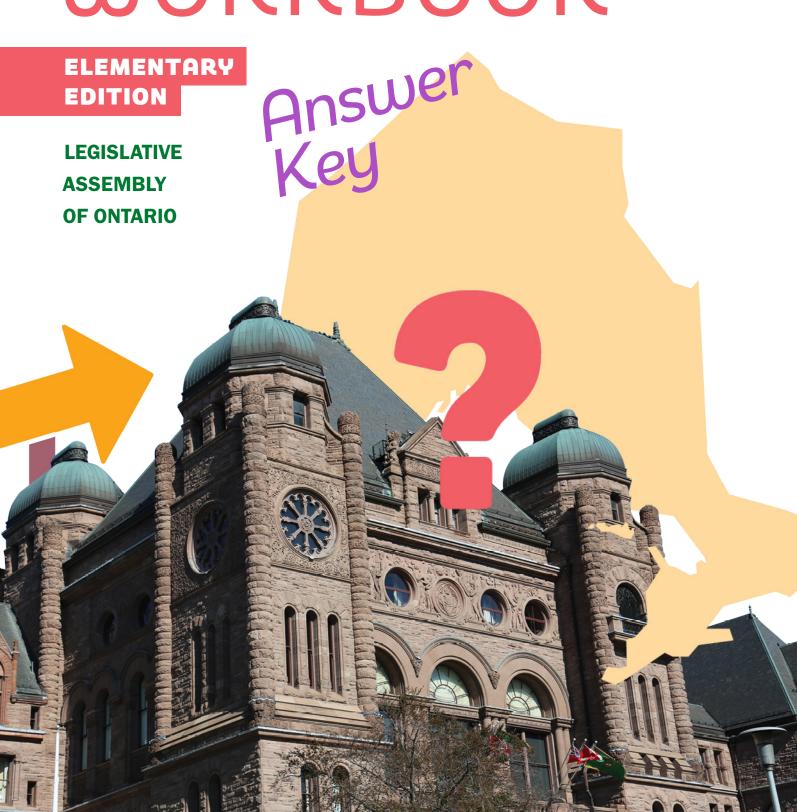
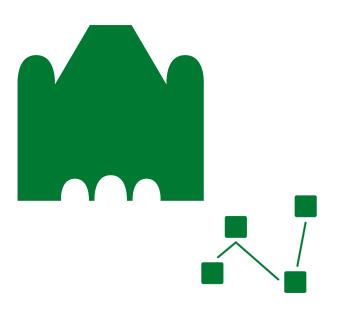
STUDENT WORKBOOK





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THIS BOOK BELONGS TO:

WHAT IS **GOVERNMENT?**

Fill in the blanks using the words found in the word bank below!

THE GOVERNMENT Premier

Members of Provincial **Parliament**

Leader of the Official Opposition

Political **Parties**

Government

After an election, the political party with the greatest (most) number of elected members is asked to form the **Government**. The leader of the party with the largest number of elected <u>Members</u> of <u>Provincial</u> <u>Parliament</u> becomes the leader of the provincial government, called the **Premier** The government is responsible for setting priorities and policies that take care of the day-to-day running of the province.

THE OPPOSITION

Opposition parties in Parliament holds the government of the day accountable. The opposition is usually made up of one or more political parties . The political party that elects the second-largest number of MPPs after the governing party forms the Official Opposition and their leader becomes the <u>Leader</u> of the Official Opposition .

BRANCHES OF GOVERNMENT

There are three branches of government in Ontario. This branch Choose the branch of government is the system of below that matches each description. courts that interprets and applies the law. Judges work for this branch. This branch is made up **Judicial** of the 124 elected Members of Provincial Parliament. They have the power to pass, amend, or repeal laws. They work at the **Legislative** Assembly of Ontario. Legislative EXECUTIVE This branch is made up of the Ministers of Cabinet. They can also be called the **Executive** Council. They are JUDICIAL appointed by the Lieutenant Governor on the advice of the Premier. **Executive**

LEVELS OF GOVERNMENT

Fill in the blanks using the words found in the word bank below!

