give me the names of the schools for which the Roman Catholic Separate School Board of Ottawa claims legislative school grant, and, if possible, the attendance at each school during the years 1886, 1887 and 1888.” In reply we received a statement giving the gross attendance for the whole city, accompanied with the following information under date 8th March, 1889: “The returns do not describe the several Separate Schools of Ottawa by name, but show the names and attendance of all the pupils in detail. I presume there will be no difficulty in identifying the schools, if necessary, by writing to the Board.” (Signed) Alex. Marling.

I think, sir, that the above will show that not only did I take reasonable care at the outset, but as a result of that “reasonable care” I was necessarily led in the performance of my duty, as a Public School Trustee, and in the interests of those whose representative I am, to take the subsequent steps which I did.

I remain
Yours respectfully,

(Signed) JOHN HENDERSON.

EXHIBIT “IX.”

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

TORONTO, 13th March, 1890.

DEAR SIR.—Your letter of the 13th ultimo calls for one or two observations:
(1) I am glad to notice that you do not accept the full responsibility of the speech attributed to you in the Empire. I could hardly believe that a person accustomed, as you are, to public business, would interject into the discussion of a resolution making a reasonable enquiry into school matters, references of a personal and offensive character. I regret, however, that you have considered my reply to these references as a personal attack. I have no quarrel either with yourself or with the Ottawa Board. So far as I know, every member of your Board is endeavouring to discharge his duty faithfully.

Notwithstanding the fulness of my explanations you call in question the
following statements: (1) I informed you that the official report of the Public School Board contains simply the gross average attendance of the city of Ottawa, and not the average attendance of each Public School. "This you say, "is true so far as it goes, but it is not the whole truth." Will you allow me to repeat that it is the whole truth and the word "official" was not adopted with the view to escape from the full responsibility of the statement. I have no report of the Public School Board except the official one and it was from that I quoted. Perhaps, however, you have in your mind that my Department receives annually from Inspectors a statement in regard to the various schools under their charge. I have such a statement from the Inspector of your city, headed as follows:—

"Report of the Inspector of Public Schools for the year 1888, to the Chairman and Members of the City of Ottawa Public School Board." This Report has been transmitted to my Department, as such reports usually are, in order that any facts they contain should be used in connection with my Annual Report. But, even accepting the Inspector's Report as official, which I have no legal authority to do, the case would stand thus: The official report of the Board of Public School Trustees shows the aggregate attendance at the Public Schools of Ottawa to be as stated in my former letter, but contains no details either as to schools or teachers. The report of the Inspector made to the chairman of the Board of Trustees and not to this Department, contains a statement of the aggregate attendance at the Public Schools in the City of Ottawa, and also the average attendance for each month in the year at each Public School of the city, but does not give the attendance in each room or under each teacher, as the report of the Separate School Board does. So that taking the official and unofficial reports together, the details from the Separate Schools are even fuller than from the Public Schools.

(2) You say that on the 8th March, 1889, I informed the Board of Trustees "that the returns from the Separate Schools do not describe the several Separate Schools of Ottawa by name, but show the names and attendance of all the pupils in detail," and I added, "I presume there will be no difficulty in identifying the schools if necessary by writing to the Board." This statement is true, and to use your own words, contains the whole truth. The returns from the Separate School Board did not identify the schools by name, and they were not known to the Department by name at the date the letter referred to was written. Means, however have been taken to identify them since, with the result stated in my last letter.

(3) You state that you are entitled to believe that I do not officially know whether St. Joseph's College or Water Street Convent or any other Seminary is included in the Separate School returns. Allow me to say, and I thought that I made myself sufficiently clear on this point, that I am officially informed no pupil belonging to either St. Joseph's College or Water Street Convent or any other Seminary is included in these returns. You say that I do not deny that the Water Street Convent was used for Separate School purposes. I do not desire to deny it. In fact I frankly stated that "I am aware that the Separate School Trustees having in a few instances, engaged rooms at convents in the city where the accomodation of the Separate School buildings was inadequate," and I added that a similar practice is followed in Toronto by the Public School Board under similar circumstances.

I cannot close this letter without expressing the hope that the correspondence which has passed between us will prove useful in removing doubts in regard to matters of considerable importance, and that now you will be able with
your usual energy to apply yourself more heartily than ever to the advancement of the Public Schools committed to your care.

Yours truly,

(Signed)

GEO. W. ROSS,
Minister of Education.

JOHN HENDERSON, Esq.,
School Trustee,
Ottawa.

Q. Will you produce one of the returns of the Separate Schools. I want to see how it is arranged?
A. Here is one of them (producing a return). I want to correct what I said just now with regard to the total number contained in the Separate Schools. There is a column here which gives the total in each return.

Q. This is from just one department?
A. Yes.

Q. Can you give me one complete half-yearly return. Does each of these returns represent a Separate School?
A. No; each of them represents a department. Sometimes there is a large school with several teachers, and sometimes a small school with one teacher.

Q. Does your department furnish these blanks?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Morin.—Q. And you furnish other blanks also to the Public Schools?
A. Yes.

Q. And they are filled in by the teachers and signed by the trustees?
A. Yes; the trustees have to sign this form at the bottom of this sheet. They are made legally responsible for the correctness. They not the department, are responsible for the correctness of the returns.

Q. Can you look upon this particular return, and identify it as respecting a particular school in Ottawa?
A. No; the names of the schools are not given on the returns.

By Mr. Harcourt—Q. But the name of the teacher is given, is it not?
A. Yes.

Q. And that is an intimation that that is a particular department, is it not?
A. Yes.

Q. Then nothing would be easier than to identify those schools by means of the names of the teachers?

Mr. French asked that the return inspected might go upon the minutes, and the chairman so directed.
EXHIBIT "X."

(Read over the instructions on the back of this return.)

HALF-YEARLY RETURN of the attendance of pupils at the Roman Catholic Separate School, City of Ottawa, (or for the United Sections) in the Township of from the first day of January to the thirtieth day of June, 1888, to the Honorable the Minister of Education.

**Postage on this Return, when open at both ends, has been reduced to one cent, by authority of the Postmaster-General, to be prepaid by stamp by the Trustees. See Instructions to Trustees No. 3, on the back.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Register No. of each pupil</th>
<th>NAME OF EACH RESIDENT ROMAN CATHOLIC PUPIL ATTENDING THIS SEPARATE SCHOOL (Between the ages of five and twenty-one years.)</th>
<th>Age of each pupil</th>
<th>NO. OF DAYS THE PUPIL ATTENDED SCHOOL DURING THE MONTHS OF:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Actual number of authorized teaching days, not including any lawful holidays or vacations</td>
<td>January</td>
<td>February</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>James Shea</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Fred Bourrett</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>William Delaney</td>
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<td>16</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>James O'Toole</td>
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<td>John O'Brien</td>
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<td>James Curry</td>
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<td>John Quinn</td>
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<td>John Harrington</td>
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<td>10</td>
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<td>Joseph Bourque</td>
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<td>James Sullivan</td>
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<td>20</td>
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Total days attendance carried over...
EXHIBIT "X."—Separate School Half-yearly Return—Continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No. of pupil</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Age of each pupil</th>
<th>Jan</th>
<th>Feb</th>
<th>Mar</th>
<th>Apr</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>June</th>
<th>Total days attended for the half-year.</th>
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Total days attendance carried over.
EXHIBIT "X."—Separate School Half-yearly Return—Continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Register No. of each pupil</th>
<th>NAME OF EACH RESIDENT ROMAN CATHOLIC PUPIL ATTENDING THIS SEPARATE SCHOOL (Between the ages of five and twenty-one years.)</th>
<th>Age of each pupil,</th>
<th>NO. OF DAYS THE PUPIL ATTENDED SCHOOL DURING THE MONTHS OF:</th>
<th>Total days attended for the half-year.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Actual number of authorized teaching days in each month, not including any lawful holidays or vacations.</td>
<td>January.</td>
<td>February.</td>
<td>March.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual No. of days attendance brought over.</td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
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<td>49</td>
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<td>50</td>
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<td>51</td>
<td>Charles Weir</td>
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<td>52</td>
<td>Leo Larose</td>
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<td>53</td>
<td>Joseph O'Brien</td>
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<td>William O'Regan</td>
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<td>Robert McPherson</td>
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<td>62</td>
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<td>72</td>
<td>James Hart</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total days of attendance of resident Roman Catholic pupils (see general instructions on the fourth page.)</strong></td>
<td><strong>..........................................................</strong></td>
<td><strong>560</strong></td>
<td><strong>586</strong></td>
<td><strong>910</strong></td>
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EXHIBIT "X."—Separate Schools Half-yearly Return—Continued.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Register No. of each pupil</th>
<th>NAME OF EACH RESIDENT PUPIL ATTENDING SCHOOL (Between the age of five and twenty-one years.)</th>
<th>Age of each pupil</th>
<th>NO. OF DAYS THE PUPIL ATTENDED SCHOOL DURING THE MONTHS OF: January</th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
<th>May</th>
<th>June</th>
<th>Total days attended for the half-year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Actual number of authorized teaching days in each month, not including any lawful holidays or vacations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHILDREN ATTENDING FROM OTHER SECTIONS, BUT RESIDING WITHIN THREE MILES OF THE SEPARATE SCHOOL HOUSE.</td>
<td>Township and No. of the Sections in which they reside.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(None.)</td>
<td>Total</td>
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<tr>
<td>ROMAN CATHOLIC CHILDREN ATTENDING WHO RESIDE MORE THAN THREE MILES FROM THE SEPARATE SCHOOL HOUSE.</td>
<td>Township and No. of the Sections in which they reside.</td>
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<td>Total</td>
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<td>CHILDREN OF OTHER PERSUASIONS (IF ANY.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(None.)</td>
<td>Total</td>
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Aggregate attendance of resident pupils only, for the half-year .................................................. 4,784

Average attendance of such resident pupils .................. 39.13-61

Aggregate attendance of non-resident pupils for the half-year .......................................................... 

Average of non-resident attendance ..........................

Number of teaching days the school has been kept open ................................................................. 110

Number of Roman Catholic children of school age (5 to 21) resident in this section ..........................
We, the trustees and teachers of the school above-named, do hereby certify that the foregoing Return is a full, correct and true account of the daily aggregate and average attendance of children at the said school during the several days and months named above, and of all other matters contained therein. Dated this 30th day of June, 1888.

(Sd.) J. C. ENRIGHT, Chairman.  
(Sd.) WM. FINLEY, Sec-Treas.  
(Sd.) FANNIE A. O'BRIEN, Principal, (Second Class Certificate.)

The following information as to the teacher's qualification is also required:

Class of certificate .................................. Second A.  
By whom granted ................................. Education Department, Ontario.  
Where and when dated ............................. Toronto, June, 1877.  
If no certificate, give name of the religious community to which the teacher belongs ........................................

The post office for this school is ......................... Ottawa.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO TRUSTEES AND TEACHERS.

1. Teacher.—It is the duty of the teacher to prepare the information required by the Department in this Return. He should mark in the proper place the number of days he may have been absent in visiting other schools. No lost time can be made up on Saturdays or other Holidays or Vacations. See Regulation No. 6 below.

2. Signature.—The Trustees are to transmit this return, as required by law, signed by a majority of the Corporation and the Teacher, with the Corporate Seal attached, to the Education Department immediately (or within ten days at farthest) after the close of the half-year to which it refers.

3. Postage.—The Postmaster-General has issued the following notice to Postmasters throughout Ontario:—“The Half-yearly School Returns made by School Trustees to the Inspector of Schools, may, though the printed forms be partly filled up with the names of the pupils and the days of attendance, in writing, be transmitted by post, in Canada, as printed papers, at one cent each, to be prepaid by stamp.” They should be open at both ends.

4. In filling up the Return, the Teacher should transcribe from the School Register, according to the Register number, the name of each pupil admitted to the School during the half-year, and the number of days such pupil has attended during each month of that period. The attendance of no child can exceed the number of authorized teaching days at the head of each monthly column. The order of the children's names in the First Half-yearly Return, should be observed as closely as possible in the Second Half-yearly Return. The names of all children whose parents or guardians reside in the School Section, are to be included.
as "Residents," but no others. "Non-resident Children" are to be separately reported in the place assigned for such non-resident children in the Return. Children who are visitors in the section, or boarders for less than a year, whose parents or guardians do not live in the section, are non-residents.

5. Average Attendance.—The method of ascertaining and stating the average attendance of pupils for the half-year is as follows:—The aggregate number of teaching days for the half-year must be the divisor; The gross aggregate number of days during which the pupils have attended the School, must be the dividend; and the quotient will be the average attendance for such half-year. Supposing that the actual number of teaching days during the first half of the year, after deducting Saturdays, Sundays, and the prescribed holidays, is 120, this should be the divisor which is to be used in all the Schools, both public and separate, to ascertain the average attendance of pupils during the first half of the year. Supposing a School be kept open for the first six months or 120 days, and the number of resident pupils admitted to the School be 60; if 20 of these 60 attend 50 days out of the 120, the aggregate attendance of these 20 would be 1,000; if 20 more attended 90 days, their aggregate attendance would be 1,800 days; if the remaining 20 attended 120 days their aggregate attendance would be 2,400. The whole attendance therefore, of the 60 pupils during the half-year would be 5,000; and this number, divided by 120, gives the average attendance for the half year as 43. If the School be kept open for three months of the half-year, with attendance in the same proportion, the average of such pupils for the half-year will be only 22.

6. Observe it is not the average attendance for the time during which the School may be kept open that the law requires, but the average attendance for the whole half-year. Therefore the same divisor must be employed to ascertains the average half-year's attendance, whether the School be kept open two, four, or six months. The longer the School is kept open with the same number of pupils, the larger the average attendance for the half-year will be, and the larger the apportionment from the School fund will be made to the School. Each School Section is thus aided according to its works. To include a return of teaching on Saturdays or other lawful holidays and vacations in this report would be illegal. Good Friday, Dominion Day, all Saturdays and Local Municipal Holidays, Dominion or Provincial Public Fast or Thanksgiving Days, and the anniversary of the Queen's birthday, are holidays in the Schools.

7. NEGLECT.—Trustees neglecting to make this Return, forfeit the amount which might otherwise have been apportioned to their School, and become personally liable to their Section for the amount thus forfeited or lost, on the complaint of any person to a magistrate:—See two hundred and sixty-second section of the Public Schools Act, 1887. And every Trustee or Teacher signing a false Return, in order to obtain a larger share of the School Fund, renders himself liable to a fine of Twenty Dollars, or punishment for misdemeanor, besides forfeiture of any share in the School fund:—See two hundred and sixty-fourth section of the Public Schools Act, 1887, which also applies to Roman Catholic Separate Schools.

8. The within Return can be extended by ruling separate sheets of paper like the pattern.
Extracts from the Separate Schools Act, 1887:

"61. The teachers of a Separate School under this Act shall be subject to the same examinations, and receive their certificates of qualification in the same manner as Public School teachers generally; but the persons qualified by law as teachers, either in the Province of Ontario, or, at the time of the passing of the British North American Act, in the Province of Quebec, shall be considered qualified teachers for the purposes of this Act."

N. B.—Under this section no persons are qualified to be teachers of Separate Schools, unless they hold certificates of qualification as required in the case of Public School teachers, with the following exceptions: "Every priest, minister, ecclesiastic, or person forming part of a religious community instituted for educational purposes, and every person of the female sex, being a member of any religious community, shall in every case be exempt from undergoing an examination before any of the said Boards."—[Consolidated Statutes, Quebec (1861), Chapter 15, Section 110, No. 10, page 97.]

"62. TRANSMIT RETURN.—The trustees of every Separate School shall, on or before the thirtieth day of June, and the thirty-first day of December of every year, transmit to the Minister of Education a correct return of the names of the children attending the school, together with the average attendance during the next preceding six months, or during the number of months which have elapsed since the establishment thereof, and the number of months it has been so kept open; and the Minister shall thereupon determine the proportion which the trustees of the Separate School are entitled to receive out of the Legislative Grant, and shall pay over the amount thereof to the trustees."

Name of teacher (or teachers) employed,  
FANNIE A. O'BRIEN.
The examination was then resumed.

By Mr. French—Q. You were asked to bring down some papers in reference to the Public and Separate Schools at Renfrew and Lindsay?
A. Yes.

Q. We will take Renfrew—will you explain the apportionment of $204 to the Public School of Renfrew on page 83 of the Public Accounts?
A. That is the apportionment for the Public School alone. There was an average attendance in the school of 232. The Separate School average was 178, which entitled the school to a grant of $156.

Q. That is a statement you have prepared for the Committee of these facts?
A. Yes.

Mr. French asked that it might appear.

EXHIBIT "XII."

Memorandum of payments made to the respective Boards of Trustees for Public and Separate Schools in the town of Lindsay and city of Ottawa during years 1886, 1887, 1888 and 1889.

Town of Lindsay.

Ans.—(a) Census Return (1884) showing 5,338 as basis of apportionment of $718 to the town of Lindsay.

(b) Returns of 1884, showing Public School average attendance of 466, grant ................................................. $452.00
Separate School, average attendance of 274, grant................................. 266.00

$718.00

One-half of the Separate School grant was paid in 1885, or $133, and the remaining one-half in 1886, or $133.

(c) Census Returns of 1885, showing 5,250 as basis of apportionment to Lindsay for 1886.............................................. $698.00

(d) Returns of 1885, showing Public School average attendance of 548, entitling to grant of.............................................. 435.00

(See page 84 Public Accounts.)
Separate School, average attendance of 351, entitling to grant of .. 263.00
One-half of which was paid in 1886, or................................. 131.50
Item $133 for last half year 1885, and above item of $131.50 on half grant of 1886, per page 92 Public Accounts......................... 264.50

Ans.—(e) Census Returns (1886) showing 5,512 as basis of grant of $716, to town of Lindsay.
Average attendance 528, Public School grant, as per page 75, Public Accounts ................................................................. $453 00
Returns showing Separate School average attendance of 307, grant 263 00

$716 00

Grant for last half 1886, paid in 1887 to Separate School .......... 131 50
One-half above apportionment of $263 for 1887, paid in 1887 ...... 131 50

$ 263 00

(Item, page 84 Public Accounts.)

1888. Item $443, page 80, item $267, page 88 Public Accounts, 1888. Ans.—(a) Census Return showing basis upon which the sum of $714 was apportioned to Lindsay.

(b) Returns of 1887, showing Public School average attendance 565, entitling to grant of ...................................................... $443 00
Returns showing Separate School attendance 346, grant .......... 271 00

$714 00

Paid for last half 1887 to Separate School, Lindsay ............... 131 50
One-half of above, $271, payable in 1888 ............................ 135 50

$267 00

(Page 88 Public Accounts.)

1889. Data for this already furnished.

City of Ottawa.

On same principle as in case of Town of Lindsay, the following are the figures for Ottawa Public and Separate School grants 1886-89:

1886. One half grant apportioned Separate Schools for 1885, paid in 1886 ................................................................. $1,126 00
Papers shewing full grant to Ottawa, 1886, to be ............... 4,371 00
Public School average 1591, entitling to grant, per page 83 Public Accounts ................................................................. 1,997 00
Separate School average attendance 1892, grant .................. 2,374 00

$4,371 00

One-half $2,374 above payable, 1886, to Separate Schools .... 1,187 00
One-half of grant of 1885, payable early in 1886 ................ 1,126 00

$2,313 00

(Page 91 Public Accounts, 1886.)

1887. Papers shewing full grant to Ottawa ................................ $4,428 00
Public School average attendance 1,662, entitling to grant of $2,036, per page 75 Public Accounts ............................ 2,036 00
Separate School average attendance 1,952, entitling to .......... 2,392 00

$4,428 00
Appendix (No. 1).

A. 1890

Separate School grant for last half previous year, paid in 1887... $1,187 00
One-half above grant in 1887............................... 1,196 00

$2,383 00

1888. Papers shewing full grant to Ottawa to be........... $4,469 00
Public School average attendance 1,912, grant, per page 79 Public
Accounts .................................................. 2,095 00
Separate School average attendance 2,166, entitling to grant of... 2,374 00

$4,469 00

Separate School grant for last half 1887, paid in 1888........ $1,196 00
One-half above $2,374 ..................................... 1,187 00

$2,383 00

(See page 88 Public Accounts.)