City/Town Hall	THE FEDERAL LEVEL
Ottawa	The federal Parliament is located inOttawa
Premier Prime	Canada's capital city! The federal government is
Minister Ten	responsible for things that affect Canada as a country,
Toronto	like citizenship, <u>Money</u> , and the army.
Money	The leader of the federal government is called
Education	
Mayor/Reeve	the <u>Prime</u> <u>Minister</u> .
Three	
Local Parks	
Education Mayor/Reeve Three	

THE PROVINCIAL LEVEL

There are ten provinces and territories

in Canada. Ontario's Parliament, also called the

Legislative Assembly of Ontario, is located in

Toronto .

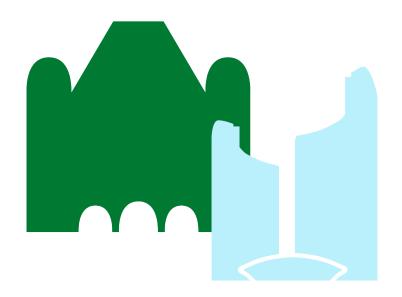
The provincial government is responsible for things

that affect Ontario as a province, like driver's

licenses, health care, and **Education** . The

leader of the provincial government is

called the Premier.



THE MUNICIPAL LEVEL

Each city or town has its own government.

The municipal level is responsible for local issues, like lo-

cal roads, Local Parks , and local police. The leader

of the municipal government is usually called a

Mayor/Reeve and they would work at

<u>City/Town</u> Hall



ACTIVITY WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

List each responsibility under the appropriate level of government.

RESPONSIBILITIES

Army

Foreign Affairs

Public Transit

Birth Certificates

Garbage Pick-up

RCMP

Canada Post

Healthcare

Recycling

Citizenship and Immigration

Public Libraries

Road Signs

City Parks

Local Police

Snow Removal

Criminal Law

Lottery

Tourism

Driver's Licenses

Marriage Certificates

Transportation

Education

Money

Firefighters

Fisheries

Provincial Parks

OPP

LEVELS OF GOVERNMENT

FEDERAL

Army Citizenship and Immigration

Foreign Affairs Criminal Law

RCMP Fisheries

Canada Post

PROVINCIAL

Birth Certificates OPP Education

Healthcare Driver's Licenses Provincial Parks

Lottery Marriage Certificates

Tourism Transportation

MUNICIPAL

Public Transit Public Libraries Road Local Police

Garbage Pick-up Signs Snow Removal

Recycling City Parks Firefighters

ABOUT THE CROWN

CONSTITUTIONAL MONARCHY

Canada is a constitutional monarchy, which means His Majesty King Charles III is Canada's Head of State. Although all laws in Canada are passed in the monarch's name, the power of governing rests with the Prime Minister or the Premier. The Head of State has no influence over decisions made by the country's elected officials and does not interfere with the decisions of parliament.

The Governor General and the Lieutenant Governor represent the King in Canada and the Provinces and act on his behalf.



Choose the title that matches each role below. **TITLES** Governor General His Majesty of Canada King Charles III Lieutenant Governor of Ontario **ROLES** Canada's Head of State His Majesty King Charles III Represents the King in Ontario Represents the King Ontario in Canada

STUDENT WORKBOOK

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Governor General of Canada

MEMBERS OF PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT

Members of Provincial Parliament (MPPs) are elected by the people of Ontario. Each MPP represents the people of their electoral distict (riding) in the provincial Parliament. There are 124 MPPs, one for each electoral district in Ontairo. MPPs work in the Legislative Chamber and building in Toronto, and in their communities.

MPPs have many roles and responsibilities.

Select the tasks below that are **NOT** part of a Member of Provincial Parliament's job:

- discuss and debate proposed bills
- represent the people from their community at the provincial parliament
- rescue lots of animals X
- help people in their community

- work in Toronto
- have a swimming pool at
- their house for everyone in
- the neighbourhood X
- attend special events in their community
- work in their community





inicial Electoral Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Electoral Boundaries Act, 2015 -- Loi de 2015 sur les limites des circonscriptions electorales Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Electoral Boundaries Act, 2015 -- Loi de 2015 sur les limites des circonscriptions electorales Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Electoral Boundaries Act, 2015 -- Loi de 2015 sur les limites des circonscriptions electorales Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Electoral Boundaries Act, 2015 -- Loi de 2015 sur les limites des circonscriptions electorales Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Electoral Boundaries Act, 2015 -- Loi de 2015 sur les limites des circonscriptions electorales Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Electoral Boundaries Act, 2015 -- Loi de 2015 sur les limites des circonscriptions electorales Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Electoral Boundaries Act, 2015 -- Loi de 2015 sur les limites des circonscriptions electorales Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Electoral Boundaries Act, 2015 -- Loi de 2015 sur les limites des circonscriptions electorales Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en Ontario Districts -- Circonscriptions electorales provinciales en On

WHO IS YOUR MPP?