1889. Figures already given.

EXHIBIT "XIII."

Memorandum re papers and the grants paid in to Renfrew, Ottawa, etc., per
request for papers from Public Accounts Committee of 6th March, 1890.

1, Renfrew, item $204, page 83, Public Accounts, 1889, and return on which
the grant is based.

Ans.—(a) Census return showing 2,758, page 31 Census Return, as basis of
apportionment $360 to Village.

(b) Public School return and R. C. half-yearly return for 1888,
shewing

Public School average attendance to be 232, entitling to grant of. $204 00
Separate School average attendance to be 178, entitling to
grant of............................................................ 146 00

Total to Village................................................ $360 00


Ans.—(a) Census Return shewing 34,061, page 25 Census Return,
as basis of apportionment of $4,469 to Ottawa.

(b) Public and Separate School report shewing

Public School average attendance 2,011, grant. .................. $2,086 00
Separate School average attendance 2,298, grant.................. 2,383 00

$4,469 00

(c) Correspondence.
3. Lindsay, item $279.50, Separate Schools, page 89 Public Accounts.

Ans.—(a) Census Return shewing 5,789, page 26 Census Return, as basis upon which apportionment of $757 was made to town of Lindsay.

(b) Returns for 1888, shewing Public School average attendance 547, entitling to grant of ........................................ $469 00
Separate School average attendance 335, entitling to grant of .... 288 00

$757 00

Note.—Public School grants are paid in one sum during year for which grant is apportioned, but Separate School grants are paid after the close of each half year. Of above $288 therefore there was payable in July, 1889, one-half of the apportionment, or ........................................ $144 00

(c) Returns of attendance for 1887, shewing on same principle as above that the Separate School grant was $271 for 1888, of which one-half was paid in 1888, and the last half in January, 1889, or ........................................ 135 50

As per Public Accounts ........................................ $279 50


Ans.—(a) Census Returns shewing 8,663, page 26 Census Return, as basis of apportionment of $1,128 to town.

(b) Returns of 1888, shewing Public School average attendance as 990, entitling to ........................................ $785 00
Separate School returns shewing average attendance as 432, entitling to ........................................ 343 00

$1,128 00

Same note as in case of Lindsay applies to payment of grants.

Peterboro' Separate School received, therefore, in 1889, one-half of 343, paid in July, 1889, or ........................................ $ 171 50

(c) Return for 1887 shewing on same principle that the Separate School grant was, in 1888, $366, of which the last half year's grant was paid in January 1889, or ........................................ 183 00

Item in Public Accounts ........................................ $354 50

5. Renfrew, items $64.50 + $78.00, page 89 Public Accounts, total Separate School grant $142.50. (The classification of one payment to Renfrew as a Village, and the other payment to Renfrew as a Town is simply a clerical error, the two items making a total of $142.50, which was paid to the Separate School, Renfrew Village).

Ans.—(a) As shown in statement No. 1, the R. C. grant apportioned for 1889 was ........................................ $ 156 00
Of this one-half was paid in July, 1889, or ........................................ 78 00
(b) Returns for 1889 shewing on same principle that the Separate School grant was, for 1888, $129, of which the grant for last half of that year was paid in January, 1889, or ........................................ 64 50

Total grant paid to R. C., Renfrew, in 1889 ........................................ $142 50
6. Renfrew, 1887, item page 89, Public Accounts, 1888 .......... 119 50
Papers on same principle shewing for 1887—
    Public School grant for 1888 was ............................ 179 00
    And Separate School was ...................................... 110 00
    Of which latter sum was paid in January, 1888 ............. 55 00
Also for 1888, shewing Public School grant $161, and Separate
    School grant $129, of which one-half was paid in 1888, or... 64 50

Item, per page 89, Accounts, 1889 ................................. $119 50

Q. Now, on page 89 you will find a grant of $64.50 to the Separate Schools
    of Renfrew, what does that mean?
A. The explanation is, that that is the half of the grant, being that for the
    last half of 1888. The other item for Separate Schools at the same place is half
    of the grant for 1889, for the first half of that year. The reason why it comes
    in in two places, $64.50 under the head of towns and $78 under the head of
    villages, is that a clerical mistake was made in endorsing one set of returns as
    those of the village of Renfrew.

Q. There was an attack on the department in connection with this by the
    local papers, was there not?
A. Yes.

Q. Then these two sums together, $64.50 and $78.00, or $142.50 represent
    the whole of the grant for one year, do they?
A. No; they represent the grant for the last half of one year and the first
    half of the year following.

Q. Well, that is, I suppose, pretty nearly what would be the annual grant
    taking one year with another?
A. Yes.

Q. The public schools got $204?
A. Yes, but that is paid in a different way. They are paid in one lump sum
    in the middle of the year, and that amount represents therefore the whole of the
    grant for 1889.

Q. Will you give me the returns furnished you by the Separate School Board
    of Renfrew?
A. Yes, here are the returns from both schools, the average of the public
    school attendance for 1888, which is the basis of the apportionment of 1889, was
    232, and the average attendance at the separate school was 178 for the same
    period. The rate of apportionment was 88 cents per pupil, which gave $204 for
    the public schools, and $156 for the separate schools for the year.

Q. Now, here are the returns from 1st July to the end of December, 1888,
    (referring to a couple of documents,) are these all the separate school returns?
A. Yes; they probably indicate a boys' school and a girls' school.
Q. Now, do you know, as a matter of fact, that that school with all those girls' names in it, is really a convent?
A. I know it is a return that comes in duly verified according to law by the trustees, and we accept it in the usual way.

By Mr. Morin.—Q. Just as you accept the returns from the public schools?
A. Yes; the responsibility and the penalty are altogether with the trustees, not with us.

By Mr. French.—Q. Do you find any boys' name on this list at all?
A. No; there are 164 names, all those of girls, apparently.

Q. The names of the trustees are signed there?
A. Yes.

Q. Will you give me the names?
A. Yes; they are John K. Gorman, C. Enright, William O'Connor, and Joseph Rousselle.

Q. And the teacher's name signed is sister Marie Ste. Catharine, is it not?
A. Yes.

Q. Do you know who she is?
A. I don't know anything of her.

Q. Is she in charge of the convent?
A. I don't know; all sisters belonging to any religious order, are ipso facto qualified as separate school teachers.

Q. There is another name signed, that of Sister Marie Ste. Celestine, is there not?
A. Yes.

Mr. French—I should like to have this return appear on the minutes without this printed portion on the back.

Q. How many names do you find on this boys' school return?
A. There are 144.

Q. And the names of the trustees are the same as those on the other return, are they not?
A. Yes.

Q. The teacher's name is James P. Taylor, second class certificate, is it not?
A. Yes.

Q. There seems to be another teacher who signs her name as "Miss Morgan."
Q. Have you any other returns from Renfrew?
A. Here is one for the first half of 1888, for the boys' separate school.

Q. This shows a return on the roll of 134 pupils?
A. Yes.

Q. The name of the principal here is Mr. F. J. O'Dea, a different man—how is that?
A. I suppose there had been a change.

Q. This is a return of the boys' school for that half year?
A. Yes.

Q. And is this (taking another document) a return for the corresponding half year of the girls' school?
A. Yes.

Q. It shows 156 names on the roll?
A. Yes.

Q. And the trustees names are J. K. Gorman, F. Goulais, and Joseph Rousseau?
A. Yes.

Q. The principal who signs this is Sister Marie Ste. Gertrude?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Awrey.—Q. Is this (holding up document) the only return you get from all the public schools of the city of Ottawa?
A. Yes, except that we have a financial statement from the municipal treasurer; but this is the only return we get from the Board.

Q. And how many schools are there?
A. Ten schools.

Q. And how many teachers?
A. Forty-five.

Q. So practically all you require at the hands of the Public School Board of the city of Ottawa, with ten schools and 45 teachers, is this one return?
A. Yes.

Q. And as to separate schools, you require the names of all the pupils of each school with their attendances, certified by each teacher?
A. Yes, and by the chairman and secretary of the Separate School Board.

Q. Practically making forty or fifty returns from the Separate School Board?
A. Yes.

Q. You were asked concerning the mode of apportionment. Is the system of apportionment in any way different now from that of 1863?
A. In no way, I have brought down the books to show that.
EXHIBIT “XI.”

Annual Report of the Board of Public School Trustees for the City of year ending

N.B.—If there be a union of the High and Public Schools, this Report is to include the Public School Department to the Department the

FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL TRUSTEES FOR 18

The following Statement shows the actual Receipts and Payments since last Annual Report. The Trustees should refer to the Financial Report entered in their Book last year, and enter this one also.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipts</th>
<th>Public Schools</th>
<th>Payments</th>
<th>Cr.</th>
<th>Public Schools</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr.</td>
<td>$ c.</td>
<td>(11) Paid Teachers from Municipal and Government Grants, and from all other sources since last account</td>
<td>21,057 13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5) Balance from 1887 in the hands of the Trustees as per last account</td>
<td>5,343 11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6) Received from Municipal Grants or Assessments since last account</td>
<td>46,500 00</td>
<td>(12) Paid for building and site, and for interest on loan, etc., since last account</td>
<td>21,950 56</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(7) Received from Government Grant since last account</td>
<td>2,095 00</td>
<td>(13) Paid for Library, Maps, Apparatus and Prize Books since last account</td>
<td>300 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9) Received from Clergy Reserve Fund, non-resident fees, voluntary subscriptions and all other sources since last account</td>
<td>17,414 63</td>
<td>(14) Paid for rents and repairs, fuel, lighting fires, cleaning school, to Inspector, Collector, Secretary, Treasurer, and for other expenses since last account</td>
<td>20,172 49</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(10) Total amount received from all sources since last account</td>
<td>71,352 74</td>
<td>(15) Total paid since last account</td>
<td>63,480 18</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>N.B.—Payments can never exceed the receipts.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(16) Balance on hand to next account</td>
<td>7,872 56</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

126
EXHIBIT "XI."

Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, to the Education Department, for the 31st December, 1888.

This Report will be returned if not carefully and correctly filled and added up. To be transmitted first week in January.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name or number of each Public School, Report Name and Statistics of each School,</th>
<th>TEACHERS' SALARIES.</th>
<th>TEACHERS.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MALE TEACHERS</td>
<td>FEMALE TEACHERS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Annual Salary</td>
<td>Annual Salary</td>
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<tr>
<td>N.B.—These columns should contain the rate per annum at which the teacher is engaged, and not the amount paid to him or her during the year, except it is the same as the rate per annum.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>17</td>
<td>18</td>
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<tr>
<td>C.S.W.</td>
<td>$ 685.00</td>
<td>$ 410.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>C.S.E.</td>
<td>720.00</td>
<td>375.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>V.W.S.</td>
<td>850.00</td>
<td>350.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>P. St. S.</td>
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<td>W.W.S.</td>
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<td>R.P.S.</td>
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<td>G. St. S.</td>
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<td>N.E.W.S.</td>
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<td>P.O.H.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total... No. Average 741.00</td>
<td>Average 360.00</td>
<td>42</td>
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</table>

* If the High and Public School Boards are united, this Report is to contain the Statistics of the Public School Department only.
EXHIBIT "XI."—Continued.

Annual Report of the Board of Public School Trustees for the City of
year ending

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>No. of legal teaching days school was kept open during the year</th>
<th>How many persons of all classes and creeds in the municipality on 24th December, 1889.</th>
<th>How many pupils under 5 years of age entered on the Register during the year?</th>
<th>How many pupils between the ages of 5 and 14 inclusive entered on the Register during the year?</th>
<th>How many pupils over 21 entered on the Register during the year?</th>
<th>Total No. of pupils of all ages entered on the Register during the year</th>
<th>Boys of all ages.</th>
<th>Girls of all ages.</th>
<th>No. of pupils who attended less than 20 days during the year</th>
<th>No. of pupils who attended between 20 and 50 days (inclusive) during the year</th>
<th>No. of pupils who attended between 51 and 100 days (inclusive) during the year</th>
<th>No. of pupils who attended between 101 and 150 days (inclusive) during the year</th>
<th>No. of pupils who attended between 151 and 200 days (inclusive) during the year</th>
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Columns 28, 29, 30 (inclusive) should equal column 31.
EXHIBIT "XI."—Continued.

Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, to the Education Department for the 31st December, 1888.

TUTION AND PUPILS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No. of pupils who attended between 151 and 200 days (inclusive) during the year.</th>
<th>No. of pupils who attended between 201 days and the whole year.</th>
<th>No. of children between 7 and 13 years (inclusive) who did not attend any school during the year.</th>
<th>No. of children between 7 and 13 years (inclusive) who did not attend school for 100 days during the year as required by law.</th>
<th>Total aggregate attendance of pupils for the first half year.</th>
<th>Aggregate attendance of pupils for the second half of same year.</th>
<th>Total aggregate attendance of pupils for the same half year.</th>
<th>Average attendance of pupils at the Public Schools for the same half year.</th>
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2 and 33 should also equal 31. 34 to 39 should also equal 31.
EXHIBIT "XI."—Continued.

Annual Report of the Board of Public School Trustees for the City of Victoria.

CLASSIFICATION OF PUPILS.

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<th>No. in First Reader, Part II.</th>
<th>No. in Second Reader.</th>
<th>No. in Third Reader.</th>
<th>No. in Fourth Reader.</th>
<th>No. in Fifth Reader.</th>
<th>No. in Writing.</th>
<th>No. in Arithmetic.</th>
<th>No. in Drawing.</th>
<th>No. in Geography.</th>
<th>No. in Music.</th>
<th>No. in Grammar and Composition.</th>
<th>Number in English History.</th>
<th>No. in Canadian History.</th>
<th>No. in Temperance and Hygiene.</th>
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Columns 42 to 47 should equal 31.
EXHIBIT "XI."—Continued.

Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, to the Education Department for the 31st December, 1888.

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<th>No. in Drill and Cadetistics</th>
<th>No. in Book-keeping</th>
<th>No. in Algebra</th>
<th>No. in Geometry</th>
<th>No. in Botany</th>
<th>No. in Elementary Physics</th>
<th>No. in Agriculture</th>
<th>How many Schools are authorized to teach the Bible?</th>
<th>How many Schools opened or closed with prayer?</th>
<th>In how many Schools is Bible used?</th>
<th>In how many Schools is Religious Instruction imparted as per Reg. 209?</th>
<th>Total No. of School Houses</th>
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EXHIBIT "XI."—Continued.

Annual Report of the Board of Public School Trustees for the City of year ending

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381 147 11 410 94
EXHIBIT "XI."—Continued.

Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, to the Education Department for the 31st December, 1888.

<table>
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<th>MISCELLANEOUS.</th>
<th>LECTURES.</th>
<th>No. of Trees planted on Arbor Day.</th>
<th>No. of Teachers who attended Institute.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of Public Examinations during the year?</td>
<td>Delivered by Inspector</td>
<td>Delivered by other persons.</td>
<td>Total Public School Lectures.</td>
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<td>Were Prizes or Merit Cards awarded during the year?</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total No. of Maps in School.</th>
<th>Total No. of Blackboards.</th>
<th>Total No. of Globes.</th>
<th>No. of Maps in School.</th>
<th>No. of Blackboards.</th>
<th>No. of Globes.</th>
<th>No. of Public Examinations during the year?</th>
<th>Were Prizes or Merit Cards awarded during the year?</th>
<th>LECTURES.</th>
<th>No. of Trees planted on Arbor Day.</th>
<th>No. of Teachers who attended Institute.</th>
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EXHIBIT "XI."—Continued.

Annual Report of the Board of Public School Trustees for the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, etc.—Continued.

## NAMES OF TEACHERS.

Give the names only of the Teachers now employed (22nd December, 1888.)

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<td>Mr. Jno. Munro.</td>
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<td>Mr. Ch. Ed. Living.</td>
<td>Miss M. Young.</td>
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<td>Mr. James Thorne.</td>
<td>Miss F. Living.</td>
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<td>Mr. Robert Jno. Tanner.</td>
<td>Miss C. Campbell.</td>
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<td>Mr. Thos. A. Brough.</td>
<td>Miss C. H. Potter.</td>
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<td>Mr. George L. Brown.</td>
<td>Miss J. C. Devan</td>
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<td>Mr. H. E. Warren.</td>
<td>Miss L. Rothwell.</td>
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<td>Mr. Thos. McJanet.</td>
<td>Miss C. Allan.</td>
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<td>Mr. Cassino Campbell.</td>
<td>Miss J. O. White.</td>
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<td>Mr. Jno. McJanet.</td>
<td>Miss L. Birkett.</td>
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<td>Mr. Robt. H. Eldon.</td>
<td>Miss S. A. Bollard.</td>
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<td>Miss M. Shaw.</td>
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<td>Miss Matilda Patterson.</td>
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<td>Miss Lizzie Boville.</td>
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<td>Miss K. Pilson.</td>
<td>Miss M. Empey.</td>
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<td>Miss H. Steacy.</td>
<td>Miss Maggie Buller.</td>
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<td>Miss E. G. Taylor.</td>
<td>Miss Mary C. McGregor.</td>
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<td>Miss D. M. Patterson.</td>
<td>Miss M. Z. Rea.</td>
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<td>Miss E. J. Preston.</td>
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EXHIBIT "XI."—Continued.

Annual Report of the Board of Public School Trustees for the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, etc.—Continued.

N.B.—Before signing the following declaration, the Board and the Inspector should satisfy themselves that each column of their report is carefully and correctly filled and added up. (See directions below in regard to the sending of this Report by Post.)

The undersigned Trustees and Inspector, declare the foregoing Report to be correct in every particular therein stated, to the best of their knowledge and belief, and do also certify that no unauthorized text-books have been used in the School during the current year.

(Sd.) HIRAM ROBINSON, Chairman.
(Sd.) WILLIAM REA, Secretary.
(Sd.) J. C. GLASHAN, Inspector of Public Schools.

(If a Clergyman or Graduate of a University please sign as such.)

Dated this ............. day of ............. 18.

This Statistical Report should be forwarded without delay (in cases of Towns to the Education Department, in cases of Villages to the County Inspector) in the printed cover sent herewith. The General Remarks should follow in a letter envelope.
By Mr. French.—Q. Now take these two returns. Here is a return half yearly, of the attendance of pupils at the Roman Catholic convent, in the village of Renfrew, from 1st July to 31st December, 1887, giving a list of 124 young ladies' names and signed by J. K. Gorman, William O'Connor, and Joseph Finner, as trustees, and by Sister Marie Ste. Gertrude, as principal teacher, is that the case?

A. Yes.

Q. And the "qualification for teachers" are simply "religious cross community"?

A. Yes.

By Mr. Harcourt.—Q. Is it not the case that where there is no certificate the name of the religious community to which the teacher belongs is required?

A. Yes.

By Mr. French.—Q. On this half yearly return of the Roman Catholic "convent," in the village of Renfrew, from the 1st of July to the 31st of December, there are 140 names of children?

A. Yes.

Q. Did this return come under your notice?

A. Yes; I understand it to mean that it is taught in a convent building. It is just as much a separate school as if taught in any other building. It is a legal separate school. That is what I understand by the use of the word convent here. I know the trustees could not pretend to certify to the attendance at a bona fide convent.

Q. But if your attention was drawn, before the grant was paid over, to the fact that in this return the printed words "separate school" had been struck out, and "convent" inserted, would you consider yourself justified in making this grant to a convent?

A. Yes; I should take it simply as an error of the teacher, in not understanding the matter, and as a matter of so little consequence that I should not call attention to it.

By Mr. Morin.—Q. You said there were 45 teachers in the Public Schools at Ottawa?

A. Yes.

Q. And we find there are 46 or more in the Separate Schools there?

A. Yes.

Q. That would show then that the population of the Separate Schools is greater than that of the Public Schools?

A. Yes.
Mr. ALEXANDER MARLING, being recalled, was examined and deposed, as follows:—

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. Does the division or apportionment of the Public School grant of the Province devolve upon you as Deputy Minister of Education?
A. I don't make the apportionment personally, but I oversee it.

Q. You are satisfied in your own mind that the apportionment is correctly made?
A. I have no doubt of it.

Q. That is, according to the returns?
A. Yes.

Q. But you don't personally scrutinize very closely the returns made by the Separate Schools?
A. Not unless there is some reason for it.

Q. For instance, I drew your attention the other day to a case where in the return from one of the Renfrew Separate Schools the word "convent" had been substituted for "Separate School." If your attention had been drawn to that fact I suppose you could not have apportioned the grant to it?
A. I should not have withheld the grant, because I should have regarded the point to be purely what it turned out to be, an error on the part of the teacher.

Q. A very honest one, though?
A. No; I think it was simply a mistake. It was a superfluous, the teacher wishing apparently to distinguish it from the boys' school. We found on examination that in the returns for the preceding and subsequent half years, the school was described properly as a Separate School. This designation by the teacher was a palpable mistake and really of no consequence. It was not necessary to call attention to it. The return was signed and verified as coming from the Board of Trustees, and there was really no reason to take any notice of it, though it was a foolish thing to do.

Q. I suppose you do not as a matter of fact, remember noticing it?
A. No; but if I had, I should have passed it in the same way.

Q. Are there two branches of the Education Department for conducting the affairs of the Public and Separate Schools respectively?
A. No; the Department is managed as one establishment.

Q. And there is free intercourse between the officers of each branch?
A. Oh, yes.

Q. One assisting the other?
A. Oh, yes; we all work together.
Q. Except the inspectors of each branch, I suppose—they don't assist each other, do they?
A. Of course they have their respective duties, and work according to their instructions.

Q. They have no general duties which they perform in common?
A. Each man has his own duty.

Q. Have you been long aware that there are grades of Separate Schools in the Province as detailed by the inspector?
A. I was aware that in some Separate Schools higher work was done than in others.

Q. I suppose that is not contrary to law?
A. Not so far as I know.

Q. Do you know that in a measure the Roman Catholics ignore the High School system of the Province?
A. They send very largely to the High Schools in some cases.

Q. But where they have a number of schools, such as at Ottawa?
A. Well there are several Public Schools that do fifth form work, which is strictly High School work.

Q. But speaking from your own knowledge to what extent do Separate Schools do High School work?
A. Well, I am not aware that to any large extent Separate Schools do High School work any more than Public Schools do. Both of them overlap in a good many cases.

Q. Well now, Mr. Ross has extracted from Mr. Donovan the information that about 300 scholars are withdrawn from the Public Schools to attend the Model School, and it has been shown that there are 111 children attending the Water Street Convent School; would these under ordinary circumstances, go to the High School?
A. Not necessarily, because you find a very large number of Public Schools that have fifth form teaching now.

Q. But this is more than fifth form teaching—I gather there are other branches that make it a High School all told?
A. Oh, no; I think they take a great many of the lower classes there also.

Q. So you can't give us any information as to how much this system detracts from the attendance of High Schools proper on the part of the Roman Catholics and thereby increases the attendance at the Separate Schools?
A. I have no definite figures on the subject at hand.
Q. Is it not a fact that by this arrangement, practically the Separate School supporters have different grades of schools in large places, and that they count them all as Separate Schools?

A. Yes; to the same extent, probably, but not much larger than in the case of Public Schools.

By Mr. G. W. Ross—Q. Do you know if there are different grades among the Public Schools of Toronto?

A. Yes.

Q. Of what nature?

A. In some schools only the lower grades are taught, and in other cases there is a larger proportion of higher classes.

Q. Can you find for me in this report of the Department of Education the number of pupils in the fifth form in the Public Schools of the City of Toronto?

A. There are 1,010 in Toronto.

Q. And how many in Ottawa?

A. 181

By Mr. French—Q. Will you tell us why it is that this arrangement has been came to in the report of the Minister of Education—the lumping together of the cities and towns instead of giving us the information in detail, as we used to get it?

A. The change was brought about by the late Mr. Crooks. He thought the report was becoming too voluminous; it was an edition five times as large as the present volume. I think the change was made between 1876 and 1880. When Mr. Crooks came in, he took that view, and began cutting down the tables. You will find they were very much reduced in a year or two, and still more before he left.

Q. How long has this note appeared at the foot of table on page 8:

"Tables A, B, C, D, E, do not and will not in future include statistics of Roman Catholic Separate Schools."

A. It has appeared this year only; the Minister instructed us to prepare the tables in that way. The Separate School tables will be found in another place. I think the Minister of Education thought the original form of the tables was rather misleading, because they were headed "Public Schools of Ontario." We have always had a Separate School table separate, but in former years it was amalgamated with the Public School table also. It was thought it would be clearer to give them altogether. Table "F" on page 32 of the report now gives the information that was formerly amalgamated with that of the Public Schools.

Q. There is this difference I would like to have explained. Here is a table of the incorporated villages, cities and towns of Ontario, in respect to Public Schools—do you pursue the same method in respect to Separate Schools?

A. Yes; I think you will find they are all given. The reason why we don't give them all in the case of Public Schools, is that the villages got so numerous that it encumbered the report to do so.
Q. You lump the cities and towns and villages altogether in the case of the Public schools?
A. Yes.

By the Chairman—Q. Practically, then, we get more information in the case of the Separate Schools than as to the Public Schools?
A. Yes; we put in all the towns and cities in detail.

By Mr. Ballantyne—Q. What is the basis of the apportionment of the Common School Fund?
A. The whole amount is divided amongst the municipalities in the first instance, according to population. Then it is sub-divided between the various Public and Separate Schools on the basis of average attendance; and the grant for every year is based on the average attendance for the previous year at each individual school.

By Mr. French—Q. So that it is quite possible that although the Roman Catholic population is very much less than the Protestant, the grant may be much larger in proportion, as for instance in the case of Lindsay. The Roman Catholic population there is thirty per cent. of the whole, and the assessment of the Roman Catholic population is but 18 per cent. of the total assessments—yet as we all know, they draw 38 per cent of the Public School grant?
A. That does not come under my supervision, and I know nothing of it.

By Mr. G. W. Ross—Q. Have you a return from the Lindsay Separate Schools for former years?
A. I have here the report of 1876 for the year 1875. There was one fact mentioned by the Inspector to-day in his evidence that is worth mentioning in connection with this return. I find in the return for the year named the sum of $600 stated as paid to the ladies of Loretto for that year for teaching school. That is the same amount as that concerning which Mr. French made the enquiry, so the practice has apparently been the same for a good many years.

By the Chairman—Q. That was during the time Dr. Ryerson was Superintendent, was it not?
A. Yes.

By Mr. G. W. Ross—Q. Have you considered the information obtained by the Department from the Inspector to the effect that certain convent pupils were returned as Separate School children at Lindsay?
A. Yes.

Q. What do you propose to do in regard to that return?
A. I have asked the gentleman who is in charge of the apportionment to take care that the attendance of these pupils is deducted in making the net payment; they are to get the details so far as possible.

Q. So that the loss accruing to the Public School Board from the rating of these children as Separate School pupils will be made up?
A. Yes.
Q. Is this the first case of the kind that has come to your knowledge?
A. Yes; I can mention that my observation has been through many years of experience that the practise has always been, not only under the present system, but under that of Dr. Ryerson, to take the evidences of the return from the teacher, as signed by the Trustees, to be conclusive; and unless some special attention has been directed to an irregularity, it has not been customary to make any special enquiry. The question as to the attendance of convent pupils, so far as my recollection goes, has come quite recently for the first time, and has been attended to in the manner I have described.

Q. Do you remember any instance in which the Inspectors were instructed to enquire whether convent pupils were anywhere entered as on the returns of the Separate Schools?
A. I have no recollection of any such instruction being given before the recent case.

Q. How long have you been connected with the Department?
A. Since 1854.

Q. Is the same form of return used now in the case of Separate Schools as was used in former years?
A. Yes; here is a statement used a very long time ago—back in 1864, immediately after the passage of the Separate School Act. The only difference made at all is that before 1863; the returns were sworn to, and after that date the names were merely affixed.

Q. Are the instructions on the back of the form now used the same as those on the form of 1863?
A. Yes; I don't find any change between the coming into operation of the Act of 1863 and the present time, and there was only a slight change then.

Q. Up to this year the form has been found sufficient to serve the purposes of the department?
A. Yes; we print very minute instructions on the back of these forms, in order to let them know exactly what is expected.

Q. Was any greater care taken in the time of Dr. Ryerson, or at any former time, to verify these returns than now?
A. No; I don't know that there was.

Q. You have no reason to believe they were more accurate then than now, so far as the administration of the department is concerned?
A. No.

Q. Did you say that this was the first time we have had any reason to believe that convent pupils were returned as Separate School pupils?
A. Yes; I have no recollection of anything of the kind being reported before; I never remember the question to have been raised.
Q. Do you think the precautions now taken by the department to that effect will be sufficient to ensure the protection of the Public Schools?

A. I think so; if not the regulations could easily be made still more stringent; but I have no doubt the present ones will be found sufficient.

By Mr. French.—Q. In this report for Lindsay for 1875, I see they refer to a convent giving the valuation of the building at $50,000; so that it was evidently connected with the Separate Schools?

A. Yes, it was rented by the Board.

This concluded the examination of Mr. Marling.

Mr. Marling produced correspondence, returns, and other data, ordered to be brought down as per requisition.

Mr. French examined correspondence, etc., and during his examination of Mr. Marling read letter dated March 4th, 1889, from J. C. Glashan, inspector of Public Schools, Ottawa, to the Education Department, Toronto, and moved that the said letter be fyled with the secretary of the committee and do appear upon the minutes.

The motion being put was carried, letter fyled, marked Exhibit "I" (appears in with evidence) at page 97.

Mr. Awrey. There is a letter in reply to that, is there not, if so let it be read also?

Mr. Marling. Yes.

Mr. French then read letter in reply dated March 8th, 1889.

On motion of Mr. Awrey the letter in reply dated March 8th, was ordered to be fyled, and to appear upon the minutes. (Letter fyled).

(Letter marked Exhibit "II." appears in with his evidence at page 98).

Mr. French asked Mr. Marling for returns of Separate and Public Schools, Ottawa.

Returns produced and examined by various members of the committee.

Mr. French continued with his examination and read a letter in correspondence, dated 6th September, from Mr. Wm. Rae, secretary Public School Board of trustees, Ottawa, to Minister of Education, and moved that it be fyled, and appear upon the minutes of this committee.

The motion being put was carried, letter fyled.

Letter marked Exhibit "III." appears in with evidence at page 102.

Mr. French also read letter in reply, at the request of the committee, dated October 9th, 1889, which was read and appears upon the minutes of this committee.

Letter fyled, marked Exhibit "IV." (appears in with evidence) at page 102.

Mr. French continuing the examination and reading of correspondence, read letter of October 4th, 1889, from secretary Public School Board, to Education Department, and on motion it was ordered to be fyled, and appear in the minutes of the committee.

Letter fyled marked Exhibit "V." (appears in evidence) at page 103.

Also read letter dated 7th December, 1889, from Secretary Public School Board, to Department of Education, and asked that it be fyled, and appear on the minutes of the committee.
On motion letter ordered to be fyled and to appear upon the minutes.
Letter fyled marked Exhibit "VI." (appears in with evidence) at page 104.
Considerable discussion took place as to manner of examination, Mr. French, to Mr. Marling, have you any other correspondence relating to this matter?
Mr. Marling—Yes, a reply by the Minister himself, dated 6th February, 1890.
Mr. French—Would you let me see it?
Mr. French examined letter and read it to the committee.
Mr. Morin moved that the letter just read, dated 6th February, 1890, from the Minister of Education, to the secretary Public School Board, Ottawa, be fyled, and do appear upon the minutes of the committee.
Letter fyled, marked Exhibit "VII." and appears in with the evidence at page 105.
Mr. French—Have you any other letters in connection with this matter?
Mr. Marling—Yes, a letter of Mr. Henderson's to the Minister of Education, dated 13th February, 1890.
Mr. French—Let me see it (examining letter). This has already appeared in the newspapers, so I suppose there will be no objection to its appearing upon the minutes of the committee.

On motion, the committee ordered letter to be fyled, and to appear upon the minutes.
Letter fyled, marked Exhibit "VIII." (appears in with evidence) at page 106.
Mr. Morin moved that the letter in reply to that of Mr. Henderson's (dated 13th March, 1890) be fyled and do appear upon the minutes of this committee.
The motion being put was carried, and letter ordered to be fyled, and to appear in the minutes.
Letter fyled, marked Exhibit "IX." (appears in with the evidence) at page 109.
Mr. French—Will you produce one of the returns of the Separate Schools, I want to see how it is arranged.
Mr. Marling produced large bundle of papers.
Mr. French—Are these voluminous returns all one school?
Mr. Marling—No, they are each a different school, half yearly return. (Over 46).
Mr. French—Can you give me one complete half yearly return?
Mr. Marling handed in return.
Mr. French moved that the return be fyled and appear upon the minutes of the committee.
The motion being put was carried, return fyled, and ordered to appear upon the minutes.
Return fyled, marked Exhibit "X," page 112.
Mr. Awrey examined report of Public Schools, moved, that it be fyled and appear upon the minutes of the committee.
The motion was put, carried, return fyled, marked Exhibit "XI," page 118.
Mr. French asked if the committee would now proceed to examine papers, etc., re grants to Separate Schools, Lindsay, Renfrew, etc.
The committee expressed willingness to proceed in that line.
Mr. French—Have you the papers, Mr. Marling, that I asked for per requisition re Separate Schools, Lindsay and Renfrew, city of Ottawa and Renfrew village, etc.?

Mr. Marling handed in returns which were examined by Mr. French.

Mr. French moved that the statement prepared by Mr. Marling, re grants to Separate and Public Schools, Renfrew and Ottawa, Lindsay, etc., as per requisition, be fyled and do appear upon the minutes.

The motion was put and carried, statements fyled, marked Exhibits "XII" "XIII," appears in with evidence, page 119.

Mr. French asked to have return Separate School Renfrew, appear on the minutes, which was not allowed, there being one already on (Ottawa). On motion the further examination of Mr. Marling was postponed until Friday next, the 14th day of March, 1890, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

On motion the committee adjourned until Thursday, the 13th day of March, 1890, at 11 o'clock a.m.

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TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Thursday, 13th March, 1890.

The Committee was called to meet at 11 o'clock a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs French, Messieurs Morin, Ross (Huron), Smith (York).

Meeting adjourned for want of a quorum.

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TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Friday, 14th March, 1890.

The Committee met at 10.30 a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Balfour, Messieurs Morin,
Clancy, Kerns,
Craig, Ross (Huron),
French, Smith (York),
Harcourt, Wood (Hastings).
Hardy,—12

The Chairman inquired of the Committee if they were prepared to proceed with the further examination of grants to Separate Schools, Ottawa, etc.

Mr. French.—I would like to know, Mr. Chairman, if the Clerk has communicated with Mr. Finlay, the Secretary of the Separate School Board at Ottawa, and is he in attendance.
The Secretary stated he had requested Mr. Finlay to attend before the Committee this morning and the gentleman I believe is present.

Mr. French.—Mr. Chairman I think we had better proceed with the examination of Mr. Finlay, if you will call him.

Mr. William Finlay, Secretary of the Separate School Board of Trustees at Ottawa, called, sworn, examined, evidence taken down by shorthand writer appended marked "F."

"F."
March 14th, 1890.
At p.m.

Mr. Finlay, being sworn, deposed as follows:

By Mr. French.—Q. You are the Secretary-Treasurer of the Separate School Board at Ottawa?

A. Yes.

Q. How long have you been in that position?
A. About fifteen or sixteen years.

Q. Does it devolve upon you to make up these returns which form the basis upon which the Government grant to these schools are made?
A. Yes, I make up these returns and keep a copy.

Q. Do you make up these half-yearly returns?
A. We send these returns as they are now.

Q. Upon what basis is the grant made?
A. Upon the daily average attendance.

Q. Now here is one of these returns which shews a young girl to have attended only nine days altogether, who makes out this?
A. The teacher.

A. How do you arrive at this average?
A. By making the number of teaching days the divisor and the aggregate number of days they have attended and the quotient will be the average daily attendance for the half year.

Mr. Harcourt.—All that can be had, Mr. French, by reading the instructions upon the back of the form.

By Mr. French.—Q. How many Separate Schools are there in the city of Ottawa?
A. Fourteen and two classes.

Q. How many teachers, and can you give me their names?

25 (J.) 145
The CHAIRMAN.—I do not think we have anything to do with the names of the teachers and it only makes the printed minutes of the Committee more bulky. We have simply to find out if these grants are made upon a proper basis.

Mr. FRENCH.—I ask the question and if you, Mr. Chairman, rule it out of order why all right, I cannot help it.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. Can you pick out of these returns any particular school?
   A. No, but I have other documents by which I can tell.

Q. Will you give me the names of these Separate Schools?

Mr. Ross.—I do object, Mr. Chairman, to the hon. gentleman, he has no right to bring in all this matter in connection with the duties of this Committee. We should confine it to the examination of the receipts and expenditures as they appear in the public accounts.

Q. Will you give the Committee the names of the different Separate Schools in Ottawa?

Mr. Ross.—Mr. Chairman, our inquiry ought to be as to the correctness of the public accounts and as to the legal proportion of the sum paid to the Separate Schools at Ottawa. Anything tending to show whether the population or the average attendance upon which these proportions are based is correct or not is quite right; but the question of the names of the schools does not affect the attendance. The examination should be confined to the point as to whether or not the returns are made in accordance with the law. All this outside examination is improper and out of order.

Mr. French repeated the question and objection to it was again taken.

Mr. French objected to being interrupted.

The examination was continued.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. Now I ask how many Separate Schools there are in Ottawa?
   A. Fourteen schools and two classes.

Q. Will you give me the names of these schools?

The Chairman objected to their being entered on the minutes.

Q. Tell me how many teachers there are attached to these schools?
   A. I have a list, but the English are on one list and the French on another and they are considerably mixed up.

By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. We have an official statement here. Do you see it stated on this document that there are thirty male teachers and thirty-seven female teachers in the Ottawa Separate Schools?
   A. Yes.
Q. Is that correct?
A. Yes.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. Did you make out that return?
A. Yes.

Q. How had you satisfied yourself that it was correct?
A. I went over the returns of the teachers.

Q. Can you give us the names of those teachers?

The Chairman ruled that it was not necessary to inquire into these details; the question was out of order.

Q. Do they keep registers of the Separate Schools?
A. Yes; every class.

Q. Do you ever examine them?
A. The local superintendent does that.

Q. You are really the Secretary of the Board and don't examine them to see if they correspond with the registers or not?
A. No.

Q. You take them as correct, being made by the teachers and signed by the trustees?
A. Yes, sir.

Q. Have you ever inquired, Mr. Finlay, into the reason of the large increase of the Separate School attendance at Ottawa over the Public School attendance?
A. Increase of population, I suppose.

Q. Have you any record that would show this increase of population?
A. No, but we have more school accommodation now and during the last two years than before. We have had several new schools lately; before that we had not room for all the children.

Q. Where were the children then?
A. I suppose they stayed at home.

Q. So that you account for the large increase in attendance by the fact that many children now attend school who formerly stayed at home, and that the population has increased?
A. Yes.

Q. Have you the lease between the Separate School Board and the proprietors of the Water Street Convent?
A. There is no lease; we pay them a rent.
Q. Will you tell me where this convent is located in Ottawa?
A. At the corner of Water street and Sussex street. The sisters board there and we have the classes there.

Q. These are the only classes in that building?
A. Yes.

Q. The sisters have no classes there?
A. No.

Q. So there are no classes there that are in any way managed by the sisters?
A. The sisters teach them; we engage them to do so.

Q. These sisters are the same sisters that you referred to as boarding in the building?
A. They may and they may not, for all I know. Some of them may and they may all do so for all I know.