Visit the Elections Ontario website at www.elections.on.ca and enter your postal code to find out the name of your electoral district and MPP!

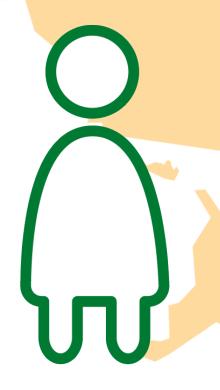
VOTING AND POLITICAL PARTIES

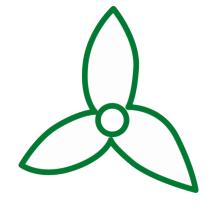
VOTING IN ONTARIO

During an election, the candidate who receives the most votes, becomes the MPP for that electoral district, even if they received less than 50% of the total votes cast. Only Canadian citizens who live in the Province of Ontario and who are over the age of 18 can vote in a Provincial election.

POLITICAL PARTIES

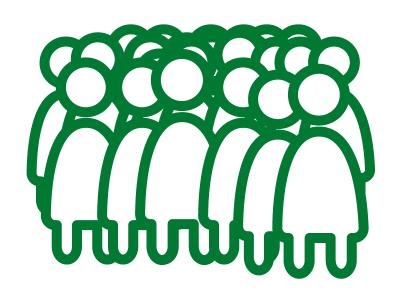
After a provincial election, the political party with the most MPPs will usually be asked to form the government. The other members and parties would form the opposition. In Ontario, there are many recognized parties, some of which are represented in the provincial parliament. Each political party has their own party leader.

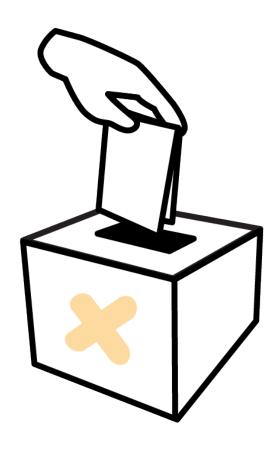




WHO ARE MY REPRESENTATIVES?

- 1. What is the name of your electoral district?
- 2. Who is the MPP for your riding?
- 3. What political party does your MPP belong to?
- 4. Is your MPP a member of the government or the opposition?
- 5. Who is the MP for your federal riding?
- 6. Who is the City Councilor for your area?





THE LEGISLATIVE

 ∞

Government

CHAMBER

MPPs and various House Officers sit in the Legislative Chamber when the House is in session. This is where MPPs work to change or create new laws in Ontario.

Label the roles in the **Legislative Chamber** using the options from the word bank below.

Sergeant-at-Arms

Pages

Speaker

Government

Hansard Reporters

Clerk and Table Clerks

Opposition

Legislative Mace



Speaker

Pages

3. Clerk and **Table** Clerks

> Legislative Mace

Hansard 5. Reporters

Sergeant-at-Arms

PARLIAMENTARY PLAYERS

Draw arrows to connect each Parliamentary
Player to their description.

The Clerk

I am an expert in the rules of Parliament!
I also am responsible for counting the votes in the Chamber.

Legislative Pages

We deliver messages to and from the MPPs while in the Chamber. We also bring them glasses of water!

Hansard Reporter

I record what the MPPs say while in the chamber. You can read this record online once I am finished!



I give MPPs
permission to speak
in the Chamber. I
will not participate
in the debates
and I can only
vote if there
is a tie.



THE SPEAKER



THE CLERK

Sergeant-at-Arms

I am in charge of security in the Chamber and throughout the whole building. I am also the guardian of the Mace.



THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS



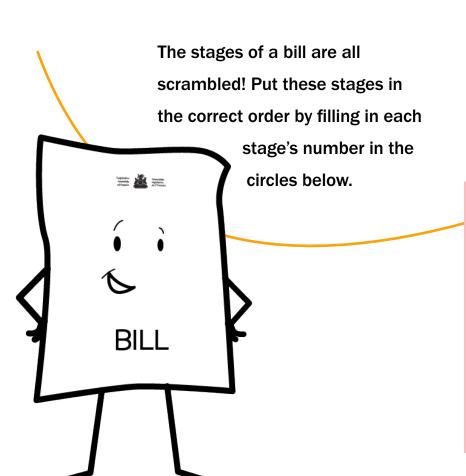
LEGISLATIVE PAGES

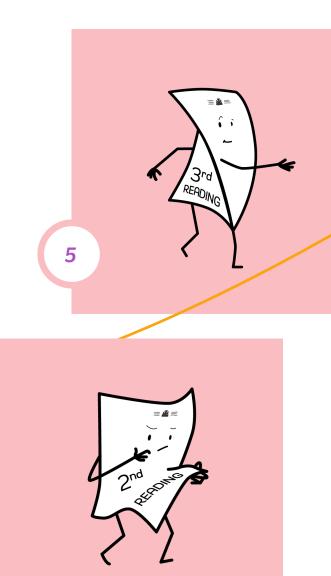


HANSARD REPORTER

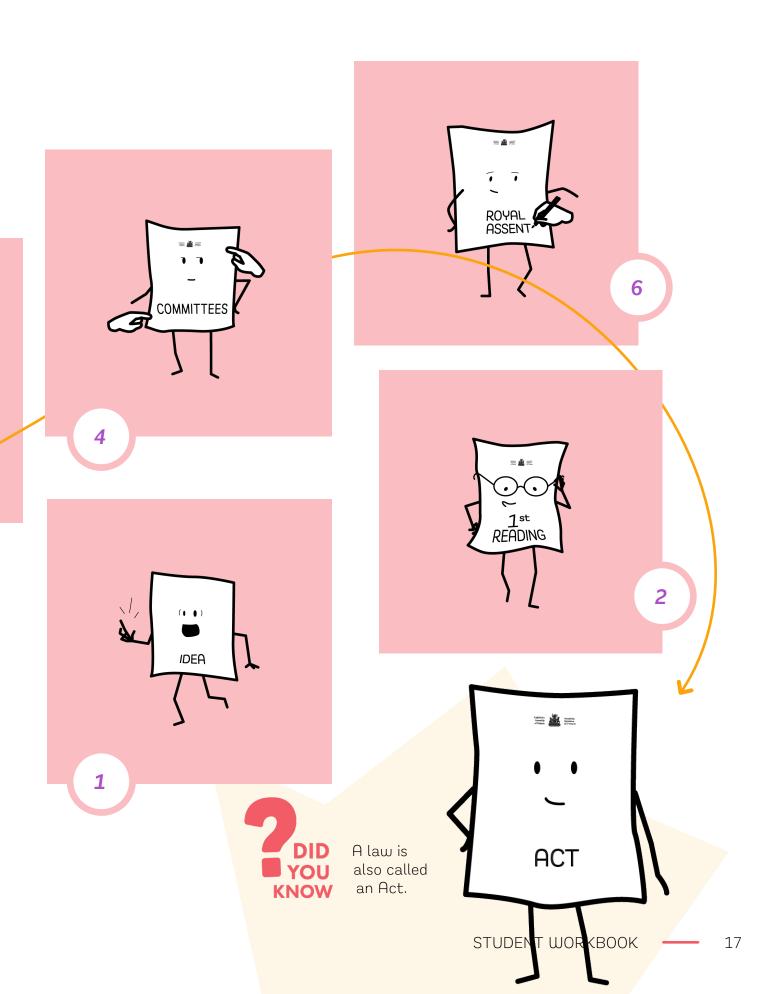
HOW A BILL BECOMES A LAW

The process of passing bills into law is one of the main tasks of a Parliament and it takes up a major portion of the Assembly's time. All bills must pass through several stages of the legislative process before a bill can become a law.





3





THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO PARLIAMENTARY PROTOCOL AND PUBLIC RELATIONS BRANCH ROOM 191, LEGISLATIVE BUILDING, QUEEN'S PARK, M7A 1A2

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