Q. You say there is no lease?
A. No lease.

Q. Are they all young ladies that attend this particular convent?
A. They are all females; no boys.

Q. Can you pick out from among these various documents the return from that Water Street Convent?
A. With a little searching I have no doubt I could.

Q. Can you tell me the names of the lady teachers in that convent?
A. I can find them.

The Chairman ruled that these names should not be included among the evidence.

Q. Would there be more than one of these returns for each school?
A. Yes, there is one for each section.

Q. How many teachers are there in this Water Street Convent?
A. Six at present, or possibly eight.

Q. All females?
A. Yes.

Q. All members of a religious order?
A. Yes.

Q. Do all board in the convent?
A. I do not know that. It is likely they do
Q. Do you know whether or not any of the scholars that go there board in the building too? Any of those that are taught by either of these six or eight teachers?
A. Two of them do, I believe; two poor children that have been adopted by the sisters.

Q. Speaking from your own knowledge, how many scholars go to that convent? How many are at present in attendance, according to the register?
A. I don't know.

Q. Are there three hundred?
A. No.

Q. Are there two hundred?
A. No.

Q. Are there over one hundred?
A. Yes.

Q. Then there are between one and two hundred?
A. Yes.

Q. And are all these young ladies actually daughters or wards of citizens and ratepayers of the city of Ottawa within the three mile limit?
A. I am satisfied they are except the two I spoke of.

Q. Except the two resident in the convent?
A. Yes.

Q. You don't know of any strangers?
A. No; I questioned the sisters upon that point, and they told me about these two, who are not paying anything.

Q. What do you mean by that remark? Do the sisters in charge of the school charge rates?
A. No; but there is a rate charged that we impose as a board.

Q. When was this convent changed into a Separate School?

By the CHAIRMAN—Q. Perhaps it would be as well first to have the word convent defined, what do you mean by the word?
A. It is a building in which the sisters board and reside.

By Mr. HARDY—Q. And you say a part of this building is devoted to school room purposes, six class rooms?
A. Yes.

By Mr. MORIN—Q. And you pay rent for these rooms?
A. Yes.
By Mr. G. B. Smith—Q. Then when you say "convent" you mean Separate School?

Mr. French objected to the question.

The Chairman ruled it in order,

Q. What I want to know is whether, when you speak of between one and two hundred children being in a convent, you mean a convent or a school?

A. It goes by the name of a convent, and it was a convent, and the only one in the city some years ago. There was a new one built, and all the children that had been taught in the old building were removed to the new one, and have been taught there ever since. The nuns have had no classes there of their own, in the convent now under discussion since the new one was built.

By the Chairman—Q. Are these children boarders or residents there, or at the homes of their parents or guardians?

A. Except in the case I mentioned none of them live there.

By Mr. Clancy—This is charged as one of the Separate Schools by the Board?

A. Yes.

Q. It was originally a convent, and now the School Board pays rent for some of its rooms?

A. Yes.

Mr. French objected to being interrupted, and continued the examination.

Q. This building was a convent up to what time?

A. I don't remember, a number of years ago; ten or twelve I dare say, perhaps more; quite likely it is more.

Q. Do any of the children taught in this building board in the new convent?

A. No; I am satisfied of that.

Q. Have you yet been able to obtain the returns of that convent school from among the others?

A. Here is the French return; I don't see the English.

Q. Now, do you know of your own knowledge that the sister who gives this return as Marie de la Mercie is the teacher, I see there are 45 young ladies' names on the list?

A. I don't know.

Q. Is that lady resident in the building?

A. I don't know.

Q. Is that the return of that convent?

A. I don't know.
Q. When you say you don't know, I suppose you mean you have no personal knowledge?
A. Yes.

Q. Here is a document the inspector gives us as the return of the English speaking girls at the same school, that is signed by Sister Marie Marguerite as principal. Do you know who she is?
A. She was our female inspector or officer of the classes. She may have taught a class as well.

Q. Will you tell us where Sister Marie Marguerite boards?

The Chairman ruled that enquiry into such points was out of order.

Q. Is she one of the teachers?
A. Not now.

Q. Was she then?
A. Yes: that was in 1888.

Q. Where was she a teacher at that time?
A. She was a directress.

Q. What do you mean by that?
A. She went from class to class, inspecting and seeing that they were carried on properly.

Q. Was she in addition a teacher too?
A. She may have been.

Q. How long did she perform these duties?
A. She was a directress for one year.

Q. What classes did she inspect?
A. All the English classes of the Separate Schools.

Q. Did she confine her inspection to the Separate Schools?
A. Yes.

Q. And the Rideau Street Convent?
A. No; only the Separate Schools.

Q. Can you give us the total number of pupils according to the last returns on the registers of the Separate Schools at Ottawa?
A. The total number is 3,813.

Q. How many rooms have you rented in the Water Street Convent?
A. Six rooms, I think, for six classes; I am not sure.
Q. Do you rent all the building except that portion of it that is used by the ladies for their purposes?
A. The Hospital of Saint Joseph is attached to the building.

Q. Are the ladies who have charge of these classes connected in any way with the hospital?
A. No.

Q. They have no supervision over it?
A. None that I am aware of.

Q. Do these six ladies live there alone or do the ladies who have charge of the hospital live with them?

The Chairman ruled enquiry into such matters outside of the scope of the Committee.

Q. Have you any other building not a Separate School building rented from any person for Separate School purposes?
A. We rent one from the bishop on Sussex Street.

Q. What school is that by name?
A. The Christian Brothers school on Sussex Street.

Q. How many teachers there?
A. There are eight classes and eight teachers.

Q. Male or female?
A. Male.

Q. What was the building formerly?
A. It was a college at one time, the Ottawa College, I think.

Q. How long since it ceased to be a college?
A. About thirty years.

Q. It was changed from a college to a Separate School?
A. No; it became a hotel first.

Q. And when did it become a Separate School?
A. About twenty years ago.

Q. And has been so ever since?
A. Yes.

Q. And is known by the name of the Christian Brothers' school on Sussex street?
A. Yes.
Q. You say you have been secretary of the Board for fourteen or fifteen years. Has the attendance very largely increased during that time?
A. Certainly it has.

Q. Is there a boarding house in connection with the school?
A. The Christian Brothers board there.

Q. But there is no boarding school?
A. No.

Q. Are you satisfied that the children attending there are the children of ratepayers or residents of the city?
A. Yes.

Q. There is not a boarder in the building?
A. No; there may be a few non-residents attending the school; they pay fifty cents a month, I think.

Q. Are they included in the returns made to the Government? Does your school board get credit for their daily average attendance?
A. I think it is mentioned in the returns that they are non-residents.

Mr. G. W. Ross—There is a heading on the return "Roman Catholic children who reside more than three miles from the centre of the city," and there is a column for the attendance of non-resident pupils.

Q. Are they included in the returns you made to the Government as the basis on which the grant is made?
A. I don't know.

Q. Can you tell me off-hand—there seems to be some hesitancy about these returns—how many non-residents there are attending this school?
A. I can't say there are any; I don't know there are any of my own knowledge.

Q. And you account for this enormous increase of the Separate School attendance over that of the Public Schools by the increase in the population, and by the fact that formerly a great many children were on the streets and did not go to school at all.

Q. It is manifest that the Public School population of Ottawa has not increased in the same rates?
A. I can't account for that.

By Mr. Hardy.—Q. You would say that the French have increased fast?
A. Yes.

By Mr. French.—Q. Do you mean immigration as well as natural increase?
A. Yes.
Q. Are you prepared to speak as to the proportions of the Roman Catholic and Protestant populations of Ottawa?
A. No; I can't tell that.

Q. You have been secretary for 15 years?
A. About that.

Q. In what years was it that the Government grant to the Separate School Board got ahead of the grant to the Public School Board?
A. I don't remember.

Q. Do you know what it was in 1880?
A. Yes.

Q. Was it more or less than the Public School grant in 1880?
A. I don't know as to that; I think it was more.

Q. If in 1880 the grant to Separate Schools was larger than that of Public Schools, the average attendance would be larger, would it not?
A. Yes.

Q. Well, the published returns show the average attendance to have been over a hundred less in 1880 than that of the Public Schools, and the grant was a hundred less. So it is since 1880 that this increase has taken place; do you know this to be the fact?
A. No; I do not.

Q. Have you any memoranda to show the data upon which the Government gave their grants except these returns?
A. I have a statement of the amount received.

Q. Yes; that is in the Public Accounts. Have you any other information?
A. No.

Q. Are you prepared to say whether or not the Public School population of Ottawa is less than the Separate School population?
A. I have no means of knowing.

Q. Are you aware of the fact that your grant is much larger than the Public School grant?
A. I have been surprised at the statements I saw going through the press. That's all I know of the matter.

Q. Do you know how many Public Schools there are?
The Chairman said this information could be better obtained from other witnesses.

Q. Have you any further information to give the Committee in explanation of this public controversy?
A. From the reports I have seen for a number of years past the average attendance at the Separate Schools has been larger than that of the Public Schools.

Q. You say you are responsible for making up those returns?
A. For making out the averages from those returns (pointing to the blue returns received from the teachers).

Q. These are made out by the teachers and not verified, and they come to you and you act on them? Do you compare them with the registers?
A. Well, I know the number of classes, and the number of those reports I should have. I take the average before I send them to Toronto.

Q. Do you know what is the ordinary average all over the Province of attendance?
A. No, I do not.

By Mr. G. W. Ross—Q. You have been secretary of the Ottawa Separate School Board for 16 years?
A. Yes.

Q. Are you familiar with that kind of a report (referring to a heap of blue coloured returns from teachers)?
A. Yes.

Q. It is the same form that has been used for long, is it not?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Hardy.—Q. These reports seem to be very carefully and well made out?
A. Yes.

Q. These are just in the shape they come to you?
A. Sometimes I send them back to be dated, or to have some omission filled in, or defect remedied.

Q. Then you fill up the blanks and have the Board forward them?
A. Yes.

By the Chairman.—Q. You have a Kindergarten school. Is that included in the number you named?
A. No.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—I suppose you use the terms Convent School and St. Joseph’s School, etc., just as a matter of convenience?
A. Yes, as a means of identification.

During the examination of Mr. Finlay, some discussion arose as to the manner in which it should be conducted and the extent of its scope and power,
the Chairman ruling that it should be confined as much as possible to the examination of the receipts and expenditures in the Public Accounts, and as to whether these grants are made upon a proper basis.

On the conclusion of Mr. Finlay's evidence Mr. French asked the Chairman if the Committee had any control over these papers now before the Committee. I would like to use them in the examination of the other witnesses.

The Chairman—I do not think we have control over any except those filed Mr. G. W. Ross (Middlesex), stated that for the purpose of Mr. French's examination all the papers can remain where they are until Mr. French is through with them; I wish to give him every opportunity to make his investigation.

Mr. French—Is Mr. Donavan, the Separate Inspector, present; if so, and the Committee is willing, I will go on with his examination.

Mr. DONOVAN, Inspector of Separate Schools, called, sworn, examined.

Mr. Donovan's evidence not being concluded and the hour to adjourn having arrived,

On motion, Mr. Donovan's evidence was postponed until Wednesday, the 19th day of March, 1890, at 10.30 o'clock, a.m.

Evidence taken down by shorthand writer, appended, marked "G," "H" and "K."

"G."

March 14th, 1890.

Separate School Inspector DONOVAN being sworn, was examined and deposed as follows:

By Mr. FRENCH—Q. How long have you been Inspector?
    A. Since 1st May, 1884.

Q. How long have you inspected the eastern district?
    A. About two years and two months.

Q. Do you inspect the Ottawa schools?
    A. Yes.

Q. Have you any data of the last inspection you made?
    A. Yes.

Q. What is it?
    A. What do you want?

Q. First, have you the number of the schools?
    A. At the last inspection the number was seventeen.
Q. That is in Ottawa city?
A. Yes.

Q. Do you mean seventeen Separate School buildings?
A. Yes.

By Hon. G. W. Ross—Q. Those are the very latest figures—you have just returned from there, have you not?
A. Yes.

By Mr. French—Q. How many teachers are there altogether?
A. Eighty-two; two of them were overseers, however.

Q. How many ladies?
A. Fifty—forty-five nuns and five secular ladies.

Q. How many male teachers were there?
A. Thirty-one Christian Brothers and one secular teacher.

Q. Do you enquire into the qualifications of those teachers?
A. Yes.

Q. Do they hold certificates?
A. The secular teachers must hold certificates under the Provincial statutes, but so far as the members of religious orders are concerned, they are provided for by a clause in the Act. They are qualified for the purpose under the Separate School Act. There was one of the secular teachers who had no certificate, and the difficulty was remedied as soon as I drew the attention of the principal to it.

Q. Did you enquire into the controversy in connection with the Water street convent?
A. Yes.

Q. Have you made a special report in writing to the Minister?
A. I made an ordinary report.

Q. Did you find out if there was a lease on the convent building?
A. No; that is none of my business.

Q. You don't know anything of it?
A. I have heard they rented rooms there from the convent authorities. The Lady Superior told me that, I think.

Q. Is she one of the six teachers in the convent?
A. No; she is the Lady Superior of the Grey Nuns. It is my business to enquire into the salary of the teachers there. She told me it was $150.

Q. You found they all lived in this building?
The Chairman ruled this question out of order.

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Q. What did you say the salary was?
A. $150, and they paid for their own board. $200 was allowed for each teacher, I believe, and $150 went for salaries and the rest for the rent of the rooms, maps, etc.

Q. Is all the building occupied by the Separate School, except the dormitory?
A. The six teachers live there, and other ladies live there with them.

Q. In reality are the committee to understand that there is no more connection between the convent and the school than if the rooms had been engaged anywhere else?
A. Yes; there is no connection between them.

Q. Have you anything to do with the supervision of the returns that come up here?
A. Last year I had in particular.

Q. Can you identify the returns?
A. Yes; I have my note book and can compare the two.

Q. Can you pick out from these returns a complete return of the Water street convent?
A. Yes; (inspecting documents) here is the return of the English-speaking girls, taught by two teachers—there are 62 scholars on the list; and here is the list of the French-speaking girls, 45 being in attendance.

Q. Is that all the children that go to the school?
A. That is all that went that time.

Q. Then at that time there were 107 children in attendance?
A. Yes.

Q. And how many at your last inspection?

Q. There were less then?
A. Yes; but there was one other class of 22 French-speaking girls that did not belong to this school. They were being taught there because the Murray street school was overcrowded, and another room was got in the convent for the purpose of providing accommodation for them.

By Mr. G. W. Ross—Q. Do you agree with Mr. Finlay as to the causes of this more than ordinary increase in the Separate School population of Ottawa over that of the Public Schools since 1880?
A. Well, Mr. Finlay did not mention the annexation of New Edinburgh.

By Mr. French—Q. But that is nearly all Protestant, is it not?
A. It is mostly so; but Rochesterville, which was also annexed, gave us five additional Separate School teachers, and brought in nearly three hundred additional pupils.
Q. What school would they have naturally attended? The one most contiguous to them, I suppose?
A. They had a school there already before it came into Ottawa.

By Mr. Ross—Q. Was it incorporated before?
A. No; but it had a Separate School distinct from Ottawa.

By Mr. French—Q. Still there was a school of the Protestants brought in too?
A. Yes; but much smaller.

By Mr. Morin—Q. Was there no Separate School brought in with New Edinburgh?
A. No; but they built one afterwards.

By Mr. French—Q. But they principally attend from across the bridge, don't they?
A. Some do; I can't speak definitely on that point.

By Mr. Ross—Q. Do you think the establishment of these new classes had any effect in increasing the attendance?
A. Yes; many walked the streets before, and some of the schools were overcrowded.

Q. Is the accommodation ample now?
A. Yes; five schools have been built in two years.

Q. How much money has been expended do you think in providing this increased accommodation?
A. I think three of the new schools must have cost eight or ten thousand dollars each.

Q. Five schools have been put up since your visit in 1888?
A. Yes.

Q. And you think that must have effected an increase in the attendance?
A. Yes; I feel satisfied of that.

Q. Who is the local Inspector now?
A. Father Rooney for the English schools.

Q. Is he energetic?
A. Yes, I think he is.

Q. Do you know of his having done anything to promote the welfare of the Separate Schools?
A. He was the one who principally promoted the building of the new schools.
Q. Do you think the attendance likely to be more under him than under any other Inspector?
   A. I think it is quite likely.

Q. Who is the French Inspector?
   A. I don't think they have any. One of the nuns, however, inspects the classes of the female teachers.

Q. What does she do of your own knowledge to promote attendance?
   A. She goes around continually from class to class and stirs up teachers and pupils and enquires after absentees.

Q. From your repeated visits to the schools, do they seem full?
   A. Yes; at least they seemed to be in December; then they were all full in spite of there being a large number of additional schools. In February, however, I found them thin on account of the grip.

Q. Were you handed the returns of the last half of 1889 by my department to be verified when you went to Ottawa?
   A. Yes.

Q. Did you verify them?
   A. Yes; I went over the ages to see that none of the pupils were under five or over twenty-one years of age.

Q. You looked at the registers and compared the returns?
   A. I did so in all disputed cases.

Q. Do you believe that that return (that of the Water street school) corresponds with the registers?
   A. To the best of my knowledge I feel satisfied it does.

Q. Have you been instructed to verify these returns and see that they correspond with the registers?
   A. Yes; and to see that they use the proper divisor and that the quotients are correct.

Q. Did you find any mistakes?
   A. I found two little mistakes. In one case the children outside the three-mile limit had been left out, and in the other case there had been a clerical error in the quotient.

Q. When they have a religious festival do they use the same divisor?
   A. No; that is allowed for.

Q. So that the number prescribed by law is always used?
   A. Yes.
Q. Do you find any cases of pupils of over twenty-one years of age being reported?
   A. No; but I found two under five.

Q. Do you ever find any non-residents included among the residents?
   A. No.

Q. So you believe all reported in that return as residents are bona-fide residents?
   A. Yes; except in the case of one little girl who had been adopted by the nuns and who attends the school.

Q. How do you know that?
   A. The Mother Superior told me about it.

Q. Is she in orders?
   A. No

Q. She is just the charity child of the convent?
   A. Yes.

By Mr. French.—Q. How long since you inspected Renfrew?
   A. The 3rd of June.

Q. Are there two or more Separate Schools there?
   A. Two buildings and four teachers?

Q. Would that be two teachers in each?
   A. Yes.

Q. Are they separated—the young ladies in one building and the boys in another?
   A. Yes.

Q. Do you know who the teachers are in the young ladies' school?

Q. How long have they been teachers of the Separate Schools at Renfrew?
   A. Sister Celestine began in September 1888.

Q. And Sister Ste. Catharine?

The Chairman ruled that the enquiry was going beyond the rights of the Committee.

Q. Were you Inspector in 1887?
   A. I was west then.
Q. Had you ever inspected Renfrew before that?
A. No.

Q. So you know nothing of these returns?
A. Not for that year.

Q. Here is a return from Renfrew for 1887—the signature to it is that of Sister Ste. Catharine, is it not?
A. Yes.

Q. Had that building in which she is teaching been a convent as we understand it?
A. No, sir; the building was put up for a Separate School, including a teacher's residence.

Q. And the teachers are nuns?
A. Yes.

Q. When was the building erected?
A. I think it was in 1886—I am not sure.

Q. Is there a boarding-school attached?
A. I think they keep three or four, perhaps half a dozen, there?

Q. Perhaps more?
A. No; they have not room for more.

By Hon. G. W. Ross.—Q. What do you mean by boarders—young persons who are to be admitted into orders?
A. I mean that they have a class altogether independent of the Separate Schools.

By Mr. French.—Q. Is it never called a convent?
A. What do you mean by a convent?

Q. A place where the nuns board and live and lodge—is that a convent?
A. I should think so. The sister made a mistake in striking out the words "Separate School" and writing in the word "convent." I suppose she thought it was a convent school because the building went by the name of a convent.

Q. That is your explanation of it?
A. Yes; I suppose she considered the other Separate School, where the boys attended, to be an ordinary Separate School, and perhaps she was a little vain, in thinking that a Separate School held in a convent must be better than a Separate School in any other building.

By Mr. Harcourt.—Q. The fact is that it is a Separate School, and was built for that purpose?
A. Yes.

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By Hon. G. W. Ross.—Q. Have you seen the subsequent returns from the Renfrew school?
A. I have seen those for the last half of 1889.

Q. Will you identify the same school on the returns of 1889?
A. Here it is.

Q. How is it described there?
A. Simply as a Roman Catholic Separate School at Renfrew.

Q. Plainly showing that the use of the word "convent" in a previous return was a clerical error?
A. Yes.

Q. Look at the handwriting in which the school was described as a convent—is it the same as this in which it is described as a Separate School?
A. Yes.

Q. Was she there in the first half of 1887?
A. Yes.

Q. As a Roman Catholic Separate School teacher?
A. Yes.

Q. Is that the return for that year?
A. Yes.

Q. Is that her writing?
A. No; that is not her writing.

Q. But the teacher has described it how?
A. As a Roman Catholic Separate School.

Q. And it is signed by the same teacher as the other returns?
A. Yes.

Q. So the same teacher has described the school as a convent and as a Separate School—how do you account for that?
A. Simply that I suppose she wanted to specialize her own school, so as to distinguish it from the boys' school.

Q. Are there any boarders in the school as a matter of fact?
A. Well, they have a class of young ladies of about fifteen years of age and upwards; these have a special teacher of their own and are not included in the returns.

By Mr. French.—Q. They are over twenty-one are they?
A. No.
By Hon. G. W. Ross.—Q. Do you inspect this class?
A. No; I was asked to inspect it, and I declined because, as I pointed out, it was not a Separate School. I called as a friend after four o'clock, and saw the class, but not officially, simply as a citizen.

By Mr Harcourt.—Q. Then the school grant was not swelled by that class?
A. No.

By Mr. French.—Q. Then these half-dozen are the only resident pupils?
A. I can't tell whether they are there now or not; it is a year nearly since I was there.

Q. Do not many of the farmers from outside Renfrew send their children to the school?
A. No; they are all from inside the limit. There was just one I suspected of being a non-resident, but it proved to be all right.

Q. Don't you find of late years that by some means or other the amount of the grant to Separate Schools has been largely increased?
A. Yes; there has been a large increase.

Q. You are satisfied after due inspection that there has been no misrepresentation, as has been alleged, by the authorities of the Renfrew school as to returns?
A. I am satisfied as far as my inspection goes.

Q. You have seen the matter mentioned in the press?
A. No, I have been sick; but yesterday Mr. Marling called my attention to the clerical error on the part of the teacher, that is the first I heard of it.

Q. But is there any difference so far as you know in the mode of conducting a convent and the manner of conducting a school?
A. A convent would be a school conducted absolutely by themselves, where they were entire masters of the situation. I never inspect such a school as that. If this were a convent I would not have inspected it.

Q. Had it ever been a convent?
A. No; it was built four or five years ago as a Separate School with teachers' residences in the same building.

Q. You inspect the Separate Schools at Lindsay, do you not?
A. Yes.

Q. Have you looked into the complaints in reference to that case?
A. To some extent I have.

Q. Have you looked into the averages?
A. I have examined the annual returns for two or three half years.
Q. How many schools are there at Lindsay?
A. There are two buildings and three schools. Two are in the same building. One of these corresponds with an ordinary school, and the other is of a higher grade.

Q. Are they all boys?
A. No; they are all girls.

Q. What do you call this other school?
A. It corresponds with a High School.

Q. A High School under the Act?
A. Yes, but not in every particular.

Q. Then do the Roman Catholics instead of sending their children to the ordinary High Schools have one of their own?
A. Yes, it carries on all the work required under the Act.

Q. They do this of their own accord?
A. Yes.

Q. I suppose they support and pay for it?
A. Yes, they charge fees.

Q. Then they ignore the Common High Schools?
A. Yes, for girls, generally, so far as that town is concerned.

By Mr. Harcourt.—Q. They get no extra grant?
A. No; they are returned simply as Separate School pupils and are inspected by the government officer.

By Mr. French.—Q. What about the other school in Lindsay?
A. The other is a boys' school. The two in the same building are for girls.

Q. Was the building in which these two schools are ever a convent?
A. As far as I know it has always been both a school and a convent. It is now partly a school and partly a convent.

Q. As inspector where do you draw the line?
A. There is a hall between the two schools.

Q. But I mean the educational line between the convent and the two schools; not between one school and the other?
A. The convent is that part where the nuns have their rooms for sleeping and dining and other purposes. The schools are the class rooms in the same building.
Q. There is no teaching then in the convent proper. They have no pupils that are not returned as Separate School pupils?
A. No report is made of them regularly.

Q. Don't a number of the young ladies that go to the school board in the convent.
A. I think some do.

Q. Do they come from a distance?
A. I don't know about all of them, but I think their parents or guardians reside in the town.

Q. Where they returned as Separate School pupils?
A. Yes.

Q. So that as a matter of fact all the children attending there are returned as Separate School pupils?
A. Yes.

Q. Both those who board and those who go in as day pupils?
A. Yes.

Q. Did you find this condition of things still existing when you were there last?
A. Yes.

Q. Did you put a stop to it?
A. To what.

Q. To this connection between a school and a convent?
A. No; why should I?

Q. Do you think it is right?
A. It is a mere question of convenience.

Q. How do you justify your opinion that it is right—many gentlemen in Lindsay seem to think otherwise?
A. Well, they are all Roman Catholic children, and if they don't have that building they would have another. No injustice is done to anybody. It is a matter of convenience for the convent to hold the two institutions—convent and school.

Q. And there is no change made in the management there?
A. It is nearly a year since I was there.

Q. Have you examined the returns from that school lately?
A. I have examined the annual returns.
Q. How many female teachers are there?
A. Eleven.

Q. All of religious orders?
A. Nine of them are.

Q. And two of them are secular?
A. Yes.

Q. Have they certificates?
A. Yes.

Q. And how many male teachers are there?
A. One, the principal.

Q. He takes the boys' school?
A. Yes, and he does also a little for the ladies' schools. I have known him go there and give lessons in drawing.

Q. Can you tell us how many children are in the convent that board there?
A. It is a small number—within the digits.

Q. And they are taught the higher branches there?
A. Yes.

Q. Do all the Separate School scholars get this advantage?
A. They do if they go to school long enough and also if their parents can afford to pay the extra cost of books and tuition.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. Are there any other classes taught there other than the classes taught in what are called the Separate Schools?
A. All the classes in the convent buildings are inspected by the government inspector and the reports made annually.

Q. There are no special classes. In a convent usually they have young ladies who are boarders and exclusively under the control of the sisters?
A. No, they are all Separate School classes.

By Hon. G. W. Ross.—Q. Are there any other schools which are recognized by courtesy as doing High School work?
A. Yes; at Kingston, Peterboro' and Ottawa.

Q. Are there any in Toronto?
A. Yes.

Q. Is it unusual for a Separate School to set apart a class for doing third-class teachers' work?
A. No, it is often done—in all these places I have mentioned and in Hamilton too.
Q. Then, when you say High School, you mean that they do higher work than the ordinary Separate Schools?
A. Yes; they keep within the High School curriculum, except in regard to religious instruction.

Q. There are no subjects outside the High School curriculum so far as literary work is concerned?
A. No.

By Mr. Clancy.—Q. Is that supposed to represent fifth class work in the Public Schools?
A. Yes; fitting for the primary legal examination.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. You have been informed that this was not recognized as a High School?
A. Yes; I was told not to use the term in the return again.

Q. You say you examined some annual returns from Lindsay?
A. Yes.

Q. And what did you find?
A. I forget. I made a memorandum at the time and gave it to you.

Q. At your last visit there did you believe that all the children were regularly qualified Separate School pupils?
A. Yes; there were about half a dozen boarding there, and two or three of them were within the three mile limit. One was a protestant.

Q. In your examinations of these classes, you always inquire whether the children are residents or not?
A. Well, if I have reason to suspect there are any.

Q. And you correct the return?
A. Well, I have never had to do so until now. Now I see that the proper divisor and quotients are used and produced, and that the non-residents are specified, etc.

By Mr. French.—Q. Did you examine those returns from Lindsay?
A. Yes.

Q. You recognize the fact that Mr. Michael O'Brien is the principal of the boys' School?
A. Yes.

Q. And he signs all the returns—girls' schools, too?
A. He is the principal of the town so far as Separate Schools are concerned.
Inspector Donovan being recalled, testified as follows:

By Mr. French.—Q. Recurring for a moment to the matter of the Water street convent—is the Water street convent or Separate School in reality a Separate school?
A. Yes, sir; the classes that are held there are Separate School classes, held in rooms that are rented by the Board.

Q. How long have they been rented?
A. To my knowledge for two years.

Q. Mr. Finlay told us for a very much longer time!
A. I only speak according to my own knowledge; my experience is only for two years back; Mr. White can speak more definitely on the matter than I can.

Q. It is not merely a temporary resting place then for a few classes?
A. I think it is.

Q. But it has existed for eleven years?
A. I don't know about that. I have only known it for two years, I know there was one class moved into it six months ago, because the building it had been held in had not sufficient accommodation. The others were there before I commenced inspection.

Q. Is it returned to the department as an independent school.
A. It is returned as part of the Separate School system of Ottawa.

Q. What name do you call the Water street convent by?
A. An upper school.

Q. The return is that of an independent Separate School?
A. Yes.

Q. So that in reality it is not connected definitely with any other Separate Schools in the city?
A. Certainly it is; it is a high class to which all the forms are promoted. It is part of the Separate School system.

Q. It is a separate Separate School?
A. It is no more separate than other schools; it corresponds to a great extent with the High Schools of the Public Schools system.

Q. What I want to get at is what building is connected with it?
A. It is connected with them all.
Q. But not with one more than another?
A. No.

By the Chairman.—Q. It is one of the Separate Schools of the city?
A. Yes.

By Hon. G. W. Ross.—Q. You say a sort of High school? Do the pupils come from various parts of the city?
A. Yes; they come for instance from St. Patrick's and St. Joseph's schools.

Q. Then when the children of either of these schools, for instance, advance to a certain stage, instead of continuing there, they go to the Water street convent school?
A. Yes.

By Mr. French.—Q. Can you give me the names of the Separate Schools in Ottawa—you say there are seventeen; Mr. Finlay said fourteen?
A. He must have been speaking of a year or two back; there are seventeen now. Here are the names.

(The names were then submitted to Mr. French).

Q. Now, I would like to have the names of the books in use in each Separate School in Ottawa, and particularly in the Water street convent school?

The Chairman ruled this request out of order.

Q. In your position as Inspector have you ever came across any regulation of the department, or any school law containing a prohibition of the use for school purposes, of a building which is used also as a chapel or church, or any kind of a religious institution?
A. No.

Q. So you don't think it is against the regulations to use this convent building for a school?
A. No; I am sure I never heard of anything of the kind.

Mr. G. W. Ross.—There is no such regulations.

By Mr. French.—Q. Are all of these teachers properly qualified?
A. They are all legally qualified.

Q. You are the Inspector for the east?
A. Yes.

Q. And you say there are 144 teachers in your district in religious orders in Separate Schools?
A. Yes.

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Q. What are their qualifications?
A. They are qualified according to law. Members of religious orders are ipso facto qualified as teachers in Separate Schools. Section 61 of the Separate School Act says, (reading): "The teachers of a Separate School under this Act shall be subject to the same examinations and receive their certificates of qualification in the same manner as Public School teachers generally; but the persons qualified by law as teachers either in the Province of Ontario, or, at the time of the passing of the British North America Act, in the Province of Quebec, shall be considered qualified teachers for the purpose of this Act. 49 V., c. 46, s. 62."

Q. Is that a new enactment?
A. No, it has always been in force.

Q. Do you require them to produce any certificates of their being members of a religious community?
A. Well, I can tell by looking at them if they are nuns or Christian Brothers. I ask them the names of their order.

Q. And upon that representation you pass them?
A. Yes; that is quite sufficient.

Q. Can you tell me how it is that the grant to Separate Schools in Cornwall is much larger than that to Public Schools, when—admitting the allegation to be correct,—two-thirds of the population are supporters of Public Schools and only one-third of Separate Schools.
A. I don't think it is so. I think the Catholics are nearly half the population of the town of Cornwall.

Q. Have you the figures of the population.
A. No.

Q. Does it appear in the report of the Minister of Education anywhere?
A. The school attendances appear.

Mr. French.—I would call the committee's attention to the fact that the Separate Schools in the town of Cornwall get $478, and the Public Schools $364 or $114 less; your explanation, Mr. Donovan, is that the population are as much if not more Separate School supporters than Public School supporters?
A. I said the proportion of Separate School supporters was nearly half in my opinion—greater than a third anyhow. There has been a large influx of French people into the town of late years.

Q. Have you the figures of the school enrolment and average attendances for the Public and Separate schools?
A. Yes; the figures are as follows: the total enrolment at the public schools in Cornwall is 632; at the Separate Schools 952. This is from the report for 1889. The average attendance at the Public Schools is 380, and at the Separate Schools 504.
Q. You inspect Cornwall, do you not?
A. Yes.

Q. How many Separate Schools are there in the town?
A. Three buildings.

Q. Will you give us a description of the buildings?
A. Yes; one is a frame building called the girl's school; then there is another brick building, called a senior boys's school; and a third building, frame also, for primary classes; one half of this is French the other English.

By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. What is the number of class rooms?
A. There are two in the last mentioned building; two in the brick building, and four in the girl's school. Altogether there are eight class rooms and nine teachers, there being two teachers in one class room.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. Are the teachers in religious orders or certificated?
A. There are three secular lady teachers and two male secular teachers. Four of the lady teachers are nuns; that makes the nine.

Q. Is it in this frame building that you first mentioned that the nuns teach?
A. Four of them teach there.

Q. Is that building residential or not?
A. No; the residence is entirely separate.

Q. How many scholars are there in that frame building that you first mentioned?
A. There were 337 when I was there a year ago.

Q. That number would largely increase the average would it not?
A. Yes.

Q. Was that school not formerly a convent?
A. No.

Q. Does it not go by that name now?
A. No; it could not, because it was a frame building just erected for school purposes.

Q. There is a convent there?
A. Yes.

Q. How far away?
A. The convent faces on one street at the corner, and the school faces on another street at the same corner.

Q. Is it on the same lot?
A. I am not sure, I think it may be.
Q. Is it an old building?
A. Yes.

Q. Is it on convent property?
A. I don't think so, but I really don't know.

Q. It has not been rented temporarily on account of other buildings being overcrowded?
A. No; I think it was a school from the beginning.

By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. Is it under the control of the Board?
A. Oh, yes; it has been used for school purposes for two years to my knowledge.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. The teachers live in the convent near there?
A. Yes; at least the nuns do.

Q. Are you aware that there is a convent in Cornwall and that a lot of young ladies from surrounding parts come in to attend there?
A. I don't know that it is so.

Q. Well, such being the fact—if so, they are not included in the Separate School returns to swell the average?
A. Not that I know of, I never knew they had a private school there; it is news to me if they have such.

Q. Have you ever made any examination to see if these returns were bona fide?
A. No; it is not my regular business; Mr. Marling will tell you who does that work.

Q. So that it is not a part of your duty to see that these returns are not unduly swelled in the way I have suggested?
A. No, sir.

Q. How many children were there at you last inspection?
A. There were 707 children enrolled when I called a year ago.

By Hon G. W. Ross.—Q. You show then, no indications that convent pupils were at the Separate Schools?
A. I am quite sure there were none.

Q. Would you have reported the fact to the Department if you had found it to be the case?
A. Certainly.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. I suppose, as a matter of fact, one reason for this large increase of Separate School supporters would be the change made by which the tenant becomes primarily the person who pays the taxes?
A. I don't know.
Q. You have not formed any opinion on the question?
A. No; I consider the increase in the Separate School supporters due though to an increase in population.

Q. One more question as to Cornwall: do you know whether any of the pupils at that Separate School in Cornwall which is called a convent, but which is a Separate School according to law, pay fees to the nuns?
A. I don’t know that the nuns have any pupils, except for music possibly; if they have any private classes I don’t know of it.

Q. Do you know if any pupils in Lindsay, for instance, pay fees to the nuns?
A. I think they may do so there; I am not sure; but they pay no more than they would if they attended the regular High School.

Q. Do they pay fees at the High School at Ottawa?
A. No.

By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. Do they pay to the Board or to the nuns at Lindsay?
A. I think the ladies get it.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. I see in a financial statement issued by the Lindsay Board, an item of $600 paid to the ladies of Loretto?
A. That would be their salary. Two secular ladies there get $325 each, and Mr. O’Brien, the principal, gets $850. There are three nuns there and they get two hundred dollars each.

Q. Have you a copy of the financial statement prepared by the Lindsay Separate School Board and distributed among the supporters of the Separate Schools in that town?
A. No, I have not.

Q. But you think these entries would be explained in this way?
A. I think so.

Q. Are there two entirely distinct Separate Schools at Renfrew?
A. Yes, as far as buildings are concerned—one for boys and one for girls.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. How far apart are they?
A. About half a mile.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. What would be the aggregate of pupils?
A. I can tell you how it was when I was there last. That was the third and fourth of June. I spent two days there. There were three hundred then in the schools, boys and girls.

Q. Would that be more than an ordinary attendance at a school?
A. I don’t think so.
Q. Then why have they two schools?
A. Well, it is a practice or a maxim with the Roman Catholics to keep the sexes apart in schools, so far as it is possible. It is not always carried out, but generally it is.

Q. But they are under the same Board?
A. Oh, yes.

Q. Do you know whether any young ladies attending this Separate School pay fees to the nuns?
A. I don't know. There is the special class I alluded to, and which I was invited to examine, but did not because it was not a Separate School. I called afterwards unofficially.

By Mr. A. M. Ross.—Q. But you said these were not enrolled as Separate School pupils?
A. Yes.

By Mr. French.—Q. Do you know the building in Ottawa called the St. Joseph's College?
A. Yes; I think it is known now as the Ottawa University.

Q. Does that come under your inspection?
A. No.

Q. There is no pretence of a Separate School being held there?
A. No.

Q. And no public money is being given for the education of any pupils attending that college?
A. I see nothing of it in the returns.

Q. You would know whether or not they are included in the returns?
A. Yes.

Q. How would you know?
A. By the teachers' names in the first place.

Q. Have you examined the returns?
A. I have all those for the last half of 1890.

Q. And found none of the teachers of St. Joseph's College included among them?
A. Oh, no; none but the names of Separate School teachers.

Q. And did you satisfy yourself that none of the college pupils were included in the returns?
A. Yes; none of them were there. There are two schools close by the college—a boys' school and a girls' school—and both of them are called St. Joseph's School, the same as the college. That may have caused some misconception.
By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. Were you not specially directed to enquire into those returns?
A. Yes.

Q. And you had the originals with you?
A. Yes.

Q. Of whom did you enquire?
A. Of the teachers and of the Rev. Superior.

Q. And you are quite sure that only those pupils who have a right to be rated as Separate School children are rated as such on those returns?
A. Yes.

By Mr. French.—Q. Are you not aware that quite a number of pupils come in from the township of Ops and attend those Separate Schools in Lindsay?
A. No; I am not aware of that. In the last returns I examined there were only two or three at most outside the three mile limit.

Q. So you have not been informed that there is quite a colony of young girls who come in from the township to attend this school?
A. I can't tell what the condition of things may be now; it was not so when I was there.

Q. But may not that be the case?

The witness submitted that this was not a fair question.

The Chairman ruled the question out of order, as the witness could not speak beyond his own knowledge as to what might or might not be the case.

The examination was then resumed by Mr. French.

Q. Have you been informed that a good many of the young ladies attending the Separate Schools there are from the United States?
A. No.

Q. That may or may not be the case?

The Chairman ruled the question out of order.

By Mr. O'Connor.—Q. May or may not there be pupils from China?

The Chairman ruled this question out of order also.

By Mr. French.—Q. Can you produce the correspondence between Mr. Mc-Murchy, of Lindsay, and the Department, commencing on the 12th of August last?
A. I don't know anything about that.
By Mr. Ross.—Q. In the course of your examination, Mr. Donovan, Mr. French seems to have laid great stress upon the large attendance at Separate Schools as compared with Public Schools, at certain places?

A. Can you give any reason why it should be larger in the case of Separate Schools than of Public Schools—in proportion to population I mean of course? Take the case of Ottawa?

A. The reason I have always satisfied myself with, is that of the increase of population.

Q. Has the additional accommodation provided for Separate Schools tended to increase the attendance?

A. I think it has done so decidedly.

Q. What increase in accommodation has been made in your time?

A. Four additional buildings, providing 24 additional class-rooms.

Q. Why would that affect the attendance?

A. It would give them more room. Before the increased accommodation was provided there were several classes throughout the city which children had applied for admission into and had found there was no room.

Q. You know there is a Model School in Ottawa in connection with the Provincial Normal School?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you know of any Roman Catholics attending that school?

A. I know of one; there may be more.

Q. Would the withdrawal of so large a number as attend this school have any appreciable effect on the attendance at the Public Schools?

A. Oh, yes.

By Mr. French,—Q. What is the number attending?

A. 345.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. Is there a high class in connection with the Separate Schools of Ottawa corresponding with the Collegiate Institute class so far as the curriculum is concerned?

A. There are two classes for girls, but none for boys. The boys are supposed to graduate from the fourth form into St. Joseph's College.

Q. What is the attendance at these two classes?

A. Forty-five English speaking girls and forty French speaking.

Q. Do these pupils correspond in point of size and age with the pupils attending the Collegiate Institutes and High Schools.

A. Well, they are not quite so old, I suppose, they attend these schools from twelve to nineteen.
Q. Well, they might be in the High Schools as young as eleven. So that, but for these high classes in the Separate Schools these pupils would probably be attending the High School, and so that also affects the average attendance of Separate Schools?
A. Ye

By Mr. A. M. Ross.—Q. In connection with that do you think that the Roman Catholic clergy and the nuns are more assiduous in gathering in the children of their denomination than are the teachers and authorities of the Public Schools?
A. Yes; they are more watchful—I was about to mention that point to the committee. The bishop of the different dioceses tells off a priest to look after the schools of a particular place and to see that all the children of that denomination attend. In Ottawa there is a local superintendent besides that.

By Hon. G. W. Ross.—Q. You said there were directresses in connection with some of these classes?
A. Yes.

Q. Who teach a few classes, and supervise the attendance at the other schools?
A. Yes.

Q. How do they carry on their supervision?
A. One supervises the French speaking nuns, and the other the English speaking. They perform very much the duties of an inspector.

Q. Do they look after the children who are absent, and do all they can to encourage and induce them to attend?
A. Yes; they offer prizes, and so forth. Then there is a local superintendent besides Father ______.

Q. This will apply to Cornwall, too, I suppose, so far as local authorities are concerned?
A. Yes; I remember Father Murray taking a very active interest in the schools there.

Q. Do you know that in rural districts, generally, the attendance at Separate Schools is proportionately larger than at Public Schools?
A. I can only speak generally; but my impression is that it is so.

By Mr. French.—Q. You think the attendance is increased by the assiduity of the priests and teachers then?
A. Yes; it is impressed upon the pupils that it is wrong to stay away from school, and that willful absence is a species of cheating.

Q. There is a good deal of religious training in the schools?
A. Yes.

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By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. If you found that pupils who were purely convent pupils were reported as on the rolls of the Separate Schools, would you report it?
A. Yes, I would report it if I found such a case; but I would not examine a class at all unless I was firmly convinced it was a part of the Separate Schools.

Q. But if among the Separate School pupils you found there were some convent pupils would you report the matter to the department?
A. Yes.

Q. Have you instructions concerning any of these schools concerning which these examinations have taken place to pay particular attention to these matters?
A. Yes, I took up several batches of returns, and went carefully over them.

By Mr. French.—Q. You said there were 82 teachers in the Ottawa Separate Schools; here is a list containing only 63?
A. That is for 1888; they have increased since then; the two lady directors that I mentioned, too, would not be included in that list.

Q. I see the name Brother Henry is the first of the list here; what is his other name?
A. I don't know him by any other name; they loose their other names when they enter these communities. I would like to say before I go, if the examination is concluded that I am quite sure of everything I have stated. I think you intimated Mr. French that I was not quite sure of everything or that there was some hesitation on my part. I am quite sure of all I have said.

Q. Yes, I think it was as to whether you knew all those who attended to be bona fide Separate School supporters or not?
A. Well, I am quite satisfied of that. I can swear to it.

Q. But how?
A. I went over all the returns, and compared the totals and the aggregate attendance with the numbers on the registers.

Q. But how do you know they all lived in the city of Ottawa?
A. I was told by the teachers.

This concluded Mr. Donovan's examination.
March 19 1890.

INSPECTOR DONOVAN was recalled and examined as follows:

By Mr. Ross—Q. Do you find the number of Separate Schools increasing in the French district?
   A. Yes; a number of schools that were formerly French Public Schools, have changed over and become French Separate Schools.

Q. Has there been any increase in the French population of Ottawa?
   A. There has been a very large increase.

Q. Do you find any anxiety on the part of the people supporting the French Public Schools to change them into Separate Schools?
   A. Yes, lately, since these cries about Jesuits and no popery; otherwise, no doubt, they would have remained Public Schools.

By Mr. French—Q. Your report shows that there are 144 teachers in religious orders all through your district in the east, and Mr. White shows 191 in the west, that makes 335 teachers in religious orders in the Province, are those figures correct?
   A. Yes.

Q. And how many secular teachers are there?
   A. 190 in all.

Mr. White was here recalled and examined by Mr. French.

Q. I understand there is quite a complaint among Roman Catholic young men and women on that head. There is a disposition against employing them in the Public Schools, which is to be regretted in my opinion, and in the Separate Schools religious teachers are generally employed and the Roman Catholic young men and women are thereby prevented from taking up the profession, have you heard of this feeling?
   A. I have heard one or two speak of it, but never heard of it as a serious grievance.

Inspector Donovan—No, nor I.

This closed the examination.

Mr. Kerns presented requisition, asking that the following papers be brought down for examination at its next meeting.

Re Colonization Road Supplies.

Accts. and vouchers, Eckardt Kyle & Co. item $831.45 page. 262 P. A. 1889.
   "       " Wm. Thomson & Co. " 301.45 "   " 180
The motion being put was carried, and the papers ordered to be brought down at the next meeting of the Committee.

Moved by Mr. French, that Wednesdays and Fridays be appointed as the days (during the remainder of this session) upon which meetings of this Committee shall be held.

The motion being put was carried.

On motion the Committee adjourned until Wednesday next, the 19th day of March, 1890, at 10.30 a.m.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Wednesday, 19th March, 1890.

The Committee met, pursuant to adjournment, at 10.30 a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Ballantyne, Messieurs O'Connor,
Clancy, Ross (Huron),
French, Smith (York),
Harcourt, Wood (Brant.)—10
Kerns,

Of the papers asked for per requisition, and ordered to be brought down for examination, the Secretary laid the following upon the table:

Re Colonization Road Supplies.


" Wm. Thomson & Co. " " " "
" R. A. Ramsay & Co. " " " "
" Wm Ryan. " " " "
" Hughes Bros. " " " "
" Geo. W. Shaver " " " "
" John Milne & Co. " " " "
" Hamilton Bridge & Tool Co. " " " 

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The Chairman—Is it the wish of the Committee to proceed with the further examination of Grants to Separate Schools, as the first order of business this morning.

Mr. French—If Mr. Donovan the S. S. Inspector is present, I think we might as well finish up his evidence.

The Committee consenting, Mr. Donovan was recalled, evidence taken down by short hand writer appended marked "H."

While the examination of Mr. Donovan was being continued, Mr. Kerns examined papers re Colonization Road Supplies.

Mr. Donovan's evidence being concluded, Mr. French asked to recall Mr. Marling.

The Committee agreeing thereto Mr. Marling was recalled, examined, evidence taken down by short hand writer, appended marked "I."

During Mr. Marlings examination, Mr. French asked for Mr. G. W. Ross to read a part of the correspondence written by Mr. McMurchy of Lindsay, to the Department in connection with the Separate Schools at Lindsay, and the grants thereto.

Mr. Ross reads letter.

Mr. French—If the Committee will allow me I will read the letter in reply as I have the original.

Mr. French reads letter.

Moved by Mr. French, that these letters and correspondence be fyled and do appear upon the minutes of this Committee.

The Chairman—I do not see what this Committee can have to do with that.

Mr. French—I simply ask to have these letters and correspondence entered upon the minutes, if you and the Committee decide against it all well and good, I cannot help it.

The Chairman—Then you want the motion put to the Committee.

Mr. French—Yes; I want the decision of the Committee on it.

The Chairman put the motion, which was lost on division.

Mr. Ballantyne presented the following requisition:

Moved by Mr. Ballantyne, seconded by Mr. Smith (York), That the Clerk be instructed to request Mr. W. C. Wilkinson, Secretary of the Board of Public School Trustees at Toronto, to attend before this Committee on Friday next, the 21st day of March 1890, at 10.30 a.m., for the purpose of giving information in re the Public Schools of the City of Toronto, the names and location of buildings used for religious purposes that are occupied under the authority of the Board for Public School purposes, and also to give any other information that may be required by this Committee.

The motion being put was carried.

Mr. Marling's evidence being concluded, Mr. French asked that Mr. White be called.

Mr. James F. White, Inspector of Separate Schools called, sworn, examined evidence taken by short hand writer, appended marked "J."
Mr James F White being sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

By Mr. French—Q. You are one of the Separate School Inspectors?
A. Yes.

Q. How long have you acted in that capacity?
A. For eight years.

Q. You are the Inspector for the western division?
A. Yes.

Q. And that includes the city of Toronto?
A. Yes.

Q. How long have you had charge of that division?
A. For two years.

Q. And what were you doing prior to that?
A. Previous to that I was four years in the eastern division, and for two years in charge of the whole Province.

Q. Can you tell us from your recollection when the Separate School at Newboro' was established?
A. There is no Separate School there; there is one at Westport.

Q. Is there a convent there?
A. There is a convent and a school building there.

Q. When was the school established?
A. Not until 1886.

Q. Is the Separate School in the convent building?
A. No, it is not.

Q. But are they not conducted together?
A. No; one is the house for the teachers; the other is the school building.

Q. You are speaking now from your own knowledge?
A. Yes.

Q. You have been there since the Separate School was established?
A. Yes.

Q. When was that?
A. I think it was in 1886.
Q. And you say from your own knowledge that you don't know of any other connection between the two institutions than that the teachers who board there teach the schools?
A. Yes.

Q. The teachers have pupils in their own house?
A. I don't know that they have, the building is too small to allow it, I think; I was not aware that any children are attending the convent.

Q. Are there any male teachers?
A. Two.

Q. Are they in religious orders?
A. No; they are secular teachers, and there is one secular lady teacher.

Q. Does she board in the convent?
A. No; I don't think she does.

Q. How many nuns are there?
A. There were two that were teachers.

Q. How many ladies were in the institution?
A. I can't tell you.

Q. Are there pupils attending the convent?
A. None board there and attend the Separate School that I know of.

Q. Do young ladies attending the Separate School also attend the convent?
A. I don't know that they have any class in the convent; I have never visited there.

Q. You inspect the western division now?
A. Yes.

Q. Take the town of Chatham, there is a convent there?
A. Yes.

Q. Are there any rooms there used as a Separate School?
A. No; they have a private school there quite distinct from the Separate School, and the details of which are not returned.

Q. The administrator is very exact about this class, is he not?
A. Yes.

Q. And he will not allow any suspicion of wrong doing?
A. No.

Q. The convent is used as a board school, is it not?
A. Yes.
Q. But the pupils at the convent are not returned as Separate School pupils?
A. No.

Q. The administrator is particularly careful, is he not?
A. I don't know that he is more particular than would be the case at other places; he is not so to my knowledge.

Q. Well, we have had a certain amount of looseness in the case of Lindsay. The administrator there was not so careful as at Chatham, was he?
A. There is nothing in the school law to prevent what has been done at Lindsay.

Q. That is your contention?
A. Yes; the affairs of Lindsay, when I visited there for the first time, had been passed by the High School Inspectors. The trustees, so far as I know, had not acted outside the law.

Q. So far as you know nothing had been done that was incorrect?
A. No.

Q. You don't agree, then, with the department in what has been done in the matter?
A. It is something that I have nothing to do with. The trustees have done nothing but follow the law so far as I know. I saw no reason to make any change. The High School inspector found the same state of affairs, and saw nothing to report in them.

Q. During all the time that you were inspector of the whole province, and for four years later this state of things prevailed at Lindsay?
A. I presume so; there was no change so far as I know.

Q. Is there any change yet?
A. I have not been there for two years.

Q. Are any of the buildings in the city of Toronto usually known as convents or nunneries used as Separate Schools?
A. Not one of them?

Q. The Separate Schools are distinct buildings?
A. Yes.

Q. They don't even rent rooms as in the case of Ottawa?
A. No, I think not,

Q. As to Ottawa, you became inspector in 1882?
A. Yes.
Q. Has there been during all those years any change in the management of the Water street convent school?
A. The classes were carried on in 1882 just as on the occasion of my last visit in 1887.

Q. So that this is not any temporary arrangement?
A. It might have been intended to be so, but the trustees have not been able to provide a new school, perhaps. The accommodation has been more needed in other quarters of the city.

Q. Did you find it there eight years ago?
A. Yes.

Q. And only intended as a temporary arrangement from what you heard?
A. Certainly; but I suppose the trustees have built as far as they were able since then.

Q. But they have made no change in the Water street convent?
A. Not so far as I am aware.

Q. Were you aware eight years ago whether or not the convent pupils proper were attending the Separate School?
A. There were none according to my knowledge. They have a private class on another street.

Q. Eight years ago did the pupils attending that Water street building pay fees to the ladies?
A. There are no fees except those collected by the board; they collected ten to twenty cents a month for books, stationery, etc. They are allowed by the department to do that; these are the only fees collected to my knowledge.

Q. So that you think that nothing has been done at the Water street convent but what is within the law?
A. Yes; I am not aware of any transgression.

Q. You know of no provision against using for school purposes a building intended for religious purposes or used for religious purposes?
A. No; I think a building used as a school becomes a school for the time being.

Q. You inspect the city of Stratford?
A. Yes.

Q. There is a convent there?
A. Yes.

Q. How far is the Separate School from it?
A. They are very near each other.
Q. Are they on the same lot?
A. It is possible; I am not sure. One building faces on one street, and one on the other, at the same corner. There is a fence between the buildings.

Q. There is a boarding class in the convent?
A. Yes.

Q. Is it not a fact that that the public look upon the two institutions as one?
A. I don't know as to that, they are not so.

Q. You are not aware that any of the young ladies attending the convent go to the Separate School?
A. I am pretty sure they do not from conversations I have had with the Lady Superior.

Q. You are satisfied there is no injustice done to Public Schools by reason of any returns being wrongly made?
A. Yes; I am satisfied on that point.

Q. Would it be your duty to look into the matter?
A. Not unless my attention was called to the matter; we have no reason to suppose there is anything wrong ordinarily.

By Mr. G. B. Smith—Q. What is the average attendance at the Stratford Separate Schools?
A. 187.

Q. And the total on roll?
A. 312.

Q. What is the average?
A. Sixty per cent.

Q. And what are the figures in the case of the Public Schools?
A. The number on the roll is 1,731, and the average 1,056, being an average of 61 per cent.

Q. What was the Separate School grant for last year?
A. $190.50.

Q. And the Public School grant?
A. $1,009.

By Mr. French—Q. Are there two returns made from Westport?
A. I have not seen the returns for two years.

Q. Is there a ladies' school distinct in one building?
A. No; the boys and girls are together.
Q. And the school is not in the convent?
A. No.

Q. How far away is it?
A. About a hundred yards.

Q. Is it on the same lot?
A. It is a large lot, and it may be so; I do not know.

Q. So that the two buildings are under the same management?
A. No; as I imagine the convent is managed by the convent superior, and the school by the Separate School Board.

Q. Well, it is really a regulation of the Separate Schools, I suppose, so far as possible, to have the school near a convent and to have the teachers in the school live in the convent?
A. Yes.

Q. Is it so in Owen Sound?
A. Yes; the teachers live in a convent, quite apart from the Separate School.

Q. There are no boarders there?
A. No; the building is too small for that, I think.

Q. How about Guelph, there is a convent there?
A. Yes.

Q. Are there any boarders there?
A. There is a class of private pupils who are not returned as Separate School children.

Q. Do the same teachers teach in both?
A. They have separate teachers for their own private class.

The CHAIRMAN.—The ladies do not teach in both.

Q. They don't run the accounts together?
A. No; I imagine not, I have never seen anything of the kind.

Q. But you see, you don't regard this as wrong—you are satisfied that as to Guelph or any other place in your inspectorate this does not exist?
A. I think if pupils from the town choose to live at the school, their attendance should be counted, and that it is quite right to return them as Separate School children.

By Mr. Ross—Q. But not if they lived outside the three mile limit?
A. I don't know about that. There is no provision of the Separate School Act of 1863 that governs that. The trustees by that law were entitled to include them, or at least were not debarred from doing so.
By Mr. French—Q. How do you account for the great increase in the average attendance at the Separate Schools during the past few years?

A. Well, more schools have been established, particularly in the east. The cities and towns have grown particularly, and a number of Roman Catholics have moved into these places from the country. The proportion in cities and towns is much larger than in country places.

By the Chairman—Q. Has the agitation upon the Separate School question had anything to do with it, do you think?

A. Yes; I know that in some cases Roman Catholics have moved from some parts of the country and gone to other places where the surroundings would be more congenial to them. That has happened in several cases.

By Mr. French—Q. Therefore the attendance, you think, has centred in certain localities?

A. Yes.

By Mr. Ballantyne—Q. Is it not a fact, too, that in rural municipalities the Roman Catholic children are more frequently found attending the common schools, and in the cities the Separate Schools?

A. That is the case.

By Hon. G. W. Ross—Q. Then in your whole western district you have no reason to believe that convent pupils are returned as Separate School pupils?

A. No.

Q. Do you think the Separate School attendance has increased in a greater ratio than the Public School attendance?

A. No; while the gross attendance is larger, I think the average attendance has not increased in the same proportion as that of the Public Schools. In the case of Ottawa I have the figures since 1882.

Q. What is the increase in the Public Schools since 1882?

A. Here is the full statement.

The Committee ordered that the statement be printed.

The examination was continued by Mr. Ross.

Q. Now the figures for 1879 show that there were 2,952 pupils on the rolls of the Public Schools for that year. Therefore between 1879 and 1882 the attendance had fallen off several hundred. Have you the average attendance for 1879 and the following year?

A. The average in 1879 was 1,607, and it fell to 1,440 in 1880.

Q. What was it in 1882?

A. 1,350.
Q. Do you think the establishment of the Model School at Ottawa would have anything to do with the decrease in the attendance at the Public Schools?
A. Yes; it would draw several hundred pupils from them.

Q. And would it affect the Separate Schools in the same way?
A. No; it would affect them very little, if at all.

Q. When was the Model School established?
A. In 1880.

Q. Was that the year when the Public School attendance fell off first?
A. Yes.

By Mr. A. M. Ross—Q. And you think it was in consequence of the establishment of this school they were withdrawn from the Public Schools to attend it?
A. Yes.

By Mr. French—Q. Have you the amount of money the Separate Schools got in 1880?
A. The returns of the average attendance for 1879 were 1,607 for the Public Schools and 1,554 for the Separate Schools.

Q. So that the Public Schools grant would be larger than that for the Separate Schools?
A. Yes; the Public Schools got $1,746, and the Separate Schools $1,637.

Q. And that was the last year that the Public Schools got more than the Separate Schools?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Ross—Q. Besides the Model School, is there not also a ladies’ college in Ottawa that takes away a good many pupils from the Public Schools?
A. Yes.

Q. And would it affect the Separate Schools also?
A. Not at all.

Mr. White, while giving his evidence, produced a statement shewing the names of the Separate Schools, the number on register, and the number counted as present for the year 1887, at Ottawa.

On motion of Mr. Ballantyne, the Committee ordered the statement to be filed, and to be entered on the minutes of the Committee.

Statement filed.
STATEMENT.

OTTAWA, 1887.

3rd May.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School</th>
<th>No. on Register</th>
<th>No. counted as present</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Notre Dame, Jr.</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>137</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; Eng. Boys</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; Girls</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; Fr. Boys</td>
<td>317</td>
<td>274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; Girls</td>
<td>393</td>
<td>309</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Girls' High Class, Eng</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; &quot; Fr.</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>219</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot; Girls</td>
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<td>185</td>
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<tr>
<td>Holy Family Boys</td>
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<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; Girls</td>
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<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; Boys</td>
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<td>&quot; Girls</td>
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<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; Orphan Class</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2,761                      2,248

Mr. Kerns, returned papers, re supplies to Colonization Roads, without objections.

Mr. White's evidence was concluded. Mr. Donovan recalled. Evidence taken down by shorthand writer.

Hon. Mr. G. W. Ross to furnish statement in detail shewing average attendance and percentage Public and Separate Schools, Ottawa, from 1879 to date; also the date of the opening of the Model School at Ottawa, for the information of the Committee, on Friday next.

Mr. Ross, also said he would furnish for Mr. French the names of the teachers of the Separate Schools in Ottawa.

On motion, the Committee adjourned until Friday next, at 10.30 a.m.
Treasurer's Office,
Friday, 21st March, 1890.

The Committee met at 10.30 o'clock a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Ballantyne, Messieurs Kerns,  
Clancy, Ross (Huron),  
French, Wood (Brant),  
Morin, Awrey—9.

Mr. W. C. Wilkinson, Secretary of the Board of Public School Trustees, at Toronto, called, sworn, examined, evidence taken down by the shorthand writer, appended marked "L."

"L."

March 21st, 1890.

Mr. W. C. Wilkinson, being sworn, was examined and deposed as follows:—

By Mr. G. W. Ross—Q. You are the Secretary of the Public School Board?
A. Yes.

Q. Have you with you a list of the churches or religious buildings that are at the present time used for school purposes?
A. I have not prepared a list, but I have one here that will answer the purpose. There are at the present time six churches or mission churches used both for church and school purposes. The first is the Presbyterian Sunday School at the corner of Bloor and Huron streets; then there is the St. George's mission on Pheobe street; then the Baptist mission on Sackville street; the St. Augustine's at the corner of Parliament and Spruce streets; the New mission on Queen street east; and the Parliament street Methodist church at the corner of Oak street.

Q. How long have you been Secretary of the Board?
A. Since 1874.

Q. Has it been the practice to engage temporarily or otherwise such rooms?
A. I think for some years past, when the school accommodation has not been sufficient, we have been in the habit of renting schools in these and similar buildings.
Q. Upon what system are the rooms rented in such cases?
A. Invariably by the month.

Q. Have such buildings been rented during every year of your incumbency as Secretary?
A. Well, I think so for the last few years; perhaps some years we have not done so, but it is rather a usual thing; I cannot speak very definitely on the point from memory.

Mr. French objected that the Committee was allowing a wider latitude now in the enquiry than when he had been examining certain witnesses.

The Chairman ruled that all the questions were pertinent to the investigation, and the examination proceeded.

By Mr. Ross—Q. During how many years of your incumbency as Secretary do you think such rooms have been rented?
A. Well, speaking generally, I should say one-half the time.

Q. Will you put in a statement showing what has been done in this respect for the past ten years; of course it is published in your annual statement?
A. Yes, I will do so.

Q. This Presbyterian church at the corner of Bloor and Huron streets, in what way is it used as a school?
A. The Sunday school is occupied.

Q. How long have you occupied that building?
A. Since the latter part of November.

Q. What rent do you pay?
A. $30 per month.

Mr. French again protested that the enquiry was without the scope of the Committee.

The Chairman ruled the examination in order and Mr. Ross continued.

Q. Does that include heating and caretaking?
A. Not in that case. I think I was wrong as to the amount there. $30 is the rent generally paid, but there we have a special arrangement and pay for the fuel ourselves. I think we pay between twenty and twenty-five dollars.

Q. Will you include in your statement the amount you pay in each case?
A. Yes.

Q. Is the building under the control of the Board?
A. During school hours only. It is stipulated in the agreement that we have only got it for half a day; it is used only for Kindergarten purposes.
Q. Is there a lease in writing?
A. We got a written offer from them, and we replied to it in the usual way.

By Mr. French—Q. You have not the agreement or letter?
A. No.

Q. But you think there is a written agreement in this case.
A. There is usually such a letter as that which I have suggested.

By Mr. G. W. Ross—Q. Now as to the St. George street church, how long have you used that building for a school?
A. Over a year.

Q. Do you pay rent?
A. Yes.

Q. And is there a written agreement there too?
A. There is in each case; we take it by the month and pay $30 rent per month.

Q. That is your usual rent?
A. Yes, where we get fuel and caretaker provided.

Q. How many teachers are there?
A. One.

Q. How about the Parliament street church?
A. That is used temporarily for Kindergarten purposes, and is only rented from January to July by the month. The basement of the Dufferin street school was closed by order of the medical health officer, and we are using this building until we return there.

Q. How long have you used the Baptist mission?
A. For two years or more.

Q. How much longer do you expect to use it?
A. Not after this year.

Q. Why?
A. The Board last night decided to purchase a lot immediately north of that for erecting a new school upon.

Q. So you will have occupied it for three years when the time is up?
A. Yes.

Q. What part do you occupy?
A. It is a mission church with only one room.
Q. And you occupy that room?
A. Yes.

Q. What is the rent?
A. $15 a month, and we supply the fuel and pay $5 a month to the caretaker.

Q. And the agreement is per month?
A. Yes.

Q. And how many teachers?
A. One.

Q. How long have you occupied St. Augustine's church?
A. About a year.

Q. And the Kew mission?
A. Just this year.

Q. Are you building a school in that neighborhood?
A. The Board has the question of school accommodation there under consideration at the present time, and it is their intention, no doubt, to make suitable accommodation at as early a date as possible.

Q. They have made no provision as yet?
A. No.

Q. What about the Phoebe street church? How long have you occupied it?
A. I don't remember exactly, but in most cases it has been for about a year.

Q. What part of the church do you occupy?
A. I have never seen the building, but I understand it is just a mission school with one room.

Q. Have you any rooms in the College avenue mission church?
A. Yes.

Q. How long have you occupied that building?
A. Well, Mr. Howland pays for that; it is a half day school.

Q. You did not give it to me in your list?
A. No; it is not rented; we pay for no fuel or caretaker even. We simply supply a teacher.

Q. Are those children returned as part of the city public school children?
A. I believe so; I am quite satisfied they are returned in the report of the Inspector.
Q. Is it used for any other purposes than church and school?
A. Not that I am aware of; I know there are religious services held there. It is a sort of a mission hall, and hardly to be styled a church.

Q. What kind of school is held there?
A. A special school, where the children are allowed to attend half days. It is for the poorer class of children, and is a kind of ragged school. It is chiefly attended by bootblacks, newsboys, etc. It is intended to have a new school on Spadina avenue for the purpose as soon as it is built.

Q. How long have you occupied the building?
A. Perhaps for three or four years, perhaps longer.

Q. Will you look this up and include the facts relating to this school among those regarding the other schools held in religious buildings?
A. Yes; I did not do so in the first instance because we pay no rent for this building.

Q. Have you any other similar buildings for which you do not pay rent?
A. I don't remember any other.

By the CHAIRMAN—Q. With what church is the building connected?
A. I think with no special church, Mr. Howland holds a mission there.

By Mr. Wood (Brant)—Is it a Protestant or Roman Catholic mission.
A. A Protestant.

By Mr. G. W. Ross—Q. Do you hold any schools in the public halls of the city?
A. We have two halls at the present time.

Q. Which are they?
A. Brunswick hall on Brunswick avenue is one.

Q. For what purposes is that hall used originally?
A. I judge for society purposes, Foresters or Oddfellows, Forrester's I should imagine from the name.

Q. It is not an Orange hall, is it?
A. No, I think not; I am pretty sure not.

Q. What is the other hall?
A. The other place is not exactly a hall; it is a private place at 170 Dovercourt road, a building which we have given notice that we shall vacate next month.

Q. It is not a public hall, is it?
A. No, sir; it is just a private house that was leased for six months, and the time is up and a new school recently opened to take its place.
Q. Have you any other public hall rented?
A. There is a hall at the corner of Spadina and Farley avenues, Temperance hall, in which we have some rooms.

Q. How long have you leased the Dovercourt house?
A. For six months.

Q. And how long the Spadina Avenue Hall?
A. About the same time probably.

Q. And do you expect to vacate that hall, too?
A. Yes.

Q. Did you ever use for school purposes a hall at the corner of Euclid avenue?
A. Yes, about two years ago—perhaps longer.

Q. How long did you use it?
A. About two years perhaps; I can't speak definitely from memory.

Q. What purposes was that hall used for ordinarily?
A. I think for society purposes.

Q. What society?
A. Well, I know the Orange body meet in it; it is principally used for that purpose perhaps. We had it rented previous to its being bought by the society. It was originally used for Roman Catholic purposes, I believe, and was owned by a man named Michael Ryan, who left the town rather suddenly without paying his way and I think the Orange body procured the building.

Q. You used it when Michael Ryan owned it?
A. Yes.

Q. For how long?
A. Perhaps a year or a year and a half.

Q. And during that time it was used for some Roman Catholic purposes?
A. Well, he was a Roman Catholic and that is my impression, but I am unable to speak positively on the point. I gather the impression from meeting him and hearing him speak on society matters.

Q. Is your surmise based upon the fact that he was a Roman Catholic and that his hall must therefore be used for Roman Catholic purposes?
A. No, my impression is not based on that.

Q. Can you give us anything more substantial?
A. No, I can't speak definitely on the point.

Q. Your impression may be wrong?
A. It may be, but I don't think it is.
Q. You can't swear that it was used for Roman Catholic purposes?
A. No.

Q. And are you equally uncertain that it was used for Orange purposes?
A. No, I am pretty sure of that.

By Mr. A. M. Ross.—What rent do you pay for the hall?
A. From memory, I can scarcely say.

Q. To whom did you pay the rent?
A. First to Michael J. Ryan and secondly to the trustees of the party who had bought the hall.

Q. The trustees of the Orange body?
A. Yes.

By Mr. French.—Q. This hall, owned by Michael Ryan, was a public hall which Ryan kept for lease?
A. I would judge he kept it as a matter of speculation.

Q. Renting it to anybody without regard to creed, or color, or anything else, I suppose?
A. I can't say as to that.

Q. However, in the first instance, your Board rented the hall from Michael Ryan, who, you say, left the country, and it was afterwards rented from the trustees of the Orange body also?
A. Yes.

Q. What do they keep it for?
A. I can't say.

Q. Your Board were the tenants when they bought it?
A. Yes.

Q. And you continued in it up to what time?
A. I can't give you the dates from memory.

Q. The tenancy has ceased?
A. Yes.

Q. How long ago?
A. Probably a year.

Q. During that time was it used for any other purposes than Orange purposes?
A. I can't say; I would judge they rent it on the same principles as Mr. Ryan did and that it would be rented for any purpose; I imagine that.
Q. What control had you over the building?
A. We had the use of it only during school hours.

Q. Now was that hall—and the question will apply to nearly all these outlying buildings—were they "annexes" of schools or schools themselves?
A. I regard them as simply temporary schools supplying accommodation until such time as the Board is able to provide regular accommodation.

Q. But each school in the city has its own name, I suppose?
A. Yes.

Q. You have one of these schools on Parliament street?
A. Yes.

Q. Well now, was this Parliament street school moved over en masse from the other school you spoke of or is it now connected with any other school?
A. It is connected with the Dufferin street school and is an "annex"—I understand what you mean by the term now.

Q. So there is no pretence then that any of these outlying buildings procured for temporary purposes are schools themselves?
A. No; I regard them as temporary. They are connected with other schools where other schools are convenient enough; or are "annexes."

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. Are they all "annexes?"
A. Well, the school on Euclid avenue was not sufficiently near to any other school, so I think they made a report that it was a temporary school not connected with any other.

By the CHAIRMAN,—Q. They have a separate register for each of these schools?
A. There is a separate register for each class-room. In most cases the teacher in the temporary school makes a report to the Principal of the school in whose locality it is situated. In the case of the Parliament street school the teacher makes the report to the Principal of the Dufferin street school and he makes the report of the school.

Q. Is that the case with the whole of the schools that were mentioned?
A. No, sir; some of them are regarded as distinct schools. The Kew Beach school, for instance, is a mile or a mile and a half from any other school.

Q. It is not under any other control than that of the present teacher?
A. No.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. This Kew Beach that you speak of, is that in a new portion of the city?
A. Yes; in the remote eastern part of the city.

Q. Is there any public school in that neighbourhood?
A. Not within a distance of over a mile.
Q. So this is a new establishment for the purpose of satisfying a public want that has arisen recently in the neighborhood?
A. Yes, until such time as permanent accommodation can be provided.

Q. What church does that belong to?
A. I understand it is a union church and under the control of no denomination.

Q. Is it an old building?
A. Yes; it has been built for some time at least.

By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. Is it a protestant building?
A. I would judge so; I think it is a protestant union mission.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. And being in an outlying portion of the city was used by the clergy of all denominations and was rented for school purposes?
A. Yes.

Q. Is it used for both purposes now?
A. When we rent these buildings we invariably stipulate for their use simply during school hours and know very little about them at any other time. I would suppose if it is used in winter that it is used for both purposes at the present time; but it is a sort of summer resort and may not be used. We have nothing to do with it on Sundays.

Q. I suppose the clergy don't exercise any control over the building during school hours while your Board has occupation of it? They have no religious worship there or anything of that kind?
A. Oh, no; they don't exercise any control over it during school hours.

By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. They may have services there in the evenings?
A. Oh, yes.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. But the children are not there then?
A. No.

Q. You have given us some information as to the College avenue church; is that the one you spoke of as Mr. Howland's church?
A. I don't think it is called a church, it is called a mission hall.

By the CHAIRMAN. Q. What do you mean by that term?
A. I can't undertake to explain.

Q. It may be a church?
A. Oh, yes; it is used for religious purposes.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. Who are the owners of it?
A. I can't say; Mr. Howland was the gentleman who made the offer that if we were to provide a teacher, he would provide a caretaker and fuel, for the
children who could not take advantage of the public schools on account of being engaged part of the day and unable to procure clothing, etc.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. A sort of ragged school?
A. Yes.

By Mr. French.—Q. You take poor children from all parts of the city?
A. Yes, if they present themselves.

Q. All denominations—Roman Catholics as well as Protestants?
A. Of course I don’t imagine the law would permit us to take Roman Catholics.

Q. But you don’t refuse them—is there any scrutiny into that?
A. Well, in the other schools the principals are required to question the pupils on the point; in this case there may be special questions. I would have to enquire before I spoke positively.

Q. You take black and white?
A. Yes; the colored population have quite a representation there.

Q. So that it is really in compliance with the charitable wish of Mr. Howland that the building is used as it is?
A. Yes.

Q. Are the classes held in the evenings or in the day time?
A. Oh, day time certainly.

Q. And during that time there are no religious services held there?
A. None that I am aware of.

Q. Is it customary for clergy to visit and give religious instruction?
A. It is not practised to any extent; I am aware that it is allowed in the Public Schools.

Q. So far as you know there is no religious bias in favour of the Protestant denomination in any of the Public Schools?
A. Not that I am aware of.

Q. Now, as to this Baptist mission, where is it?
A. On Sackville street.

Q. You have had that for two years?
A. Well, I am not speaking definitely—it is about that.

Q. As to the caretaker—is he your caretaker or that of the church or mission?
A. The School Board pays for him.
Q. So there is no joint partnership between you and the church body as to the meeting of the expenses of the church?
A. No.

Q. You supply the wood and the fuel?
A. Yes.

Q. And there is no partnership?
A. No.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. Who employed him?
A. The school Board.

Q. They employed him in the first instance?
A. Yes.

Q. Is he caretaker for the mission as well?
A. I can't say; we have a right to employ whom we wish.

Q. Did you find him in the employ of the mission?
A. In this case I believe we had a caretaker employed who was caretaker of the mission, and then one who was not so, as we thought it better to have one who would give more attention. Fault was found and we simply employed somebody else. I can't say now whether or not the caretaker we have is caretaker of the church.

By Mr. Awrey.—Q. But there are cases where you don't employ your own caretaker at all?
A. Yes.

Q. By whom are they employed in such cases?
A. I can't say; we rent from the trustees of the church.

By Mr. French.—Q. Is this Baptist mission a church building or a school-house building?
A. It is simply a mission; I have never been in the building, but would judge it is simply used for mission purposes, and I think there is only one room. It is not a regular church.

Q. Not a church?
A. Well, I would not say that—not a regular church, I said.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. Do they have services every Sunday?
A. I think so; I am not very sure.

By Mr. French.—Q. Now, as to this St. Augustine's school—is that part of St. Augustine's church?
A. Yes; it is the school-house in connection with the church.
Q. The edifice itself is not used by the Board then?
A. Oh—no.

Q. Is the school-house distinct from the church?
A. It is the rear part of the building.

Q. During the time you occupy the building do the church dignitaries—whoever they may be—interfere with your Board in the management of the school?
A. I never heard of their doing so; I think the Board would decidedly object.

Q. You pay your money and get the use of the building for it?
A. Yes.

Q. And it is possible to draw a line between the church and the school?
A. The two are entirely separate.

Q. There is no instance where you have occupied a building for eleven years continuously?
A. I know nothing of it.

Q. Would you in your view of matters call a building a temporary resting place for a few classes if you had occupied it for eleven years?
A. I would hardly do so.

By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. Would you call three years a temporary resting place?
A. Well, it would depend upon circumstances.

Q. But might not that be the case also in regard to the eleven years?
A. I suppose it might be so.

Q. But if you are continuing from month to month you might continue it for a long time; you might remain there for twenty years?
A. I may say by way of explanation that it is invariably the case when our committee on buildings recommend the renting of a place it is simply for temporary accommodation.

Q. So that in no case have you occupied a building for eleven years, though circumstances might combine to make it necessary?
A. Yes.

By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. And elsewhere as well as in Toronto?
A. Yes.

By Mr. FRENCH.—Q. Do you invariably rent these annexes by the month?
A. Where we can do so; in special cases we may not be able to do so.
By the CHAIRMAN.—Q. Are there special cases?

A. Yes; I think I mentioned a case a few moments ago. The drains in the Dufferin street school were defective and the medical health officer ordered the Kindergarten school in the basement to be closed, and we rented the place to the first of July. That would be a case of the kind referred to.

By Mr. Ross.—Q. What term did you rent Kew Beach for?

A. It is rented by the month. In the case of the north of Bloor street the trustees met the Board, and they would not rent by the month, as it would materially interfere with them to do so, and I think it was rented for a certain time.

By Mr. French.—That is the church you occupy only half the time.

A. Yes.

Q. What use is made of the building during the rest of the time?

A. I don’t know.

Q. And during the time in which you use the building they don’t interfere in any way with the building?

A. Not that I am aware of; that is of course in the portion of the building which we have rented.

Q. These buildings have all had to be taken by reason of the insufficient accommodation furnished in the school-houses?

A. Yes; or because there was no school-house near. In the case of Kew Beach we had a petition from the people asking for additional school accommodation. The water was investigated, and there were found to be sufficient school children to warrant our engaging this building.

Q. Simply until the Board provides the funds for additional accommodation of the ordinary description?

A. Of course that will be for the Board to consider.

Q. But you did not deliberately do this in preference to erecting schools?

A. No; only where there is a necessity.

Q. And it is not the recognized purpose of the Board to pursue that course instead of erecting buildings?

A. No; the Board regard any such buildings as temporary until they can procure permanent accommodation.

Q. There are no teachers in your Public Schools in religious orders are there?

A. Not that I am aware of.

Q. And no tendency to connect religious instruction?

A. No.
By Mr. AWREY.—Q. Now with reference to this College Avenue school, are there any particular points in connection with this school?
A. Well, that is a matter that comes under the Inspector's department; there are none that I am aware of.

Q. But is it not a fact that at College Avenue school any ragged boy from any part of the city may attend?
A. That is my understanding.

Q. Now is the attendance at this school returned and Government money drawn for the average? Is it returned as one of our Public Schools?
A. Without looking at the Inspector's returns I can't say certainly. I suppose it would be returned in that way, but I can't speak definitely on the point from general knowledge.

The Minister of Education informed the Committee that the name of the school in question appeared on the list returned to the Department and receiving a share of the school grant.

The examination was continued by Mr. Awrey.

Q. In some of these cases you say you just pay so much a month and the church authorities furnish caretaker and fuel?
A. Yes.

Q. In how many cases is that the fact?
A. At the present time?

Q. Yes; or during the past three years?
A. I think I went over that to an extent. The cases were different. In one case, that of St. Augustine's, we pay $30 a month instead of being bothered with the supply of fuel, and having probably to put our fuel into the same shed with theirs—it was a mere matter of convenience. We arranged with the trustees of the church to pay them this amount, and they would supply the fuel and a party to look after the rooms.

Q. That is practically the caretaker?
A. Yes, in that particular church.

Q. Now another?
A. Well, there is the Baptist mission on Sackville street; there we pay so much a month and provide the fuel and caretaker ourselves. In the Kew Beach mission we pay so much a month and find the fuel and caretaker ourselves. In Parliament street it is the same as at St. Augustine's.

Q. That is, they furnish the caretaker and fuel?
A. Yes. In the case of the Presbyterian Sunday school on Huron street, we have a special arrangement; we pay the caretaker and they supply the fuel.
Mr. French.—I would draw the attention of the Committee to the fact that the other day, when I was examining Mr. Finlay, I asked the amount of rent paid, and the question was ruled out of order.

The Chairman.—I think you are mistaken, Mr. French; I don't remember having done so. In any case the questions that are now being addressed to the witness are entirely pertinent.

The examination was continued by Mr. Awrey.

Q. Now, with regard to St. Augustine's Sunday school Public School, is not that an Episcopal and a High Church?
A. That is my impression—I have heard so.

Q. And do you say that during school hours there are never services held there?
A. I don't know; there is a brick wall between the church and the school; we don't control the church of course.

Q. Then you are really not aware whether this is so or not?
A. No.

Q. And it is a fact that while you are occupied in this school, services may be going on all the time in the adjoining part of the building?
A. I suppose they may be.

By Mr. Kerns.—Q. Are all the teachers employed in the Public Schools properly qualified?
A. Yes, every teacher.

By Hon. A. M. Ross.—Q. You mentioned that in some cases you pay the caretaker yourselves and provide the fuel, and in other cases you take the caretaker of the church and the church authorities provide the fuel?
A. Yes.

Q. Now, with regard to the first cases, is the caretaker you pay the same that is paid by the church?
A. Of course it may be or may not be.

Q. Are you aware whether it is so or not though?
A. Well, really I can't say definitely. We employ a caretaker and, as a matter of convenience, if the caretaker who is caretaker of the mission church or school is satisfactory, he would be given the preference.

Q. It would be cheaper?
A. No, I don't think it would be cheaper; we give a certain salary, but it would naturally be less trouble to such a person, and the preference would be given to him.

Q. Then you would give preference to the person employed by the church?
A. I think so.
Q. Are you aware of any cases where this is so?
A. Of course we are governed by circumstances; the cases are different, as I explained. I might explain more fully the case in the northern part of the city. They have a furnace there, and in heating our portion of the building they can do the same in regard to the rest of it, and it is convenient, therefore, for them to furnish the fuel. We provide our own caretaker.

Q. But as a rule you employ the same caretaker?
A. Yes; but at the present time, I think, there is only about one on the list that is caretaker also for the church. As a rule, however, that is what we should do.

By Mr. Morin—Q. In the report made by your Board how are the different schools designated? St. Augustine’s mission and so on?
A. I don’t think that St. Augustine’s is designated on the report at all. It is under the control of and forms a part of Dufferin street school.

Q. And how about Kew Beach?
A. They would have to present their own report in the case of the Kew Beach school.

By Mr. A. M. Ross—Q. What is this printed statement from which you have given us the names of these different buildings?
A. It is a statement of the temporary buildings, etc., occupied by the Board giving general information for the benefit of the trustees.

Q. Well, I see the first is styled Presbyterian Sunday school, the second Zion mission and so on?
A. Yes; but that is simply part of a general statement prepared by the superintendent of buildings showing the number of schools we have and the value of the schools by way of information to the trustees. It was just put into that shape because the trustees wanted to know the size of the buildings, etc. This small statement is taken from the larger one.

Q. But in this report published for the information of the trustees the schools are designated in the way I have described?
A. Well, it is issued by the superintendent of buildings only.

Q. But he is an officer of the Board?
A. Yes; but they may or may not be properly designated.

Q. That, however, is the designation given then by the officer of the School Board?
A. Yes.

Q. How is College Avenue school designated?
A. It is not a rented building, and so not there.

The Committee ordered that the printed statement referred to be included in the evidence.
By Mr. Morin—Q. I understood you to say that there were no Roman Catholics attending the College Avenue school? Is that the case? And are there no Roman Catholics attending the Public Schools?

A. I think not, so far as I know.

Q. Are we to understand that a Roman Catholic who is a Public School supporter is debarred from sending his children to the Public Schools?

A. No; certainly not, perhaps I was wrong. I should not have said "no Roman Catholics," but "no children of Separate School supporters" attend the Public Schools.

Q. But these poor children are not supporters of any school, how are they treated?

A. I suppose there is a certain latitude allowed in that case. They would not draw the line so fine as in the case of other schools, I imagine.

By Mr. Awrey—Is it a fact that your Board issued a circular notifying teachers that they must ask a child whether he was a Roman Catholic or a Protestant?

A. I would think not; they might be told to ask if the child's parents were Separate School supporters or not.

Q. But did not the inspector issue such an instruction without the authority of the Board?

A. I don't know. I have an indistinct remembrance of something of the kind being issued without authority, and of some dispute growing out in connection with it. But my recollection of it is only very indistinct; I can't speak definitely on the point.

By Mr. A. M. Ross—Did you say there was no authority given by the Board to issue it?

A. I can't remember it.

By Mr. Awrey—Q. Now, I ask that Mr. Wilkinson be requested to furnish the Committee with copies of all instructions in possession of the Board that have been issued with or without the authority of the Board for the last five years, as to the questions that are to be put to the pupil concerning his religion on his application for admission to the school.

A. I would like to explain that all matters of school management, etc., go through other hands than mine. If application were made to the Board, no doubt, the information could be obtained from the proper official, which is the inspector.

Mr. French objected that the enquiry was going outside the scope of the committee.

Mr. A. M. Ross said it was pertinent to see if children had been improperly excluded from schools they had the right to attend.

The Chairman ruled the enquiry in order and the examination was resumed.
By the CHAIRMAN—Q. Then by applying to the inspector we could get this information.
A. I think so.

Q. What is the name of the inspector?
A. Mr. J. L. Hughes.

By Mr. MORIN—Q. Then you can’t answer my question as to the question asked on admitting pupils to the Public Schools?
A. In reference to these matters the instructions don’t come through me, but my impression is that the children of all Public School supporters are admitted.

Q. But what about the children whose parents don’t pay taxes, of whom there must be many?
A. That is a matter of detail that I am unable to answer. I believe our Board allows every latitude and encouragement, but I can’t answer definitely as to the mode of procedure with regard to the children of parents who pay no taxes.

Q. There must be hundreds of cases where people both Protestant and Catholic don’t pay taxes and are not on the assessment rolls, and can’t consequently be rated as either Separate School or Public School supporters. Is it usual in such a case to bar out the children of a Roman Catholic simply because their parents are Roman Catholics?
A. I can’t speak as to that point; I don’t think it is so.

By Mr. AWREY.—Q. I want to call the attention of the Committee to report number two of the Inspector of the Toronto Public Schools; it is the report for February, 1890. One of the schools designated on it is the Orphans’ Home, registered number 140; average attendance 128. Is that one of our Public Schools?
A. That is in connection with one of the “homes” of the city: we supply a teacher.

Q. It is not connected with a Roman Catholic institution?
A. Not that I am aware of.

Q. It is one of the institutions drawing public money?
A. I believe so; it is a charitable institution.

Q. Well, then next we have the Boys’ Home, registered number 66, and average attendance 61. You said these were annexed to some other school, why are they designated in the Inspector’s report as different schools? The one is styled the Orphans’ Home and the other the Boys’ Home. There is another, I see, the Girls’ Home, on the register 70, average attendance 66. Can you tell me from your own knowledge whether they are all boys that attend this Boys’ Home?
A. I don’t think they admit anybody but boys.

Q. And do they reside in the city?
A. They reside in the institution.

Q. And the children that attend the Girls’ Home—do they reside with their parents?
A. No; they reside in the Home.
Q. And they are deriving public money as Public Schools?
A. I suppose so.

Q. Well, you can say “yes” or “no”?
A. Well, the School Board supplies a teacher, and I suppose they are
returned, but Mr. Ross can best say whether or not they are returned as Public
Schools.

Mr. Ross.—They are returned as such; the average is included among the
total for the city of Toronto.

By Mr. Awrey (continuing.)—Q. Then there is the Orphans’ Home—what
is that place?
A. It is an institution in the west and known by that name.

Q. And those children are living at that institution?
A. Certainly.

Q. And this is returned as one of the Public Schools of the city of Toronto?
A. Well, here is the Inspector’s report; the attendance is returned upon it
and I suppose it is returned to the Department, just as in the case of the institu-
tion mentioned just now. We supply a teacher in each case, but I would not
regard the institutions as Public Schools.

Q. Still the Inspector’s report says “Gentlemen, I have the honour to
present the following report for the Toronto Public Schools for February 1890.”
Then in the case of the Boys’ Home and Girls’ Home and Orphans’ Home these
are charitable institutions where these waifs are being cared for?
A. Yes.

Q. And are returned by the School Board as Public School pupils?
A. Yes.

Q. That is their numbers are included in the aggregate number for the month
as being Public School pupils?
A. Yes.

Q. In every case?
A. Yes.

Q. For which the School Board draws public money?
A. Yes.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. About the College Avenue school, commonly
known as Mr. Howland’s mission—who is the teacher in charge?
A. A Miss Howe.

Q. Is it a kindergarten school?
A. There is a kindergarten school as well.

Q. And who is the teacher there?
A. A Miss Bolton is in charge, I think.
Q. There are no religious services more than the law requires, during school hours?
A. No.

By Mr. French.—Q. Where is the Orphans' Home?
A. On Dovercourt Road.

Q. Who are in charge of that Orphans' Home?
A. It is controlled by the board of management.

Q. Who are principally, I suppose, Protestant ladies and gentlemen?
A. I would judge so.

Q. Do you know of your own knowledge where the children come from that go in there?
A. No; I could not say.

Q. Do you know whether or not any restriction is made as to whether children are Protestants or Roman Catholics?
A. I don't know.

Q. But they are children who reside in the city of Toronto?
A. They are inmates of the home.

Q. What is the arrangement between your Board and this Orphans' Home?
A. We simply supply a teacher.

Q. Where is the teaching conducted?
A. They have a school-room arranged in connection with the Home.

By Mr. G. W. Ross.—Q. Does the teacher live in the building?
A. Oh, no; they go in each case at nine o'clock just as to the Public Schools.

Q. Are they male or female?
A. Female in each case.

Q. Do you know what you pay the Orphans' Home teacher for instance in a year for teaching the children of that institution?
A. Well, we pay on the basis of length of service. The lady teaching there, I think, has been teaching for fifteen years, and being paid on that basis would be in receipt of $636 a year. That is the highest amount paid save in the case of a special allowance.

By Mr. French.—Q. Have the Home authorities any control whatever over that teacher?
A. No; they don't presume to interfere in any way with the teaching.

A. Are the facts the same in regard to the Boys' Home and Girls' Home?
A. Yes.

Q. You don't enquire as to who the parents of the children were?
A. No.
Q. You consider them as *prima facie* supporters of the Public Schools unless you know to the contrary?
A. Yes.

Q. So that properly then these children are included in the returns—it is done according to the law as you understand it?
A. Yes.

By Mr. A. M. Ross.—Q. This Orphans' House is a Protestant charitable institution is it not?
A. That is my belief.

Q. Therefore you have no control of the building except in so far as you send a teacher there?
A. That is all; we don't profess to have any control of the building.

Q. You return these children as part of the Public Schools of the city and draw school money for the average attendance?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Morin.—Q. You make just one large report to the department?
A. Yes; the details are contained in the monthly report of the inspector to the Board. The Government gets an annual report.

Q. It is in detail?
A. I don't know what it is. The inspector gets the reports in detail from each room.

Q. Do you supply the furniture for these boys' homes?
A. Yes.

Mr. Awrey.—Mr. Chairman, I think we are to congratulate ourselves upon having had a witness who gave the fullest information in the frankest manner.

Mr. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, by permission of the committee, examined witness.

Mr. French, objected, to the committee allowing wider latitude now in the inquiry than when he, Mr. French, had been examining witnesses.

Some discussion arose thereon, and reference made to evidence given by former witnesses, and manner of examination.

The Chairman ruled the question in order and quite pertinent to the investigation.

The examination was then proceeded with.

Mr. French further on in the enquiry, again objected to the questions put, stating that it was without the scope of the committee.

The Chairman, ruled the examination in order, and Mr. Ross (Middlesex) continued.
During his examination Mr. Wilkinson presented a statement furnished by Mr. Bishop, Superintendent of Public Buildings, to Toronto Public School Board, February 1890.

Moved by Mr. Ross (Huron)—That the statement produced by Mr. Wilkinson be filed, and do appear on the minutes.

The motion being put was carried.

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STATEMENT OF TEMPORARY BUILDINGS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>School</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>No. of Class Rooms</th>
<th>No. of Sittings</th>
<th>Value of Furniture and Fixtures</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Presbyterian Sunday S.</td>
<td>St. Paul’s Cor. Bloor and Huron St.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>$50.00</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Zion Mission</td>
<td>St. Matthew’s Broadview Ave.</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Brunswick Hall</td>
<td>St. Patrick’s Brunswick Ave.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>70.00</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Dovercourt Road</td>
<td>St. Mark’s No. 170 Dovercourt Road</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>120.00</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>St. Georges’ Mission</td>
<td>St. Patrick’s Phoebe St.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>Baptist Mission</td>
<td>St. David’s Sackville St.</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>St. Augustine Sunday S.</td>
<td>St. David’s Cor. Parliament &amp; Spruce Sts.</td>
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<td>10.00</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Temperance Hall</td>
<td>St. Andrew’s Cor. Spadina &amp; Farley Aves.</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>Kerr Mission</td>
<td>St. Lawrence Queen St. East</td>
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<th>No.</th>
<th>Homes</th>
<th>Location</th>
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<th>No. of Sittings</th>
<th>Value of Furniture and Fixtures</th>
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<td>Orphans’ Home</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>St. John’s Cor. College &amp; Mission Ave.</td>
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Mr. Wilkinson’s evidence concluded.
Mr. Kerns, examined papers re Institute for the Blind at Brantford, and Asylum for the Insane at Hamilton.

Mr. Kerns—I see, Mr. Chairman, these papers are the tenders for the year 1889, what I wanted were the tenders for the year 1890.

The Chairman—We cannot go into the Public Accounts for 1890, that is not within our province.

Mr. Kerns then returned papers.

On motion the committee adjourned to the call of the chair.

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Treasurers' Office,
Thursday, 27th March, 1890.

The committee met at 10.30 a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.


Messieurs. Morin, Ross (Huron).

The meeting adjourned for want of a quorum.

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Treasurers' Office,
Wednesday, 2nd April, 1890.

The committee met at 10 o'clock, p.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs. Awrey, Ballantyne, Clancy, French, Hardy.

Messieurs. Morin, Kerns, Ross (Huron), Smith (York), Wood (Brant)—11.

The Chairman inquired what order of business the committee were prepared to take up this morning.

Mr. Hardy—Possibly it would be as well if the Chairman was instructed to prepare a draft of a report, and submit it to the committee to-morrow.
Mr. Awrey—I think that it would be as well to do that, and I will move to that effect.

Moved by Mr. Awrey, seconded by Mr. Morin, That the chairman prepare a draft of report and submit the same to this committee to-morrow for our approval.

The motion being put was carried.

Mr. Hardy—I would like to re-call Mr. White with reference to the Dulmage matter, as I did not have the opportunity to examine him when he was before the committee on the former occasion, owing to Mr. Meredith not having finished his examination, and I understood he was to continue it at another meeting.

The Chairman—He was to have continued his examination, but he has not been present at any of the meetings since.

Mr. White recalled, sworn, examined, evidence taken down by shorthand writer, appended, marked “M.”

Moved by Mr. Hardy, That the letter removing Dulmage from charge, be produced and read.

Letter produced and read.

On motion of Mr. Hardy the committee ordered the letter to be fyled and to appear upon the minutes.

Letter fyled marked Exhibit “S.” placed in with evidence.

Mr. Hardy continued examination and asked for the production by Mr. White of letters of recommendation of Dulmage.

Letters produced and read.

On motion of Mr. Hardy the committee ordered the letters fyled with the secretary and to appear upon the minutes.

Letters fyled, marked Exhibits “T.” and “U.” placed in with evidence.

Mr. Hardy asked that the private correspondence had with the Attorney-General’s Department be produced and read.

Correspondence produced and read.

On motion of Mr. Hardy the committee ordered that the correspondence be fyled with the secretary and appear upon the minutes.

Correspondence fyled marked Exhibit “V.” placed in with evidence.

During his examination, Mr. White referred to the bank drafts (concerning which Mr. Meredith had questioned him), and produced a telegram from the Imperial Bank at Winnipeg, which he read to the committee, showing that the drafts had been purchased by Cameron & Kennedy and not by Dulmage.

The committee ordered the telegram to be fyled and to appear in the minutes.

Telegram fyled marked Exhibit “W.”

The Committee ordered the papers asked for by Mr. Meredith at former meetings to be fyled with the Secretary, and to appear upon the minutes.

Papers fyled, viz., permission of Hughes & Kennedy to cut, etc., marked “X,” also letters of instructions to Margach, “O,” and Taylor “R,” and sworn statements of Hughes & Kennedy, Exhibit “P.”
The said papers are to be placed in with the evidence where the same is referred to therein at page 000.

By order of the Committee the Secretary was instructed to place Mr. White's evidence given to-day, (as well as papers produced), along with his evidence given at a former meeting, and the same with the other witnesses, who had been recalled.

On motion, the Committee adjourned until to-morrow at 9.30 a.m.

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TREASURER'S OFFICE,
THURSDAY, April 3rd 1890.

The committee met at 9.30 o'clock a.m.

Present:

Mr. Clarke, (Wellington), Chairman.

Messieurs Awrey, Ballantyne, Clancy, French,

Messieurs Hardy, Morin, Kerns, Ross, (Huron).

The Chairman stated to the Committee that in accordance with their instructions he had prepared a draft of a Report which he would submit to the Committee for approval.

The Chairman then read the draft of a Report, see page 5.

Moved by Mr. Hardy, seconded by Mr. Awrey,

That the Report just read by the Chairman be adopted, and that he present the same to the House as the final Report of this Committee.

Mr. French objected to the Report, and called for the yeas, and nays.

The Chairman then put the motion, which was carried upon the following division:

YEAS.

Messieurs Clarke, (Wellington), Awrey, Ballantyne, Hardy, Morin, Ross, (Huron).

NAYS.

Messieurs Clancy, French, Kerns.—3.

The Committee instructed the Chairman to present the Report as adopted to the House this day.

On motion, the Committee adjourned sine die.